

Design Document for caArray

Sequence and Class Diagrams

Issue <1.2>

Revision History

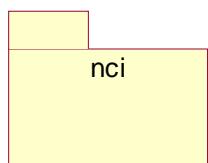
Date	Issue	Description	Author
01/02/2004	1.1	Initial version	Carleen Dickerson
3/26/2004	1.2	Printed for final review	Sumeet Muju

Model Name: caArray.mdl

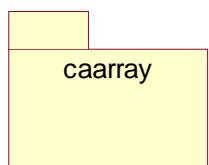
1. Logical View::gov



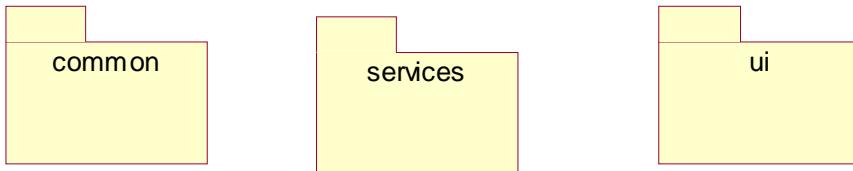
2. Logical View::gov::nih



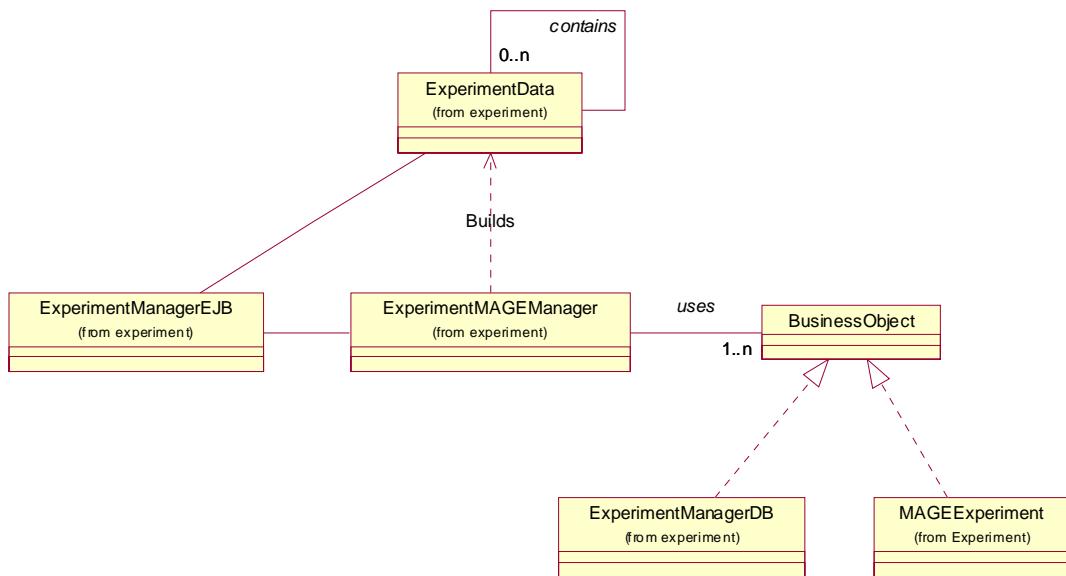
3. Logical View::gov::nih::nci



4. Logical View::gov::nih::nci::caarray



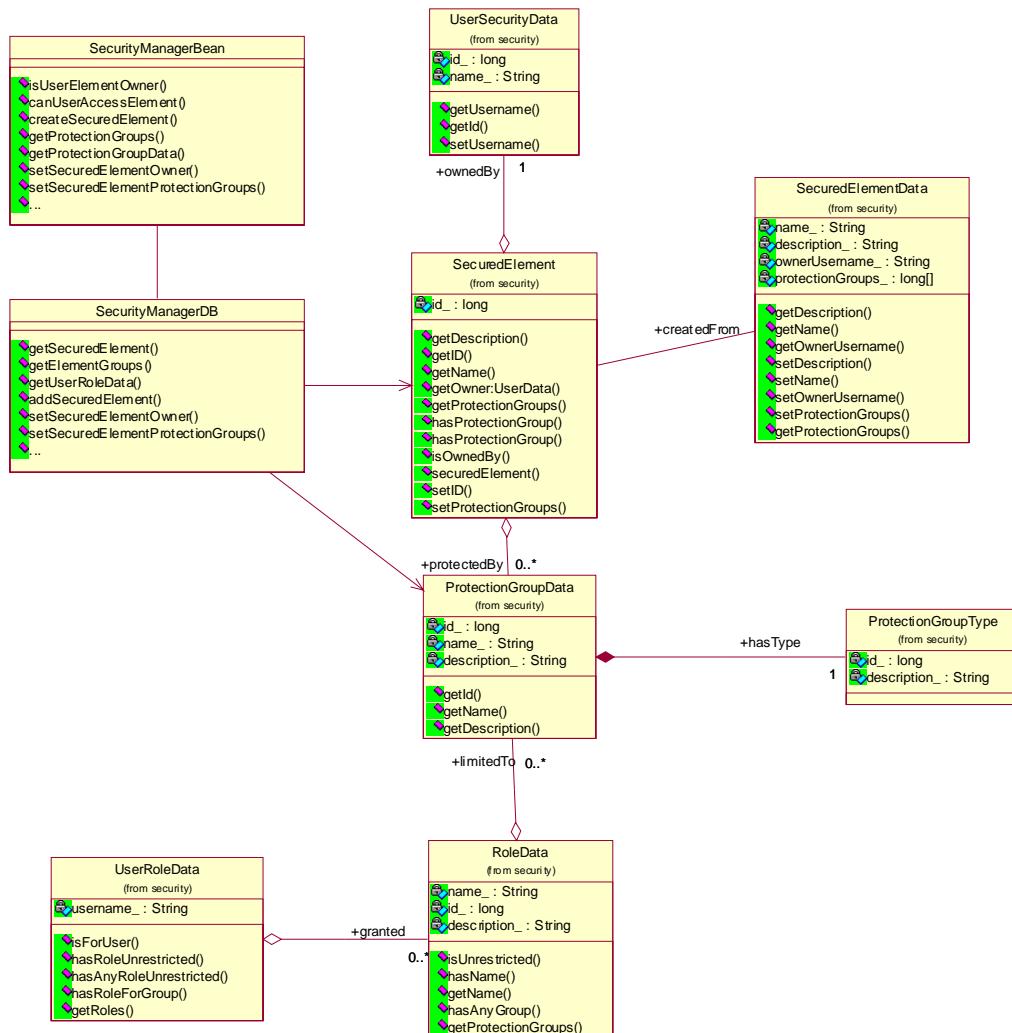
5. Logical View::gov::nih::nci::caarray::services



5.1 BusinessObject

5.2

6. Logical View::gov::nih::nci::caarray::services::security



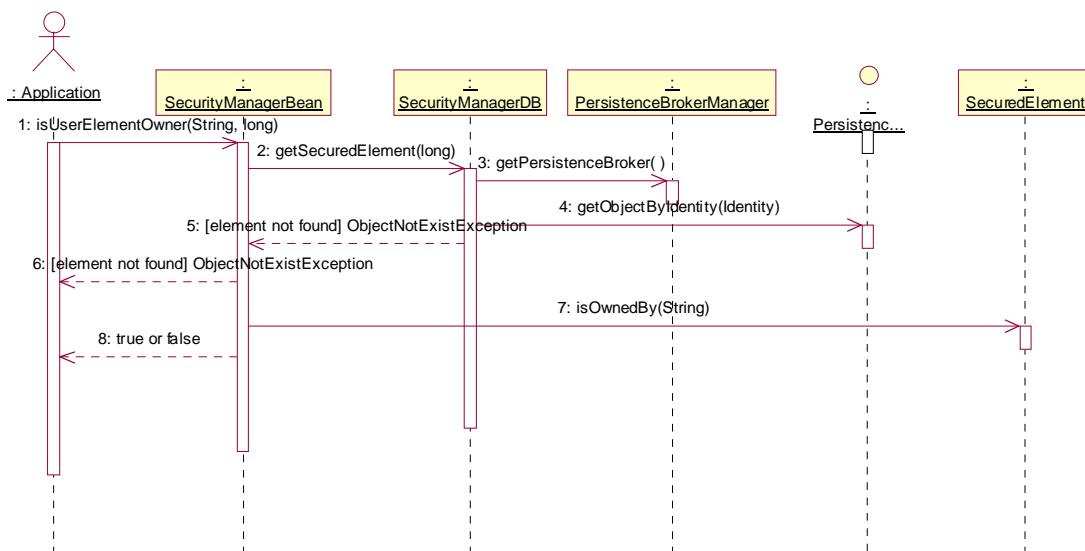
This diagram shows the classes that are used to perform security management in the caArray system.

6.1 SecurityManagerBean The **SecurityManagerBean** is the EJB that is utilized by other portions of the system to perform run time security checks to see if a user is authorized to perform operations on a particular secured data element. It is also used to control the visibility of secured elements and to create new secured elements.

6.2 SecurityManagerDB The **SecurityManagerDB** class encapsulates all logic used to interact with the system database.

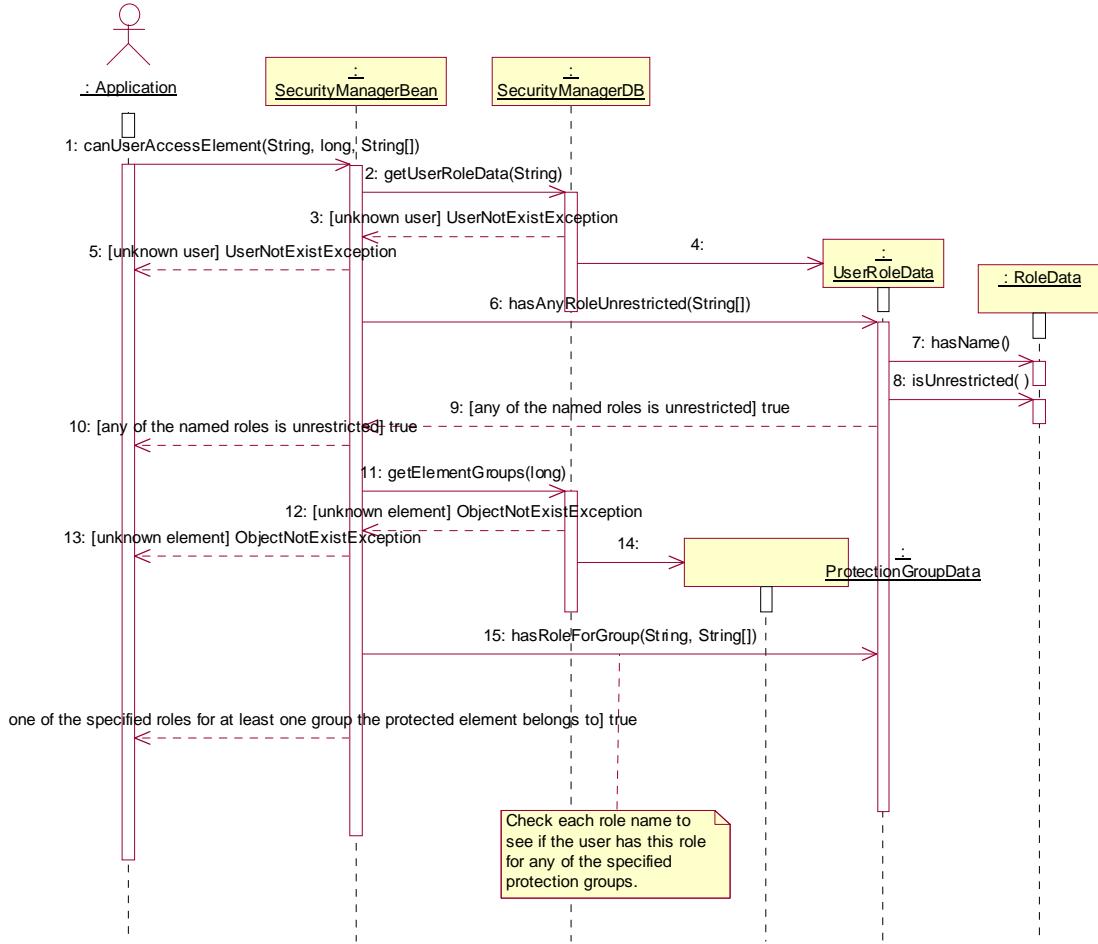
6.3

7. SecurityManagerBean.isUserElementOwner



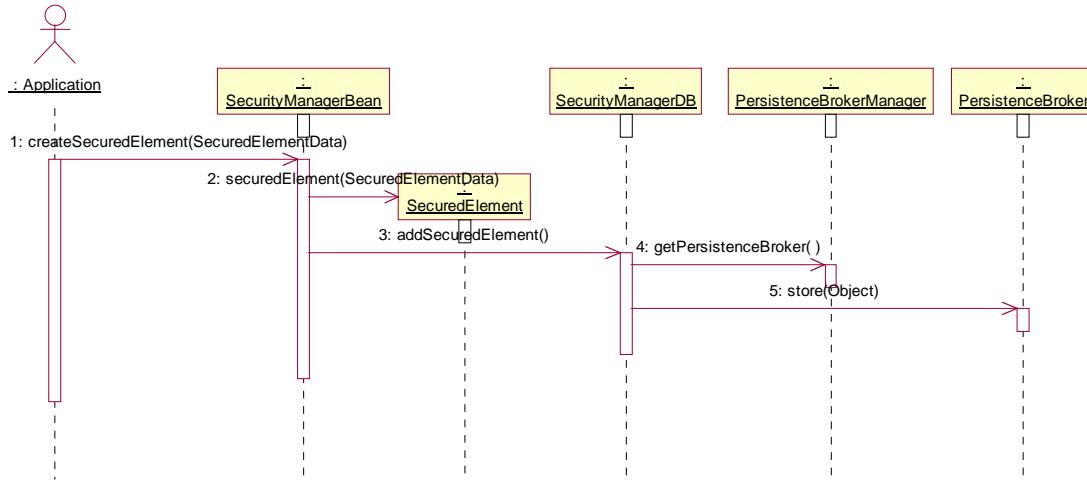
This diagram shows the processing performed to determine if a particular user is the owner of a secured element. First the **SecuredElement** object is retrieved from the database. Then the secured element is checked to see if it is owned by the specified user.

8. SecurityManagerBean.canUserAccessElement



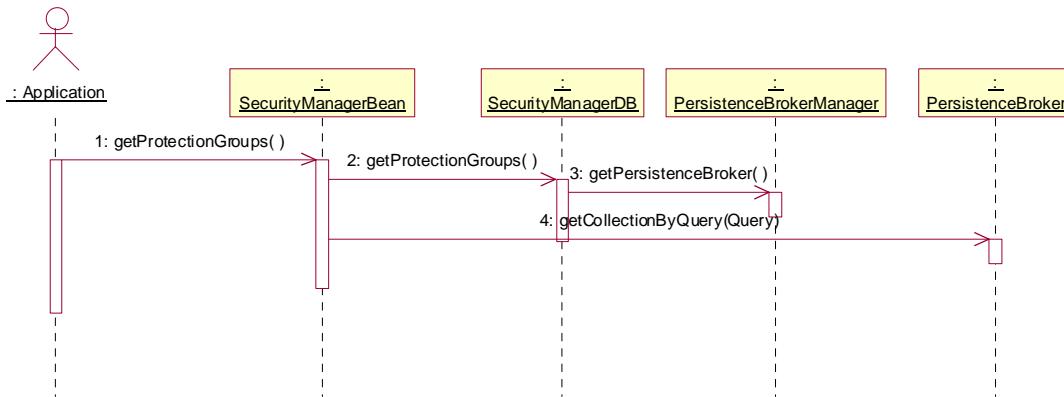
This diagram shows the processing involved in determining if a user can access a particular secured element under one or more roles. The role names are used to determine what type of operation the user wants to perform on the element. The SecurityManagerBean will first retrieve all role data for the user being checked. Then it will check if this user has any of the specified roles without group restriction. If so, the user will be granted access. If not, then another call will be made to the database to determine what protection groups the secured element belongs to. Then each of the roles is checked to see if the user has that role for any of the groups the element belongs to. If the user has any role for any of the groups the element belongs to, access will be granted, otherwise access will be denied.

9. SecurityManagerBean.createSecuredElement



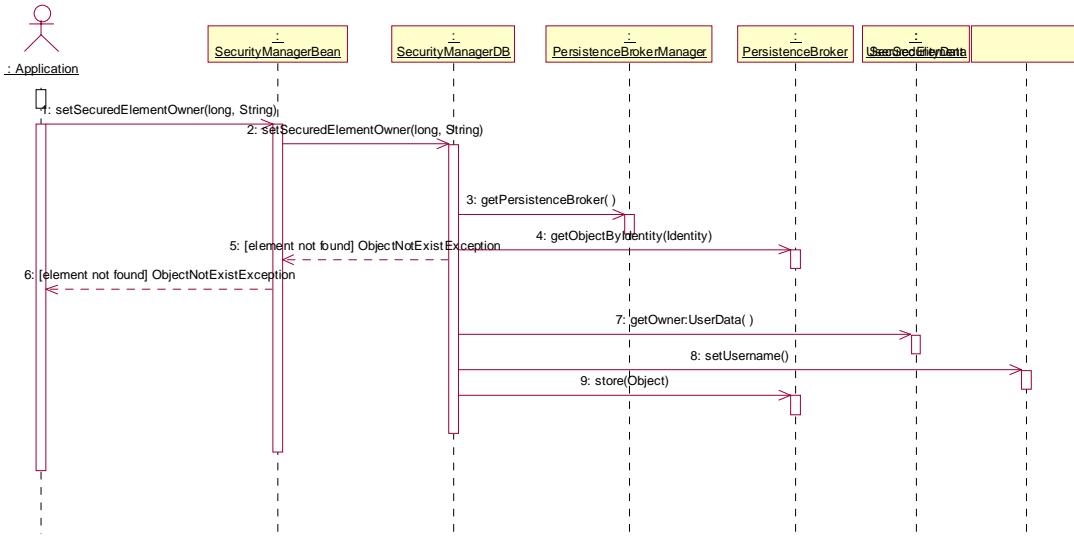
This diagram shows how a new SecuredElement is added to the system. A system component (such as the ExperimentManager) will create a new SecuredElementData object describing the new element (such as a new experiment) and will then call createSecuredElement(). The SecurityManagerBean will create a new SecuredElement object containing the passed data and will then store it in the database.

10. SecurityManagerBean.getProtectionGroups



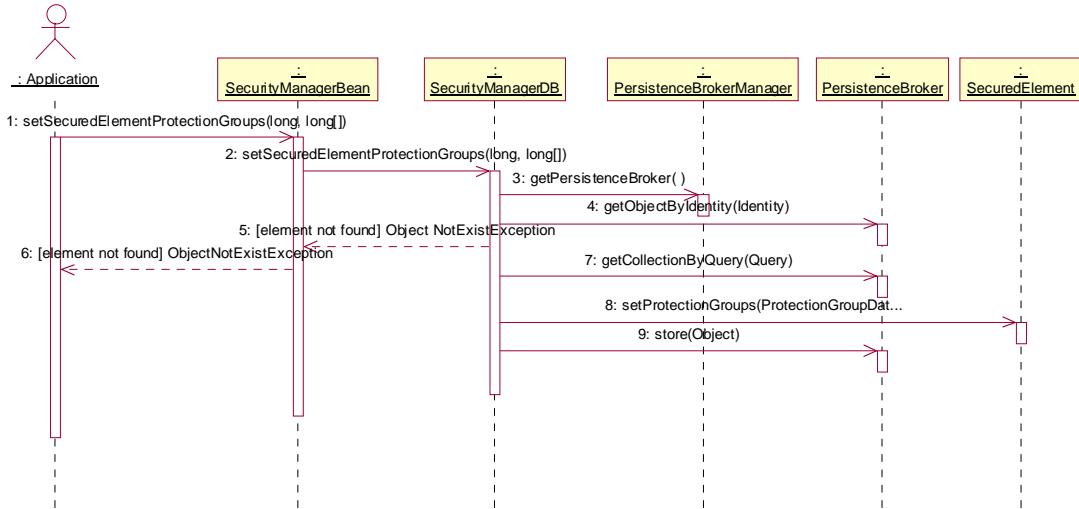
This method shows how the list of all ProtectionGroups in the system is retrieved. The SecurityManager delegates this call to the SecurityManagerDB which utilized the OJB PersistenceBroker to retrieve the objects from the database.

11. SecurityManagerBean.setSecuredElementOwner



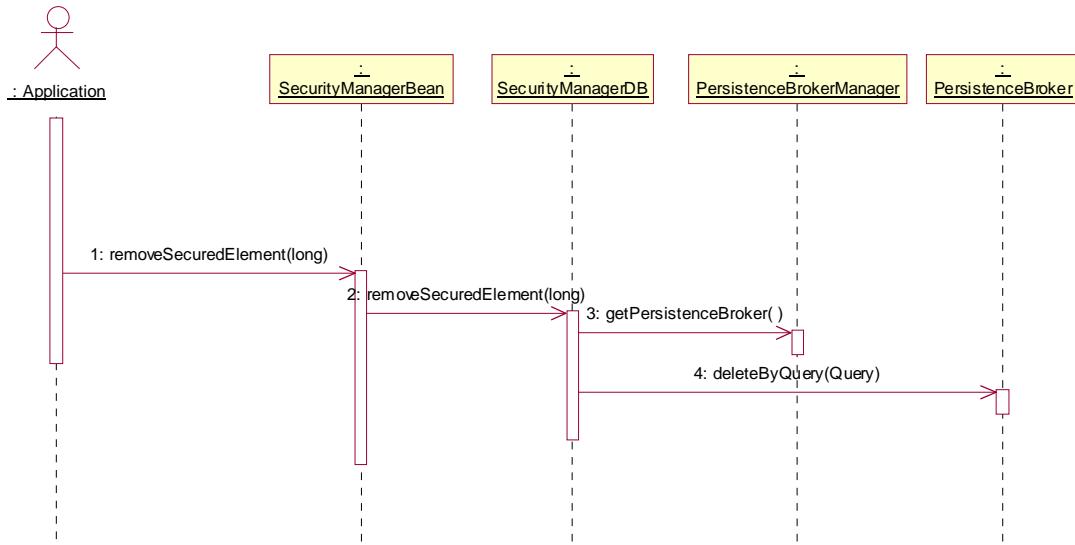
This diagram shows the processing performed when a call is made to change the owner of a secured element. The **SecurityManagerBean** delegates this call to the **SecurityManagerDB** class which utilizes the OJB **PersistenceBroker** to get the secured element from the database. If the secured element cannot be found in the database the caller will receive an exception indicating that the object does not exist. Otherwise the username of the owning **UserData** for the **SecuredElement** will be set to the specified username and the OJB **PersistenceBroker** will be used to store the object back into the database.

12. SecurityManagerBean.setSecuredElementProtectionGroups

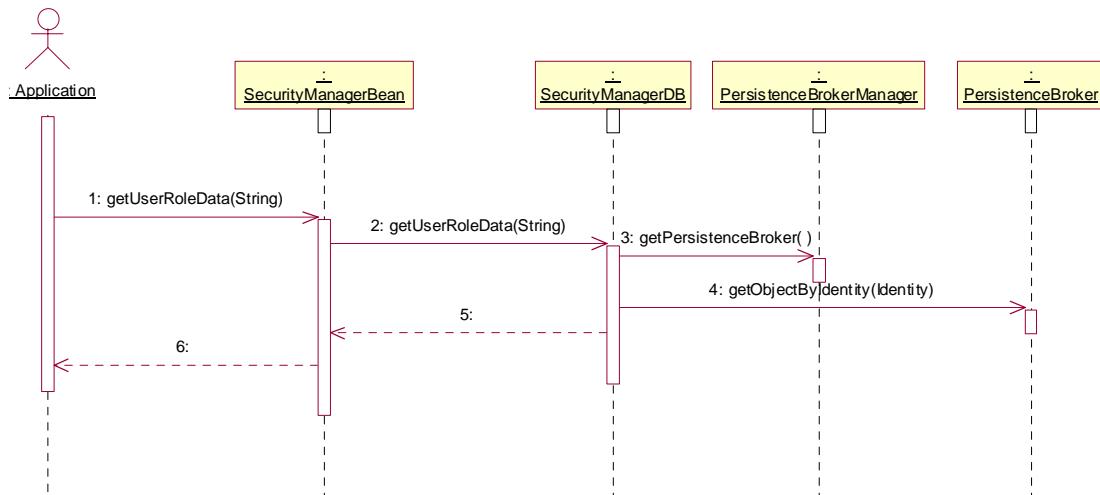


This diagram shows the processing performed when a call is made to change the visibility of a secured element. The **SecurityManagerBean** delegates this call to the **SecurityManagerDB** class which utilizes the OJB **PersistenceBroker** to get the secured element from the database. If the secured element cannot be found in the database the caller will receive an exception indicating that the object does not exist. Otherwise the specified collection of protection groups will also be retrieved from the database. The **SecuredElement** **setProtectionGroups()** method will be invoked to set its protection groups to the new collection of groups, and the OJB **PersistenceBroker** will be utilized to store the object back into the database.

13. SecurityManagerBean.removeSecuredElement



14. SecurityManagerBean.getUserRoleData



This diagram shows the processing performed to retrieve the user role data for a particular user.

15. Logical View::gov::nih::nci::caarray::services::util

16. Logical View::gov::nih::nci::caarray::services::util::security

```
createSecuredElement(name : Logical View::java::la
```

SecurityChecker

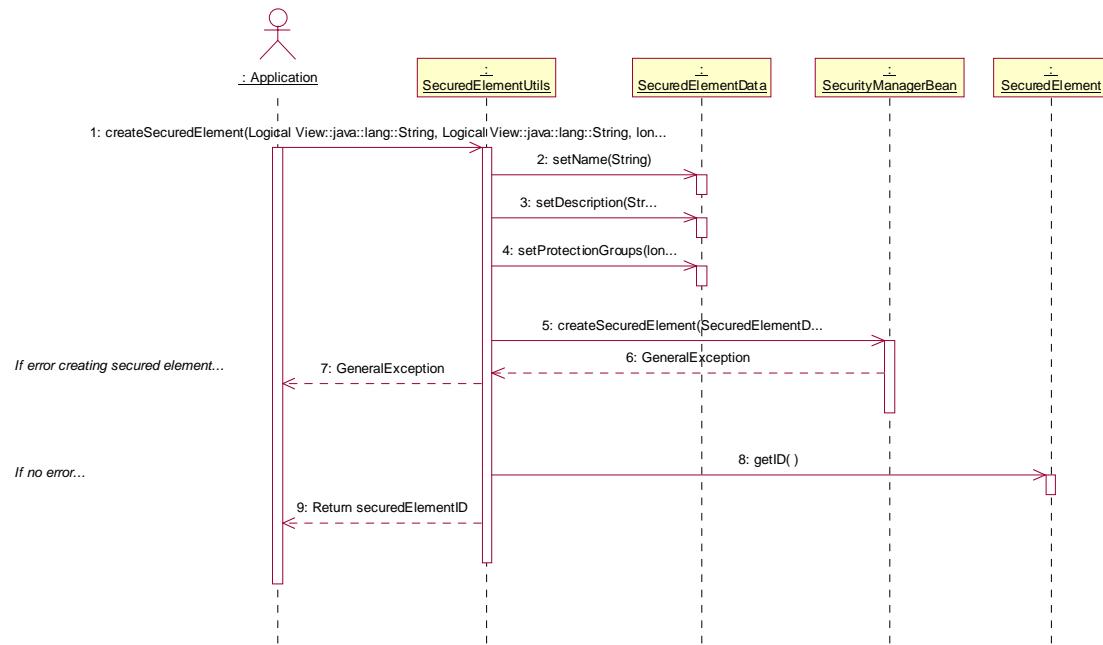
```
canCurrentUserAccessElement()
```

16.1 SecurityChecker

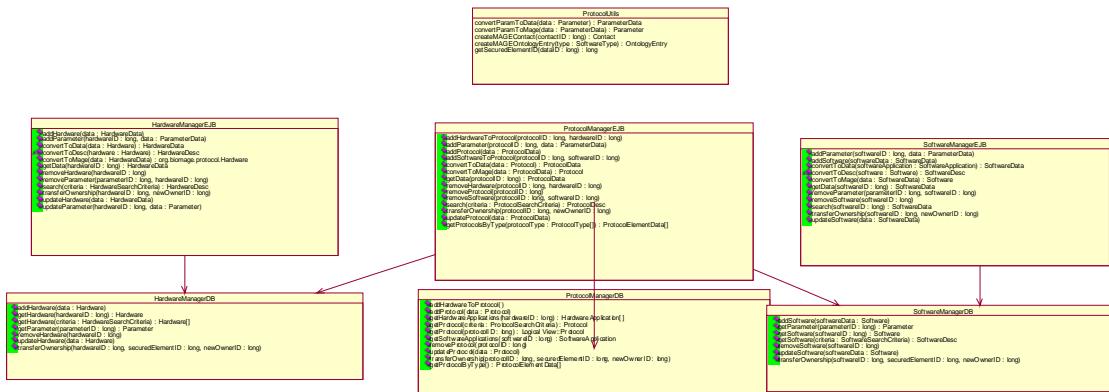
16.2 SecuredElementUtils

16.3

17. SecuredElementUtils.createSecuredElement



18. Logical View::gov::nih::nci::caarray::services::protocol



18.1 HardwareManagerDB

18.2 ProtocolManagerDBProtocolManagerDB is responsible for retrieving all protocol-related data from the database.

18.3 SoftwareManagerDB

18.4 HardwareManagerEJB

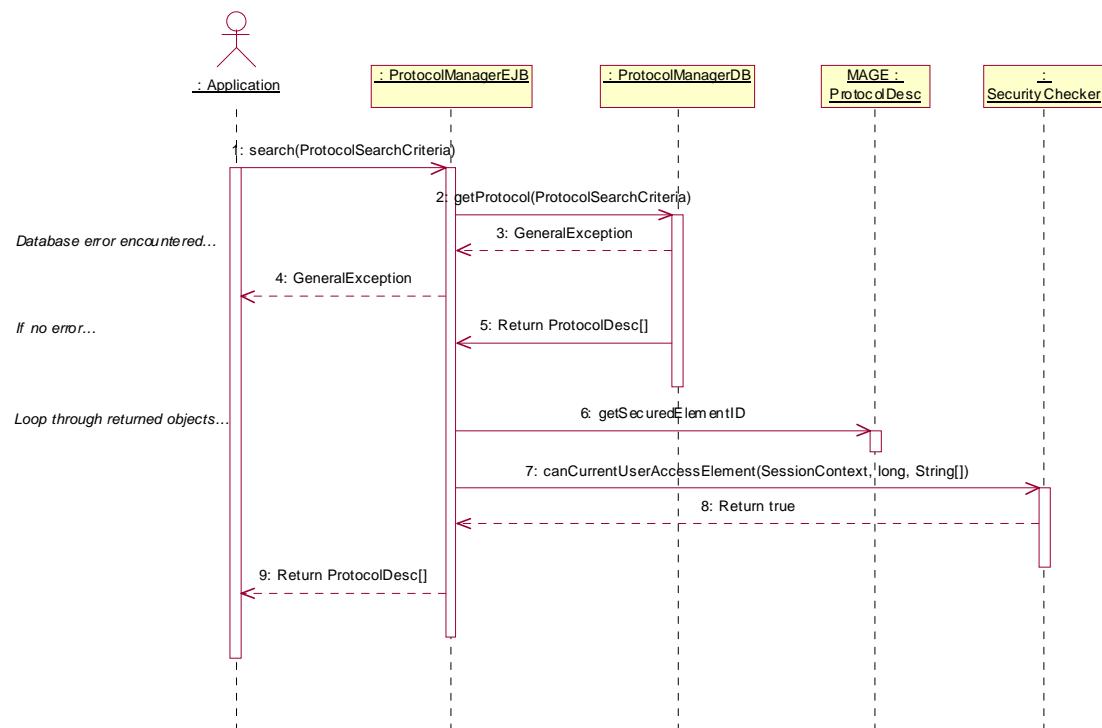
18.5 ProtocolManagerEJB

18.6 SoftwareManagerEJB

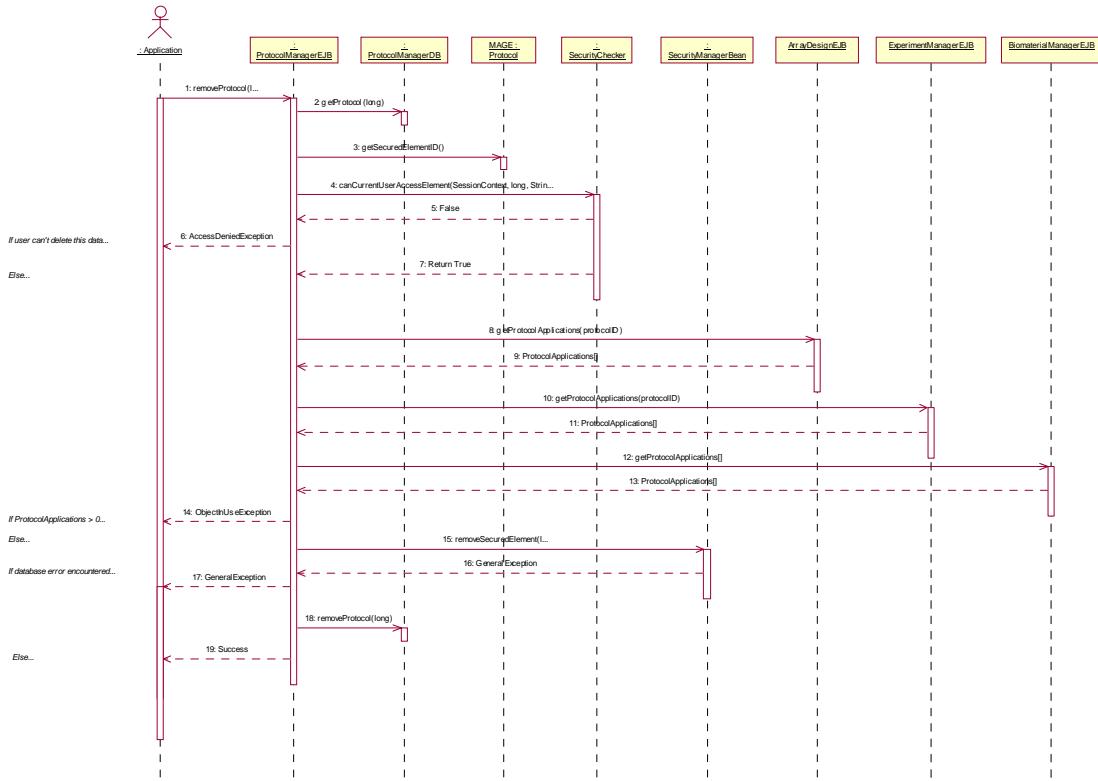
18.7 ProtocolUtils

18.8

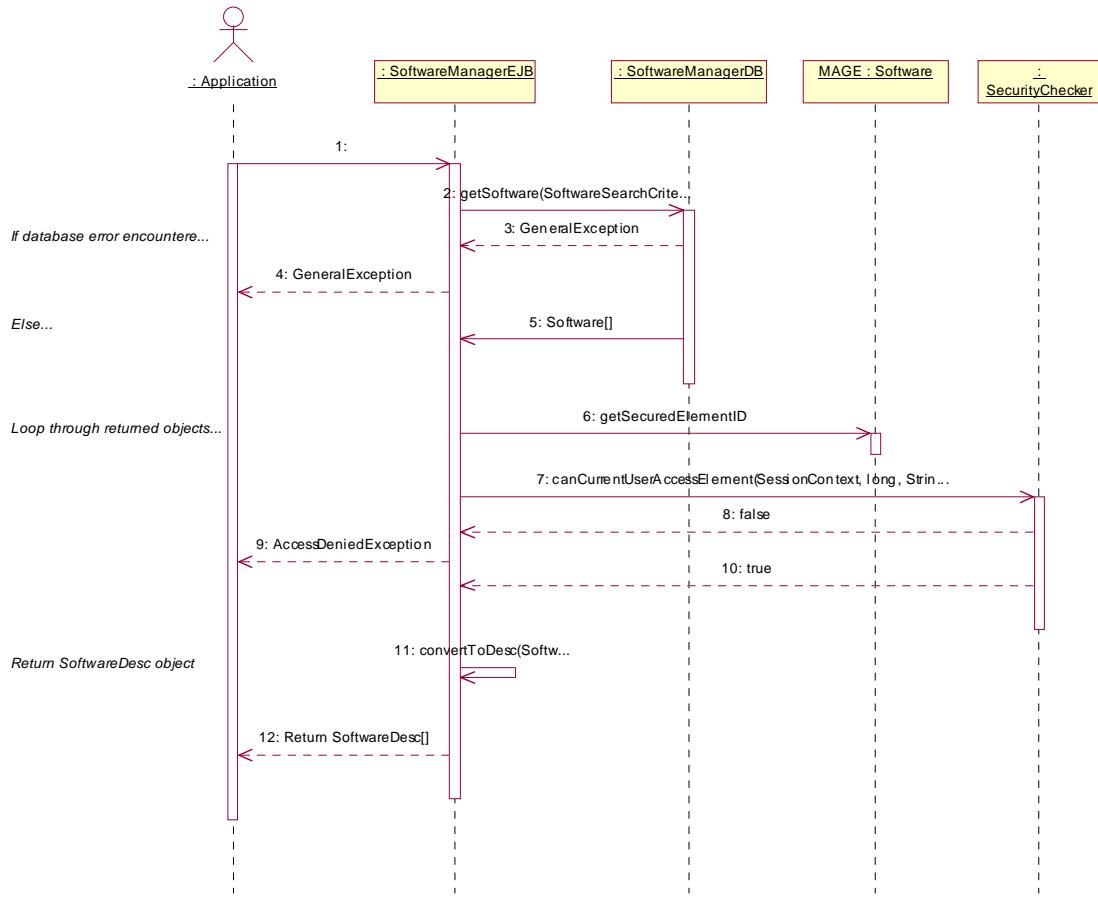
19. ProtocolManager.getProtocol



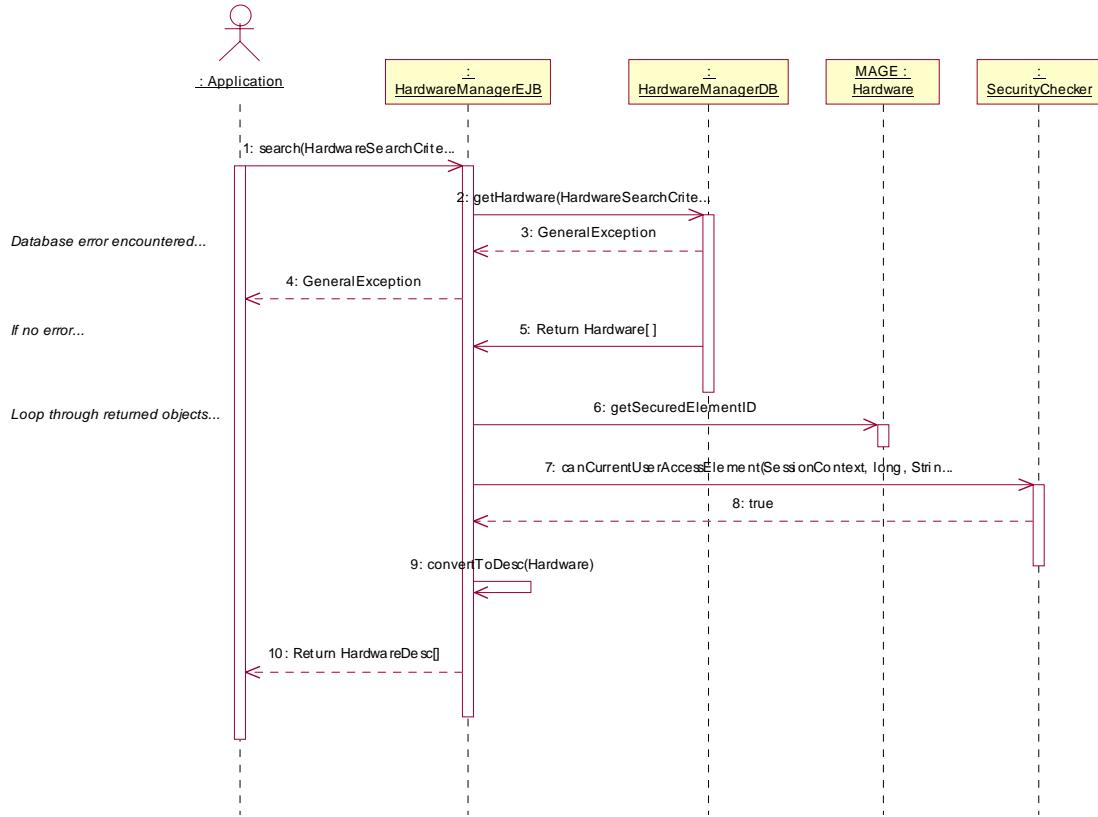
20. ProtocolManager.removeProtocol



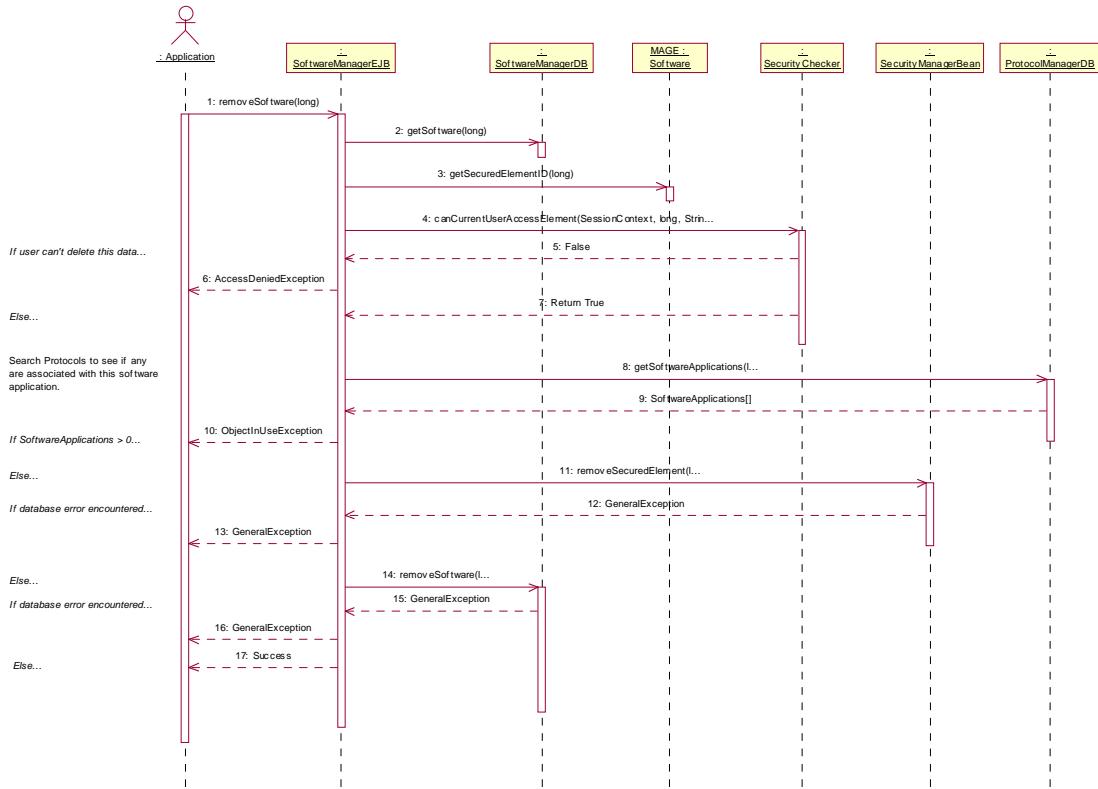
21. SoftwareManager.getSoftware



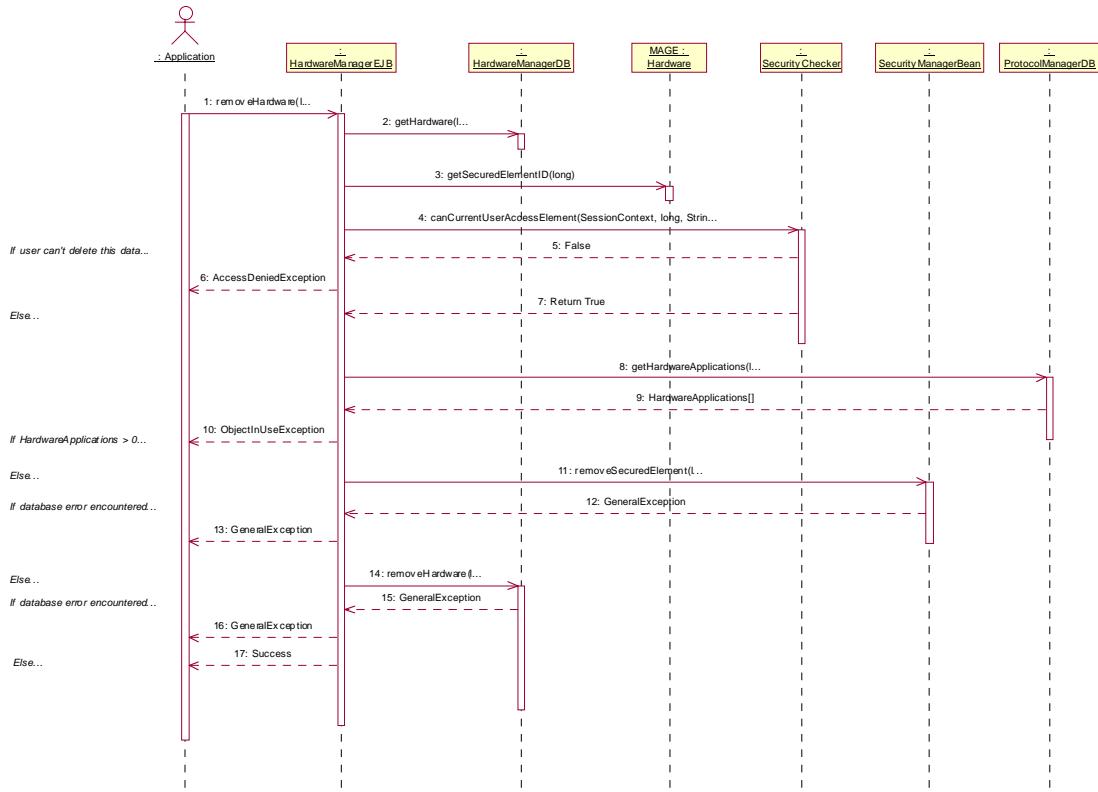
22. HardwareManager.getHardware



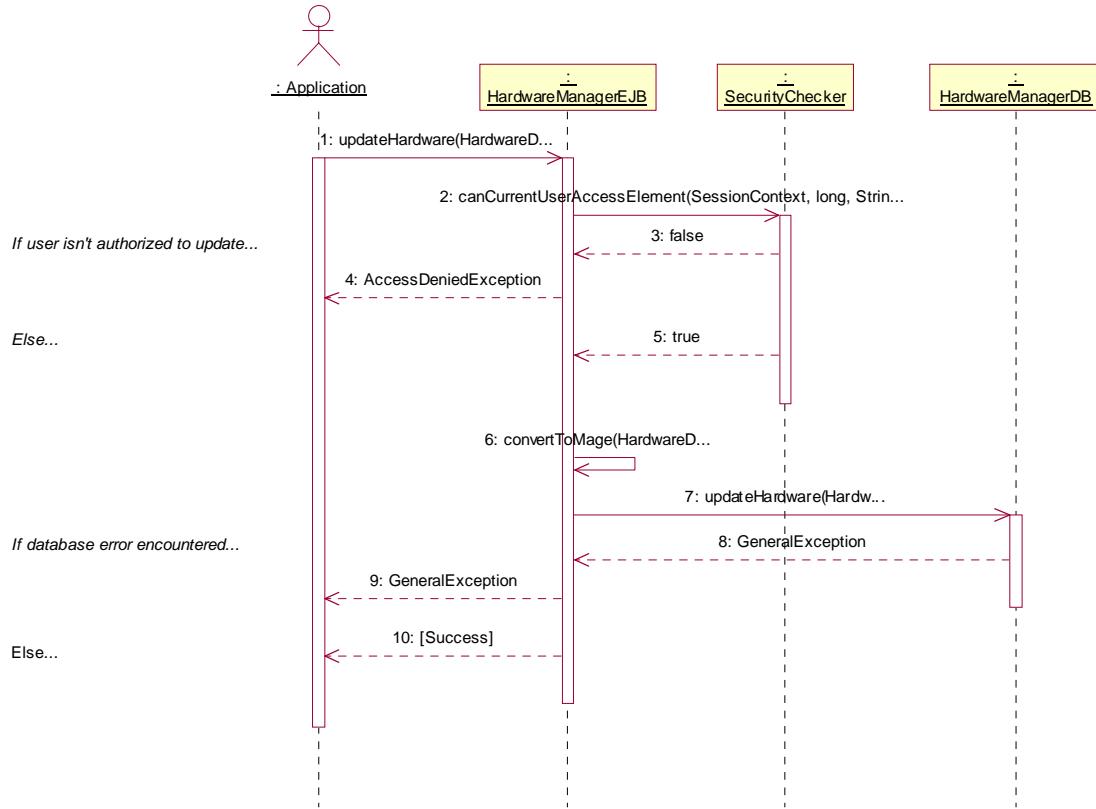
23. SoftwareManager.removeSoftware



24. HardwareManager.removeHardware

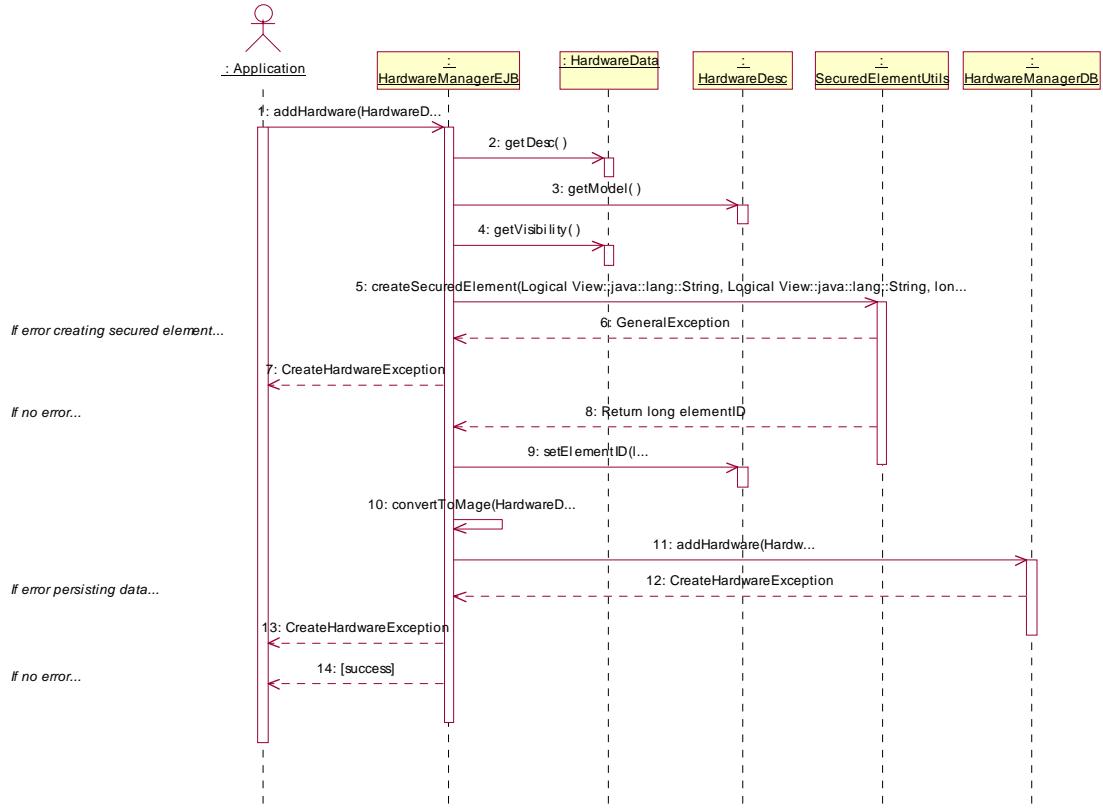


25. HardwareManager.updateHardware

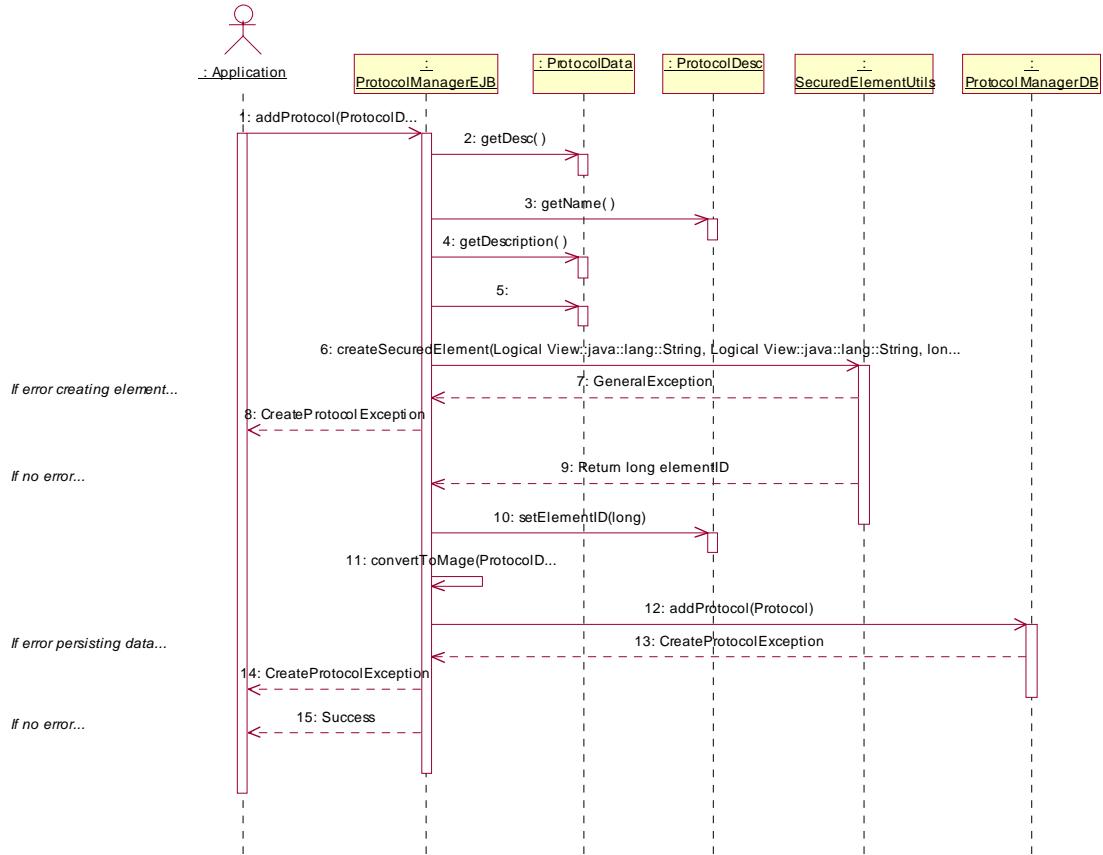


This sequence shows the processing involved to update an existing piece of hardware. If the user has UPDATE privileges, they will be allowed to invoke the updateHardware method. The EJB then checks to verify that the user has UPDATE privileges for this particular hardware. If they do not, the EJB throws an AccessDeniedException. If they do, the incoming data is transformed to a MAGEstk Hardware object and given to the DB class to persist in the database. If any error occurs during persistence, a general exception is thrown.

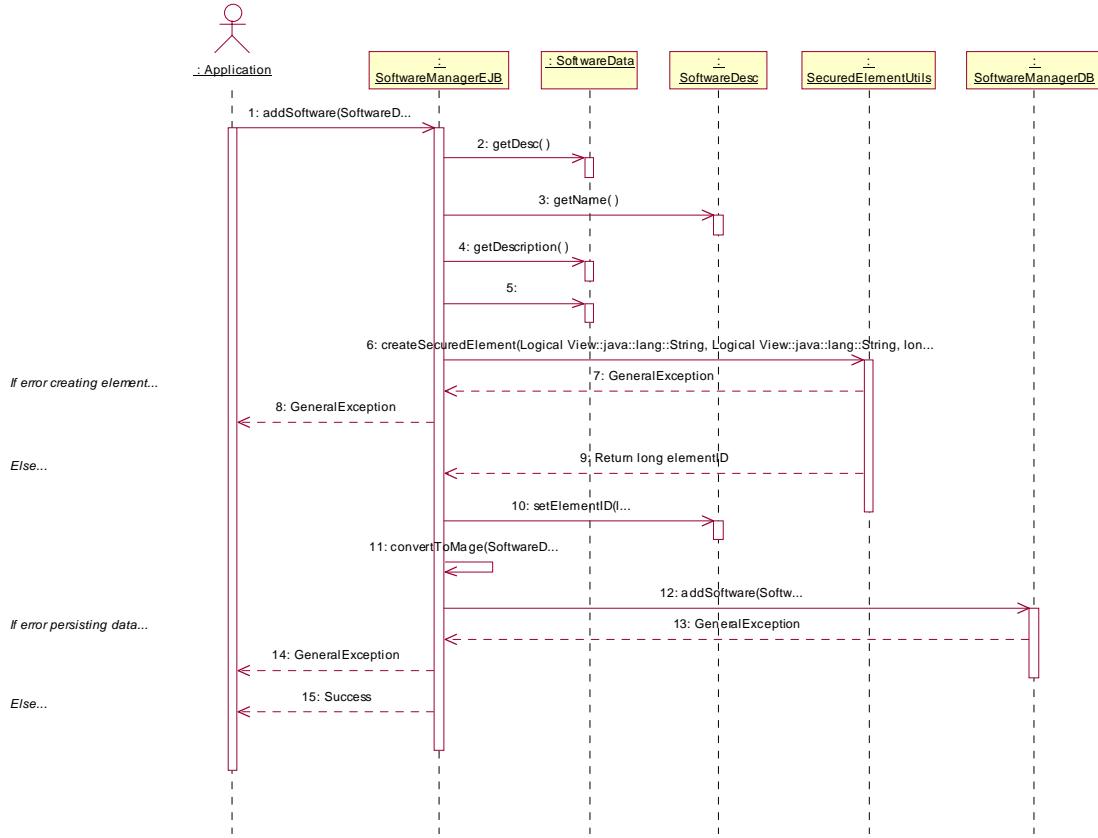
26. HardwareManager.addHardware



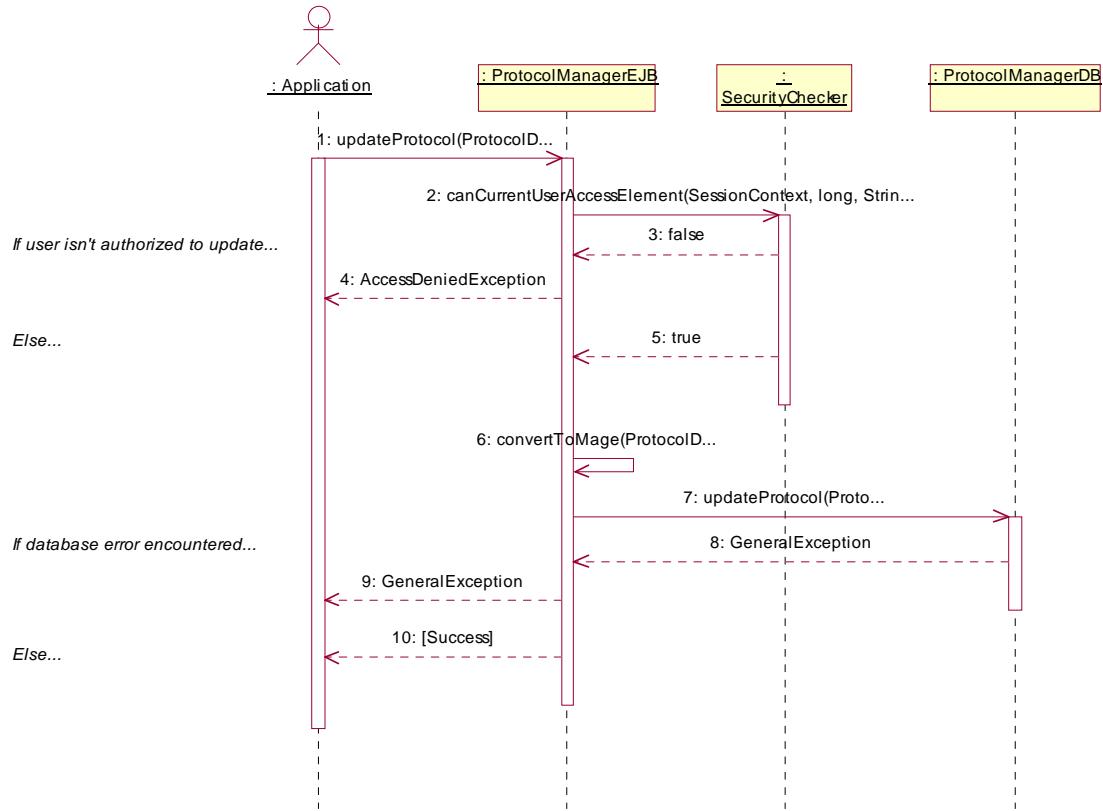
27. ProtocolManager.addProtocol



28. SoftwareManager.addSoftware

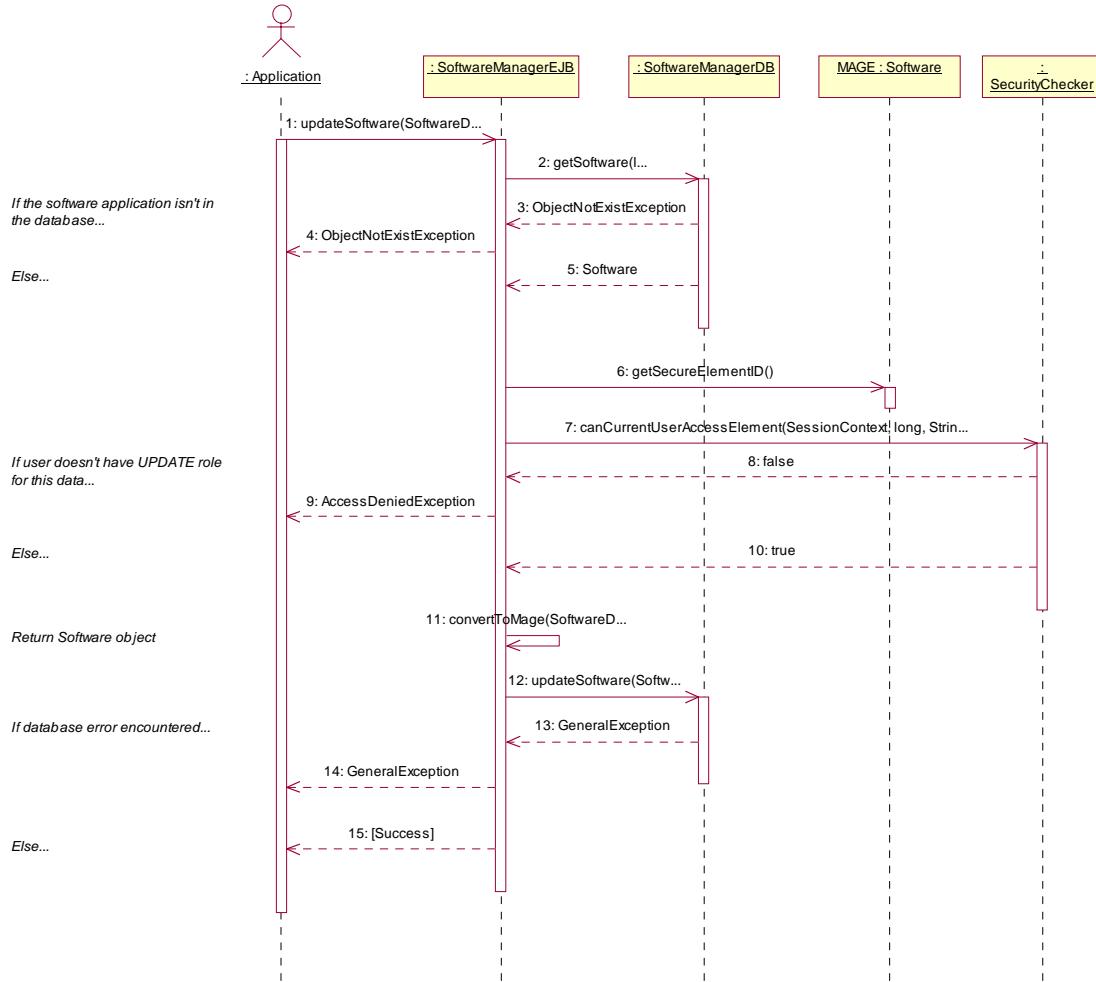


29. ProtocolManager.updateProtocol



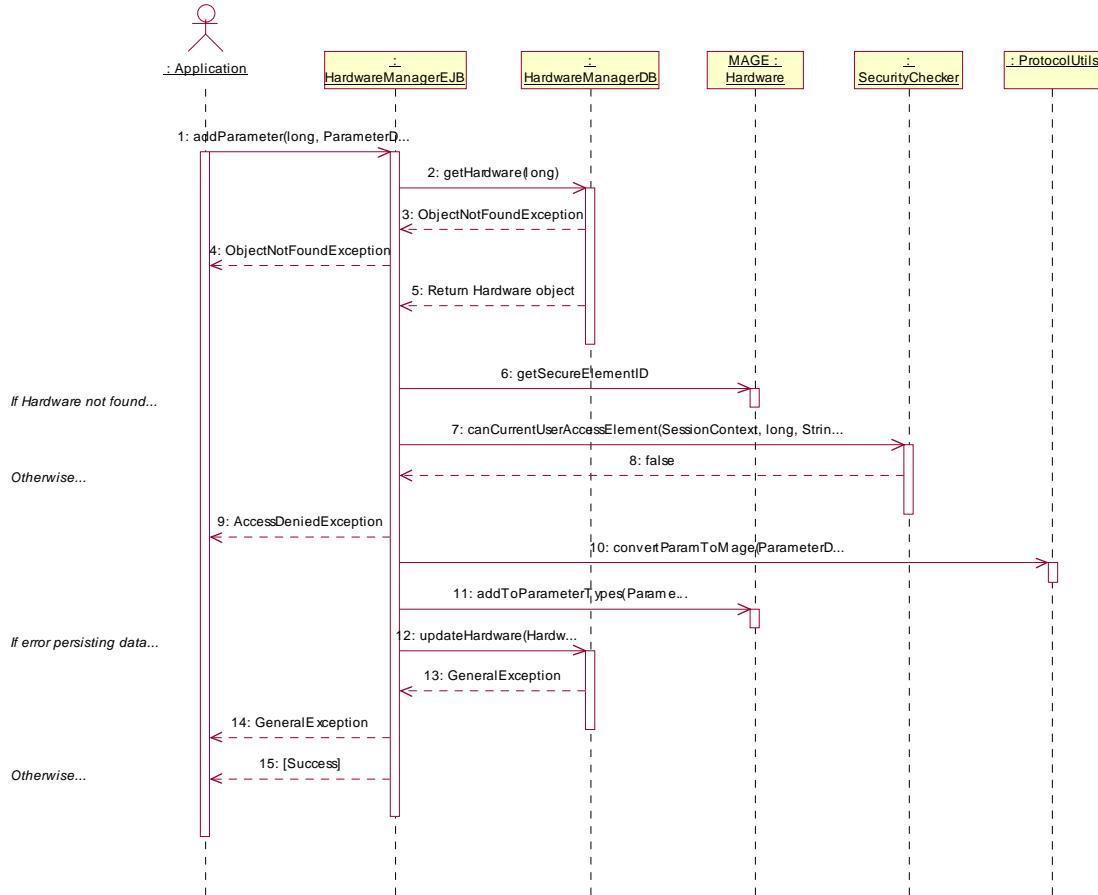
This sequence shows the processing involved to update an existing protocol. If the user has UPDATE privileges, they will be allowed to invoke the `updateProtocol` method. The EJB then checks to verify that the user has UPDATE privileges for this particular protocol. If they do not, the EJB throws an `AccessDeniedException`. If they do, the incoming data is transformed to a MAGEstk `Protocol` object and given to the DB class to persist in the database. If any error occurs during persistence, a general exception is thrown.

30. SoftwareManager.updateSoftware

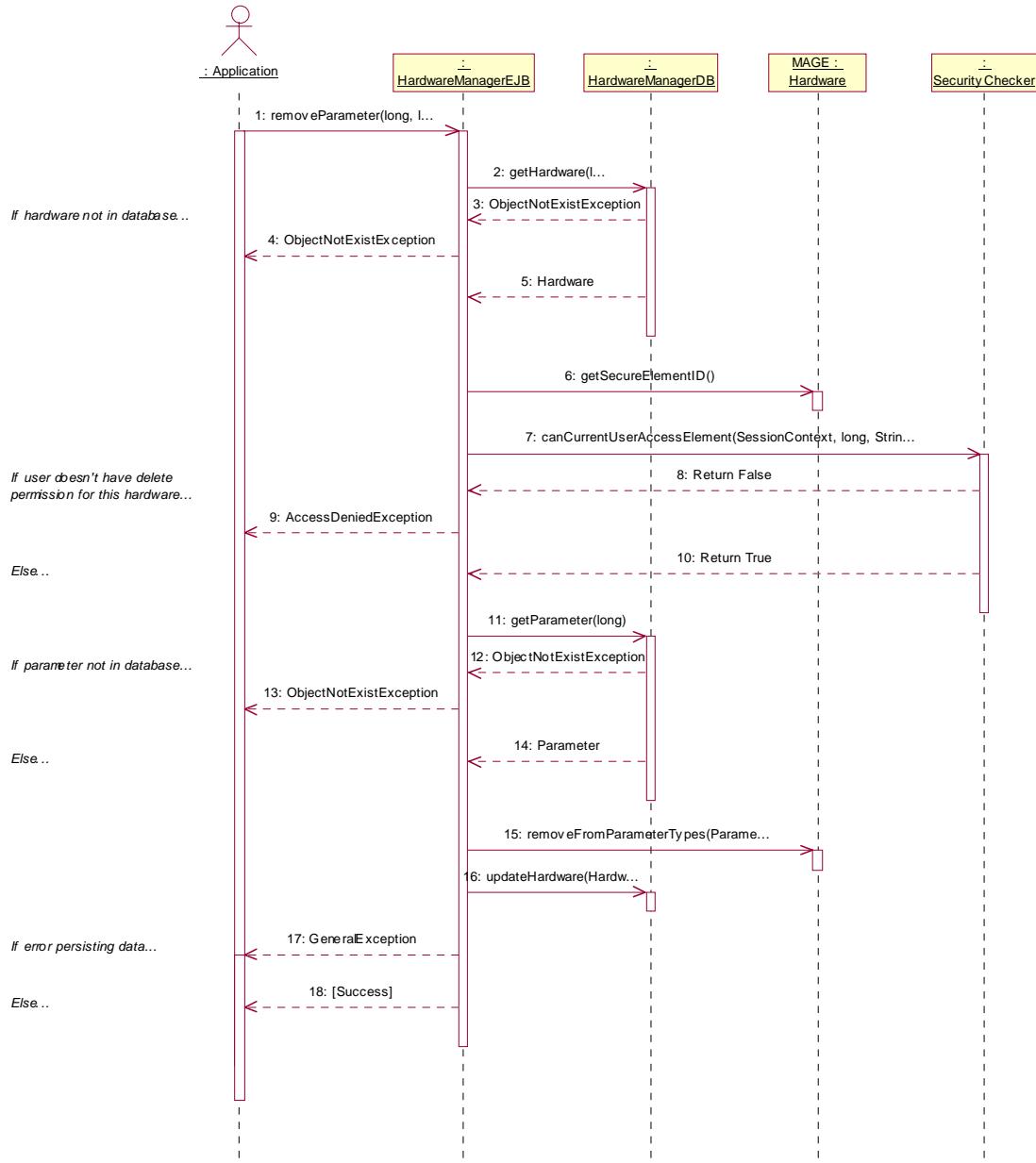


This sequence shows the processing involved to update existing piece of software. If the user has UPDATE privileges, they will be allowed to invoke the updateSoftware method. The EJB then checks to verify that the user has UPDATE privileges for this particular software. If they do not, the EJB throws an AccessDeniedException. If they do, the incoming data is transformed to a MAGEstk Software object and given to the DB class to persist in the database. If any error occurs during persistence, a general exception is thrown.

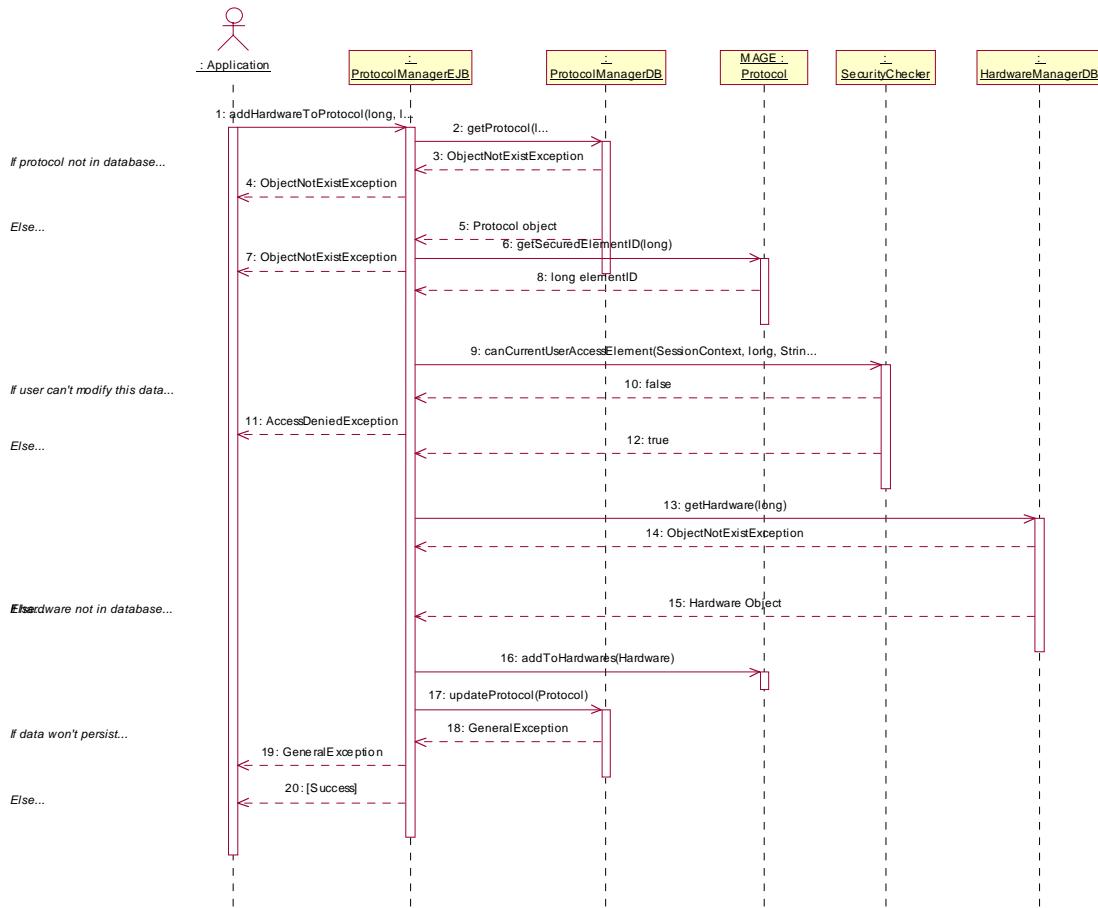
31. HardwareManager.addParameter



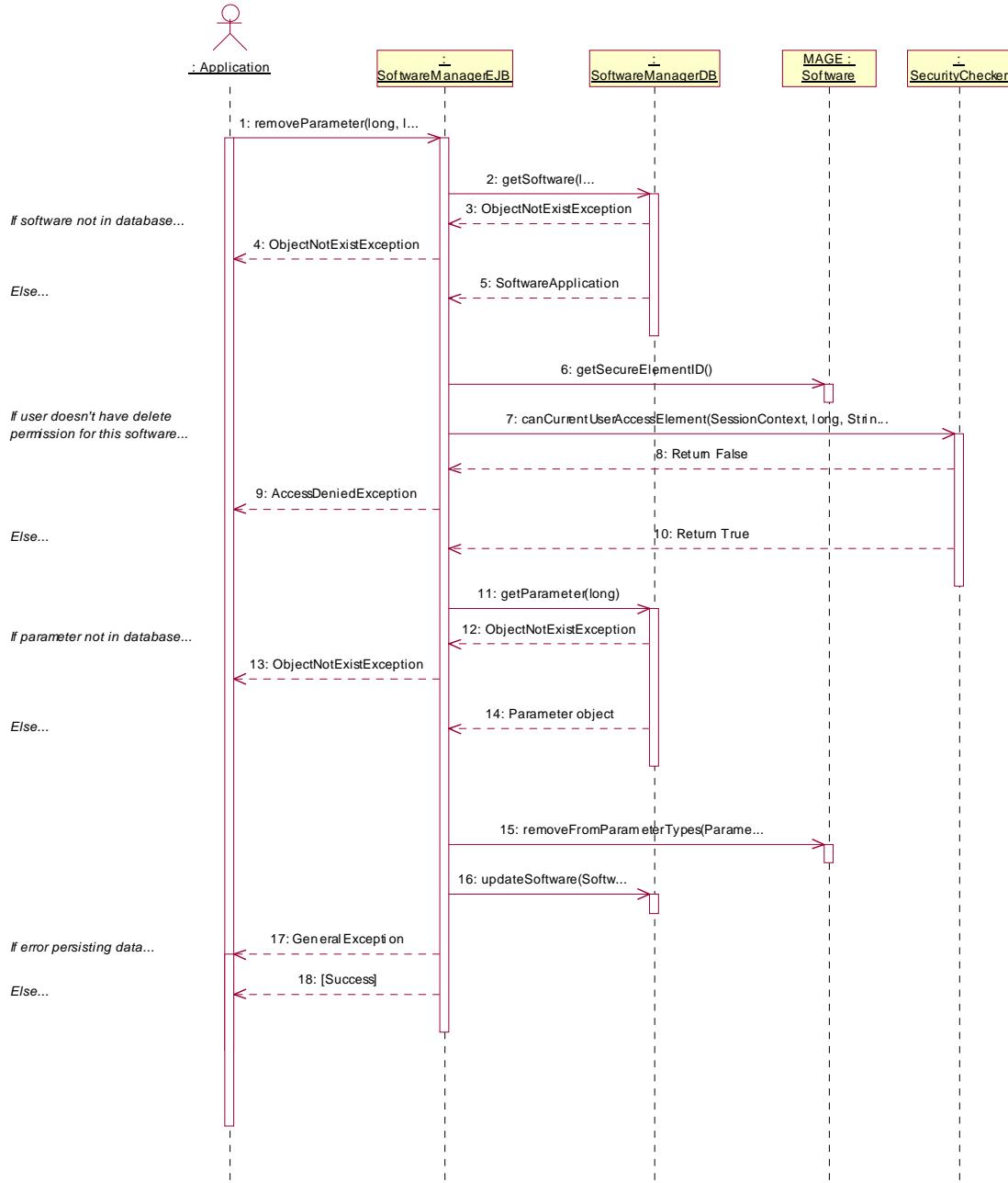
32. HardwareManager.removeParameter



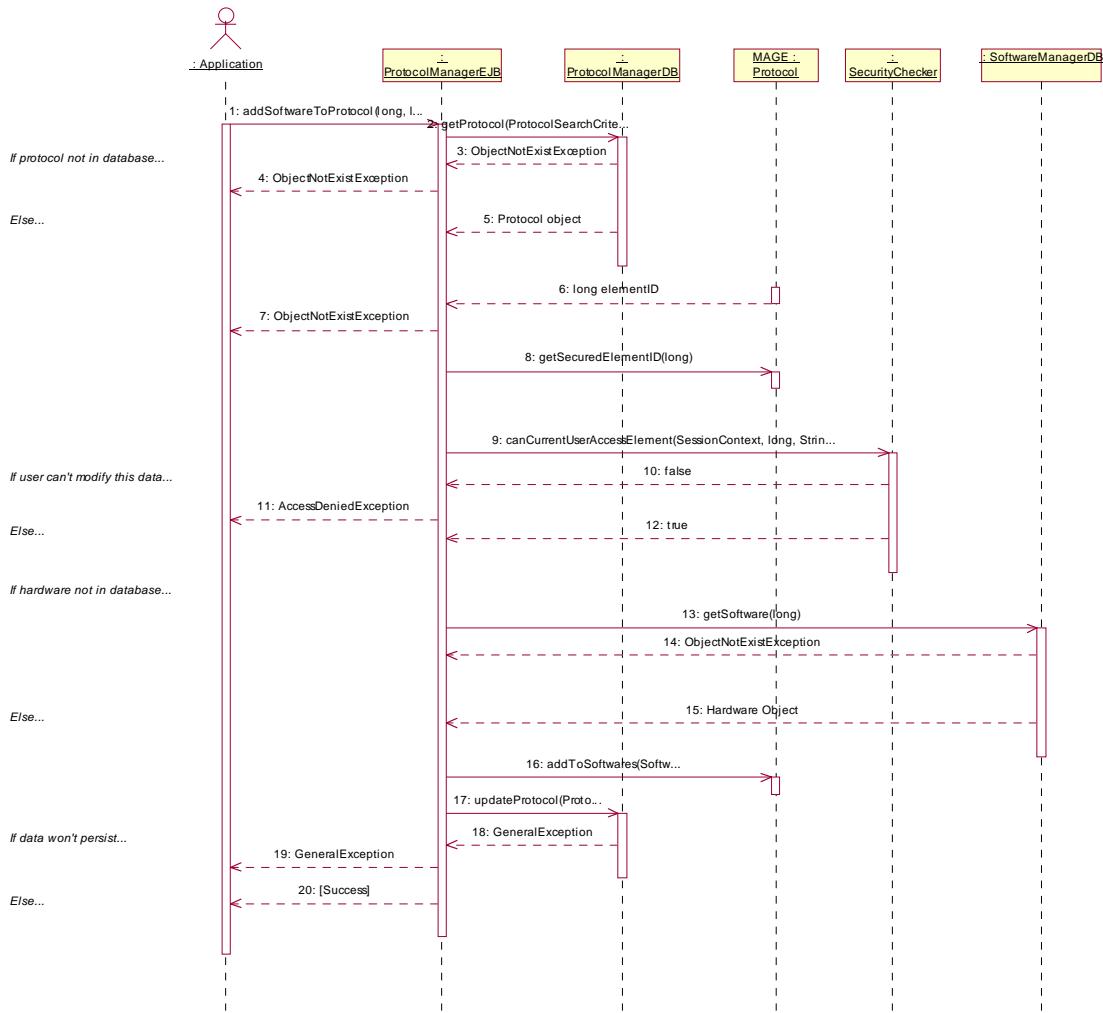
33. ProtocolManager.addHardware



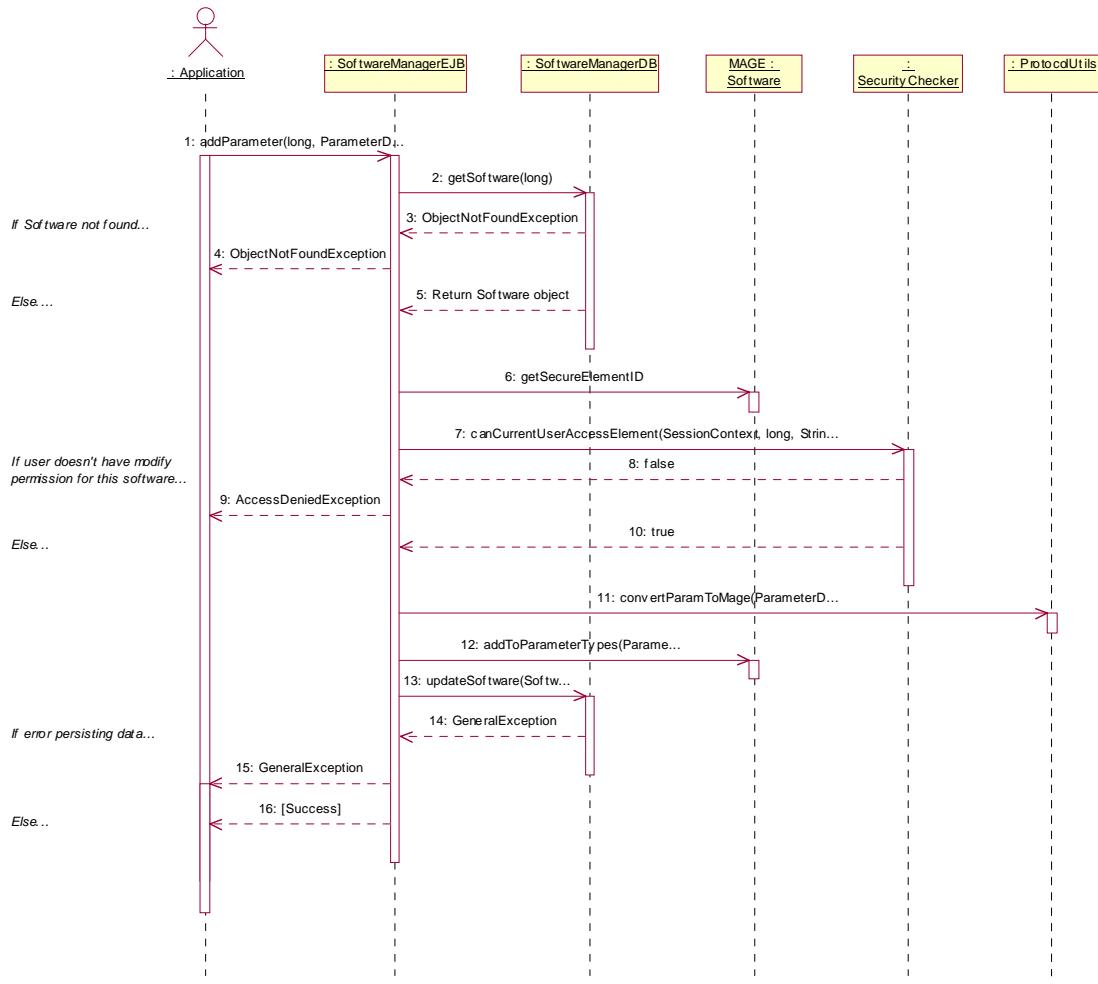
34. SoftwareManager.removeParameter



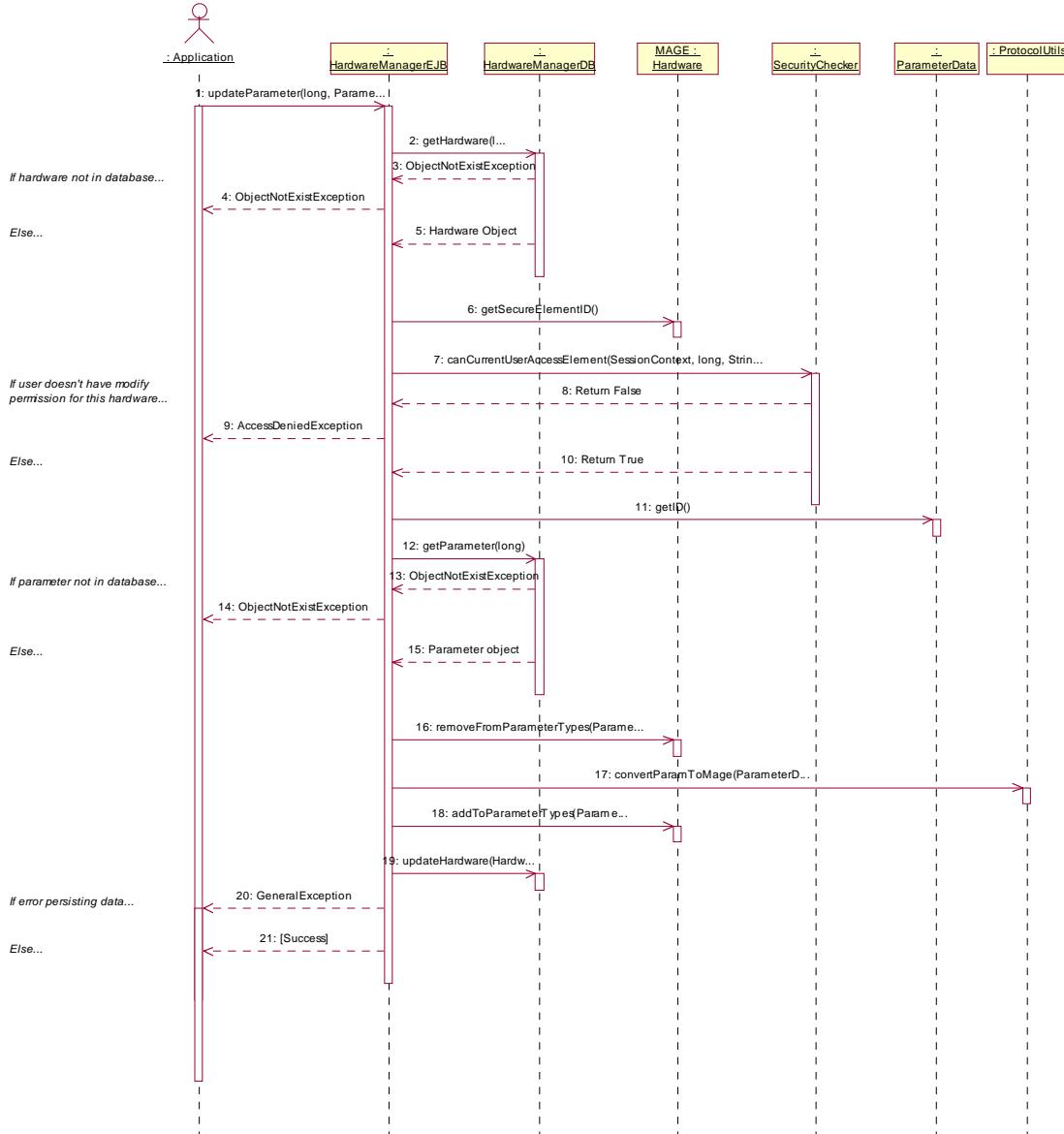
35. ProtocolManager.addSoftware



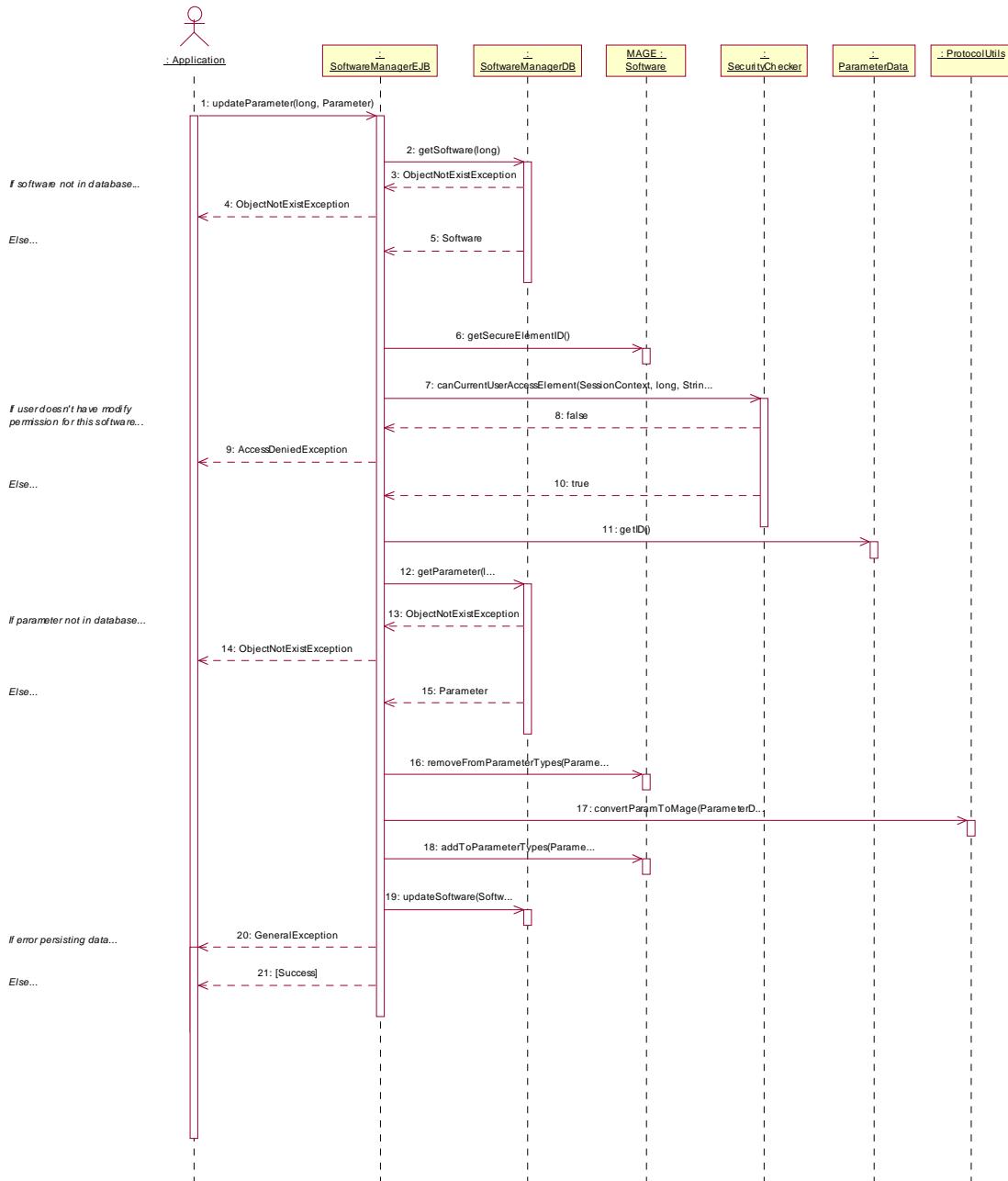
36. SoftwareManager.addParameter



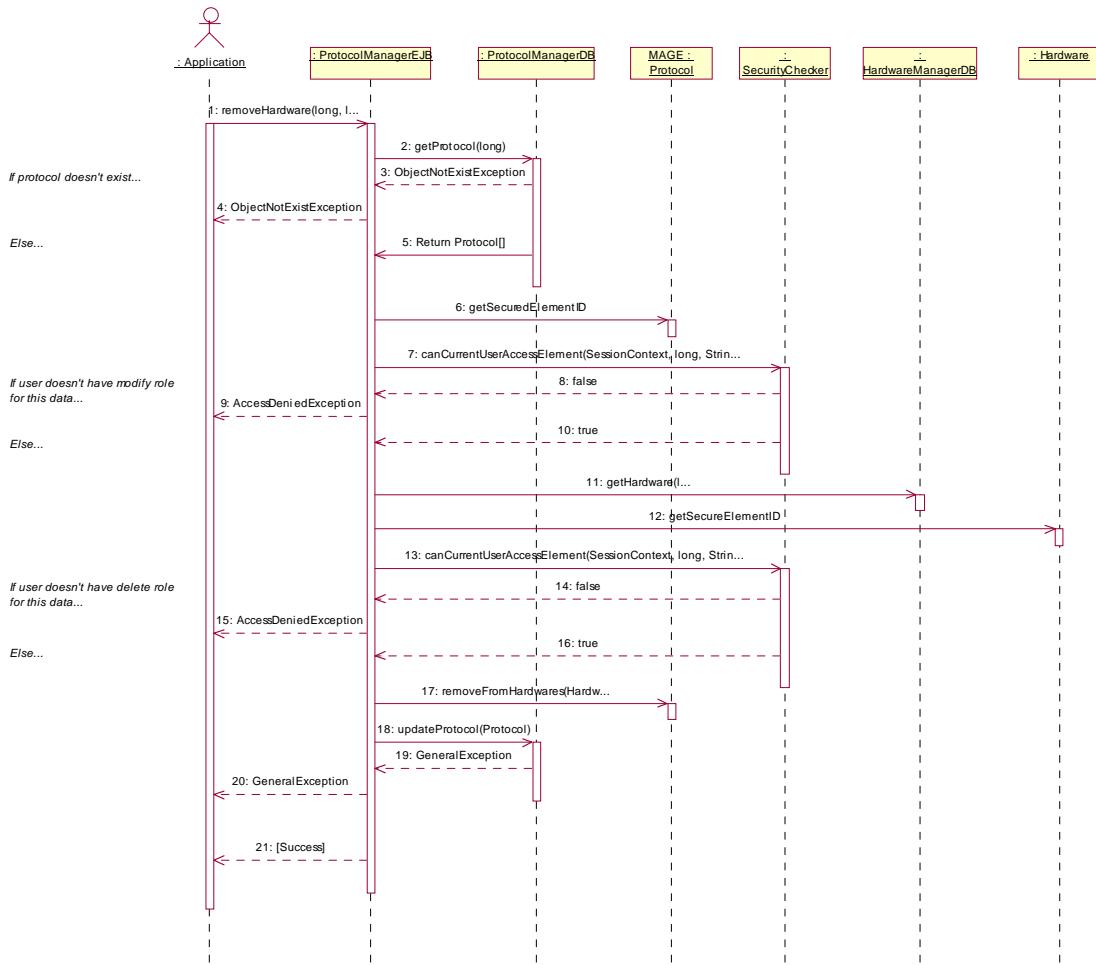
37. HardwareManager.updateParameter



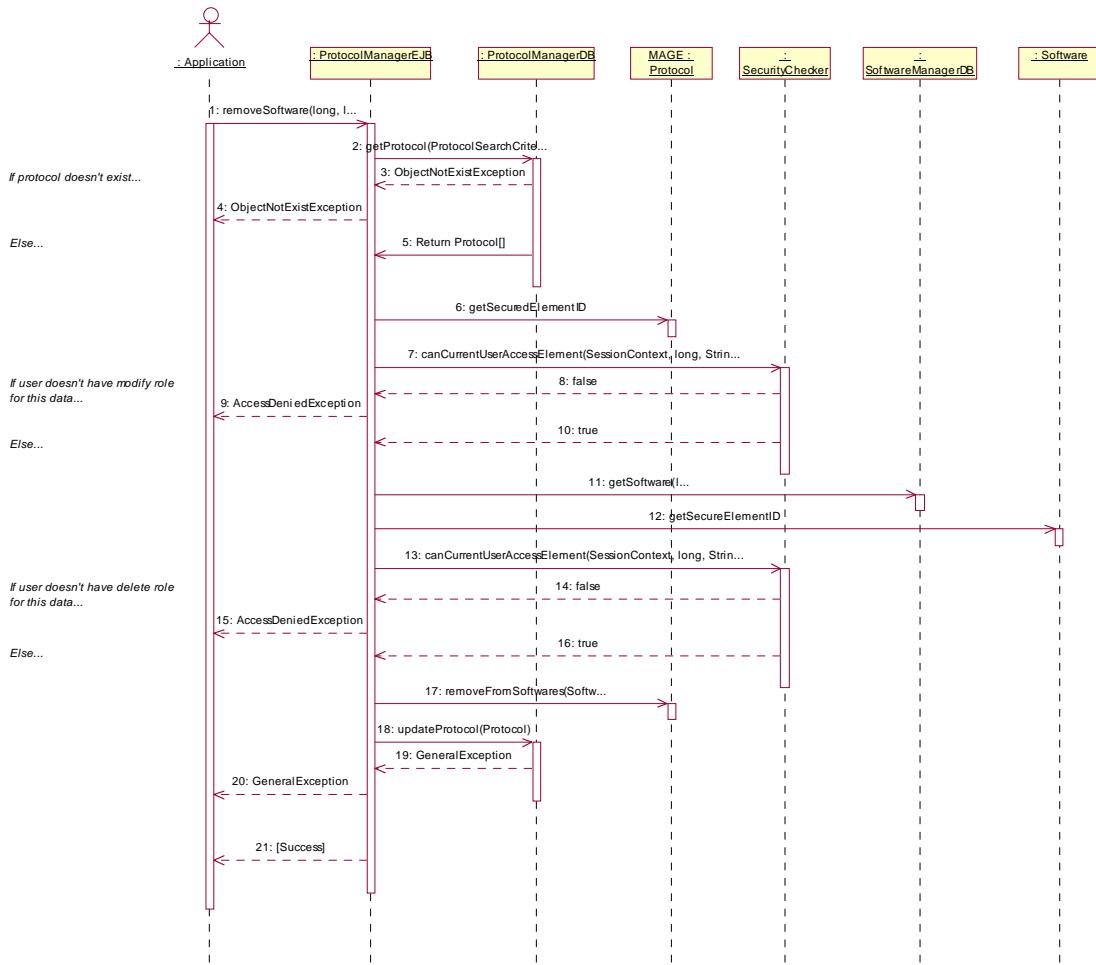
38. SoftwareManager.updateParameter



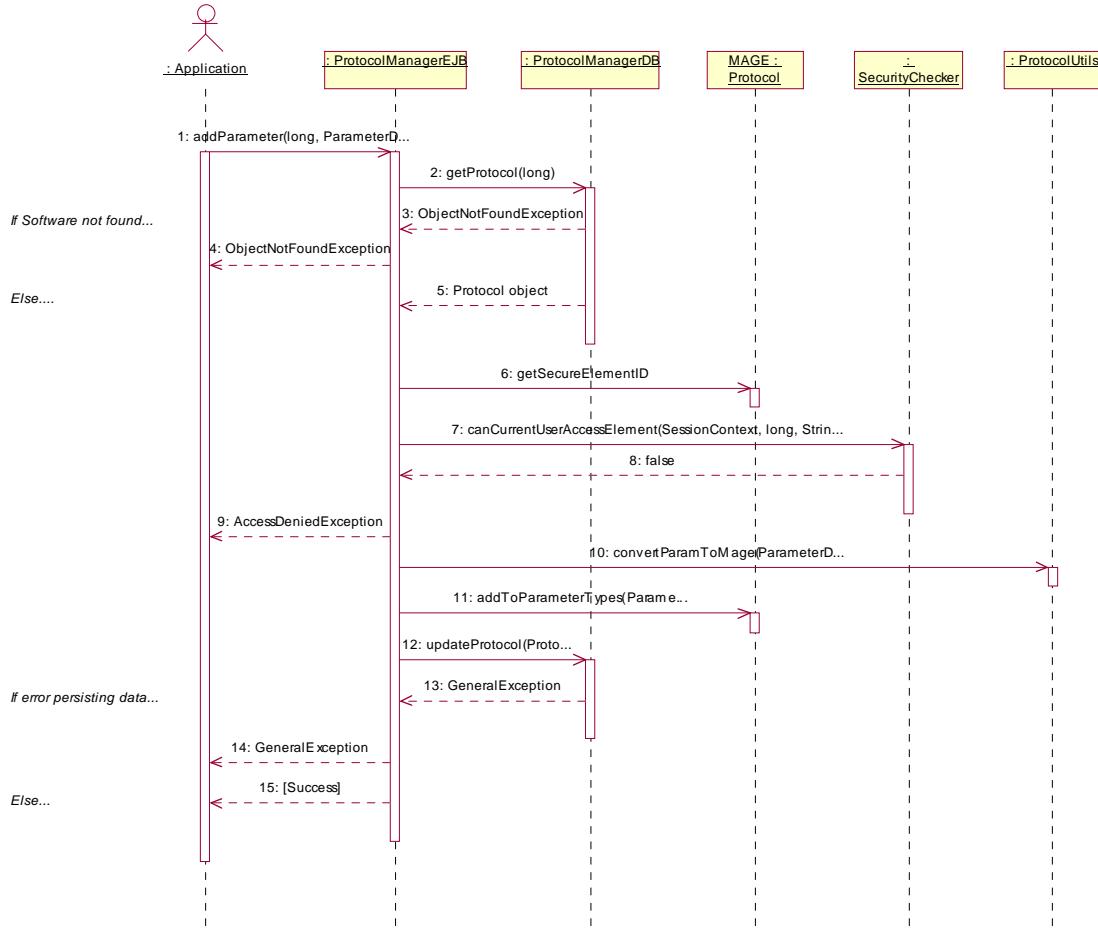
39. ProtocolManager.removeHardware



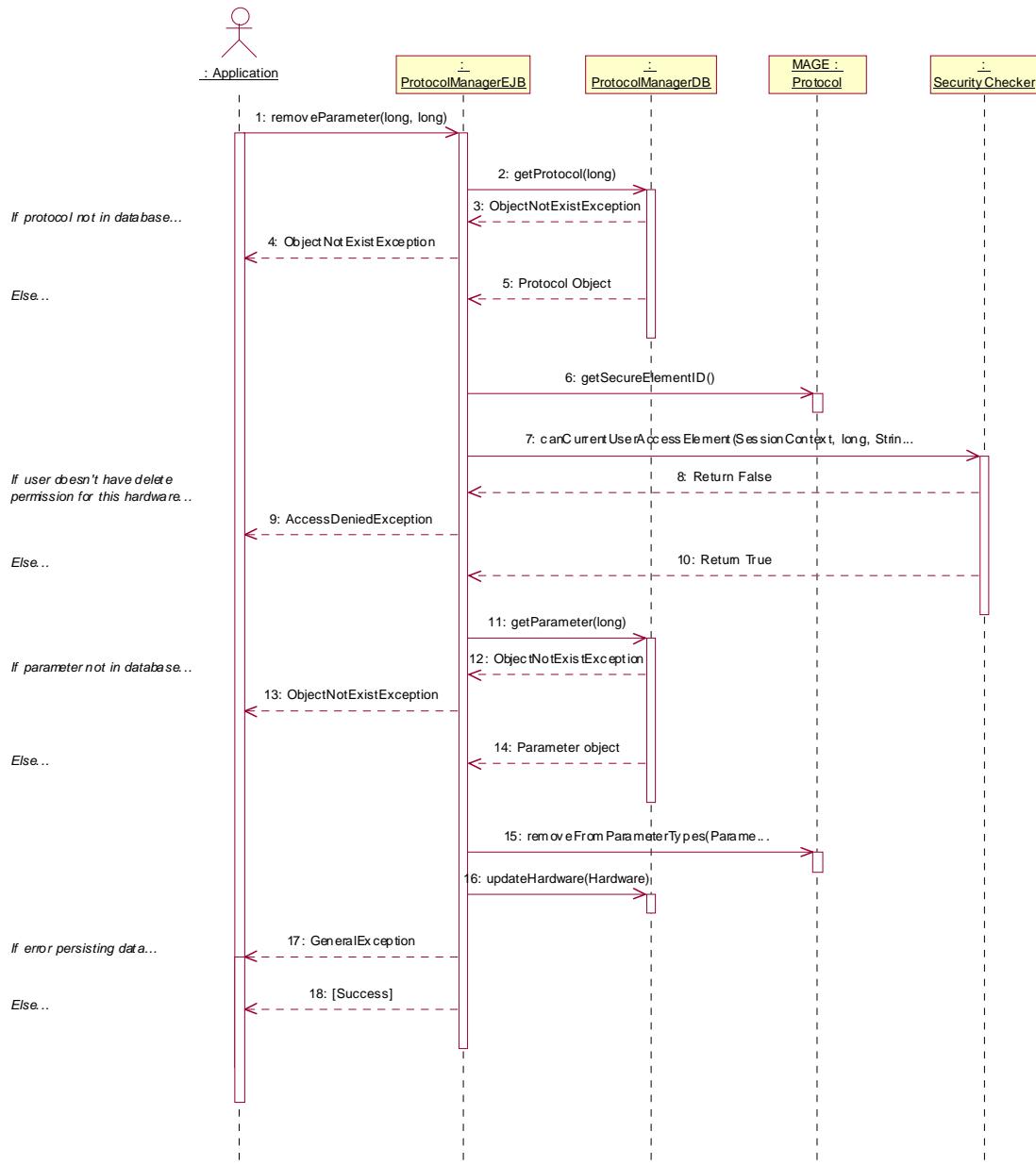
40. ProtocolManager.removeSoftware



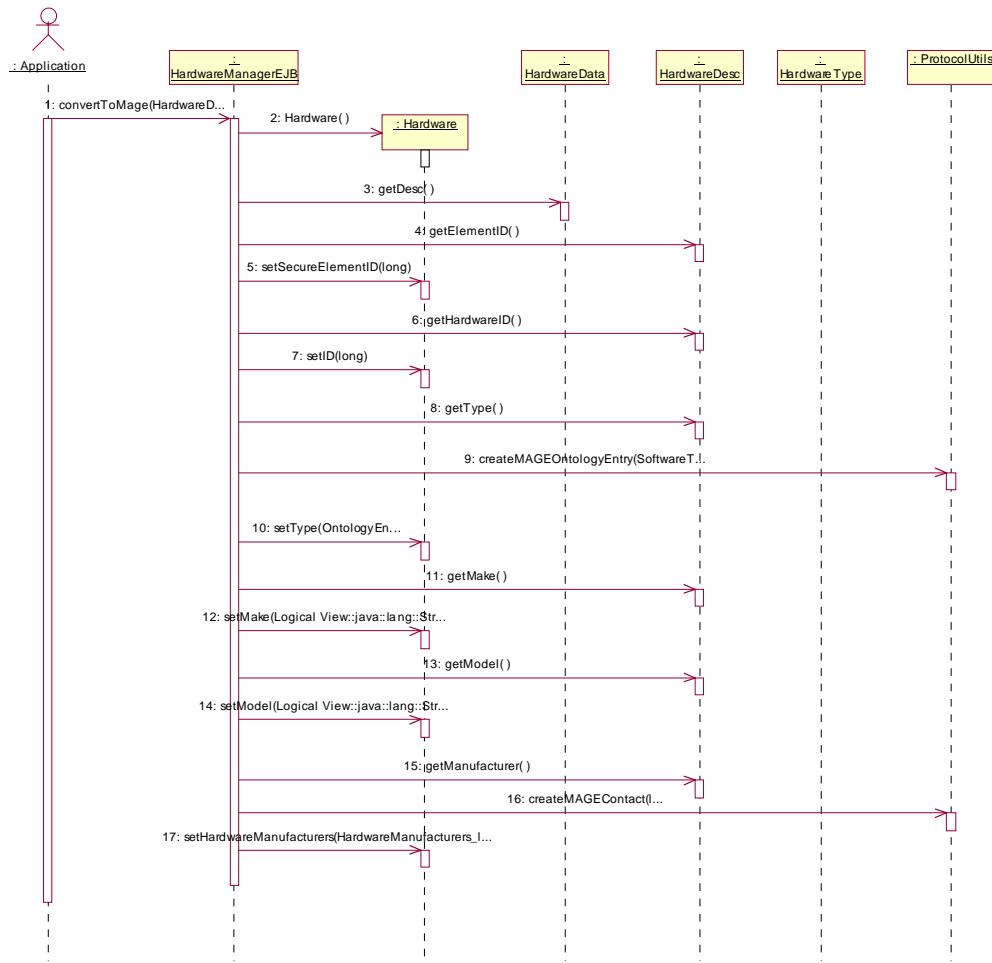
41. ProtocolManager.addParameter



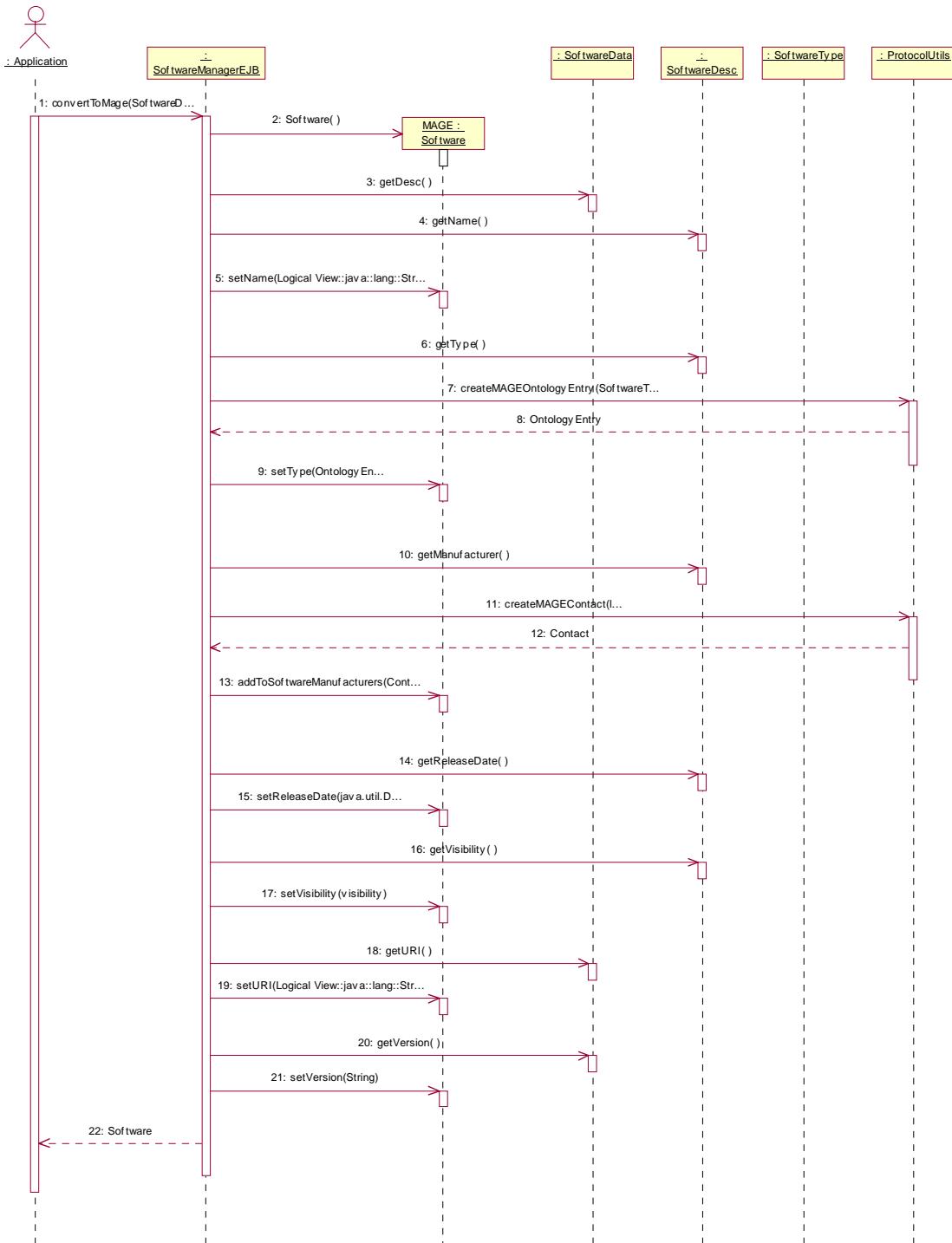
42. ProtocolManager.removeParameter



43. HardwareManager.convertToMage

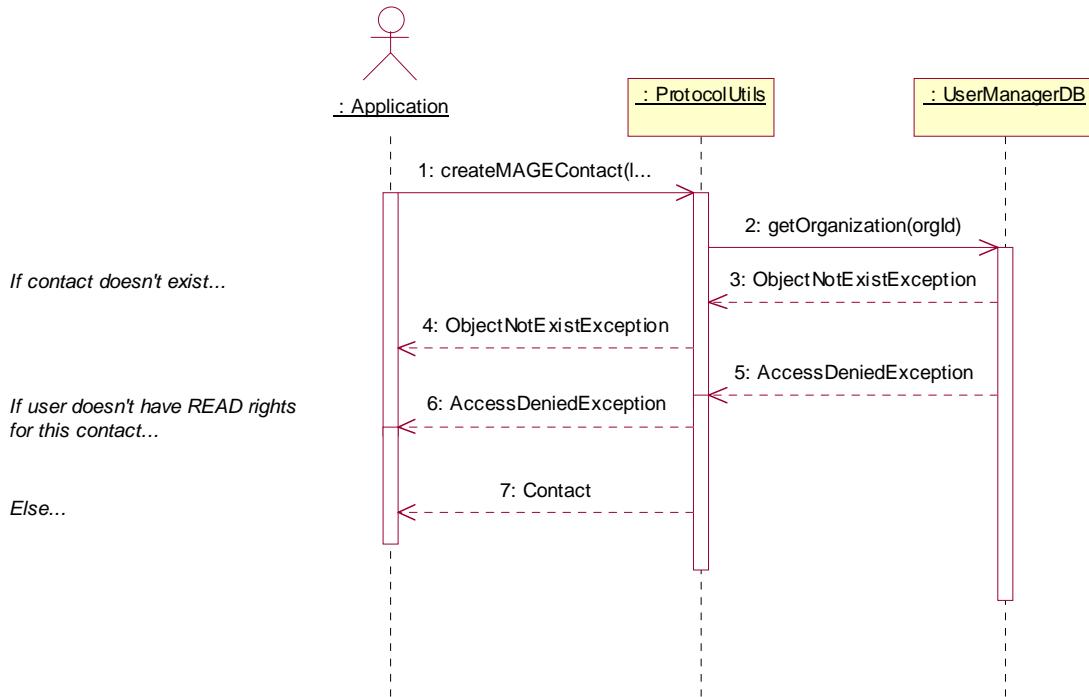


44. SoftwareManager.convertToMage



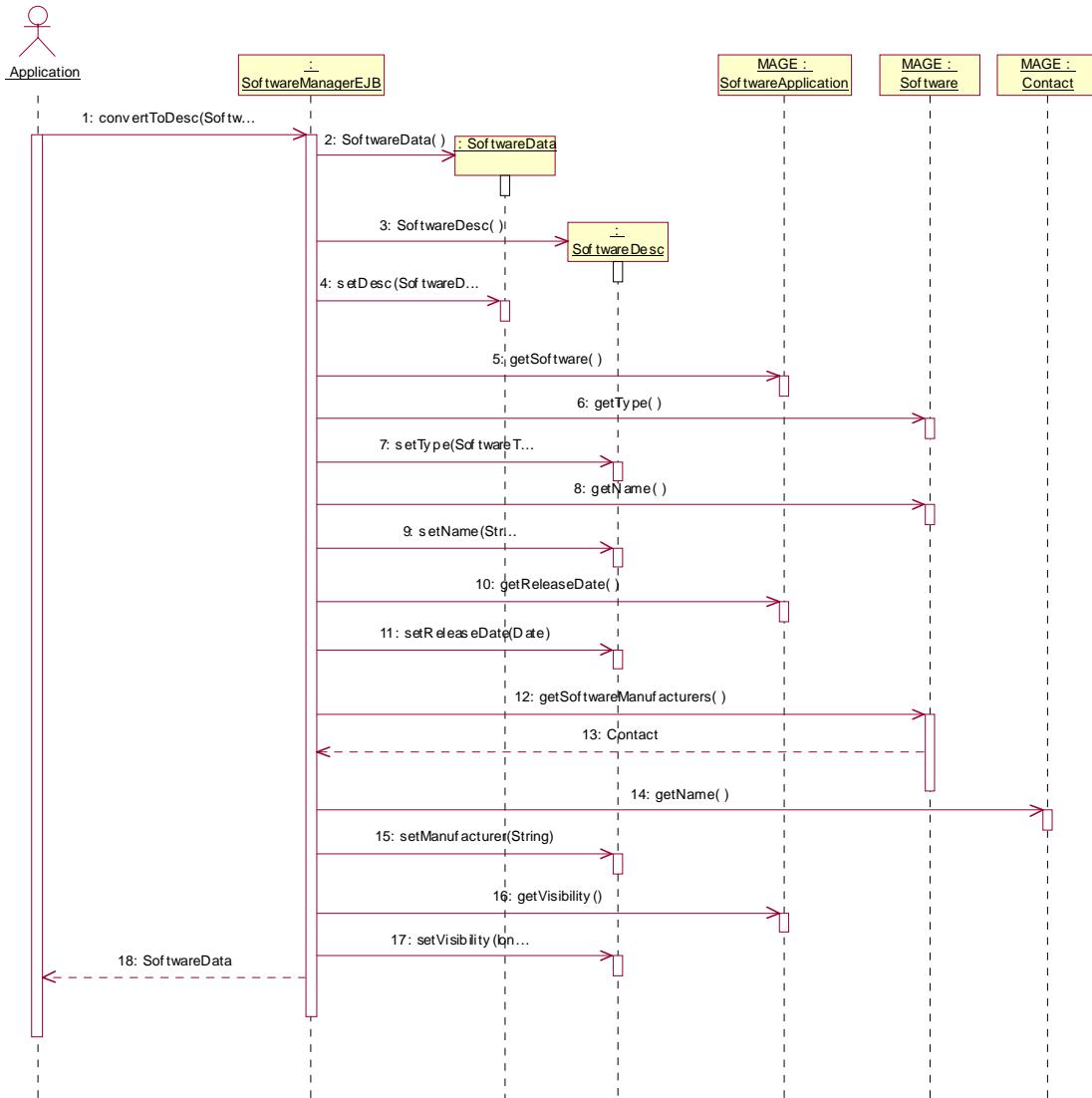
This diagram demonstrates the process of mapping data in a **SoftwareDesc** object to a **MAGEstk SoftwareApplication** object, which is then persisted to the database.

45. ProtocolUtils.createMAGEContact



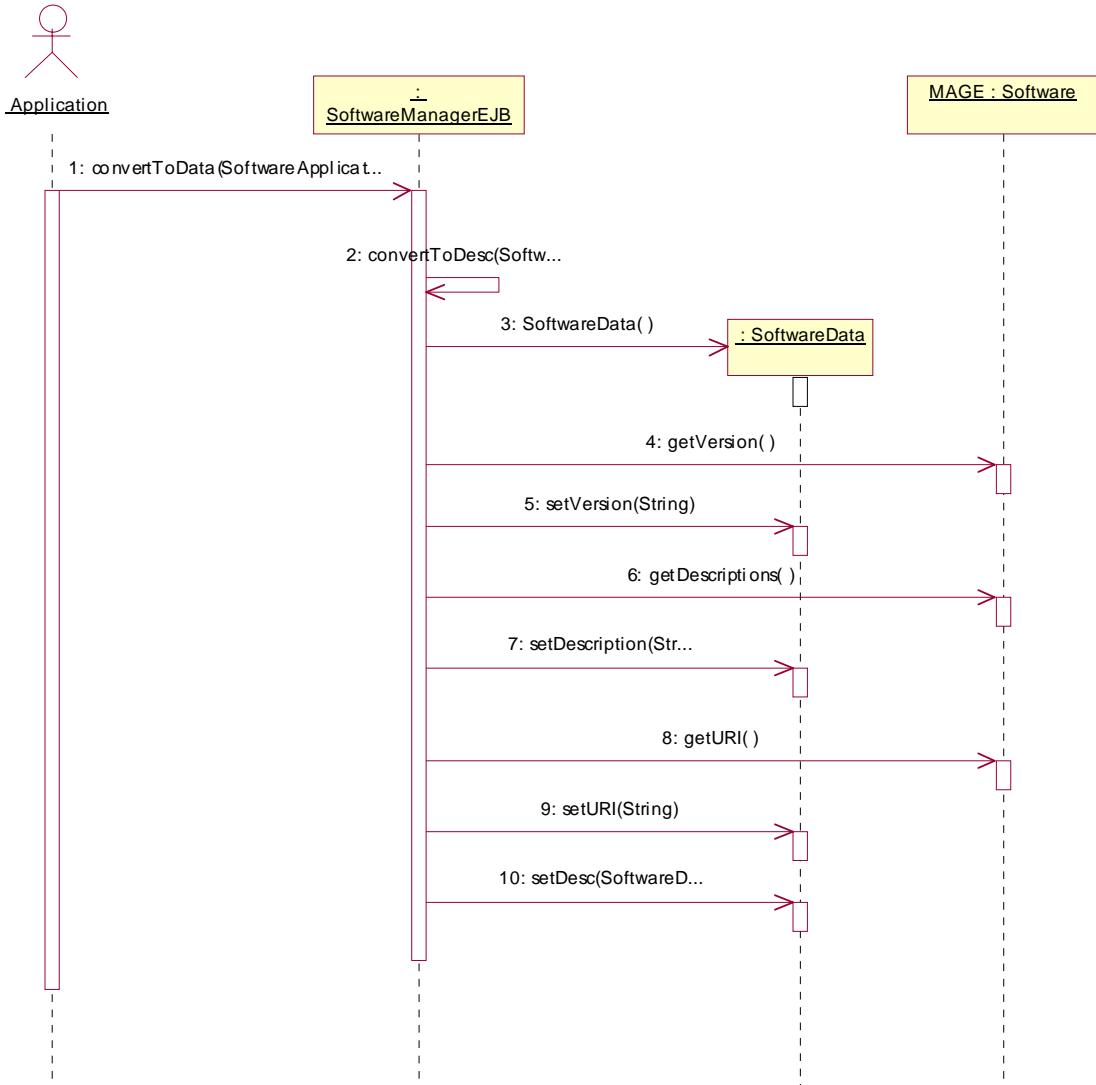
The sequence demonstrates a utility method that retrieves MAGE contact from the database.

46. SoftwareManager.convertToDesc



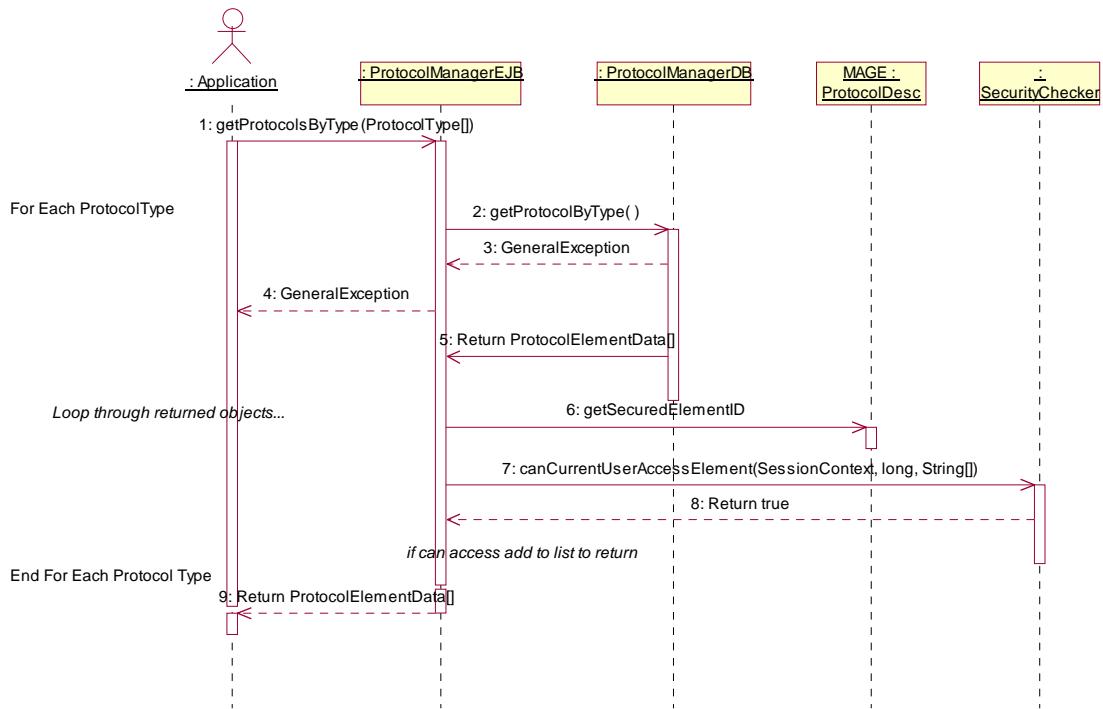
This diagram demonstrates the process of mapping data from a MAGEstk SoftwareApplication to object to a SoftwareDesc object, which is then used by the application. The Desc contains only a summary of data need to display in search results.

47. SoftwareManager.convertToData

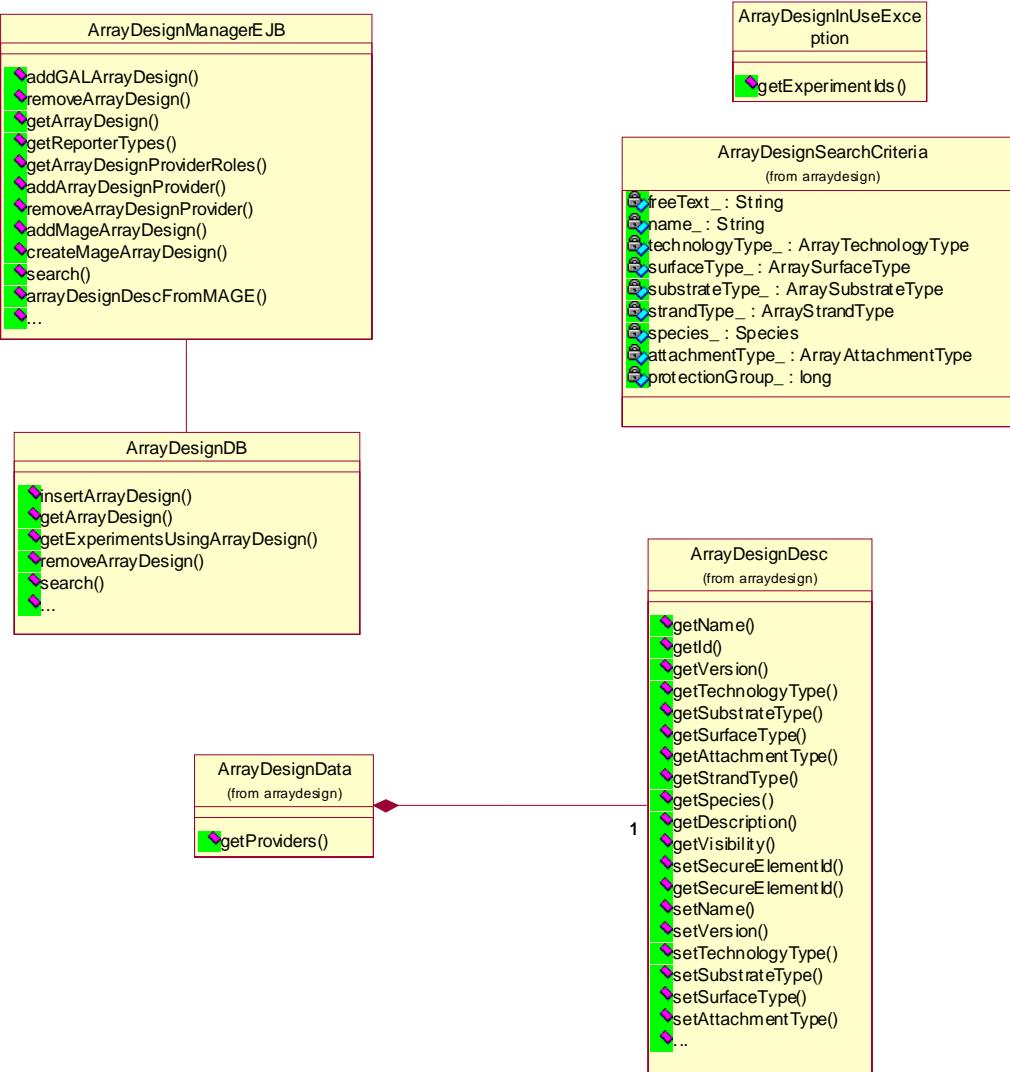


This diagram demonstrates the process of mapping data from a MAGEstk SoftwareApplication to object to a SoftwareData object, which is then used by the application. The contains only a summary of data need to display in search results.

48. ProtocolManager.getProtocolsByType



49. Logical View::gov::nih::nci::caarray::services::arraydesign



This diagram shows the static relationships between classes in the `caarray.services.arraydesign` package.

49.1 ArrayDesignManagerEJB This class provides the public API for dealing with array design objects in the caarray system.

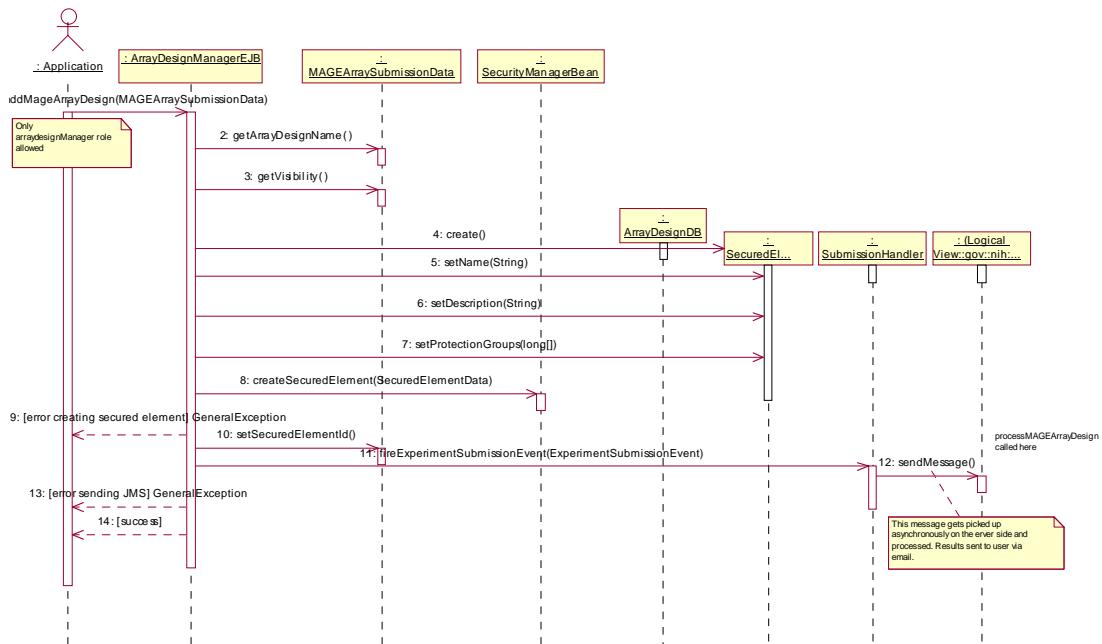
49.2 ArrayDesignDB This class is responsible for all database operations needed within the array design service.

49.3 ArrayDesignInUseException This exception is thrown when an operation cannot be performed on an ArrayDesign object because it is currently in use.

49.4

49.5

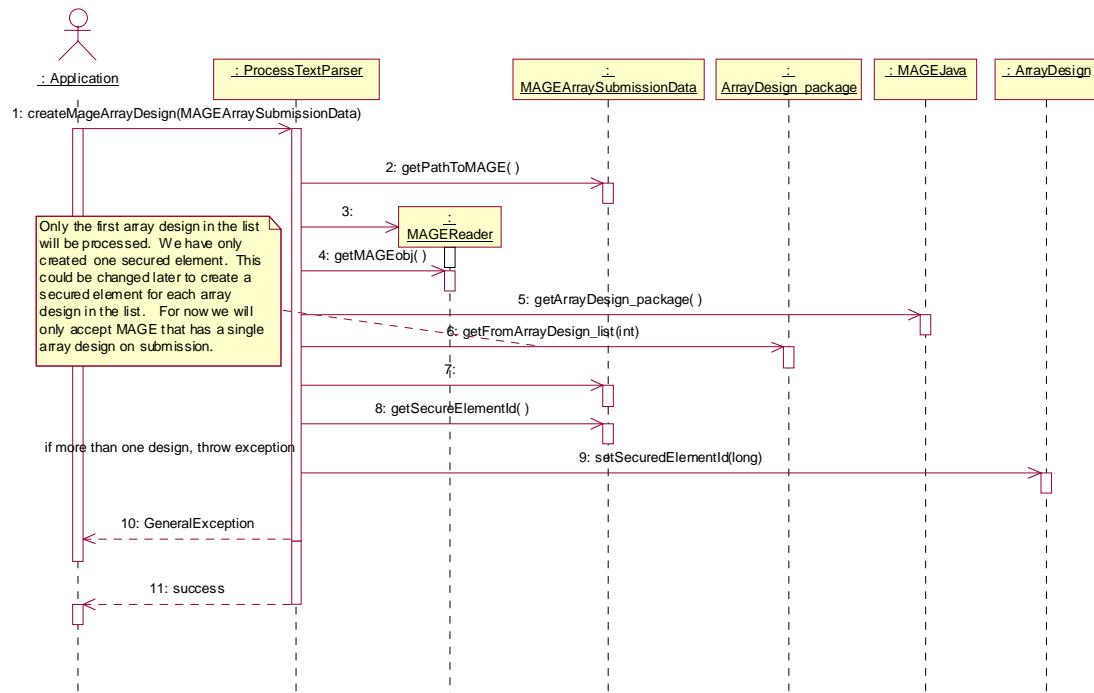
50. ArrayDesignManager.addMAGEArrayDesign



This diagram shows the processing involved in submitting a new MAGE-ML array design. The `ArrayDesignManagerEJB` will get the array design name and visibility from the submission data and use it to create a new `SecuredElement` via the `SecurityManager`. If the secured element cannot be created, the array design submission will fail and the caller will get an exception describing the problem. Once the secured element has been created, the submission data will be converted into a

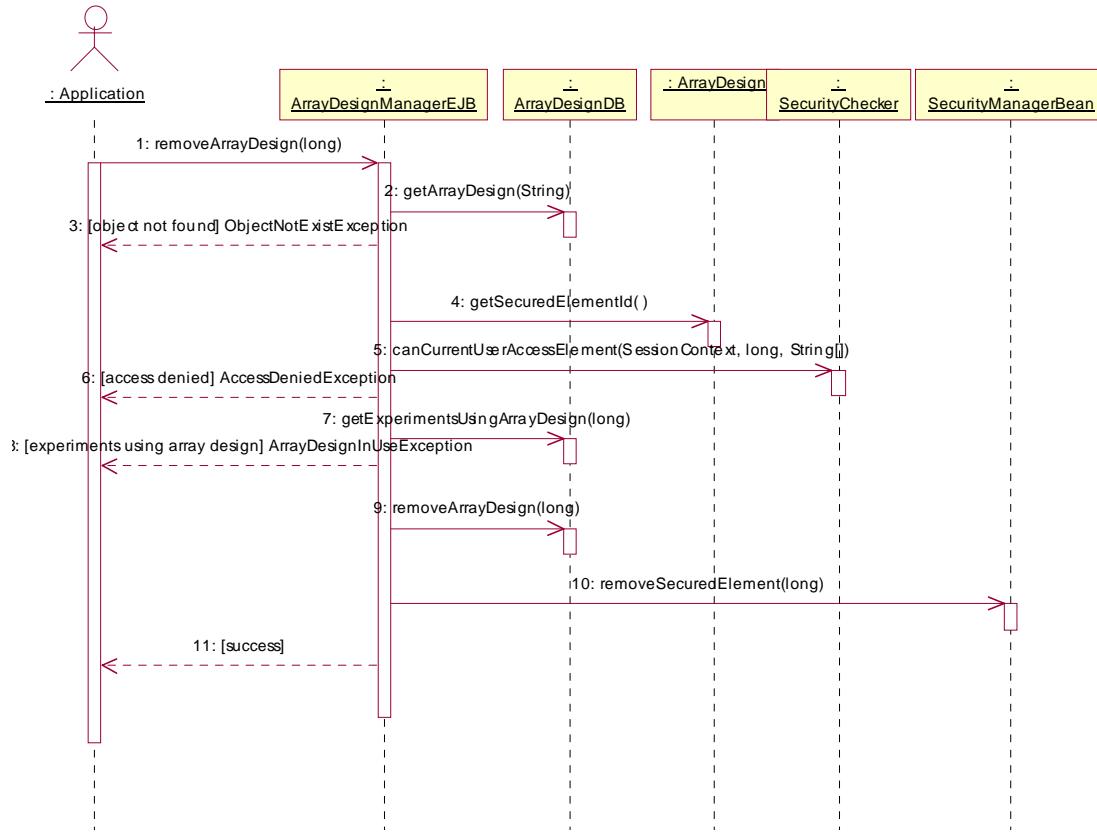
MAGE-stk ArrayDesign object and persisted to the database. If persistence to the database fails and exception will be thrown.

51. ArrayDesignManager.createMageArrayDesign



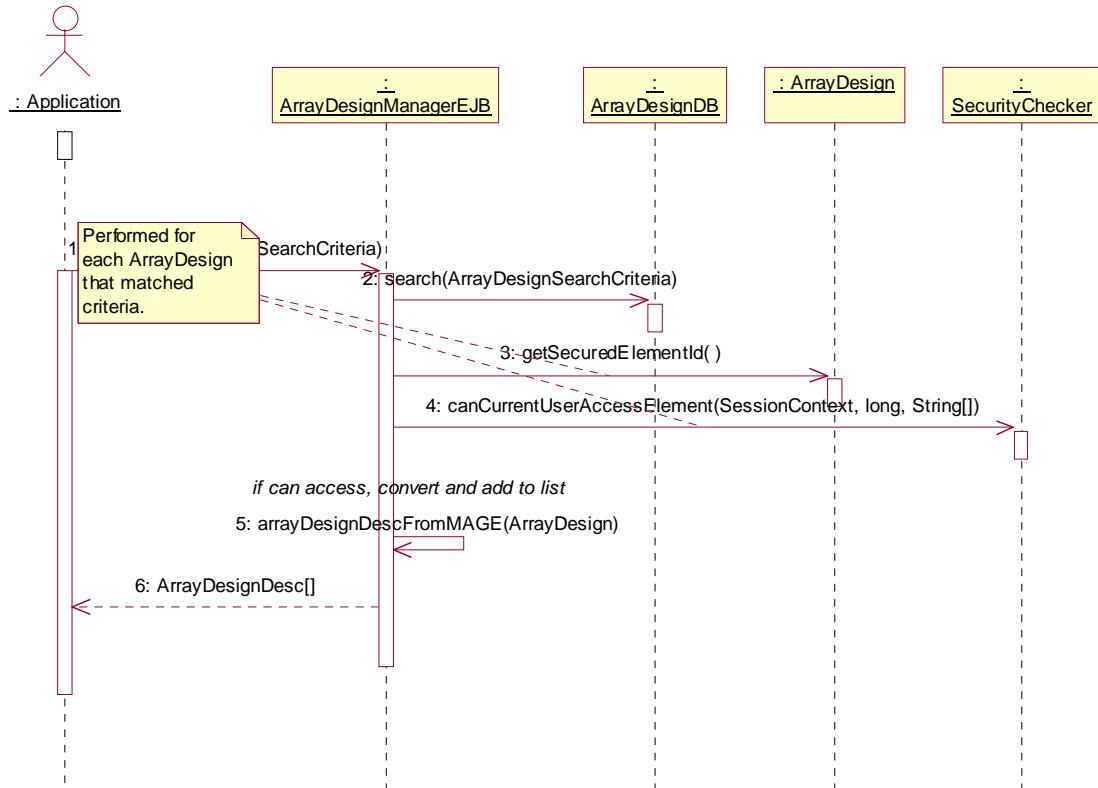
This diagram shows how a MAGE array design is created from a MAGEArraySubmissionData object.

52. ArrayDesignManager.removeArrayDesign



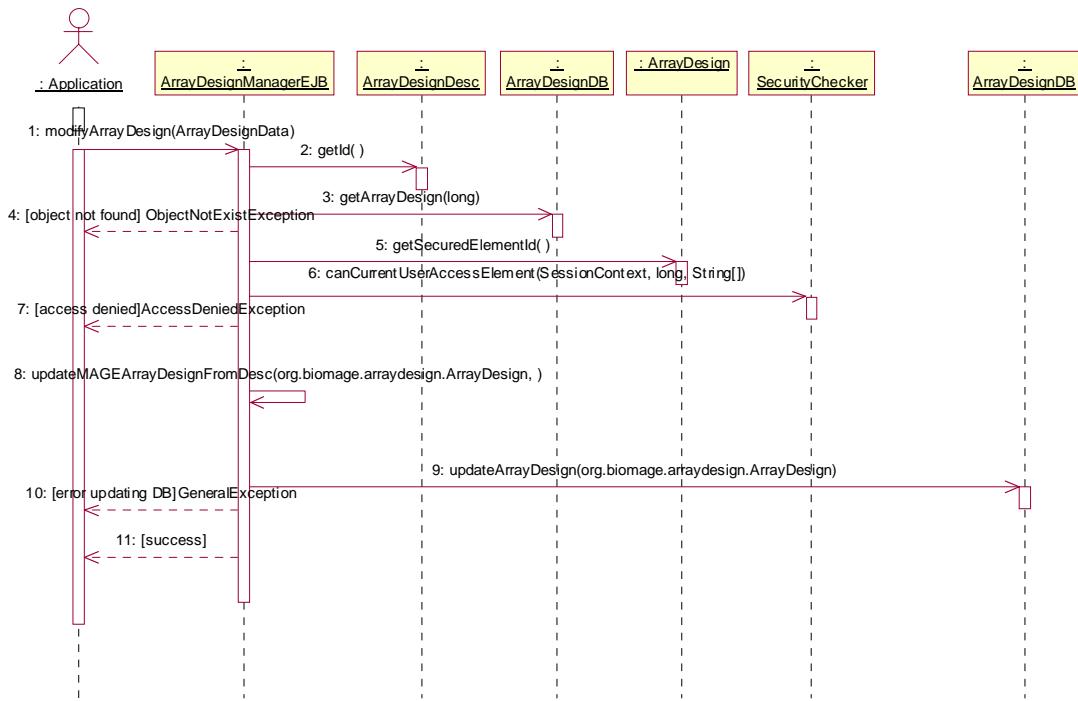
This diagram shows the processing performed to remove an array design from the system. The ArrayDesign is retrieved from the database to obtain its security id. If the ArrayDesign does not exist, an exception is thrown. Next the security service is called to determine if the current user can perform this operation on this array design. If not, an AccessDeniedException is thrown. If the user can remove this array design, a final check is made to see if any experiments in the database reference this array design. If they do an ArrayDesignInUse exception is thrown. This exception contains the identifiers of the experiments that are using the array design. If the array design is not in use, it is removed from the security manager, then finally from the database.

53. ArrayDesignManager.search



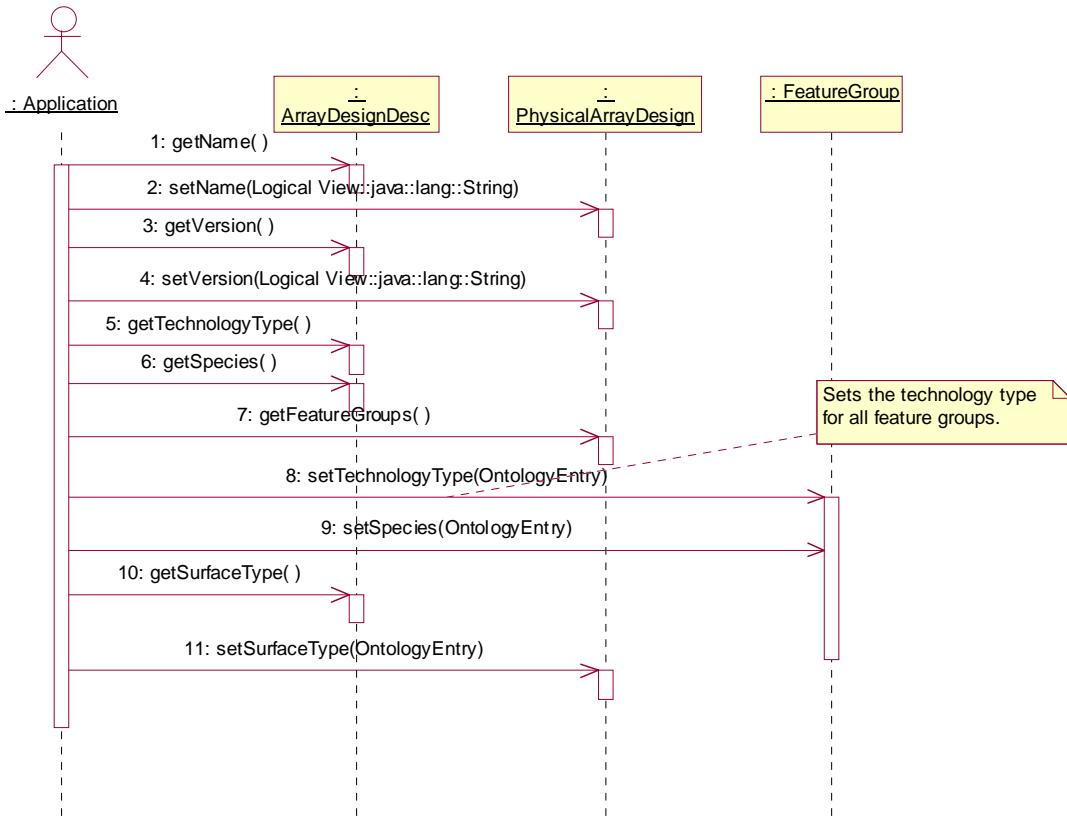
This diagram shows the processing performed when a user searches for array designs. The specified search criteria are passed to the database. The database returns only those `ArrayDesign` objects that meet the specified criteria. Each returned array design is checked to verify that the calling user can see it. An `ArrayDesignDesc` object is created for each `ArrayDesign` that the caller is allowed to access. The collection of these `ArrayDesignDesc` objects is then returned to the caller.

54. `ArrayDesignManager.modifyArrayDesign`



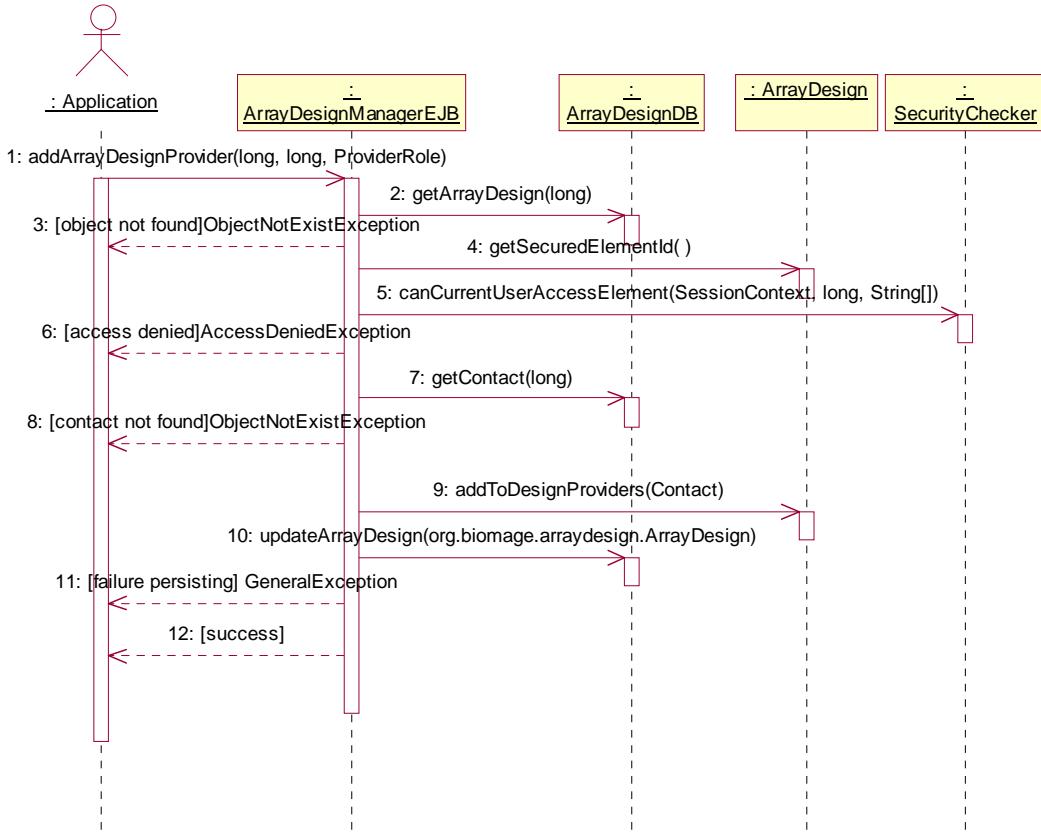
This diagram shows the processing performed when a user alters the general information of an array design. First the array design is obtained from the database. Then a check is made to verify that this user is allowed to alter this array design. If the user is allowed to alter the design, the data will be copied from the new ArrayDesignDesc object to the ArrayDesign and the ArrayDesign object will be updated in the database.

55. ArrayDesignManager.updateMAGEArrayDesignFromDesc



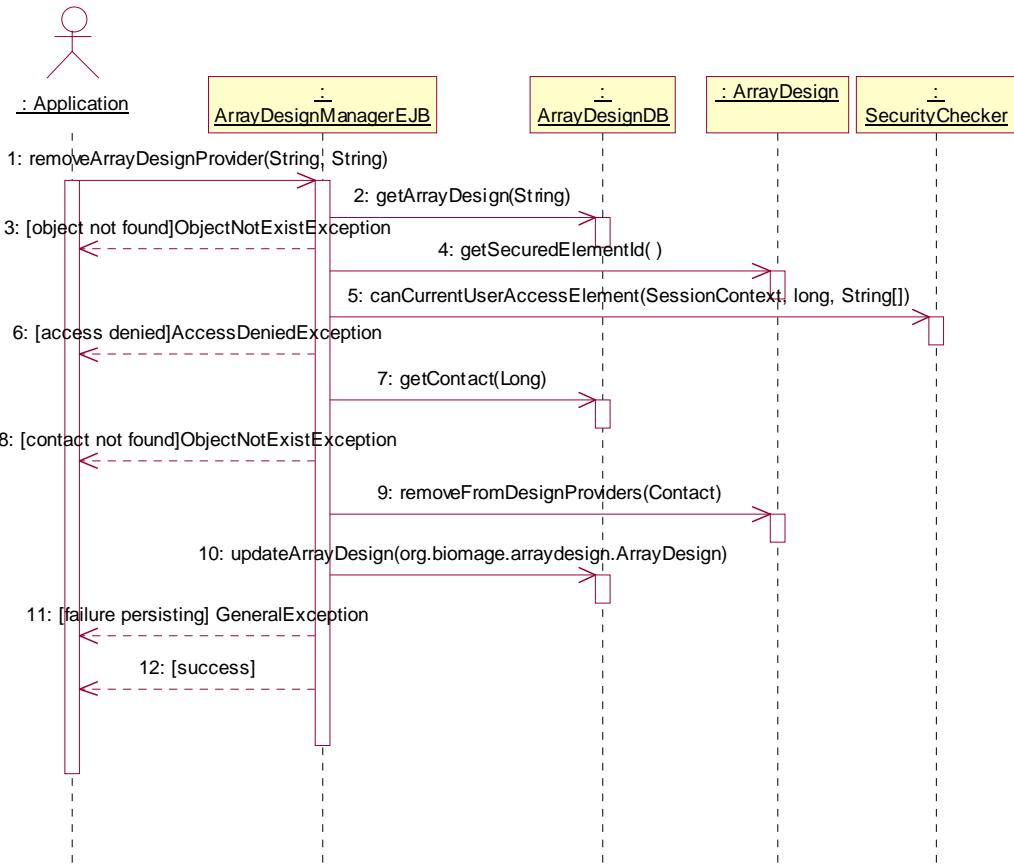
This diagram shows the processing performed to copy the data from a caarray `ArrayDesignDesc` object into a MAGE `ArrayDesign` object.

56. `ArrayDesignManager.addArrayDesignProvider`



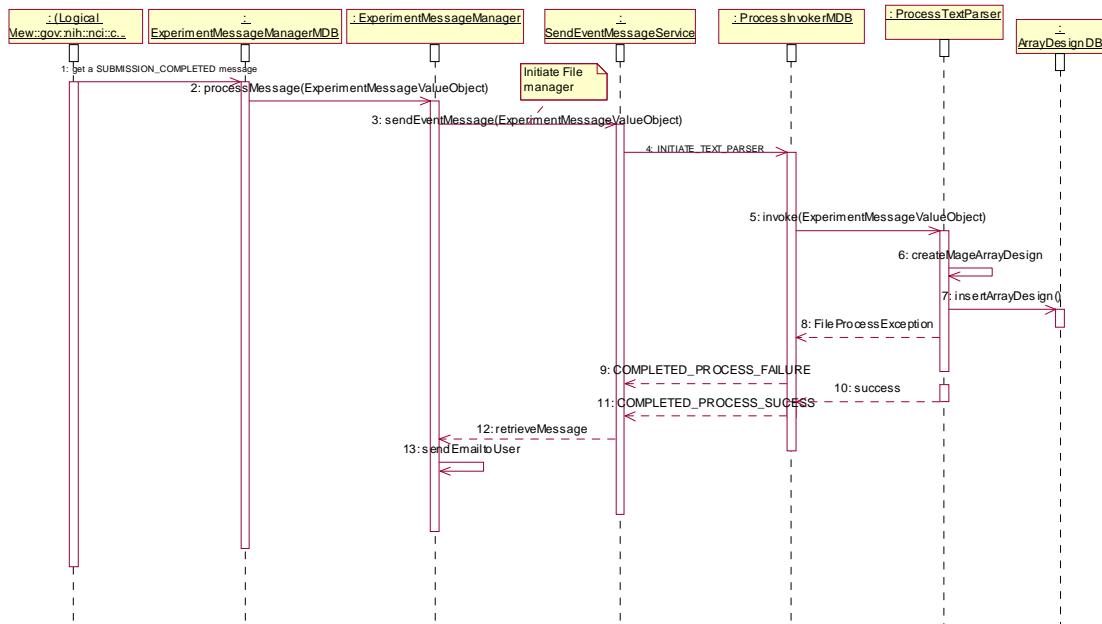
This sequence shows the processing performed to add a new array design provider to an existing array. The array is retrieved from the database. Then a check is made to verify that this user can alter this array design. If the user is allowed to alter the design the contact will be retrieved from the database. If the contact with the specified ID can be retrieved, his/her contact information will be associated with the array design and the array design will be updated in the database.

57. ArrayDesignManager.removeArrayDesingProvider



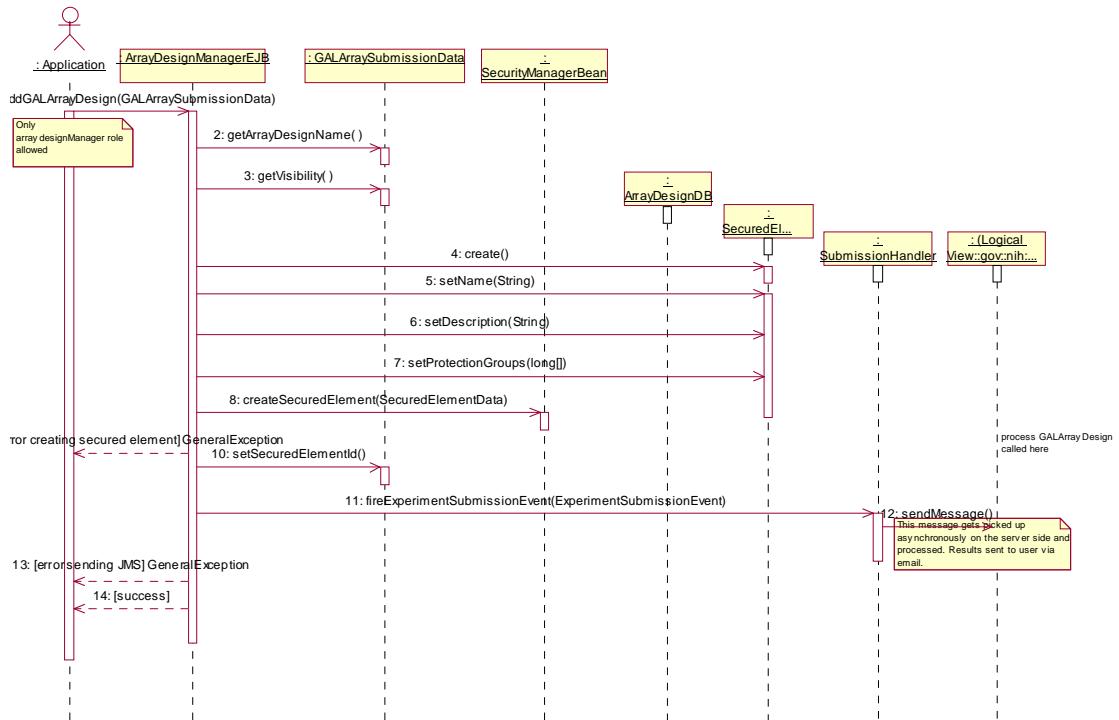
This diagram shows the processing performed when a provider is removed from an array design.

58. ArrayDesignManager.processMAGEArrayDesign

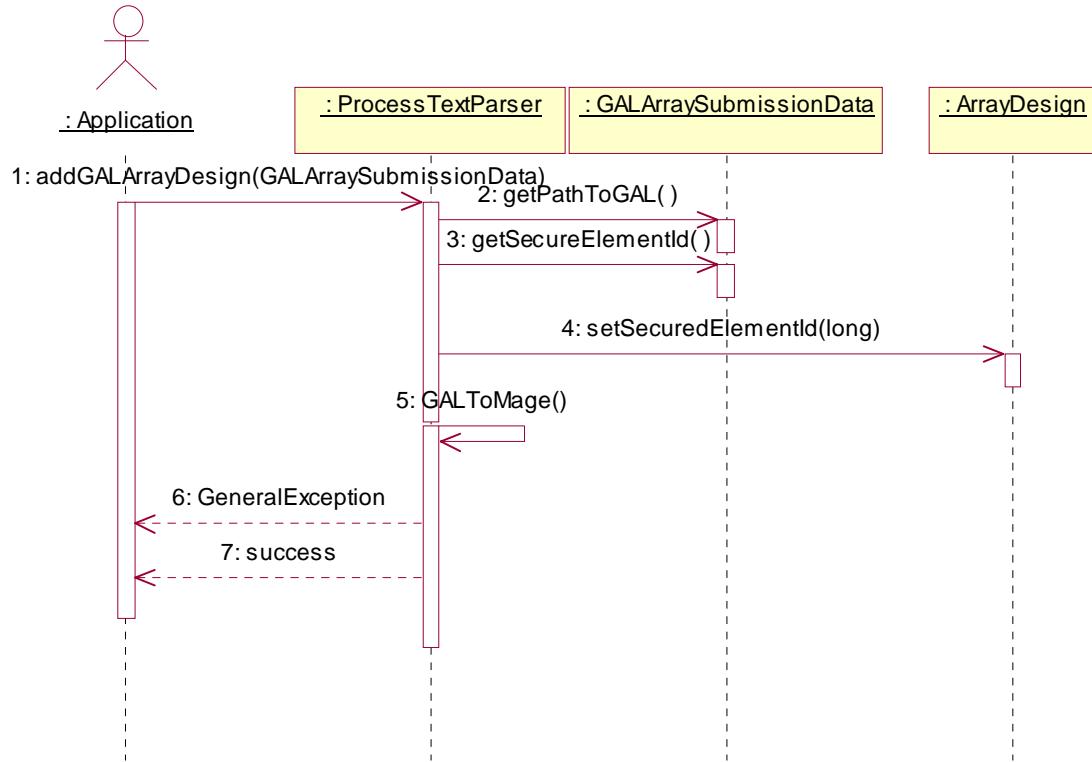


This diagram shows asynchronous processing of Mage design files on the server side.

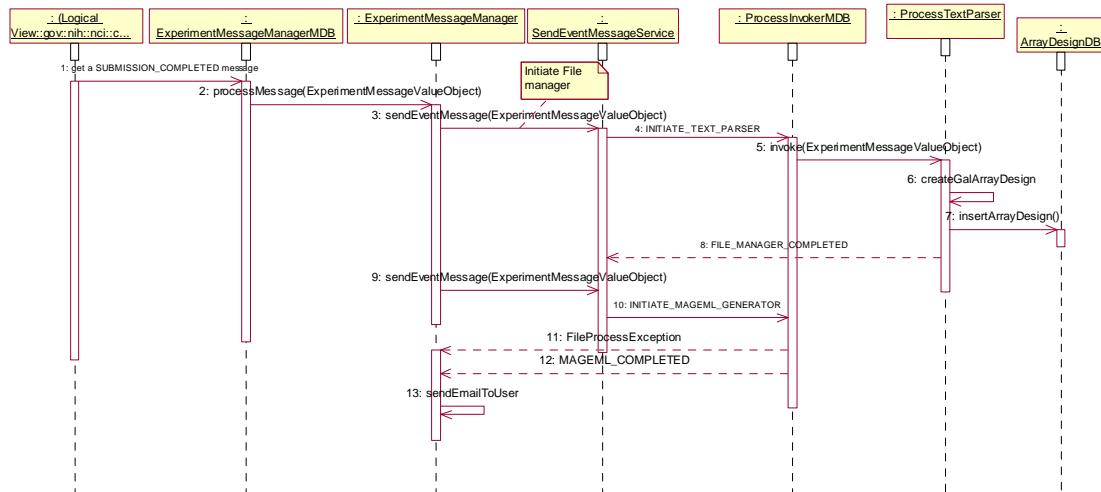
59. ArrayDesignManager.addGALArrayDesign



60. ArrayDesignManager.createGALArrayDesign



61. ArrayDesignManager.processGALArrayDesign



This diagram shows the sequence for processing GAL array design files. The parsing of

GAL files and mapping onto MAGE-OM objects would follow the GAL to MAGE-ML mapping created as part of the project. CreateGAL arrayDesign would accomplish that. The details of it could involve other delegate classes which is left as an implementation detail.

62. Logical View::gov::nih::nci::caarray::services::vocab



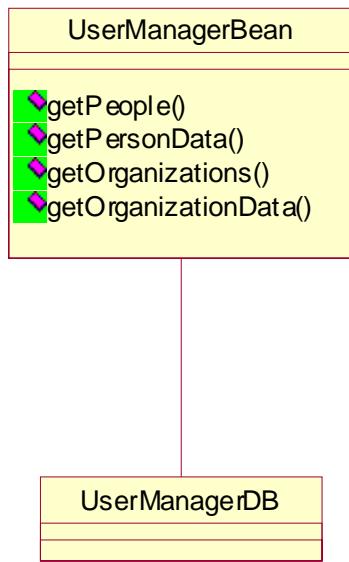
This class is used to model the available types of units of measurement. Examples are TemperatureUnit, MassUnit, etc.

62.1 VocabManager

62.2 VocabManagerDB

62.3

63. Logical View::gov::nih::nci::caarray::services::usermgmt

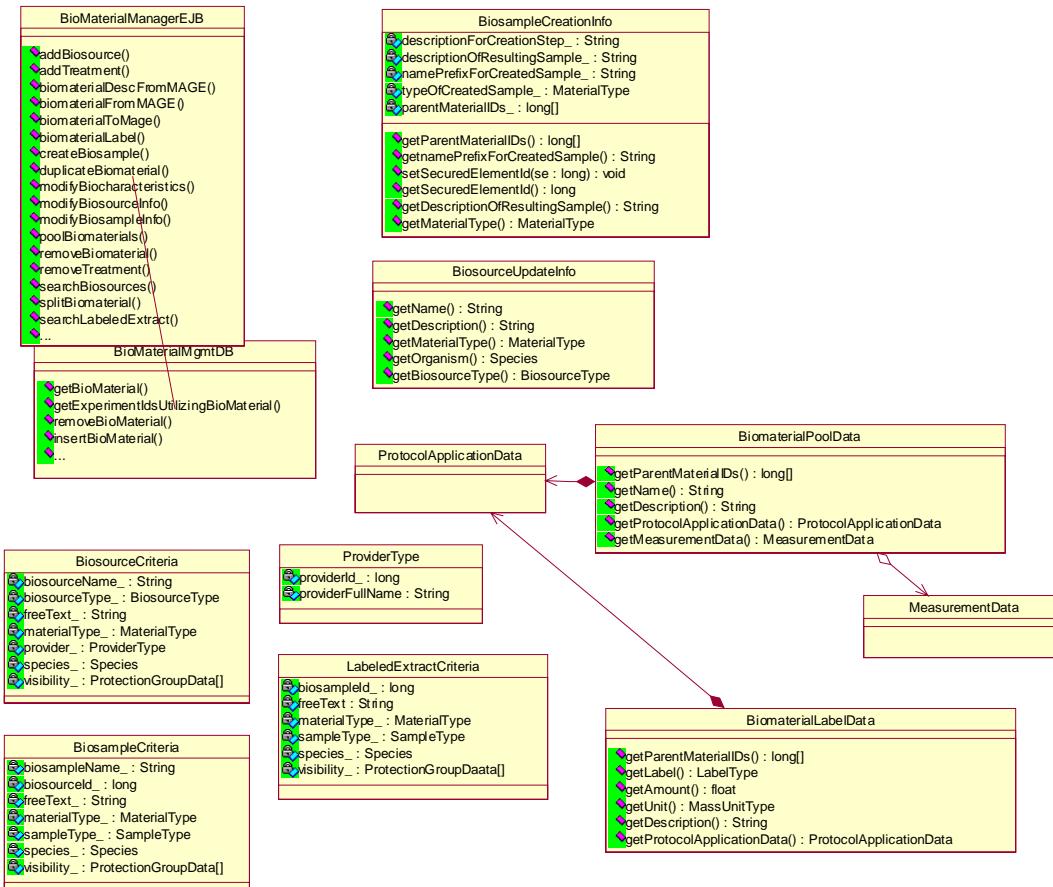


63.1 **UserManagerBean**

63.2 **UserManagerDB**

63.3

64. Logical View::gov::nih::nci::caarray::services::biomaterial



This diagram shows the static relationships between classes in the `caarray.services.biomaterial` package.

64.1 BioMaterialManagerEJB

64.2 BioMaterialMgmtDB

64.3 BiosourceCriteria

64.4 ProviderType

64.5 BioMaterialSearchCriteria

64.6 BiosampleCriteria

64.7 LabeledExtractCriteria

64.8 BiosampleCreateInfo

64.9 BiosourceUpdateInfo

64.10 ProtocolApplicationData

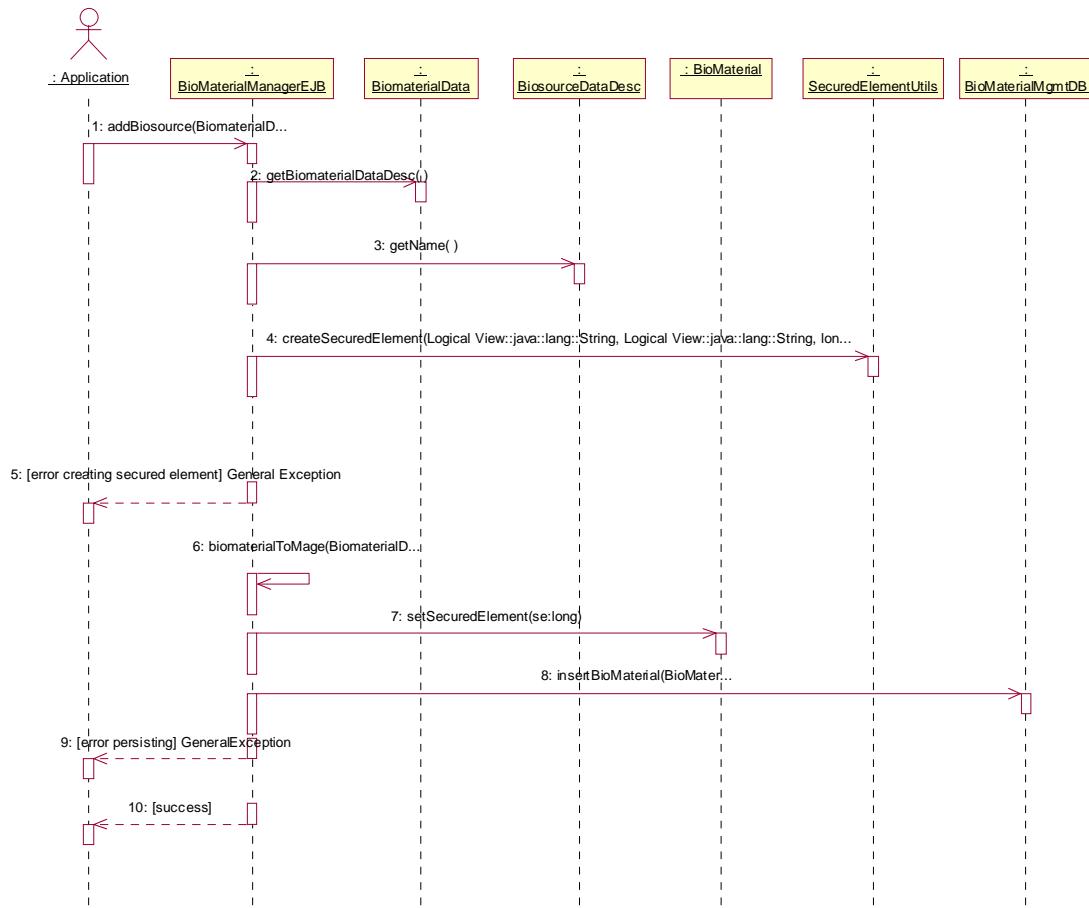
64.11 BiomaterialPoolData

64.12 MeasurementData

64.13 BiomaterialLabelData

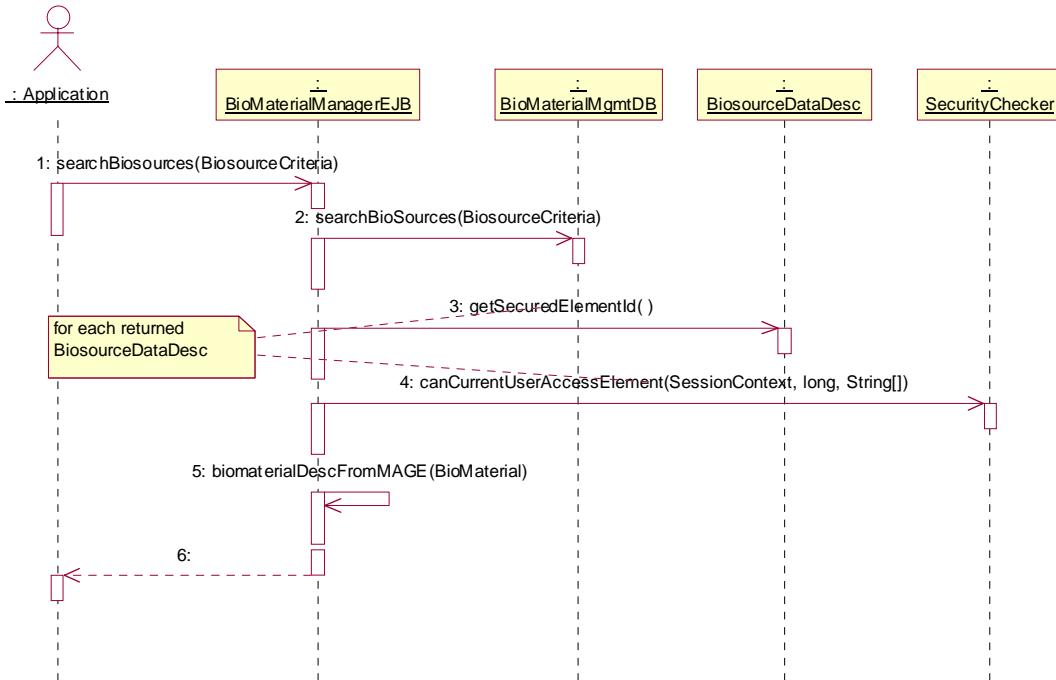
64.14

65. BiomaterialManager.addBiosource



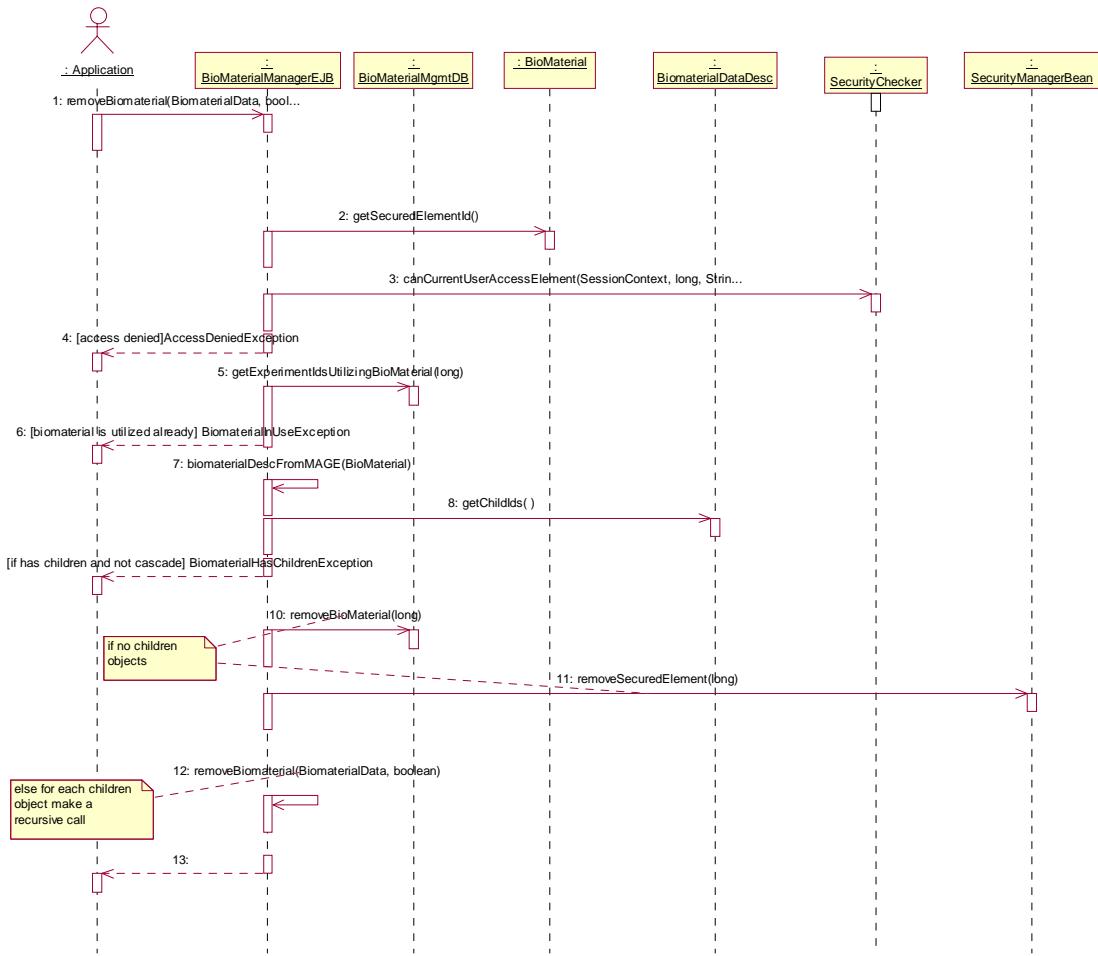
This diagram shows how a biosource is added to the system.
Note: biosamples and labeled extracts are not added to the system directly; these are created from initial biosources by treatment events.

66. BiomaterialManager.searchBiomaterials



This diagram shows the processing performed when a user searches for biomaterials (biosources, biosamples, and labeled extracts). The specified search criteria are passed to the database. The database returns only those BioMaterial (BioSource, BioSample, or LabeledExtract) bioMAGE objects that meet the specified criteria. Each returned BioMaterial (BioSource, BioSample, or LabeledExtract) is checked to verify that the calling user can see it. A BiomaterialDataDesc (BiosourceDataDesc, BiosampleDataDesc, or LabeledExtractDataDesc) object is created for each BioMaterial that the caller is allowed to access. The collection of these objects is then returned to the caller. Since BioMaterial is an abstract class this sequence diagram shows a concrete class BioSource; sequence diagrams for BioSample and LabeledExtract are similar with a replacement of objects related to biosources with the corresponding objects for biosamples and labeled extracts.

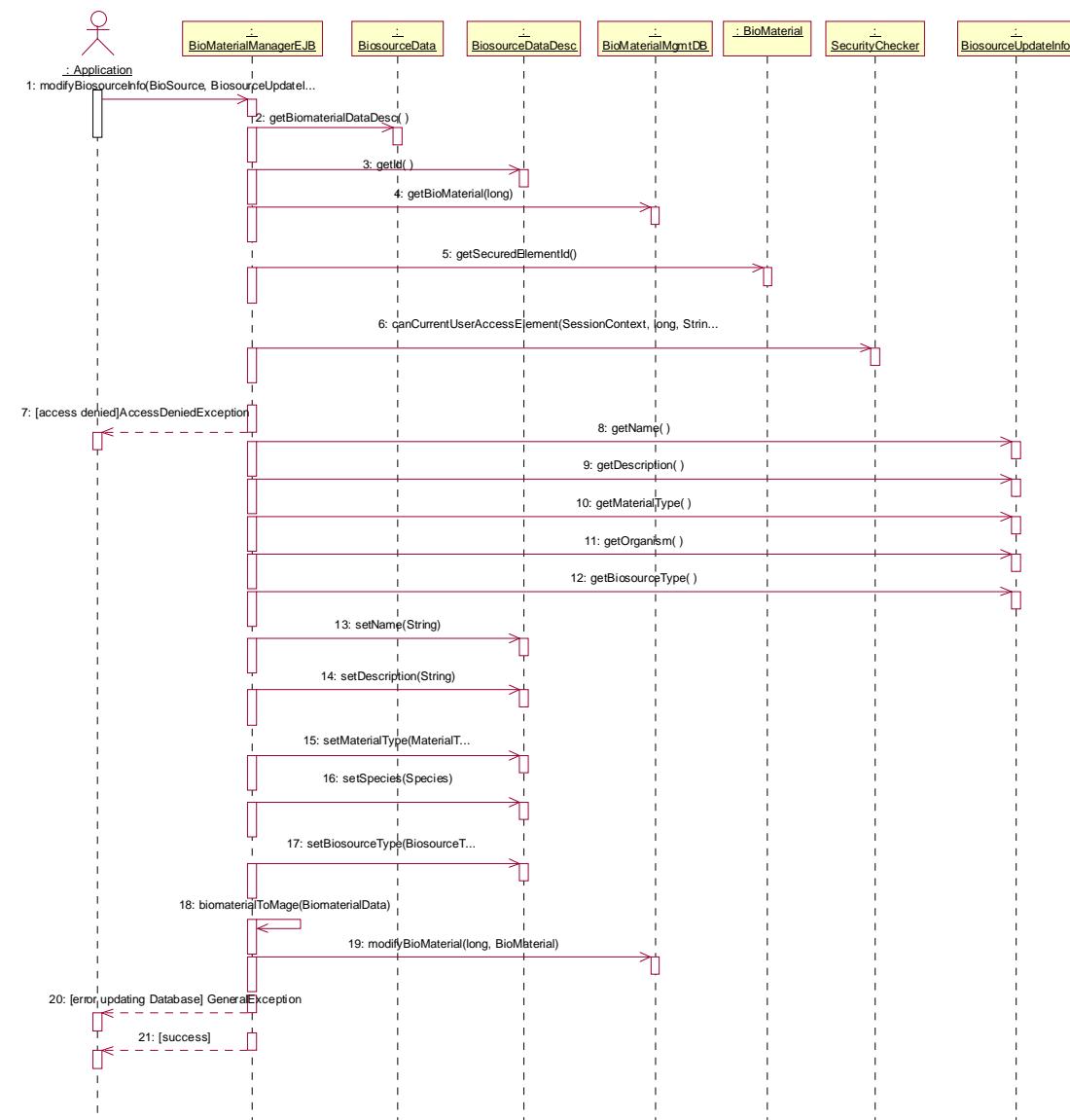
67. BiomaterialManager.removeBiomaterial



This diagram shows the processing performed to remove a biomaterial from the system. A BioMaterial (BioSource, BioSample, or LabeledExtract) is retrieved from the database to obtain its security id. If the BioMaterial does not exist, an exception is thrown. Next the security service is called to determine if the current user can perform this operation on this biomaterial. If not, an AccessDeniedException is thrown. If the user can remove this biomaterial, a check is made to see if any experiments in the database reference this biomaterial. If they do an BiomaterialInUseException exception is thrown. This exception contains the identifiers of the experiments that are using the biomaterial. If the biomaterial is not in use, the final check is made if the biomaterial has child objects. If not it is removed from the database along with its secured element id. If child biomaterials exist and cascade is set to false

BiomaterialHasChildrenException will be thrown that will contain ids of child biomaterials. If cascade is set to true, **removeBiomaterial** will be recursively called on each of the child biomaterials, resulting in the cascade removal of all child biomaterials.

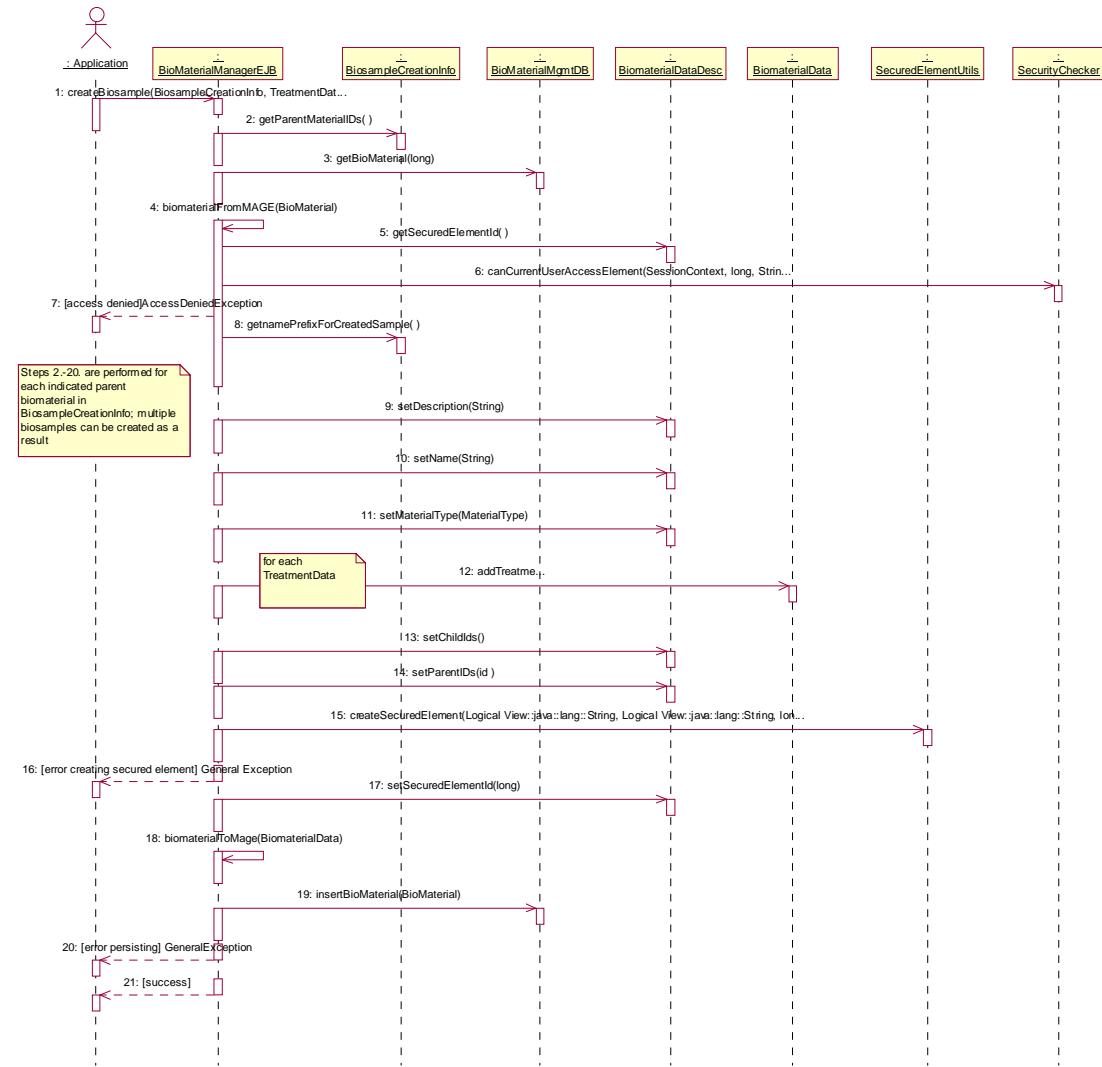
68. BiomaterialManager.modifyBiosourceInfo



This diagram shows how biomaterial information, including general biomaterial information, visibility, and biocharacteristics

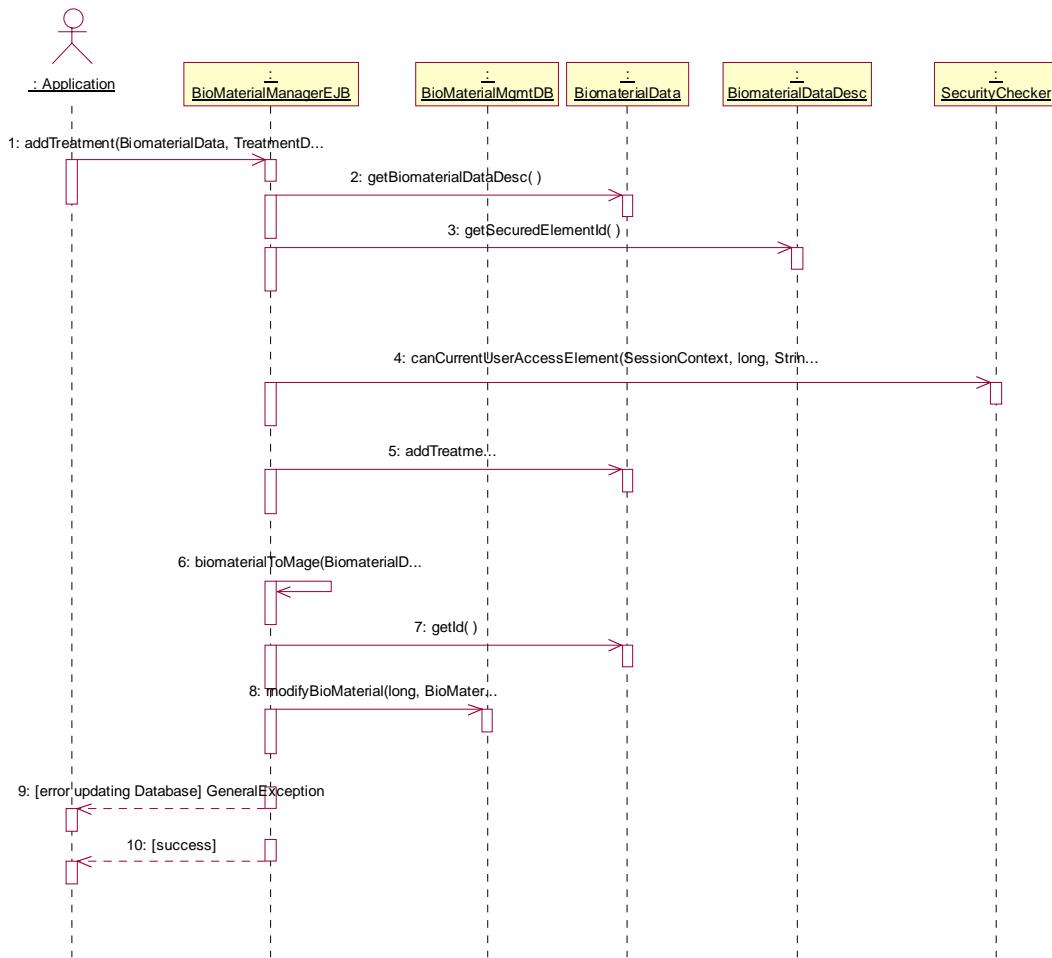
are modified. This sequence diagram shows the sequence for modification of biosource information, but the same sequence would be applicable for biosamples and labeled extracts.

69. BiomaterialManager.createBiosample

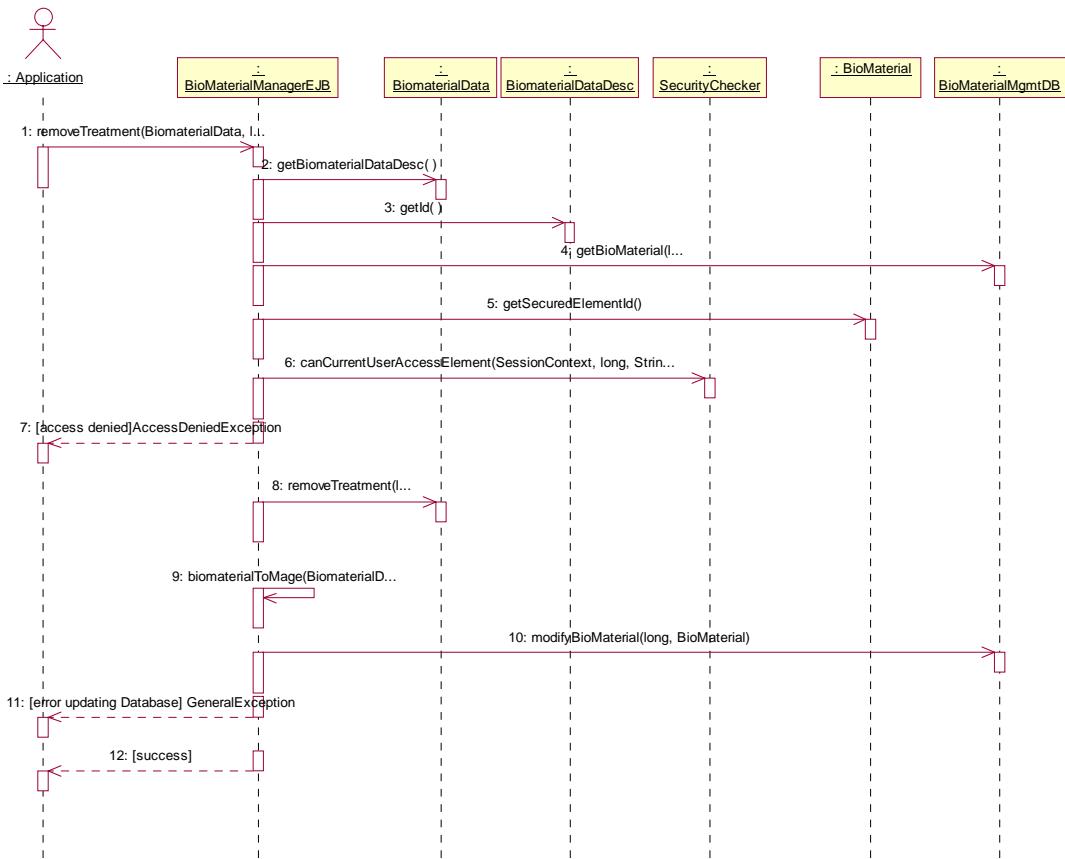


This diagram shows how a biosample is created in the system given parent biomaterials. Biocharacteristics are copied from the parent biomaterial.

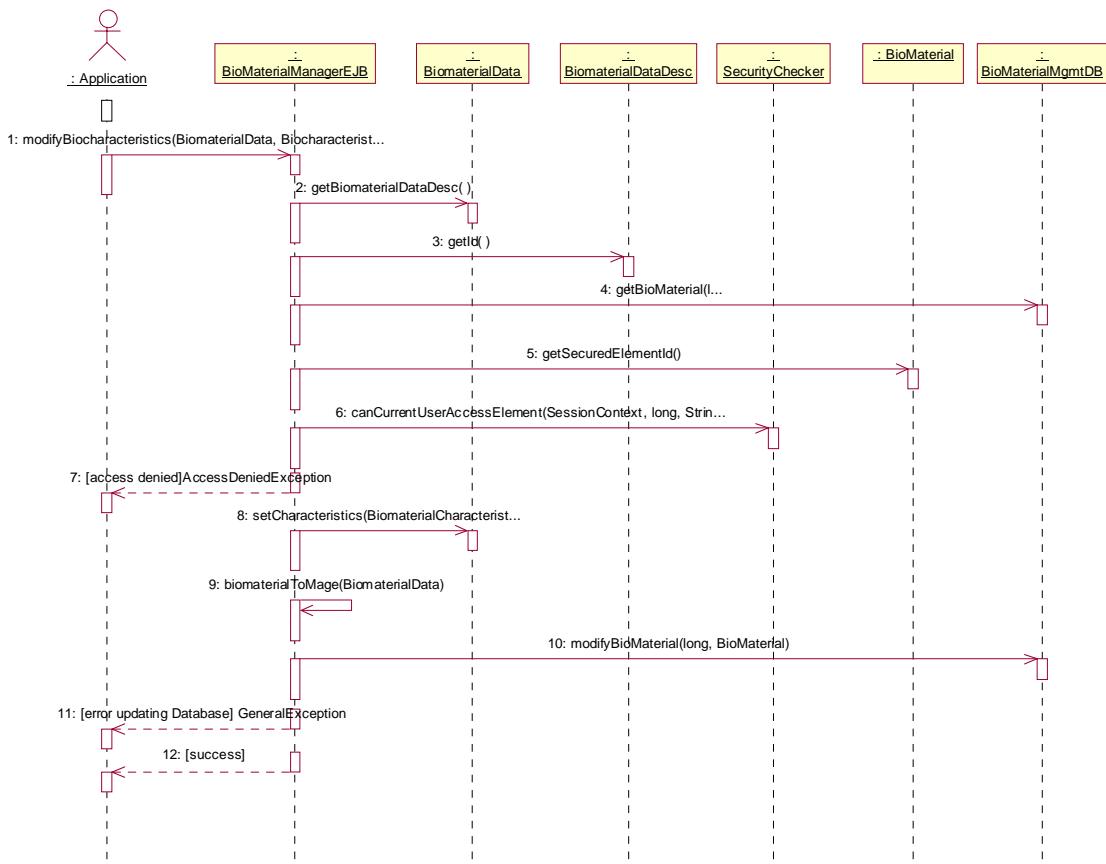
70. BiomaterialManager.addTreatment



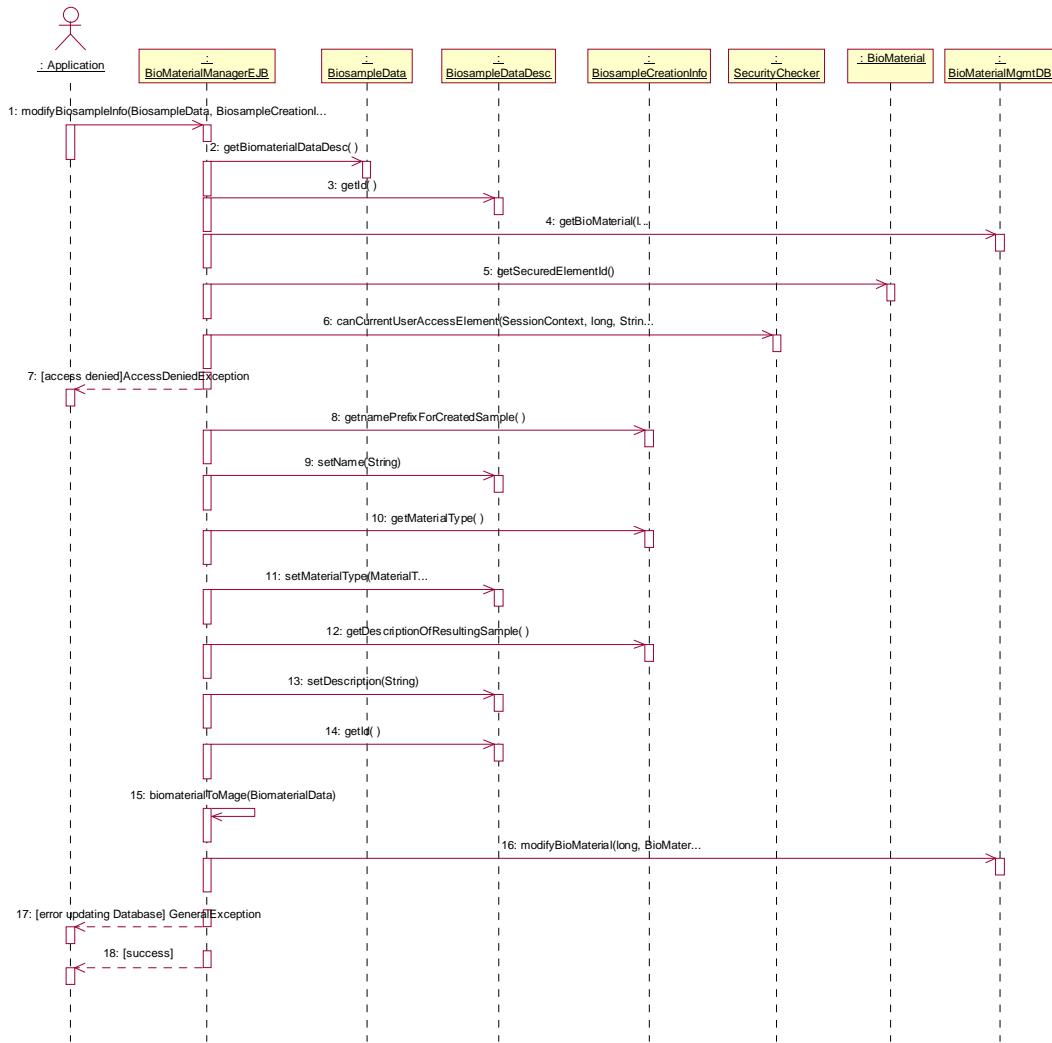
71. BiomaterialManager.removeTreatment



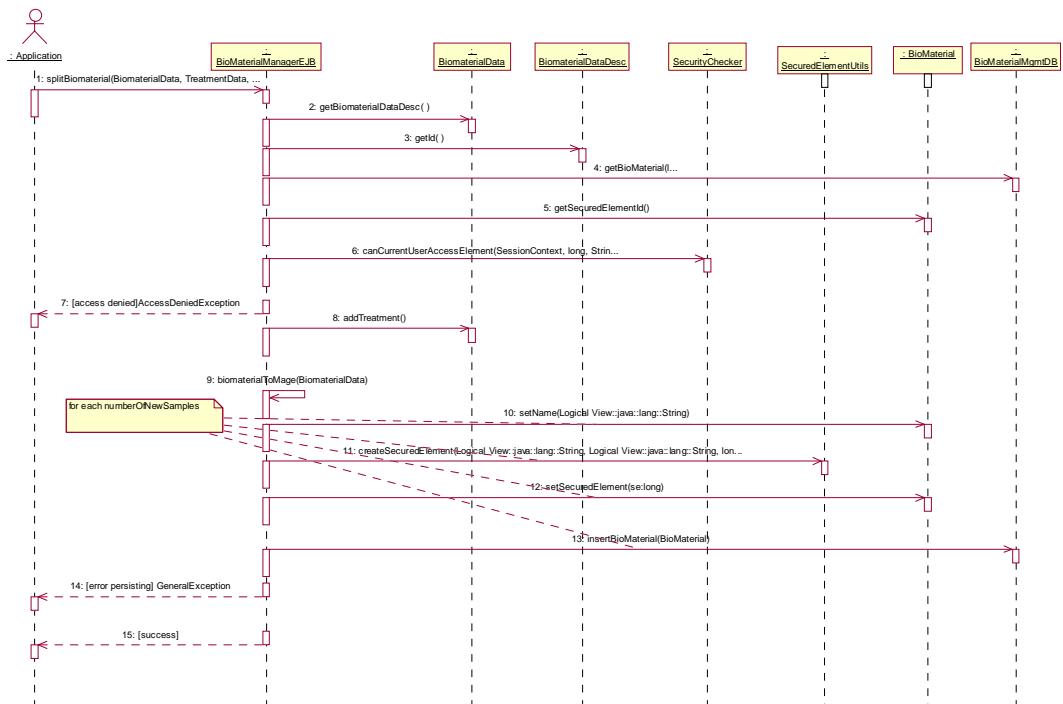
72. BiomaterialManager.modifyBiocharacteristics



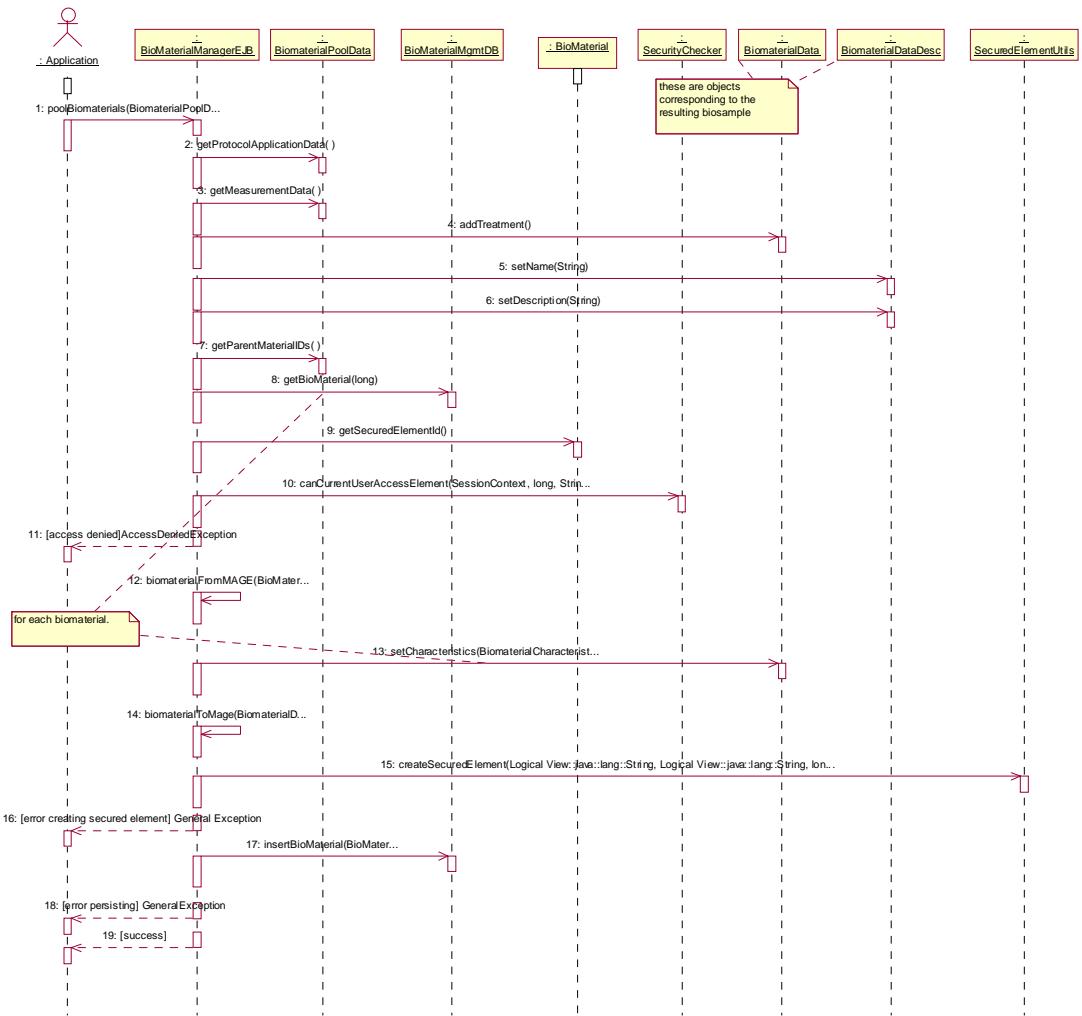
73. BiomaterialManager.modifyBisampleInfo



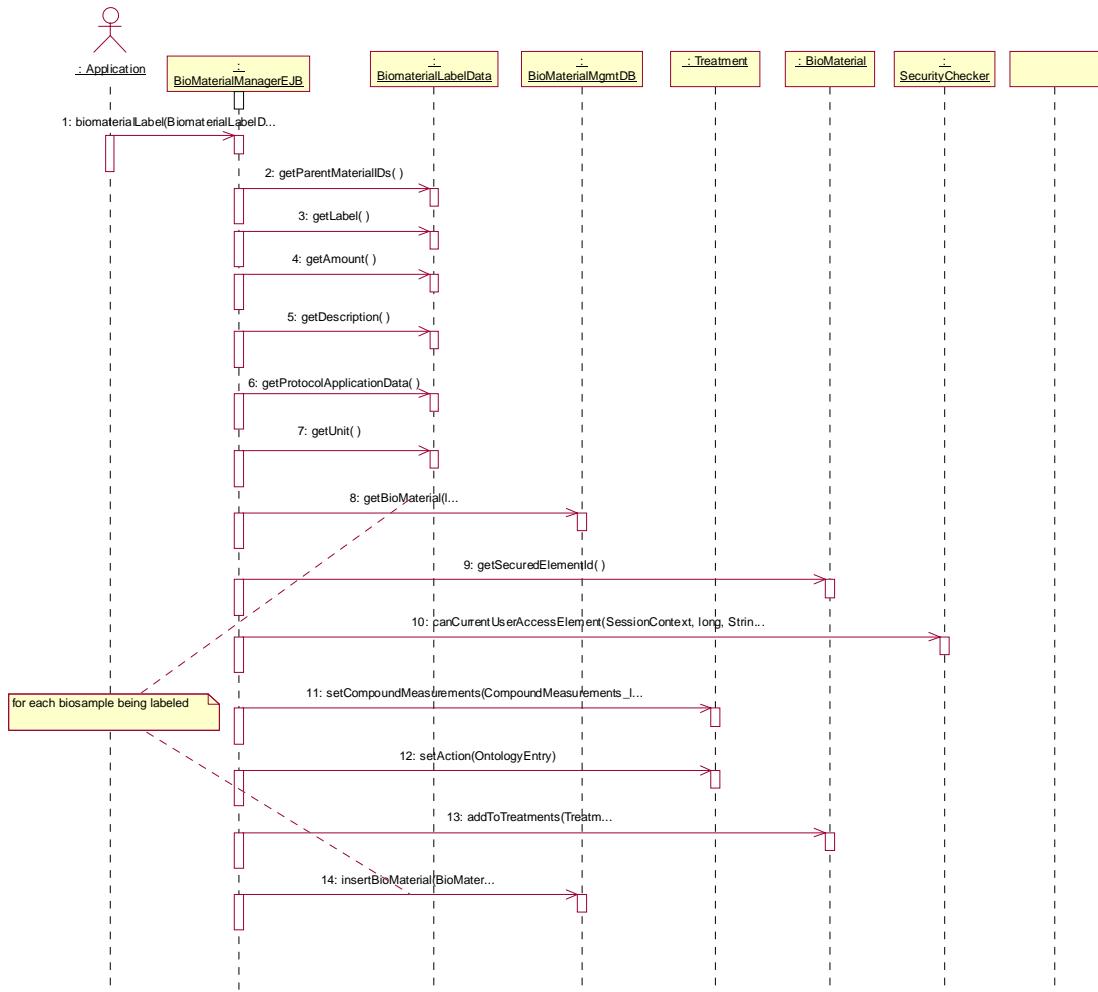
74. BiomaterialManager.splitBiomaterial



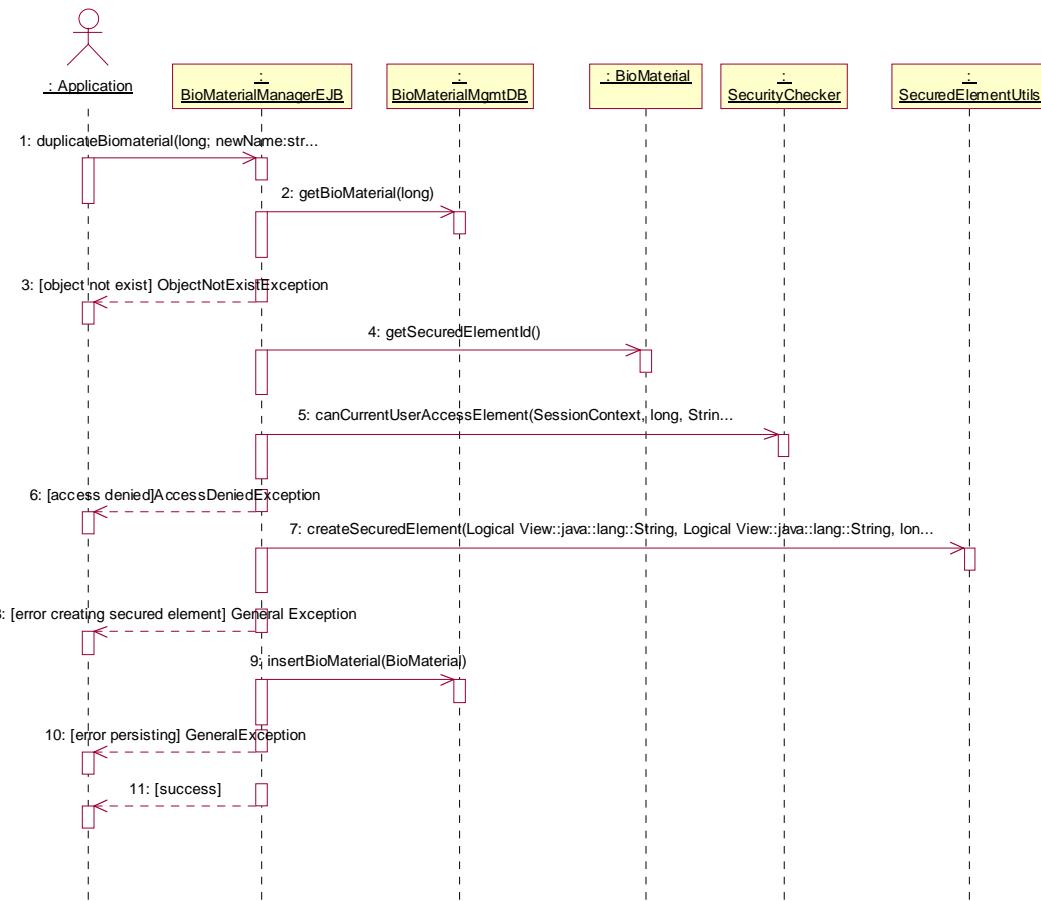
75. BiomaterialManager.poolBiomaterials



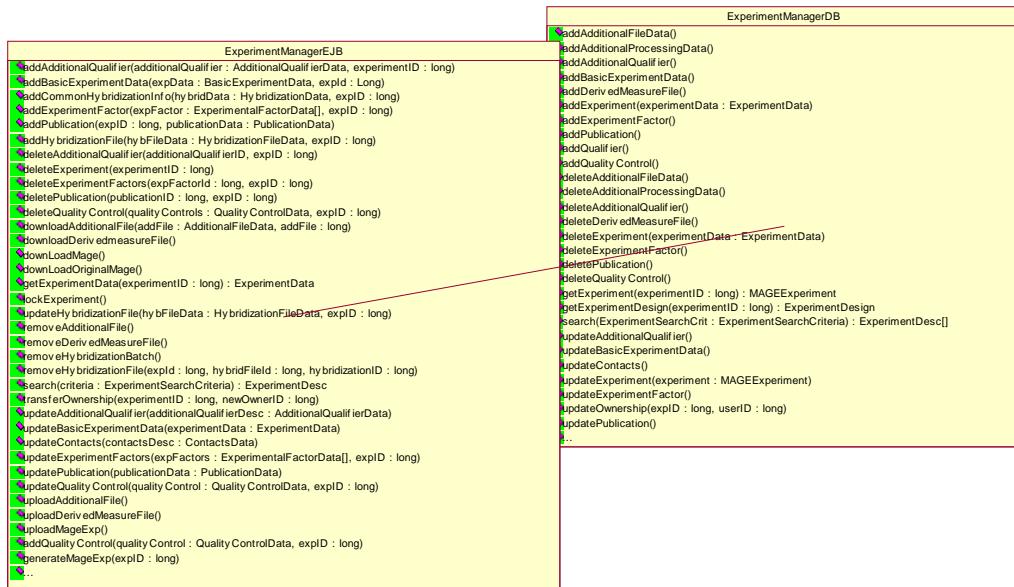
76. BiomaterialManager.biomaterialLabel



77. BiomaterialManager.duplicateBiomaterial



78. Logical View::gov::nih::nci::caarray::services::experiment



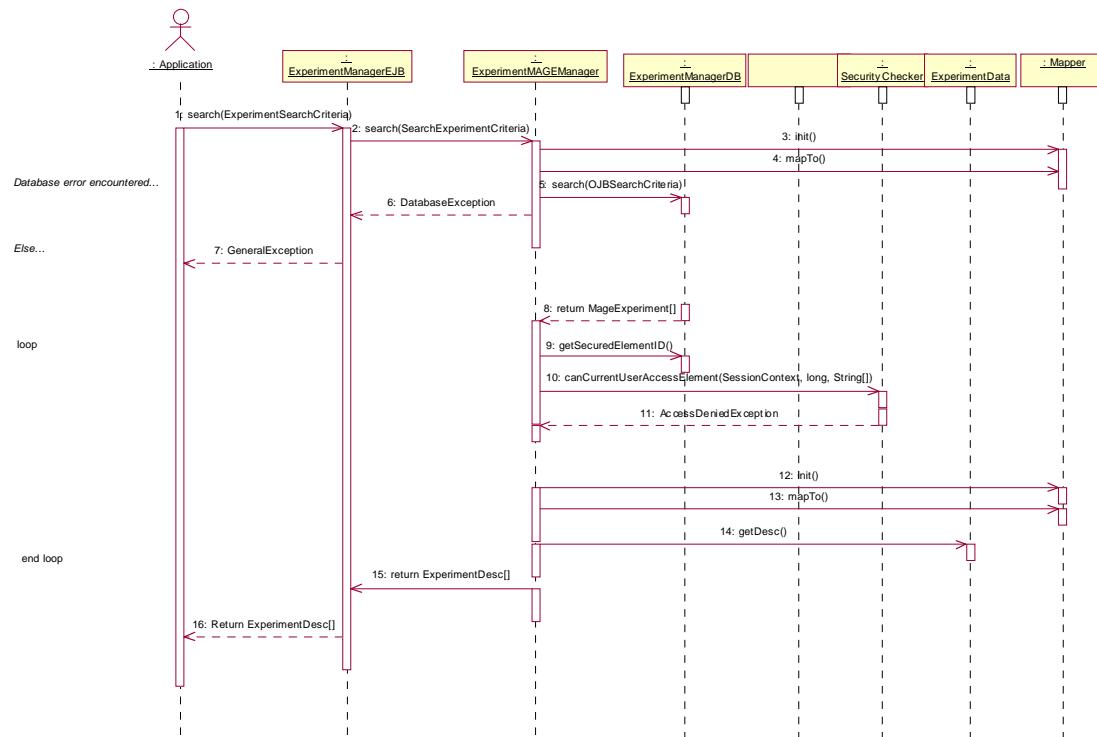
78.1 ExperimentManagerEJB This is the EJB called by clients to accomplish tasks related to Experiment management. The actual uploaded data gets transferred directly to the ftp site.

78.2 ExperimentMAGEManager

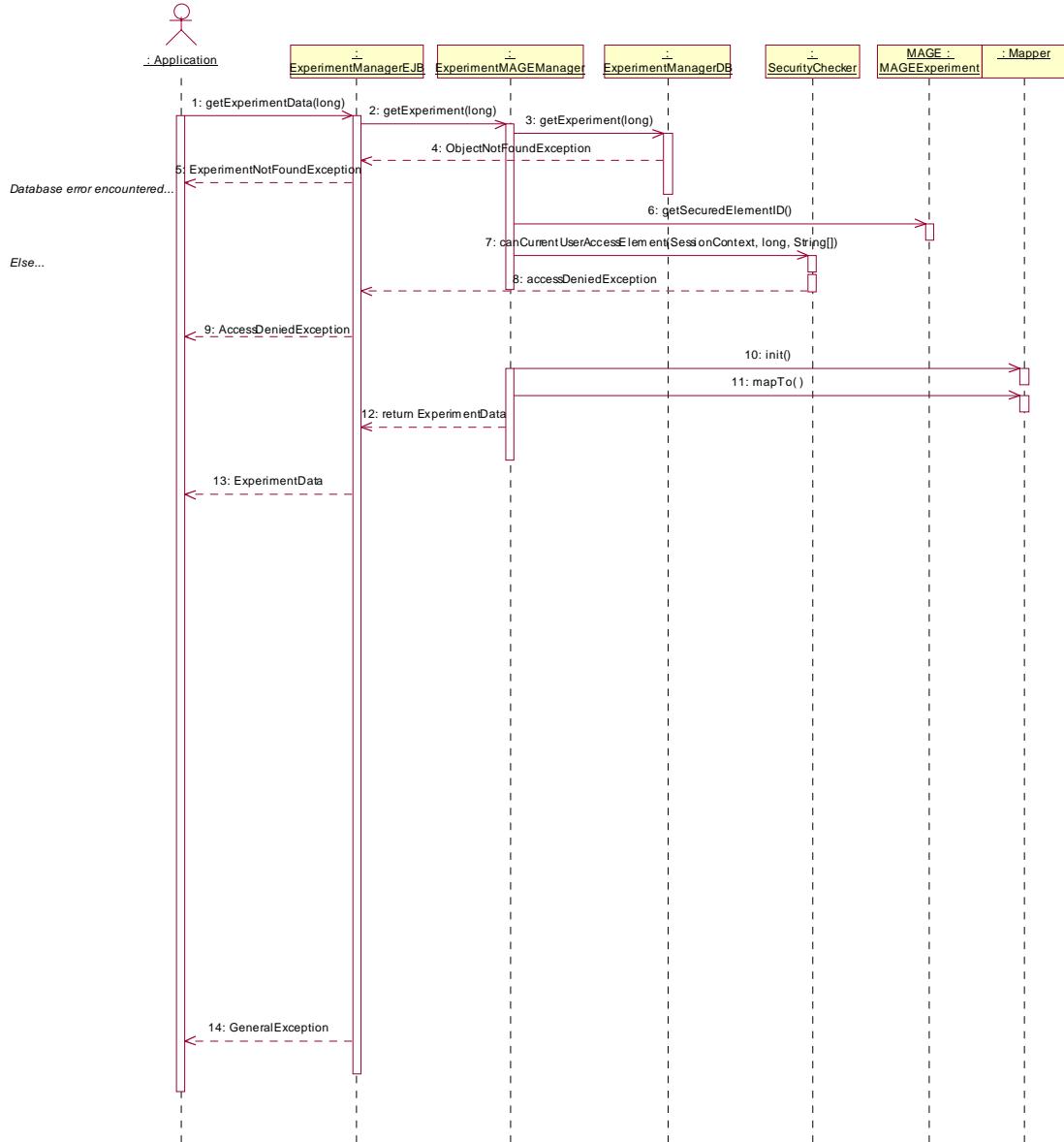
78.3 ExperimentManagerDB This class is the DAO associated with the ExperimentManagerEJB. It encapsulates the database access logic and gets called by the EJB.

78.4

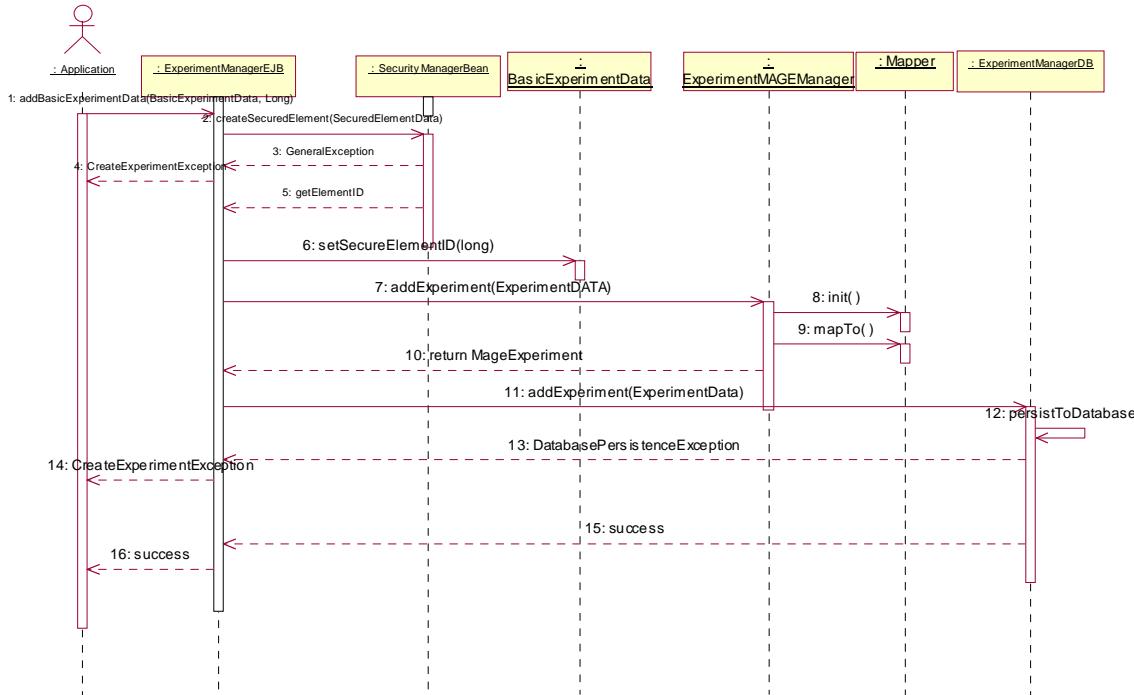
79. ExperimentManager.search



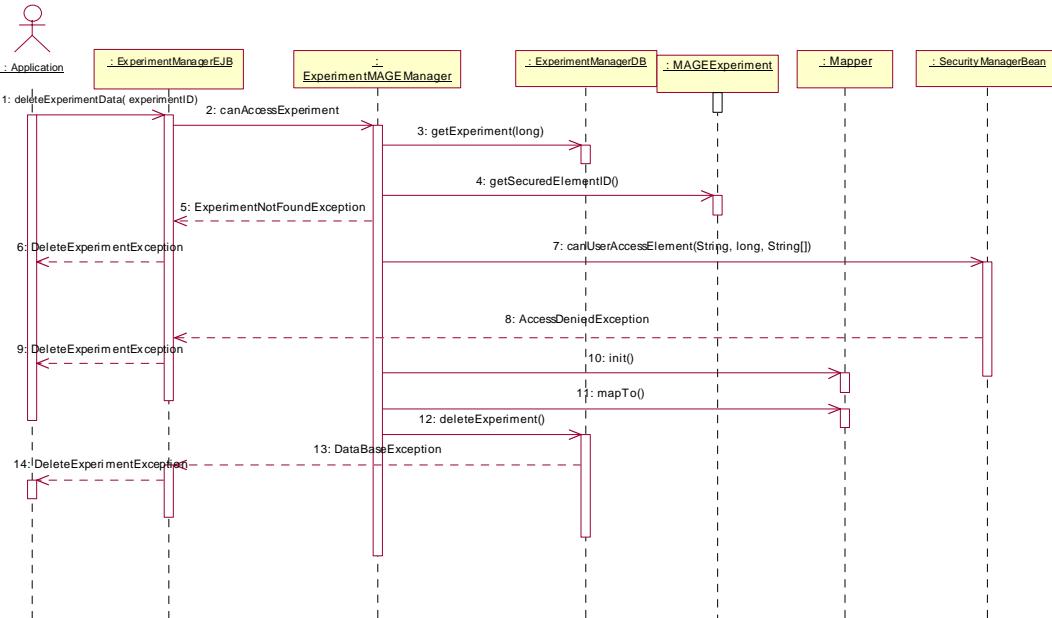
80. ExperimentManager.getExperimentData



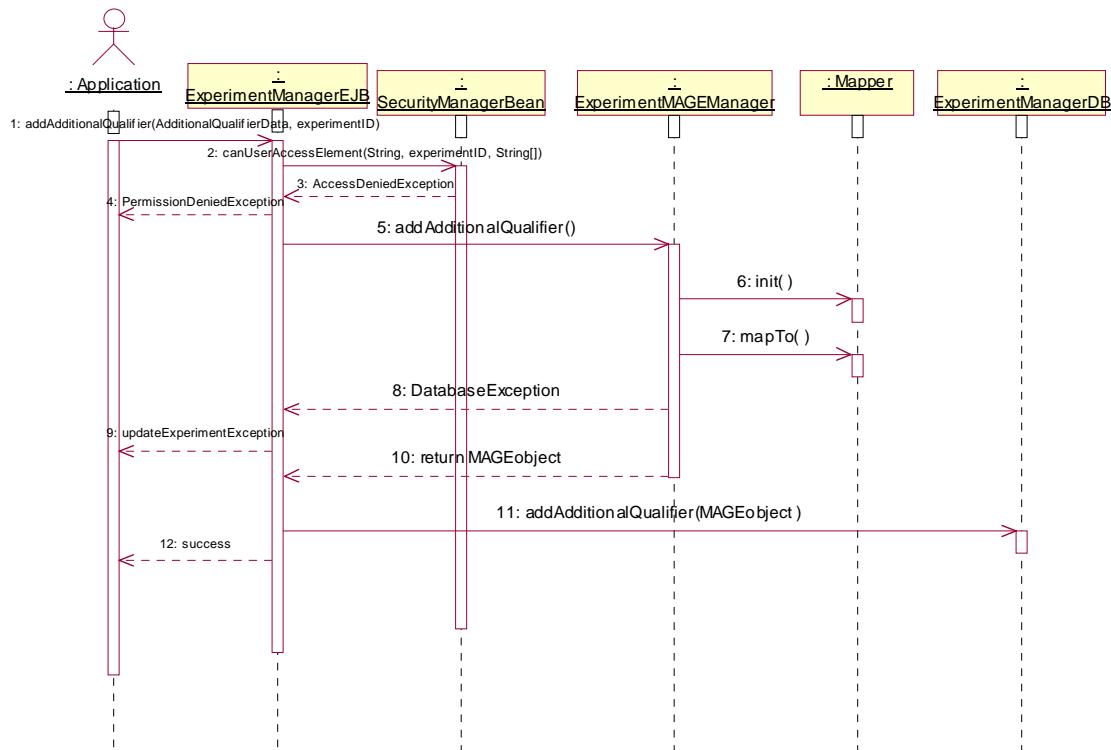
81. ExperimentManager.addExperiment



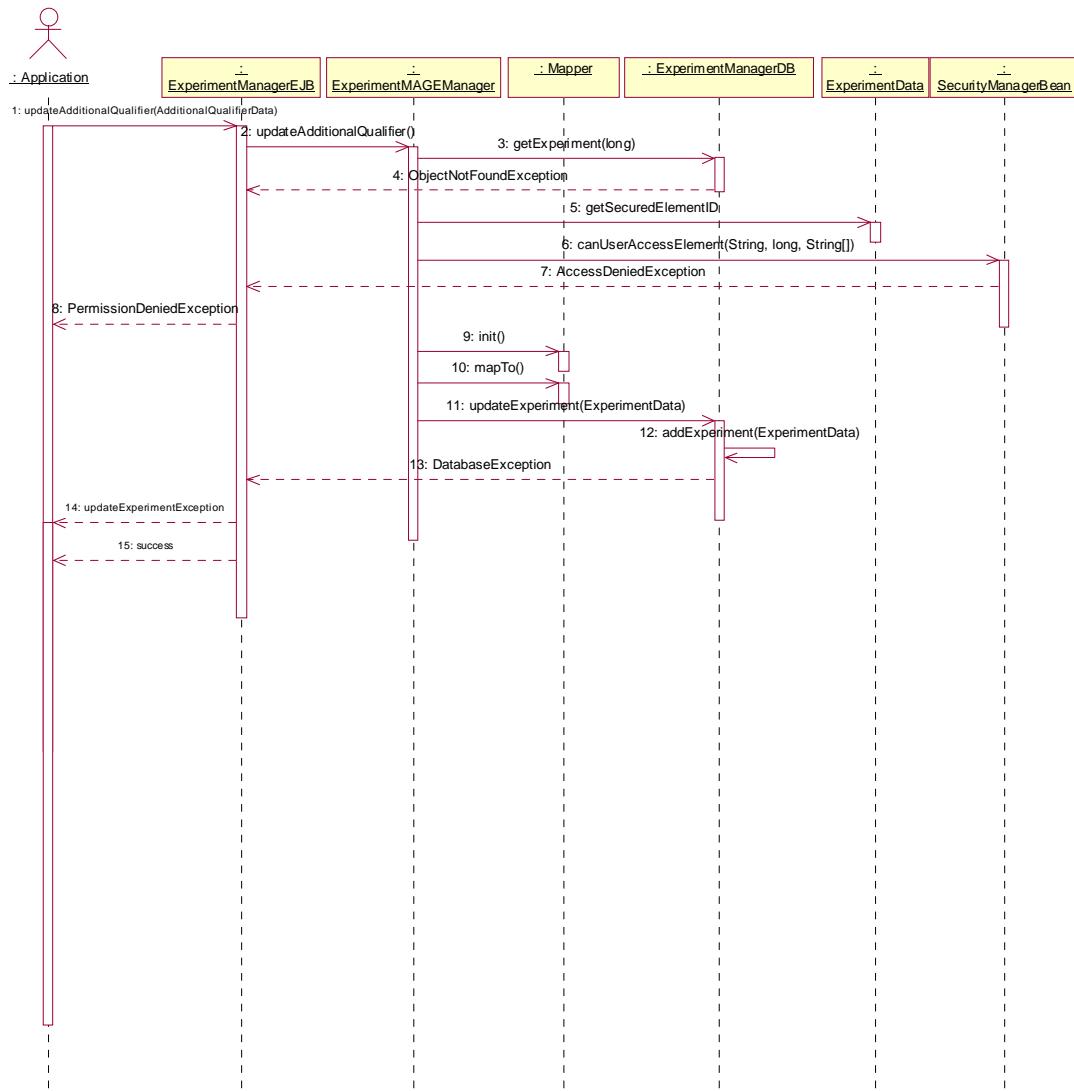
82. ExperimentManager.deleteExperiment



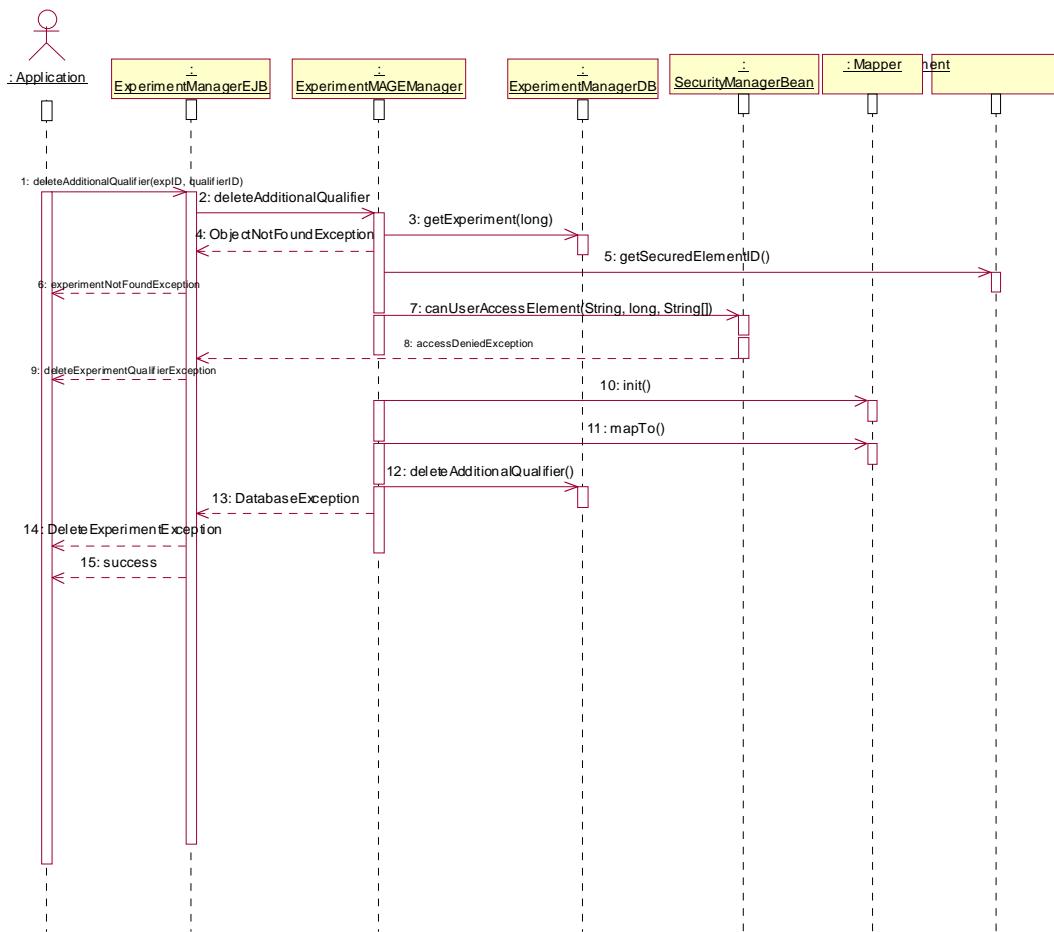
83. ExperimentManager.addAdditionalQualifier



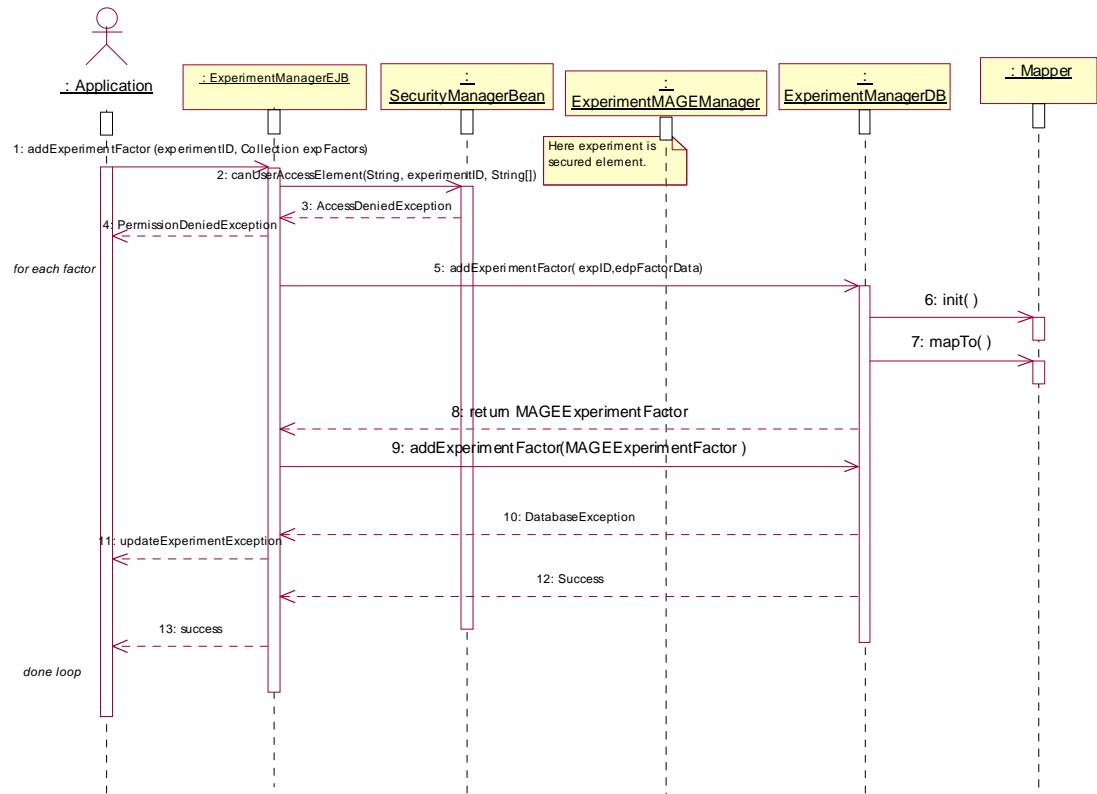
84. ExperimentManager.updateAdditionalQualifier



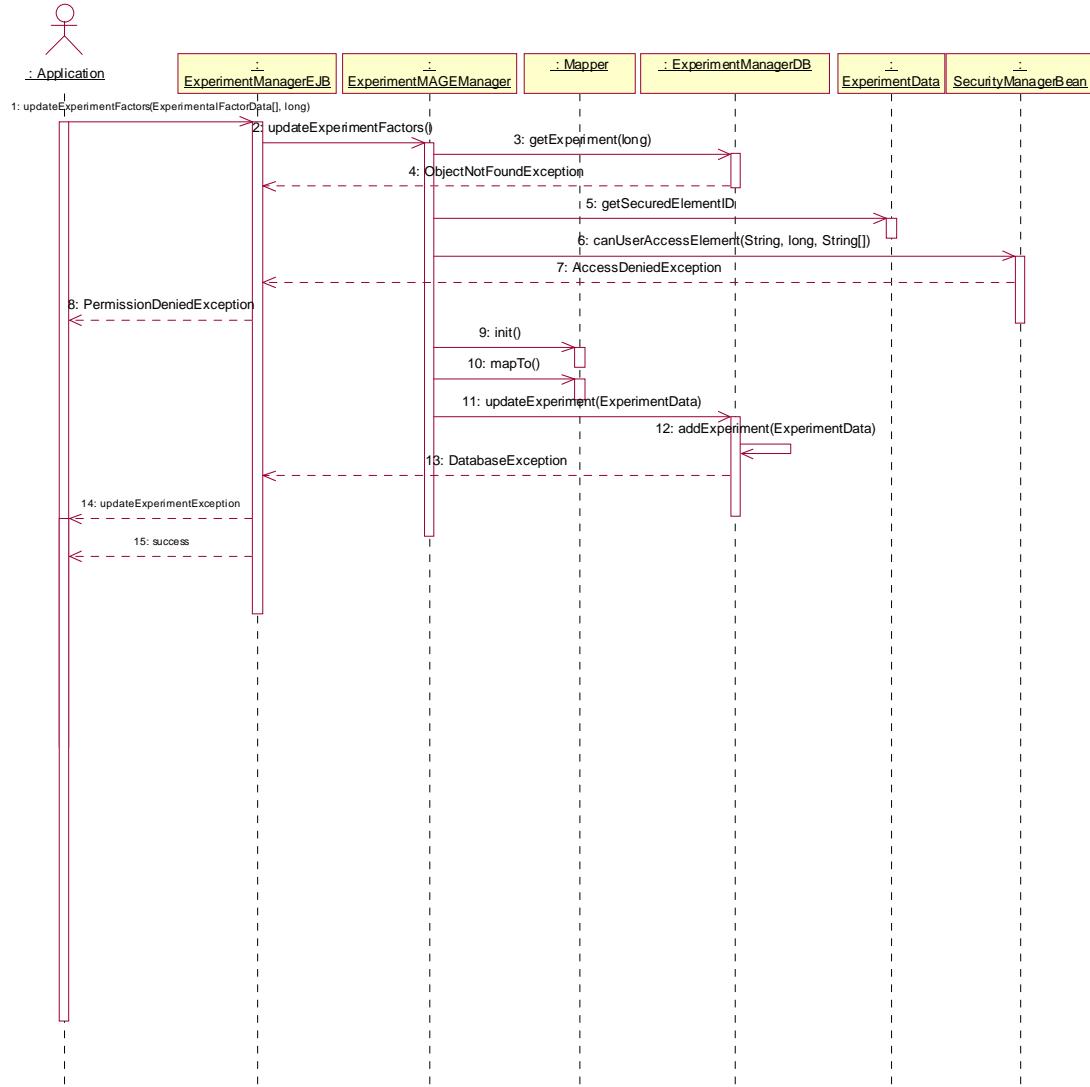
85. ExperimentManager.deleteAdditionalQualifier



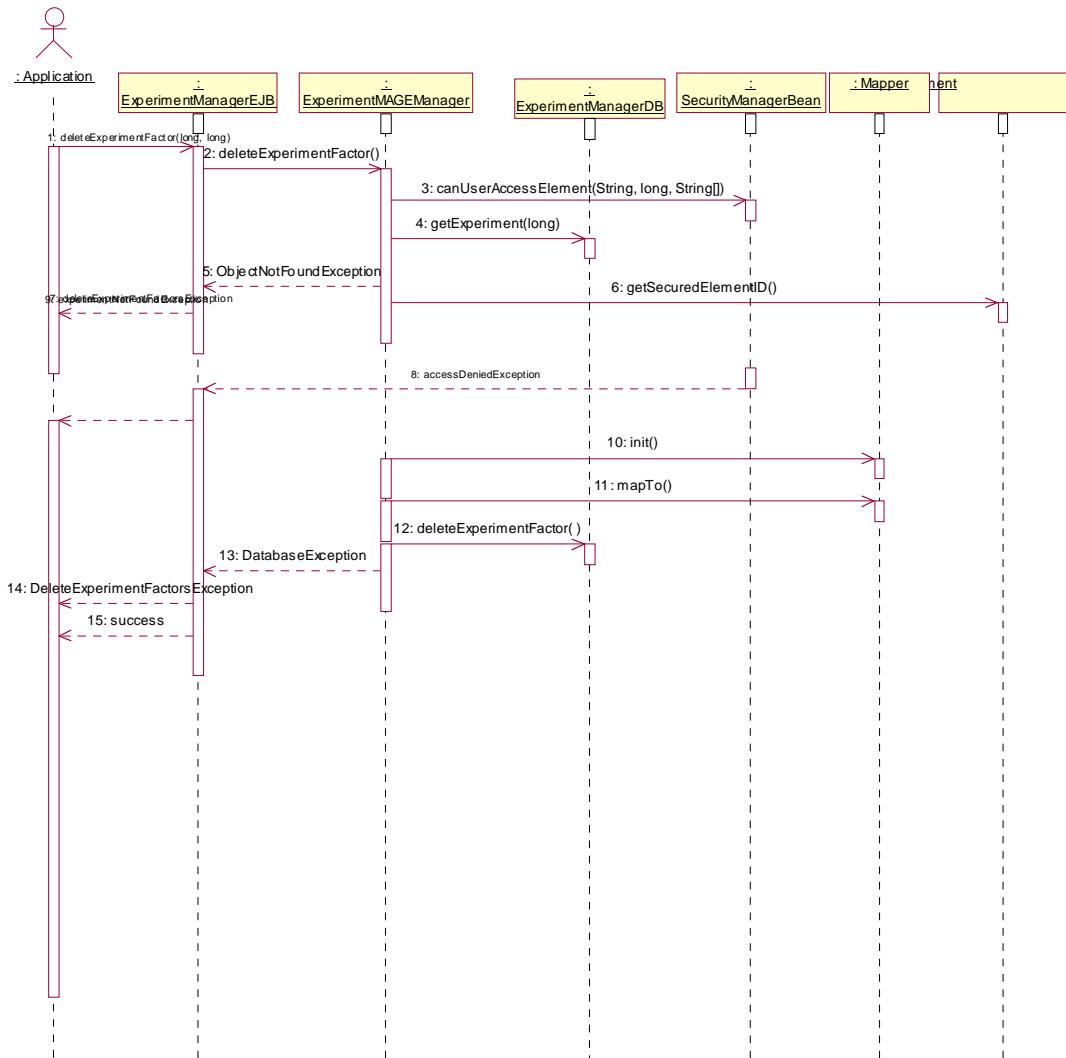
86. ExperimentManager.addExperimentFactors



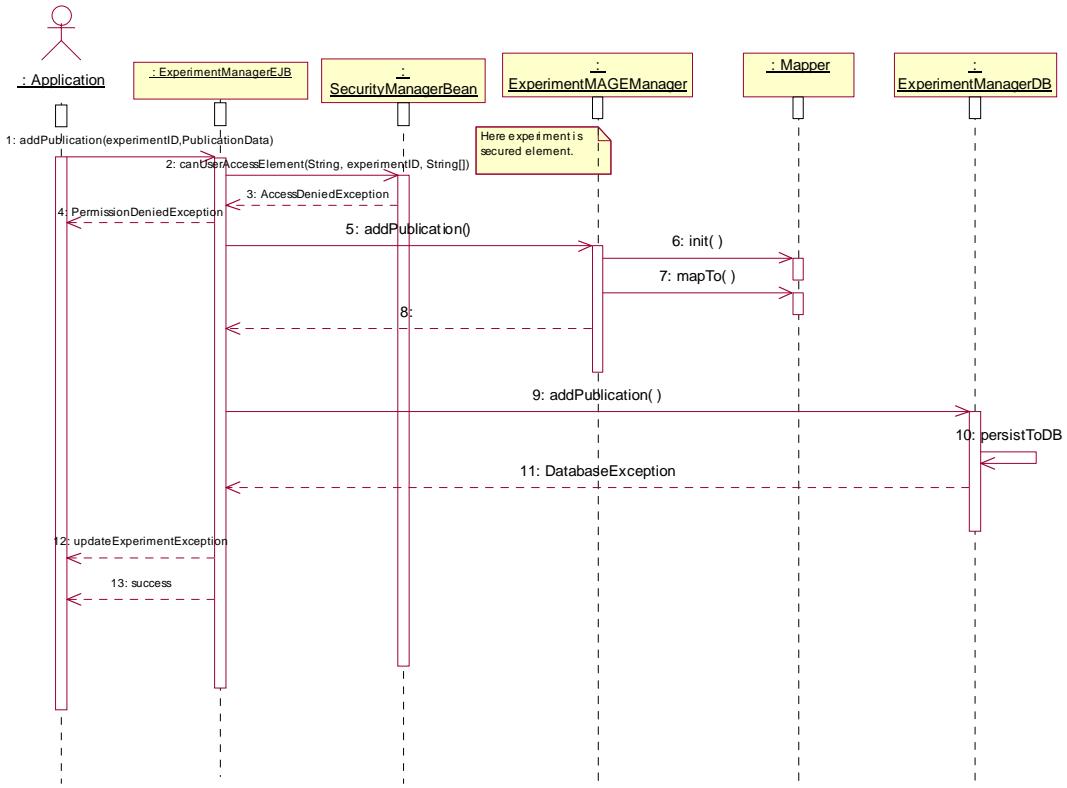
87. ExperimentManager.updateExperimentFactors



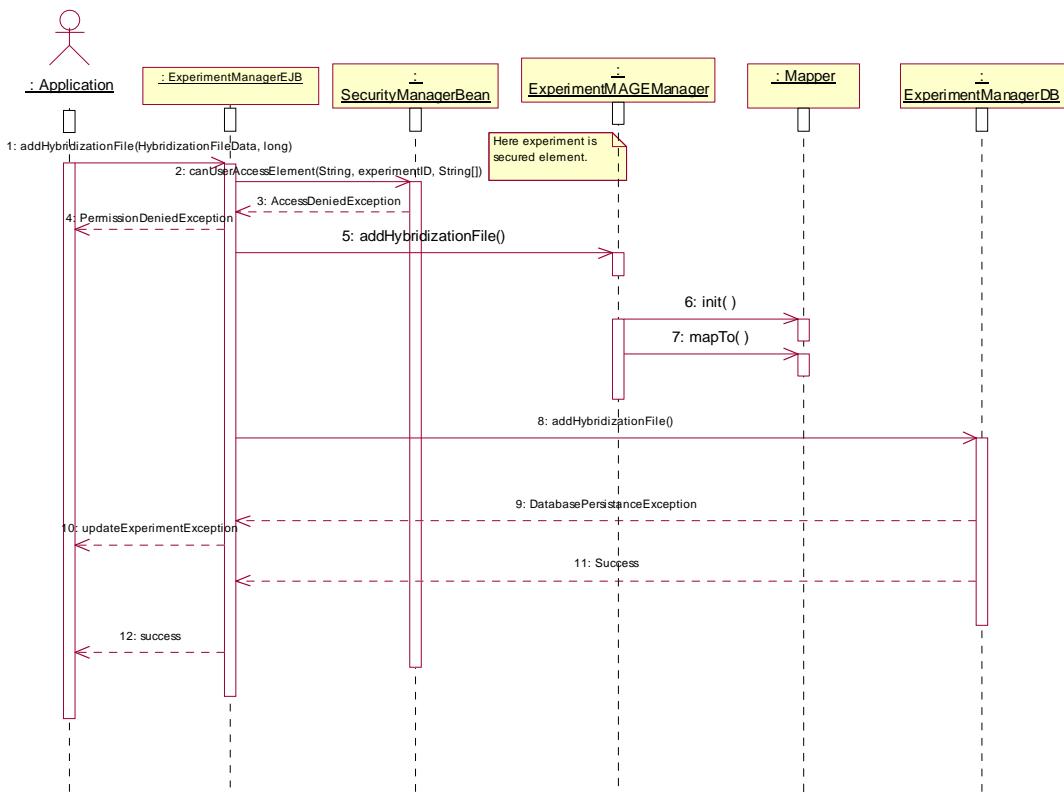
88. ExperimentManager.deleteExperimentFactors



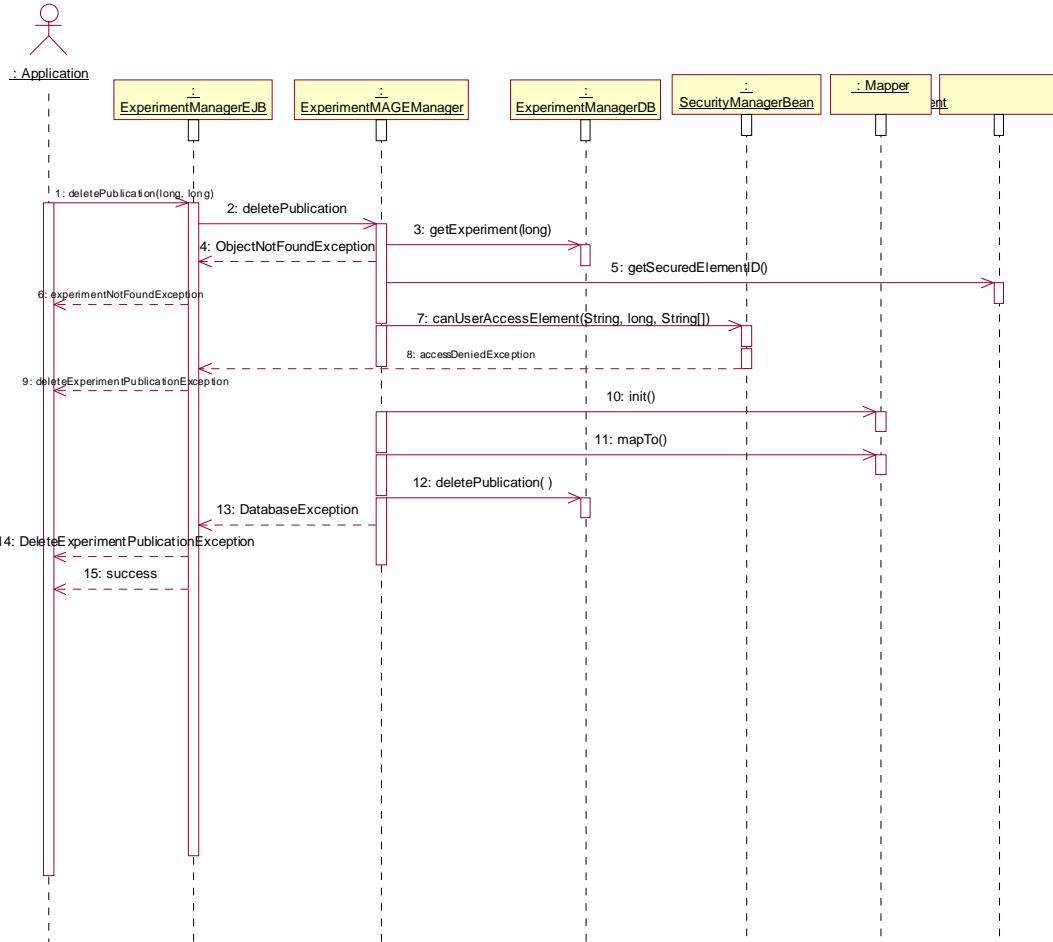
89. ExperimentManager.addPublication



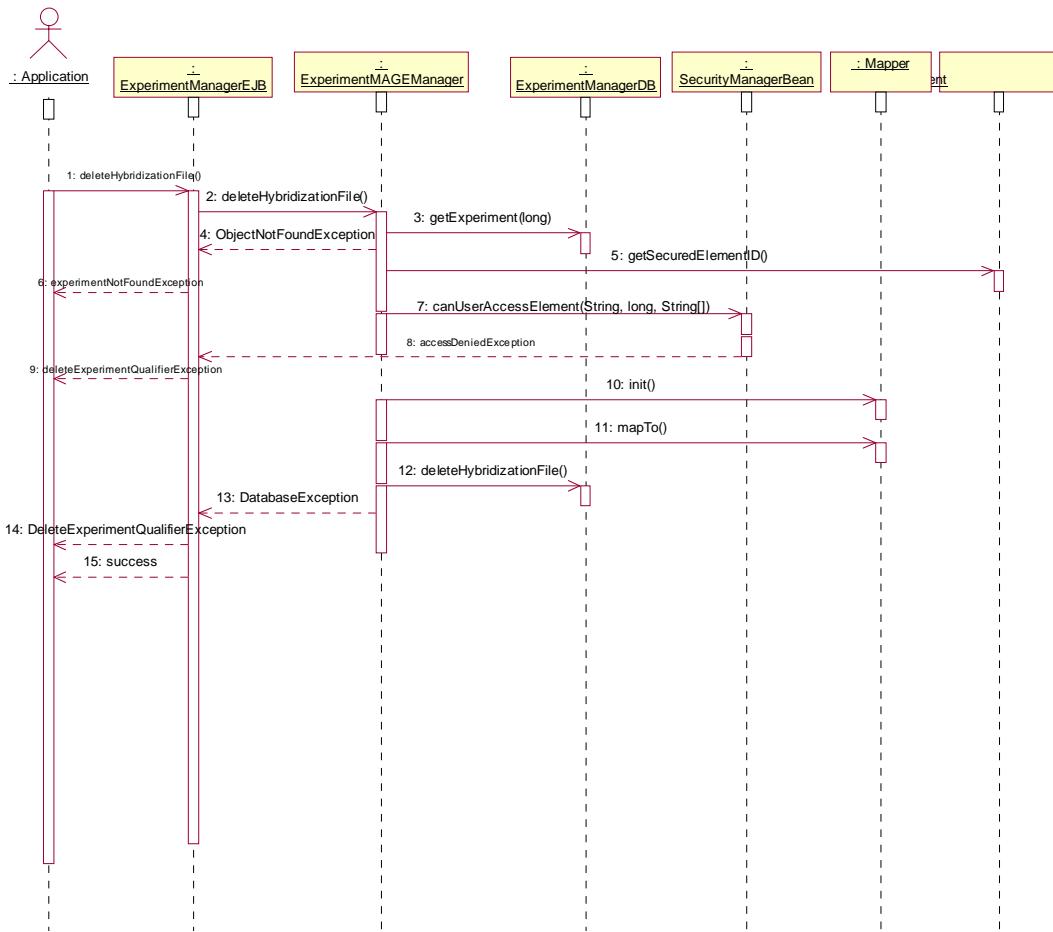
90. ExperimentManager.addHybridizationFile



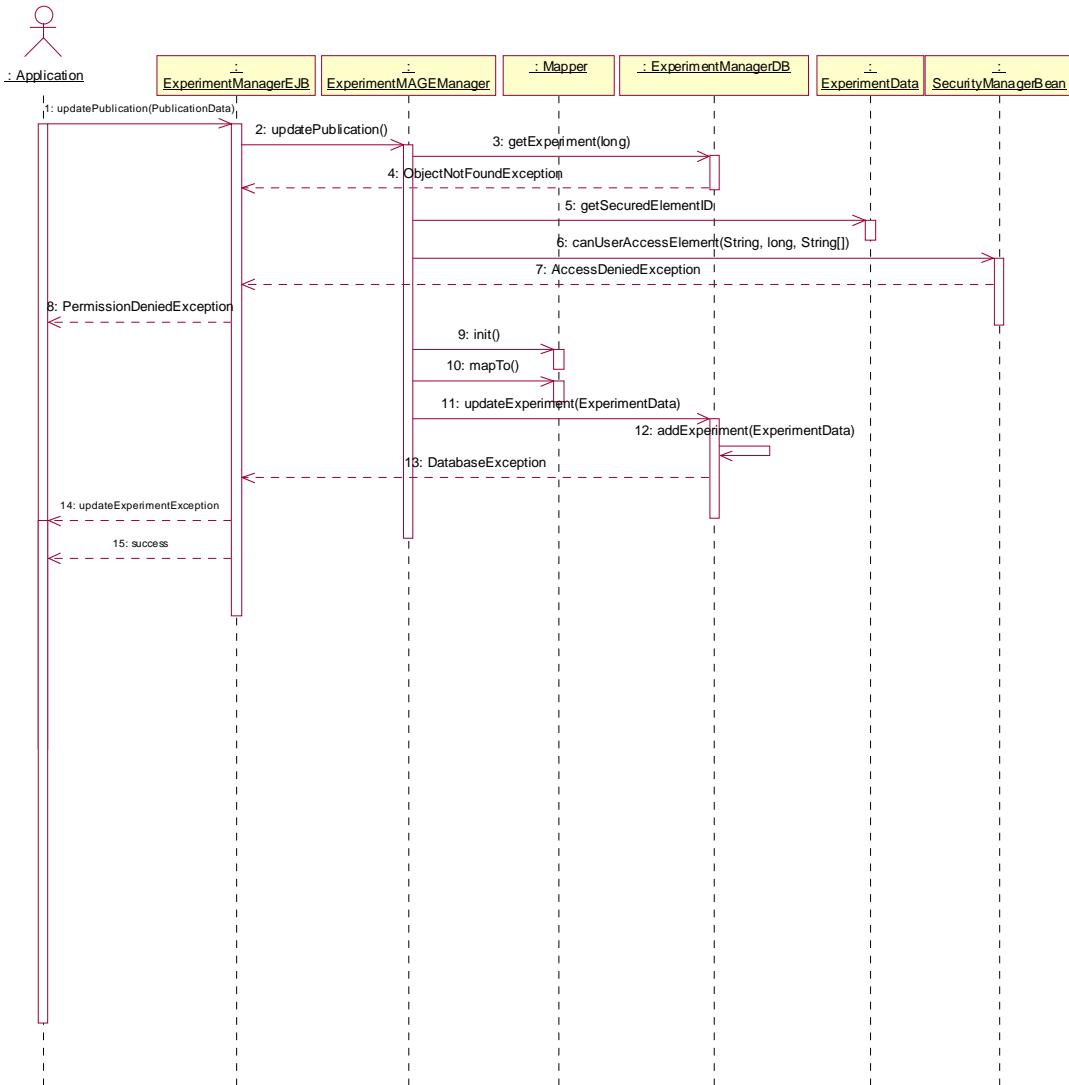
91. ExperimentManager.deletePublication



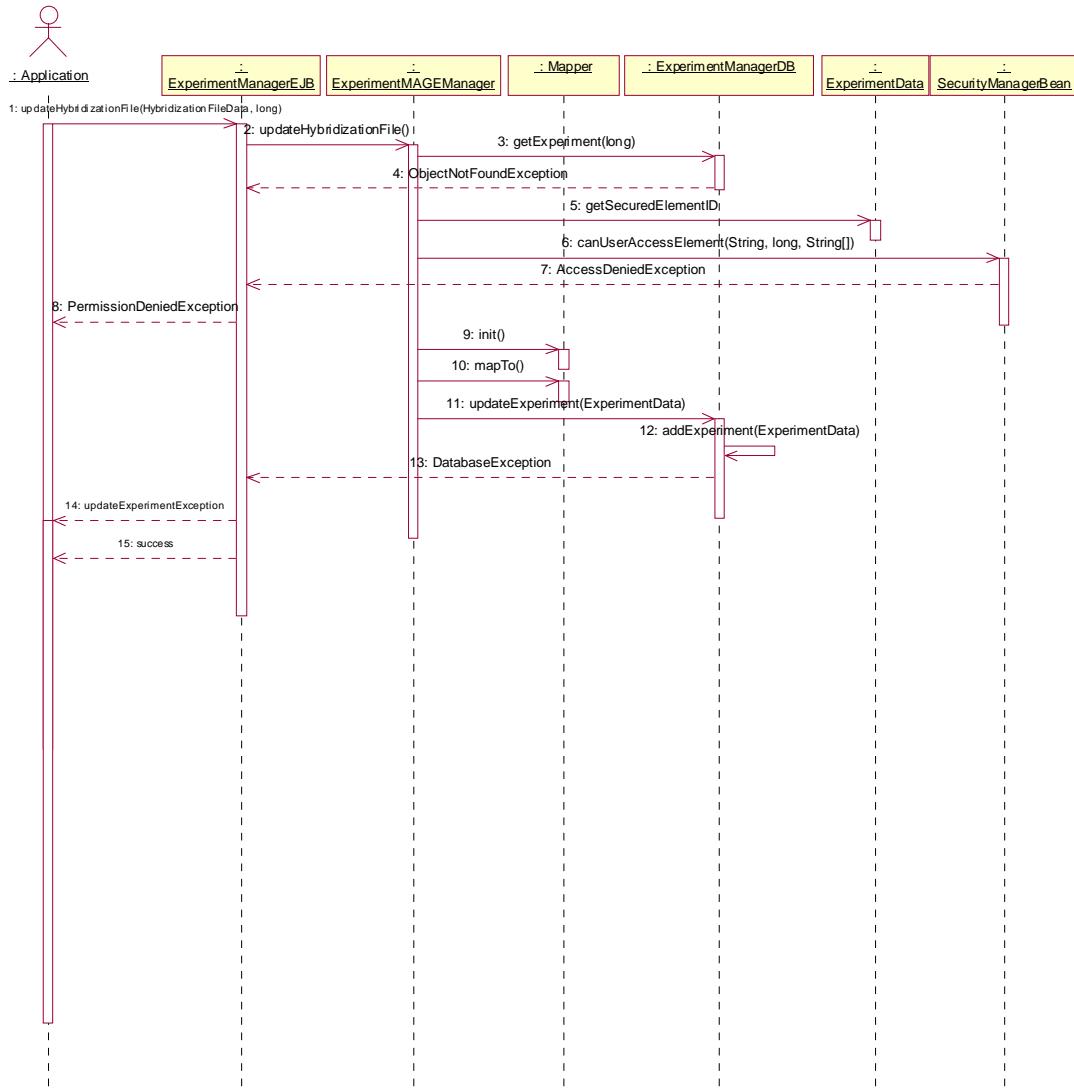
92. ExperimentManager.deleteHybridizationFile



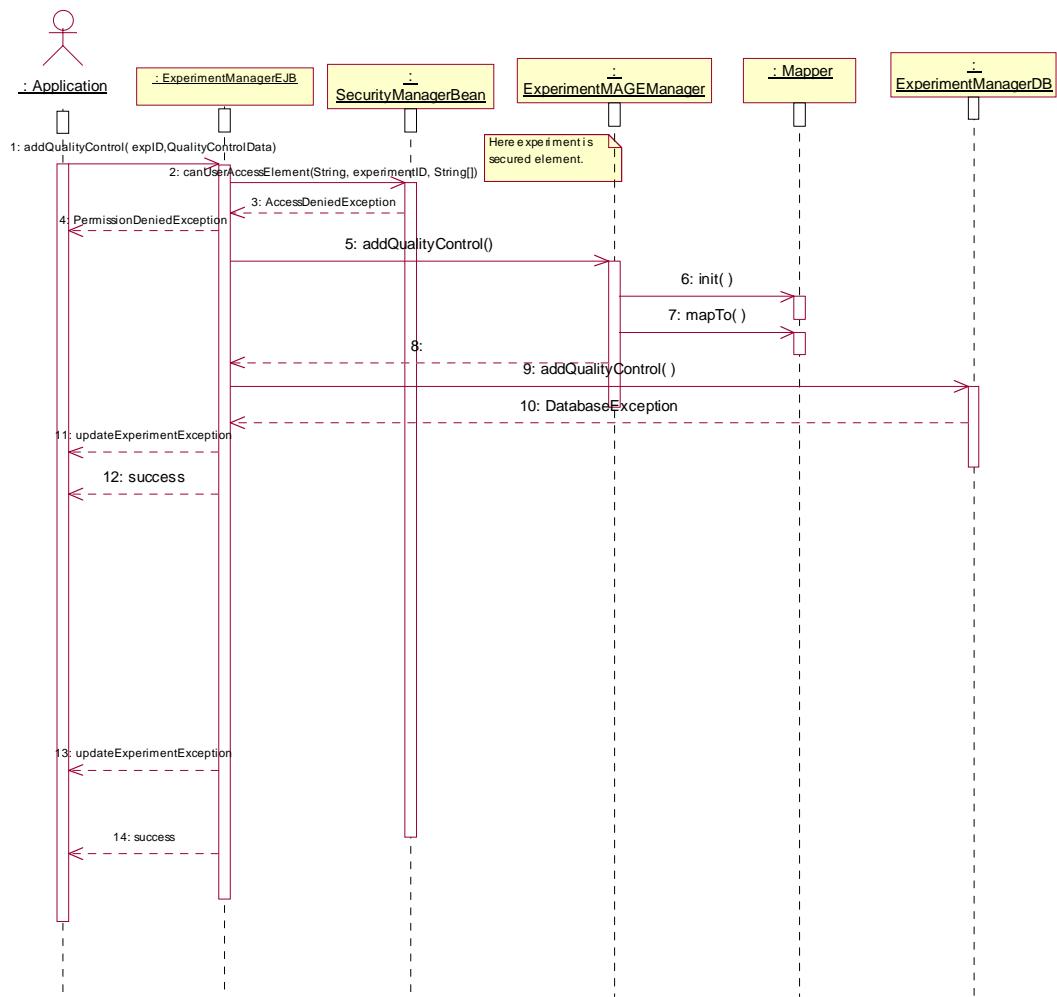
93. ExperimentManager.updatePublication



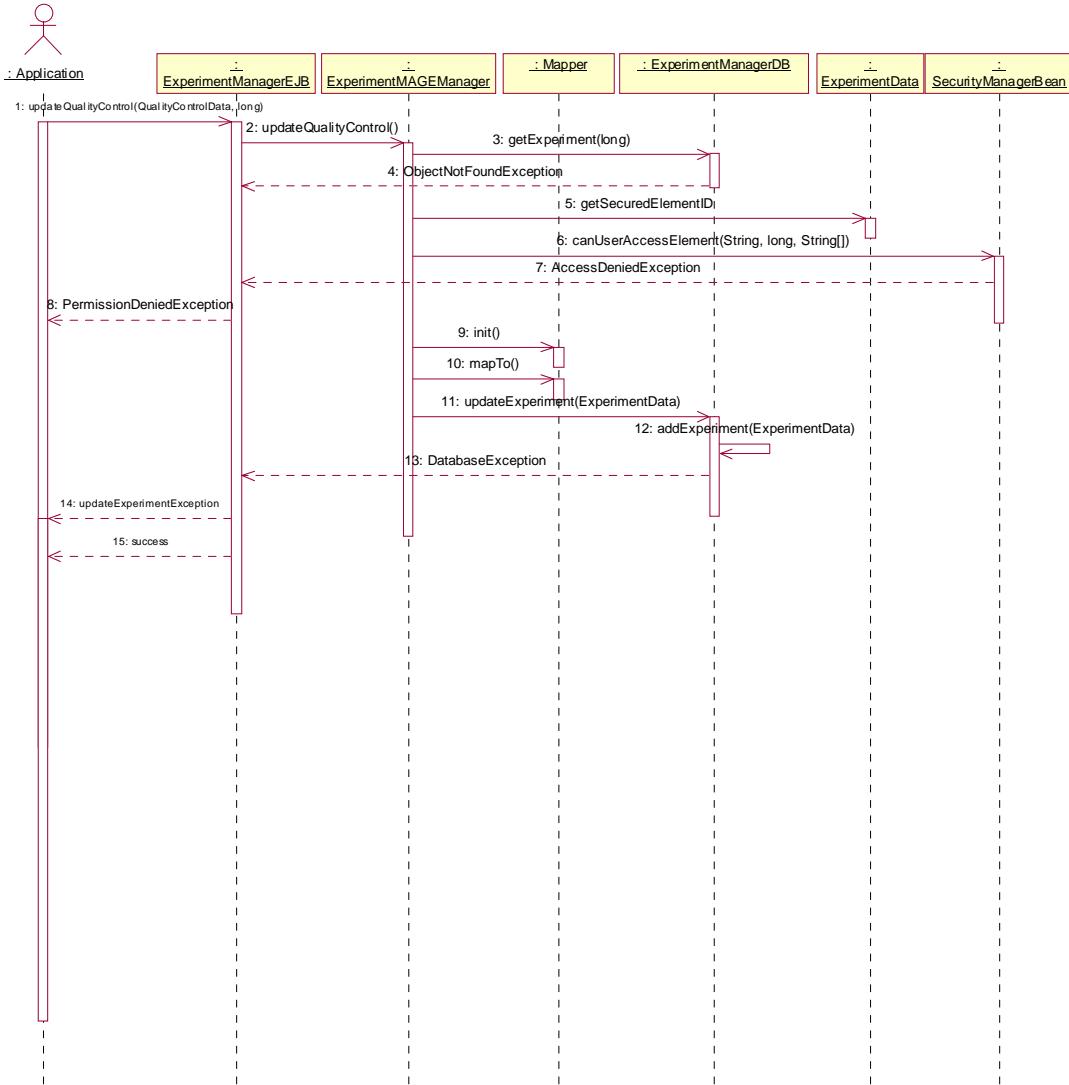
94. ExperimentManager.updateHybridizationFile



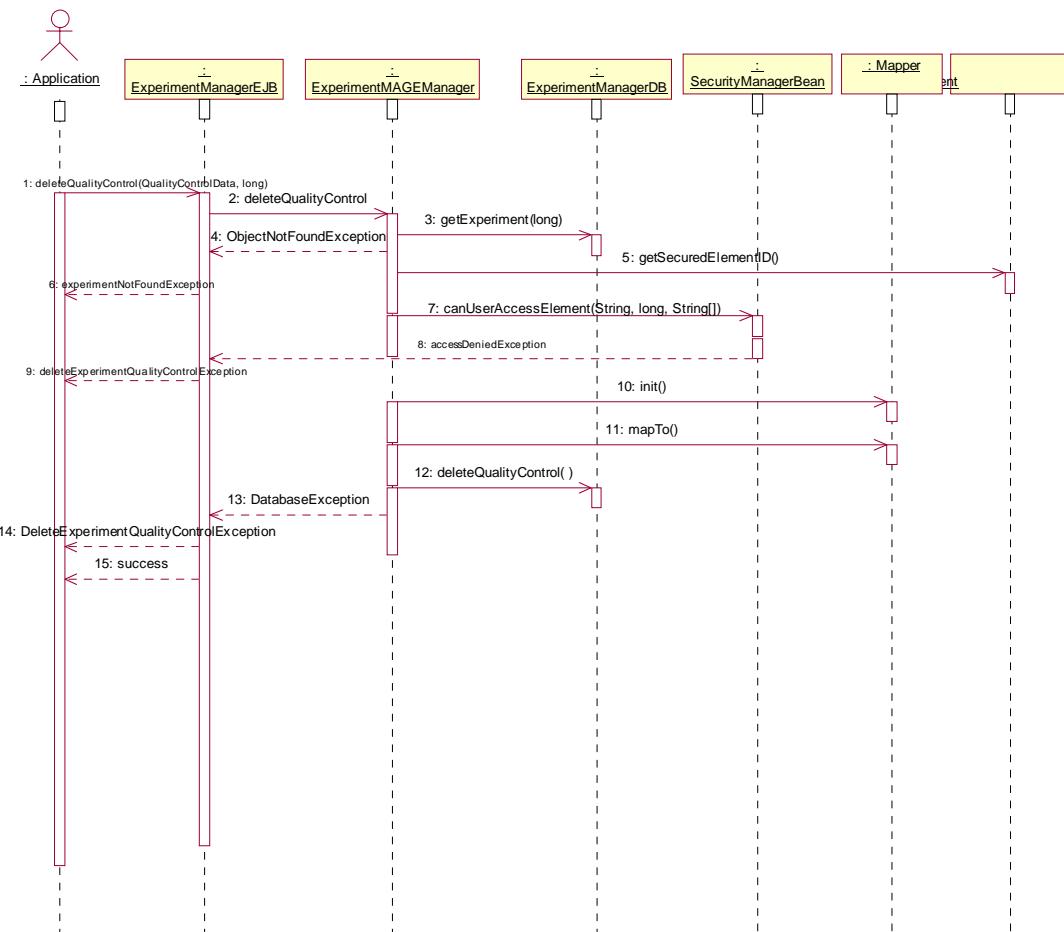
95. ExperimentManager.addQualityControl



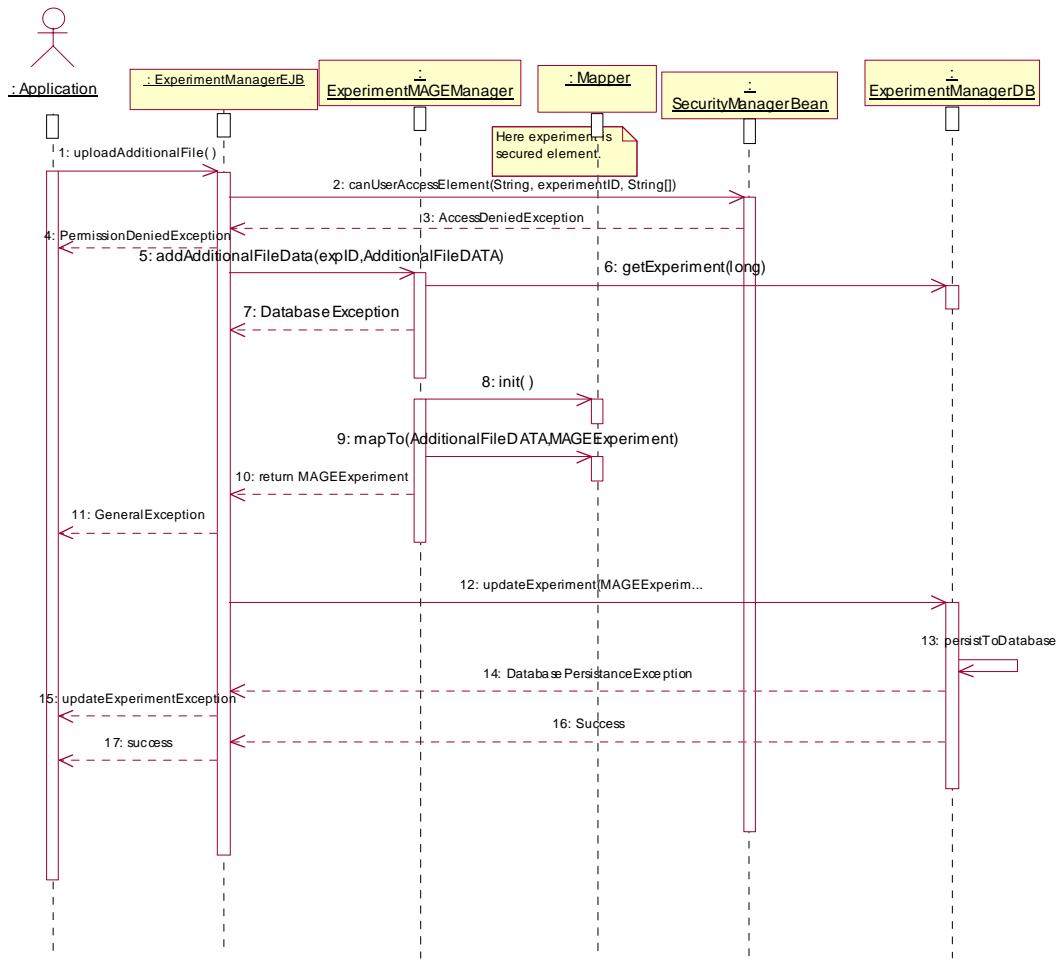
96. ExperimentManager.updateQualityControl



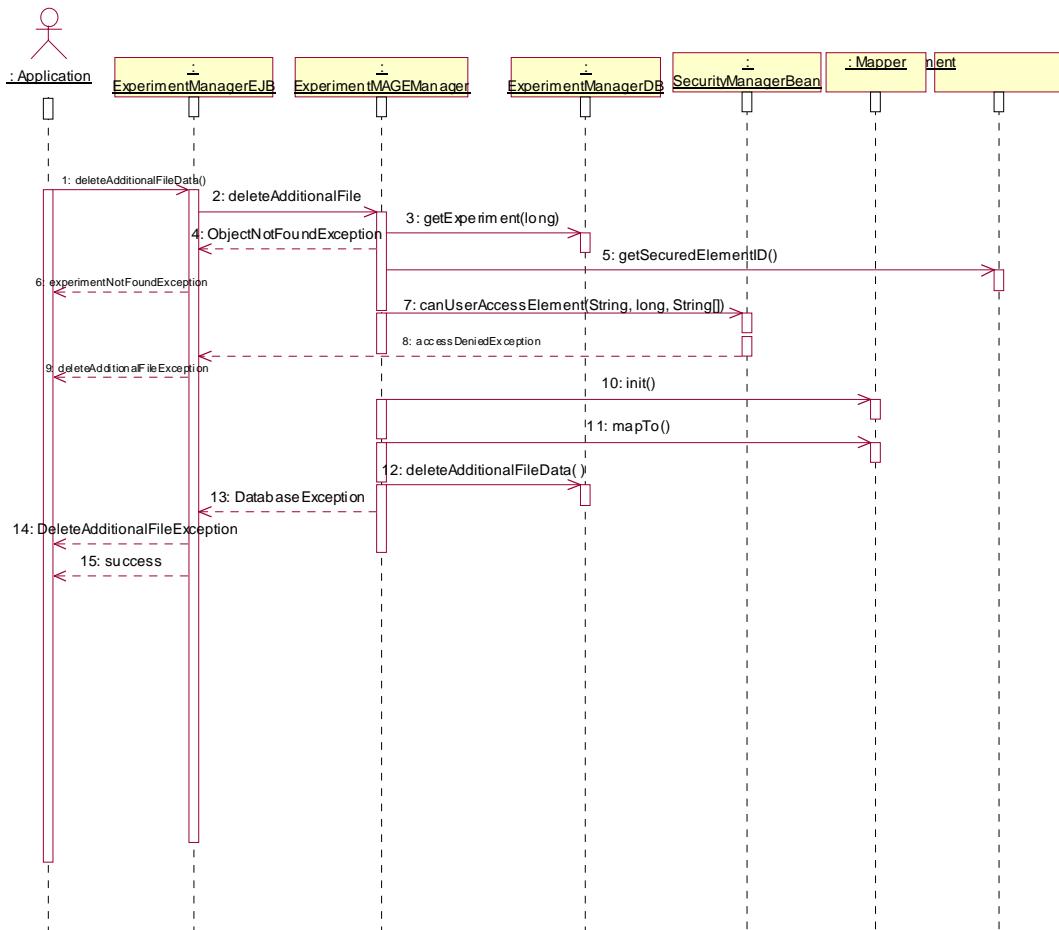
97. ExperimentManager.deleteQualityControl



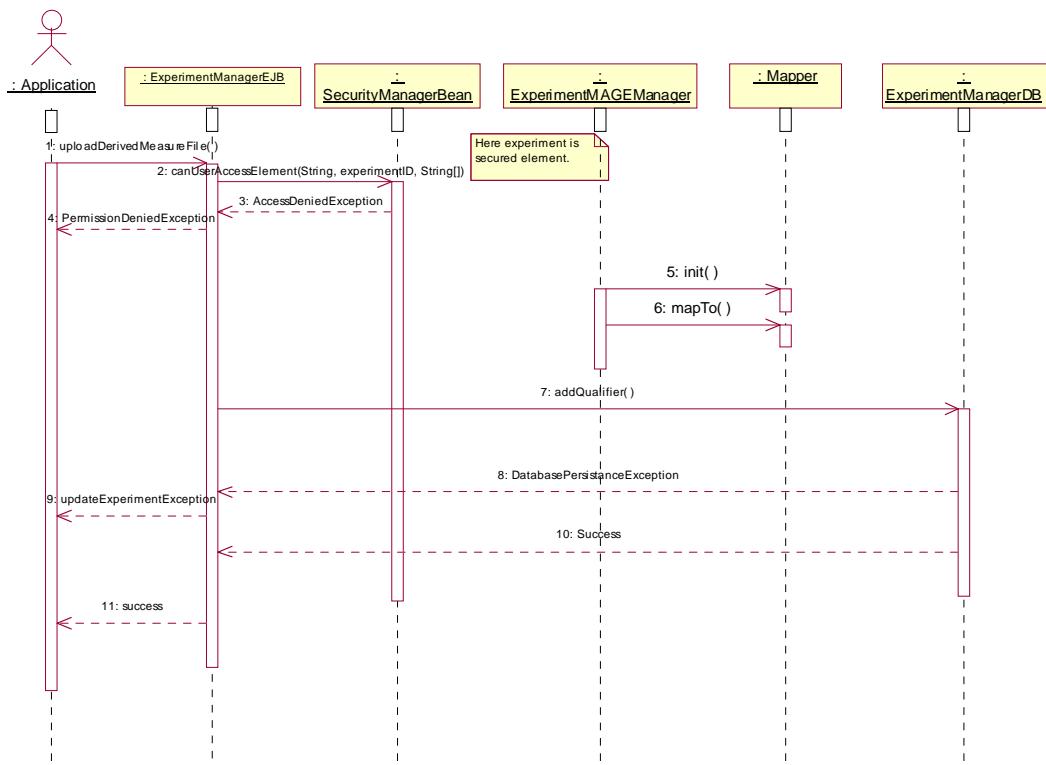
98. ExperimentManager.addAdditionalUploadedFile



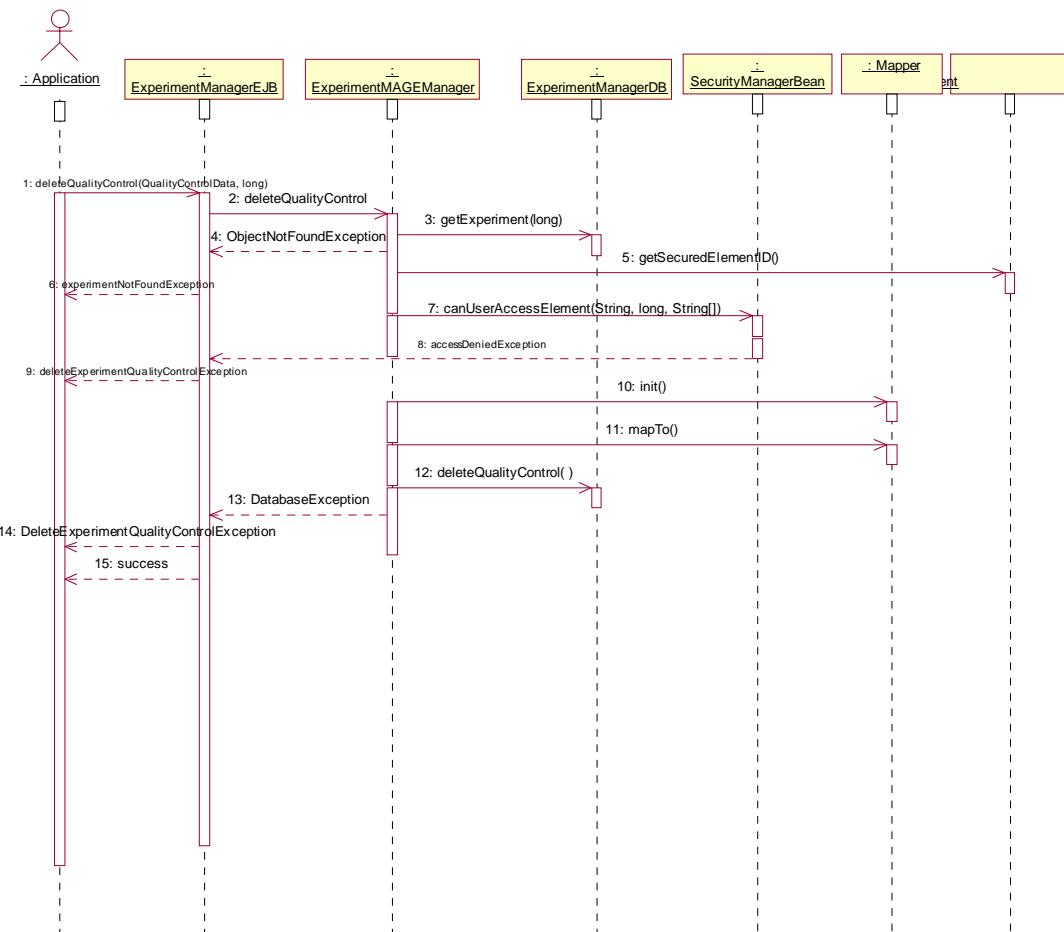
99. ExperimentManager.deleteAdditionalUploadedFile



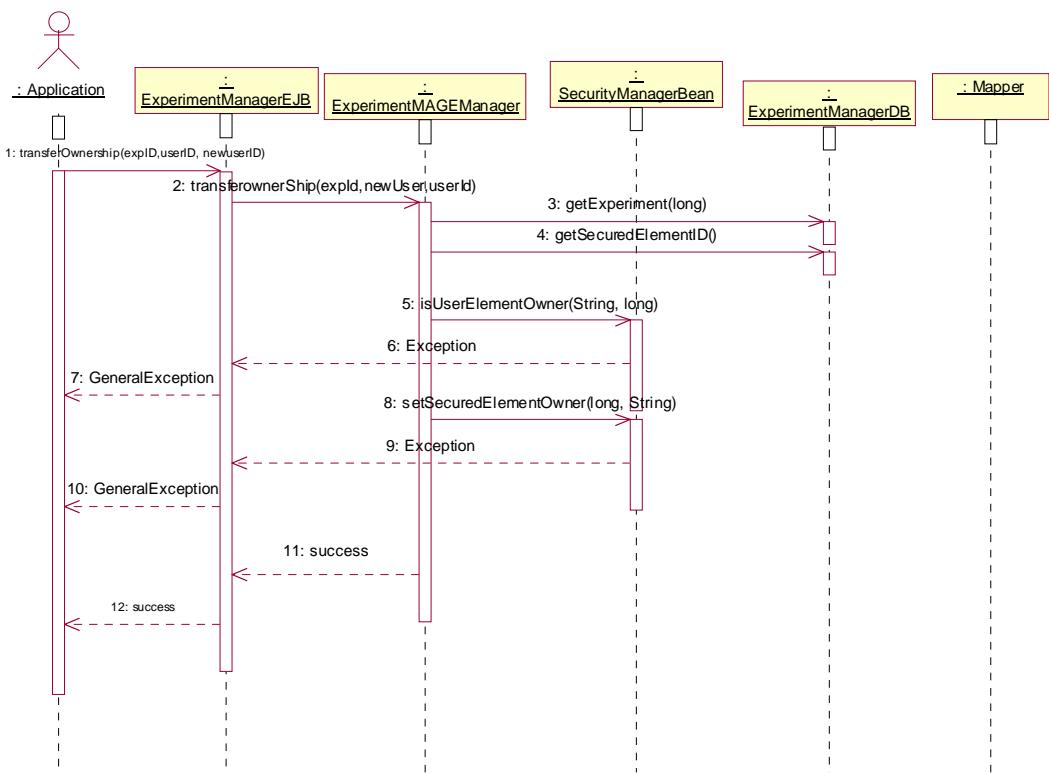
100. ExperimentManager.addDerivedMeasureFile



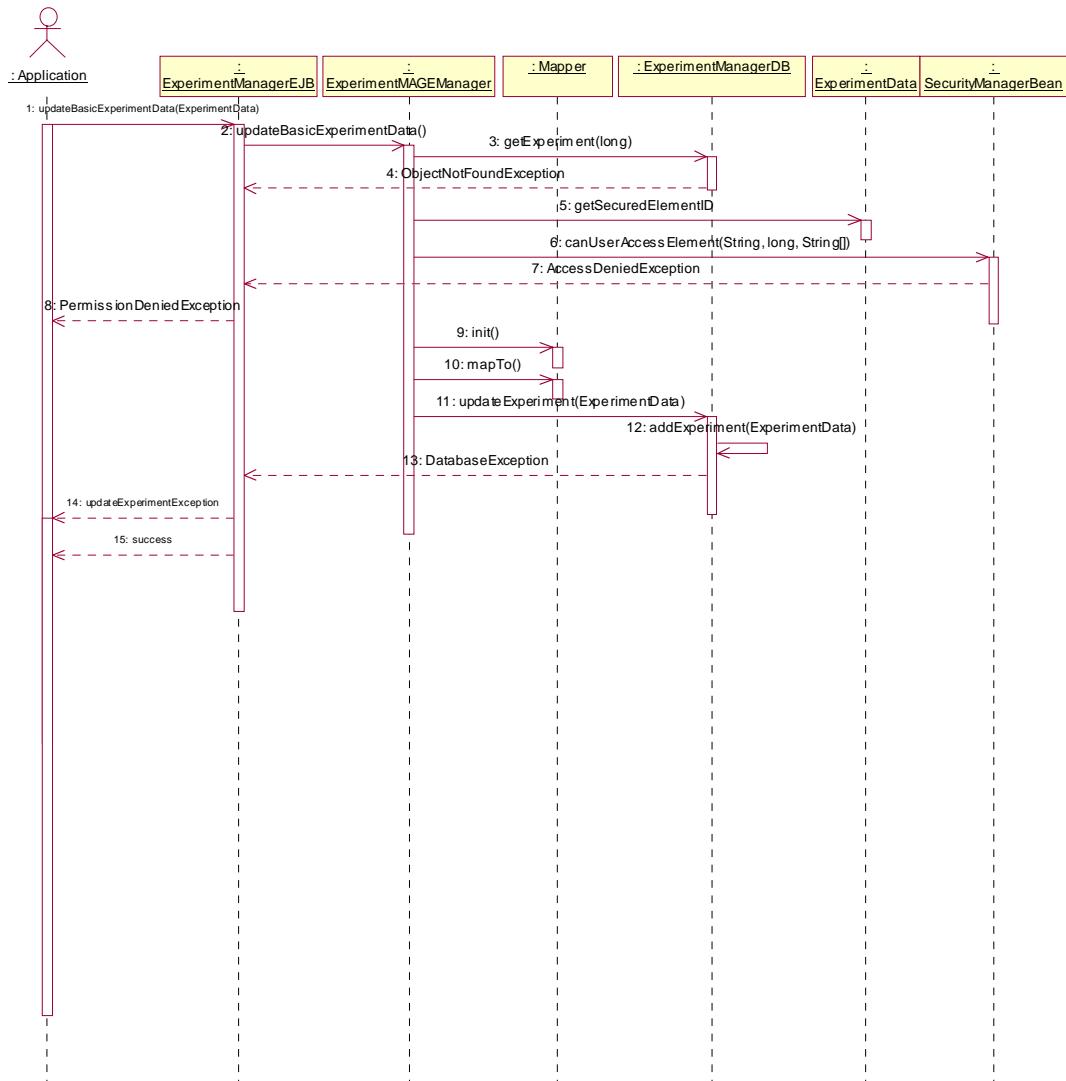
101. ExperimentManager.deleteDerivedMeasureFile



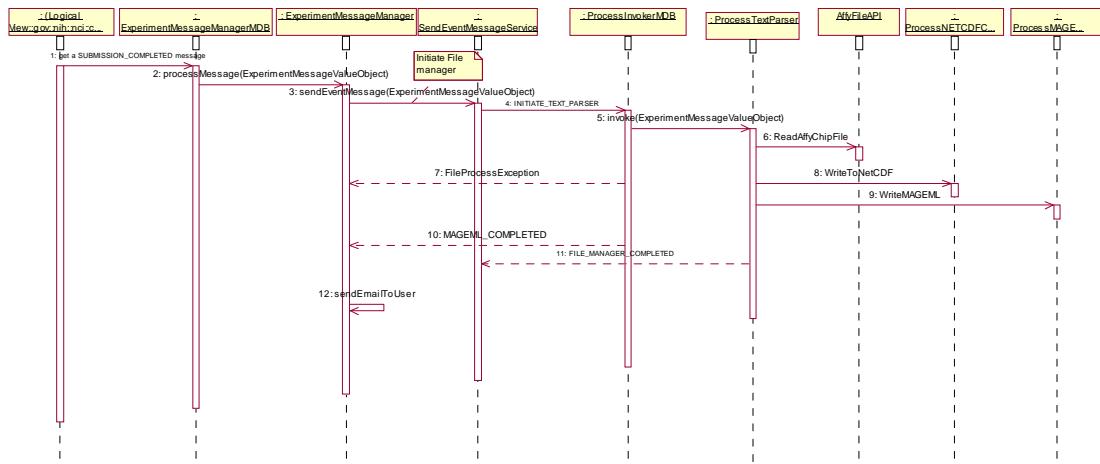
102. ExperimentManager.TransferExpOwnership



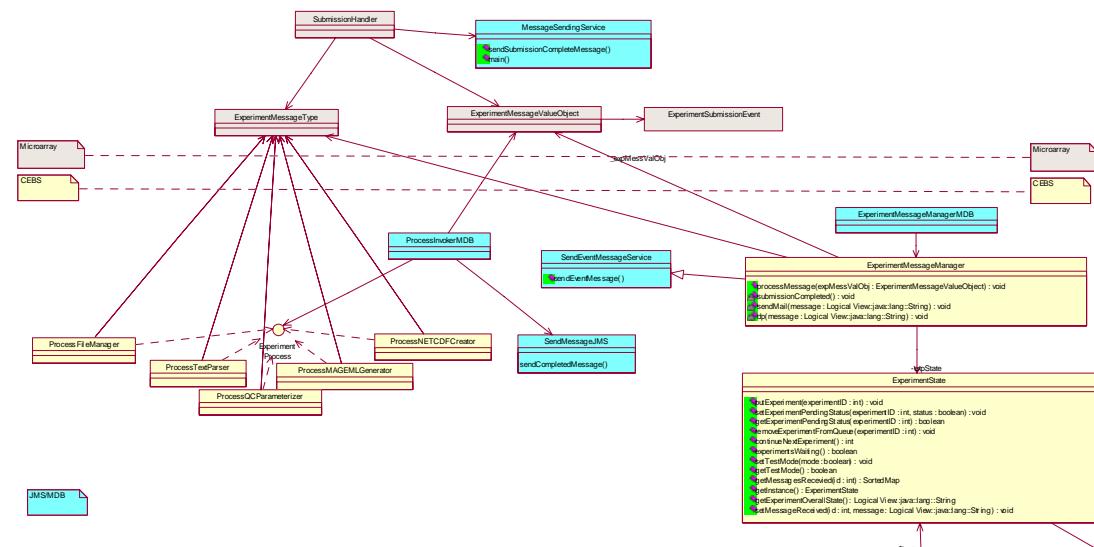
103. ExperimentManager.updateBasicExperimentData



104. ExperimentManager.processExperimentFile



105. Logical View::gov::nih::nci::caarray::services::FileParser



- 105.1 **SendEventMessageService**
- 105.2 **ProcessFileManager@author Paul Boyer**
- 105.3 **ProcessMAGEMLGenerator@author Paul Boyer**
- 105.4 **ProcessNETCDFCreator@author Paul Boyer**
- 105.5 **ProcessQCParameterizer@author Paul Boyer**
- 105.6 **ProcessTextParser@author Paul Boyer**
- 105.7 **ExperimentStateimport
gov.nih.nci.dc.bean.databeans.ExperimentSubmissionEvent;**
- 105.8 **import javax.naming.NamingException;**
- 105.9 **import java.util.Collections;**
- 105.10 **import javax.naming.InitialContext;**
- 105.11 **import javax.naming.Context;**
- 105.12 **@author Paul Boyer**
- 105.13 **ExperimentMessageManagerMDB**
- 105.14 **ExperimentMessageType**
- 105.15 **MessageSendingService@author Paul Boyer**
- 105.16 **Receives an event from SubmissionHandler that a Submission is Completed.**
- 105.17 **Then it sends a JMS message on Topic "topic/testTopic"**
- 105.18 **with ExperimentMessageType set to SUBMISSION_COMPLETED**
- 105.19 **ExperimentMessageManager@author Paul Boyer**
- 105.20 **ExperimentSubmissionEventpublic class
ExperimentSubmissionEvent implements Serializable**

105.21 Encapsulates the data required by objects persisting non-form input data pertaining to

105.22 a Microarray experiment (data files, XML files, etc...).

105.23 @author John Yost SAIC

105.24 @version 1.0

105.25 SubmissionHandlerimport java.io.*;

105.26 SubmissionHandler.java

105.27 Created on August 16, 2001, 7:09 AM

105.28 @author John Yost SAIC

105.29 @version 1.0

105.30 The SubmissionHandler class coordinates the persistence of form data via the FormDataBean object. Once the

105.31 form data has been persisted an ExperimentSubmissionEvent is fired and all registered listeners are notified.

105.32 @author John Yost SAIC

105.33 @version 1.0

105.34 Experiment Process@author Paul Boyer

105.35 ExperimentMessageValueObject

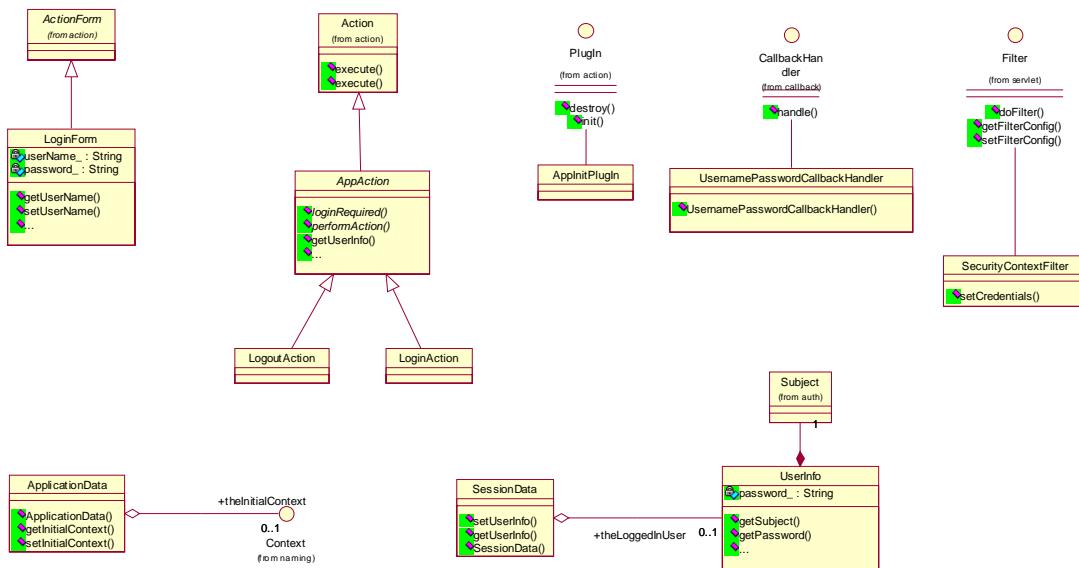
105.36 SendMessageJMS

105.37 ProcessInvokerMDB

105.38

106. Logical View::gov::nih::nci::caarray::ui

107. Logical View::gov::nih::nci::caarray::ui::core



This diagram shows core user interface classes. These classes provide a framework that is utilized by all other user interface components.

107.1 ApplicationDataThis class provides a container for all application scope data needed by user interface components.

107.2 SessionDataThis class provides a container for all session scope data needed by user interface components.

107.3 LoginActionThis action will perform the login operation.

107.4 LogoutActionThis class handles the user logouts.

107.5 UserInfoThis object is used to store information about the currently logged in user.

107.6 AppActionAbstractbase class that all Action objects utilized in the caArray user interface will extend. This class performs core services such as verifying that a user is logged on when necessary. It also provides convenience methods for derived classes to utilize.

107.7 ApplnInitPlugInA PlugIn that is used to perform servlet initialization tasks.

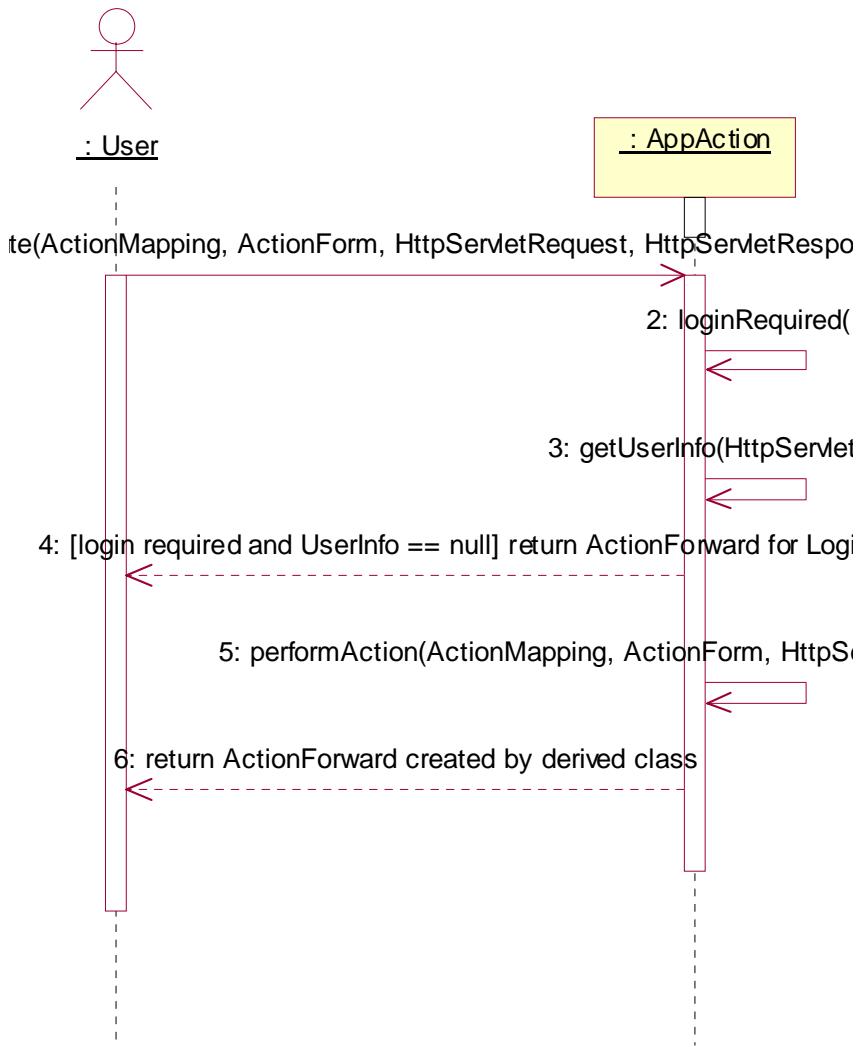
107.8 LoginFormThis class is used to store data from the login form. It is used in conjunction with the LoginAction class.

107.9 UsernamePasswordCallbackHandlerThis CallbackHandler is used to temporarily store the username and password needed for a JAAS login operation.

107.10 SecurityContextFilterThis class is a Filter that is used to set container specific security associations for each request.

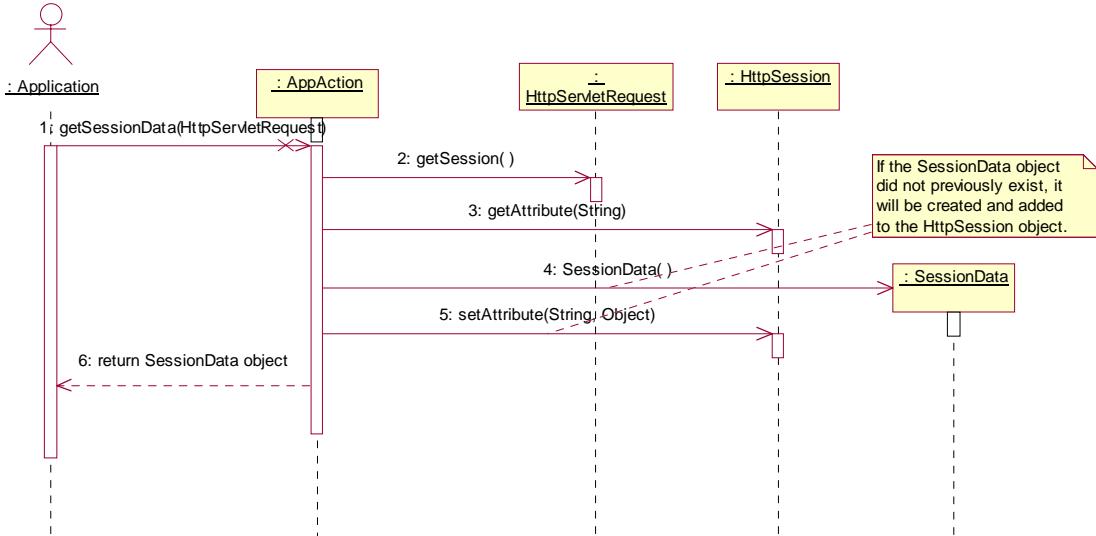
107.11

108. AppAction.execute



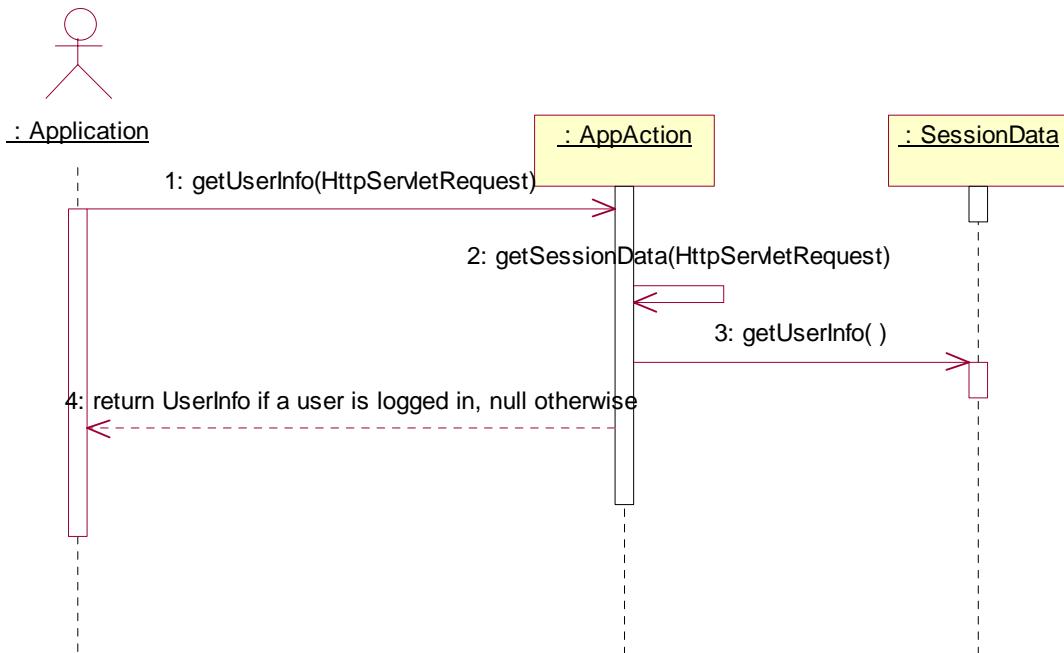
This diagram shows the processing performed for every request. First a check is done to see if a login is required for this request. This method is abstract and must be implemented by the AppAction derived class to return true if login is required, or false if not. Next the information about the currently logged in user is obtained from the session. If a login is required and no user is currently logged in, an ActionForward object is returned that will cause the LoginAction to be performed. Otherwise the `performAction()` method of the derived AppAction will be called.

109. AppAction.getSessionData



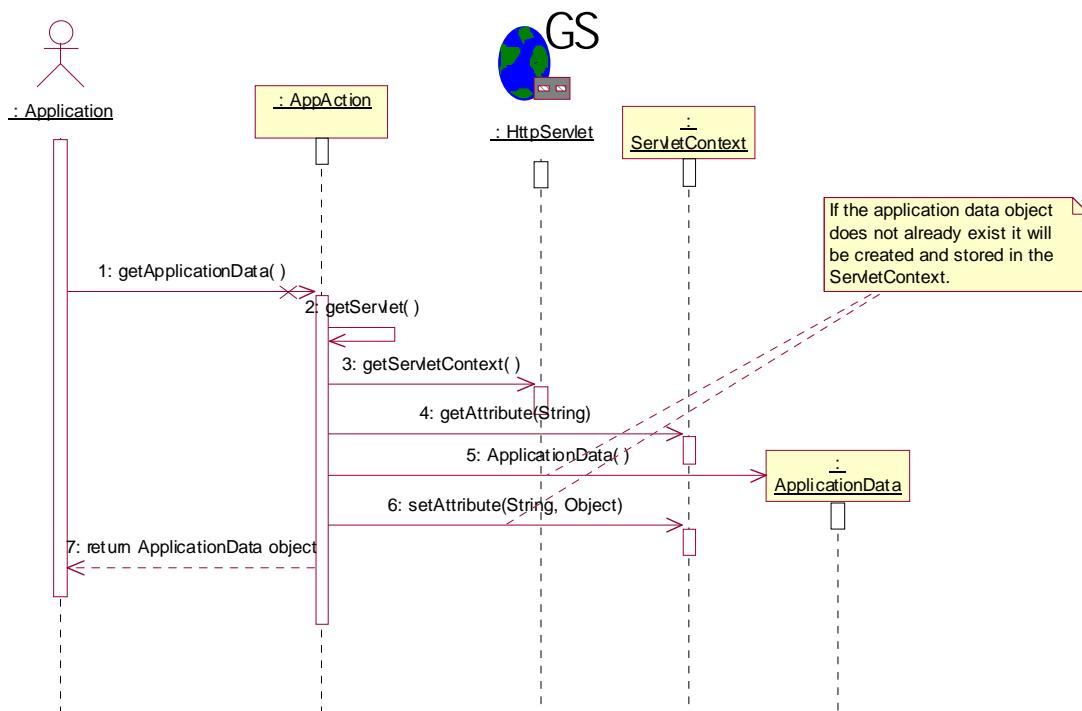
This method is provided to make it convenient for every AppAction derived handler to obtain the session scope data for the request being handled. The HttpSession object will be obtained from the specified request object. The "sessionData" attribute is then obtained from the HttpSession object. If the SessionData object does not already exist in the HttpSession object, one is created and the attribute is set.

110. AppAction.getUserInfo



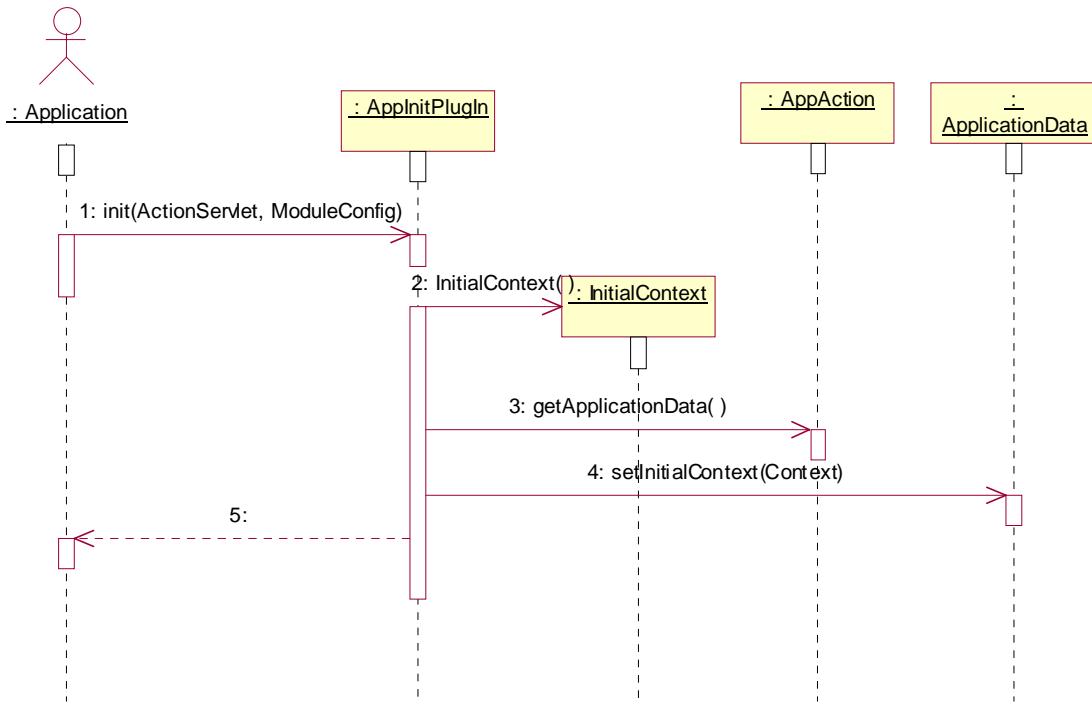
This diagram shows how the AppAction object obtains the UserInfo for the currently logged in user. It obtains the SessionData to get access to all session scope data stored by the application, then it calls getUserInfo() to get the information about the currently logged in user. This object is added to the SessionData by the LoginAction and is removed from the SessionData by the LogoutAction. If there is no user logged in this method will return null.

111. AppAction.getApplicationData



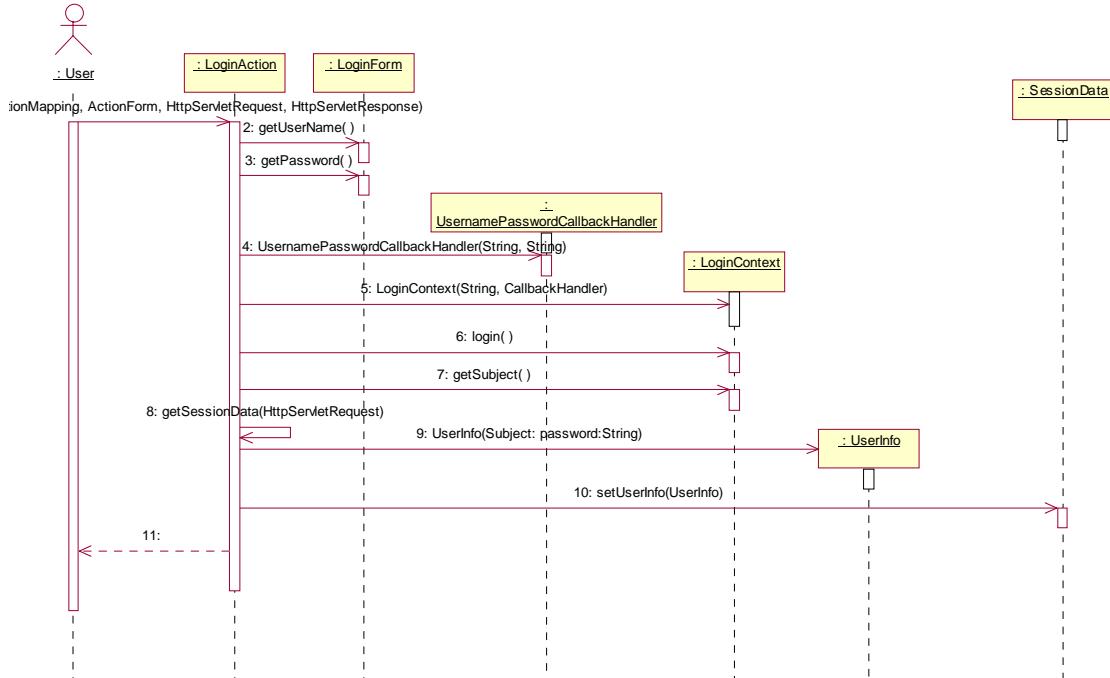
This method is provided to make it convenient for every AppAction derived handler to obtain the application scope data. The ApplicationData class is obtained from the servlet context. If one did not already exist, a new one is created.

112. AppInitPlugin.init



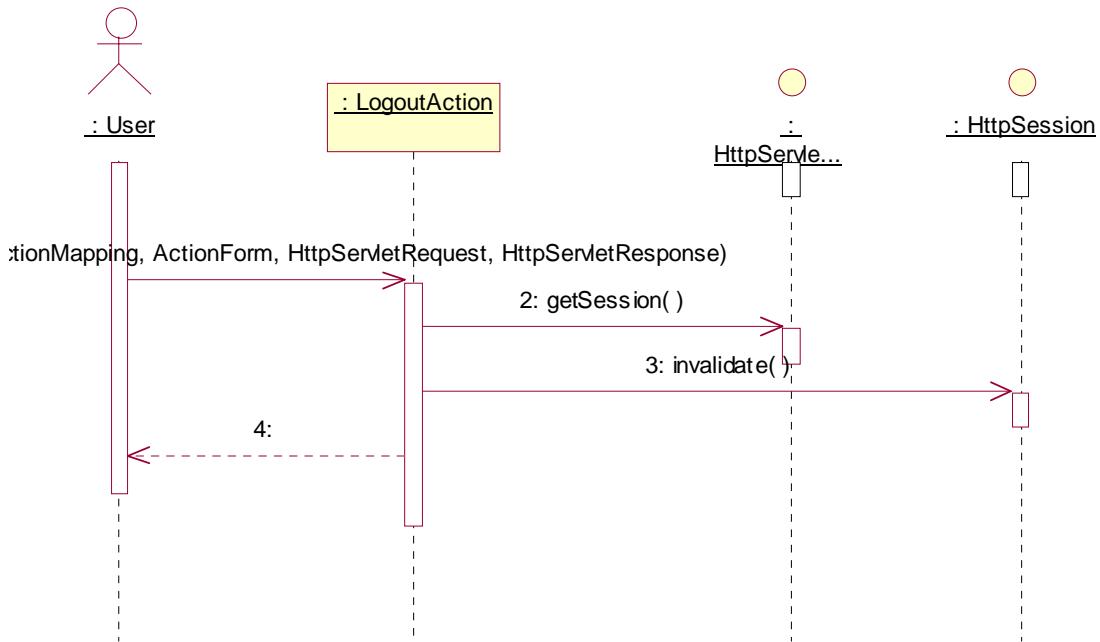
This diagram shows how the InitialContext used to locate EJBs is set into the ApplicationData object at servlet initialization.

113. LoginAction.performAction



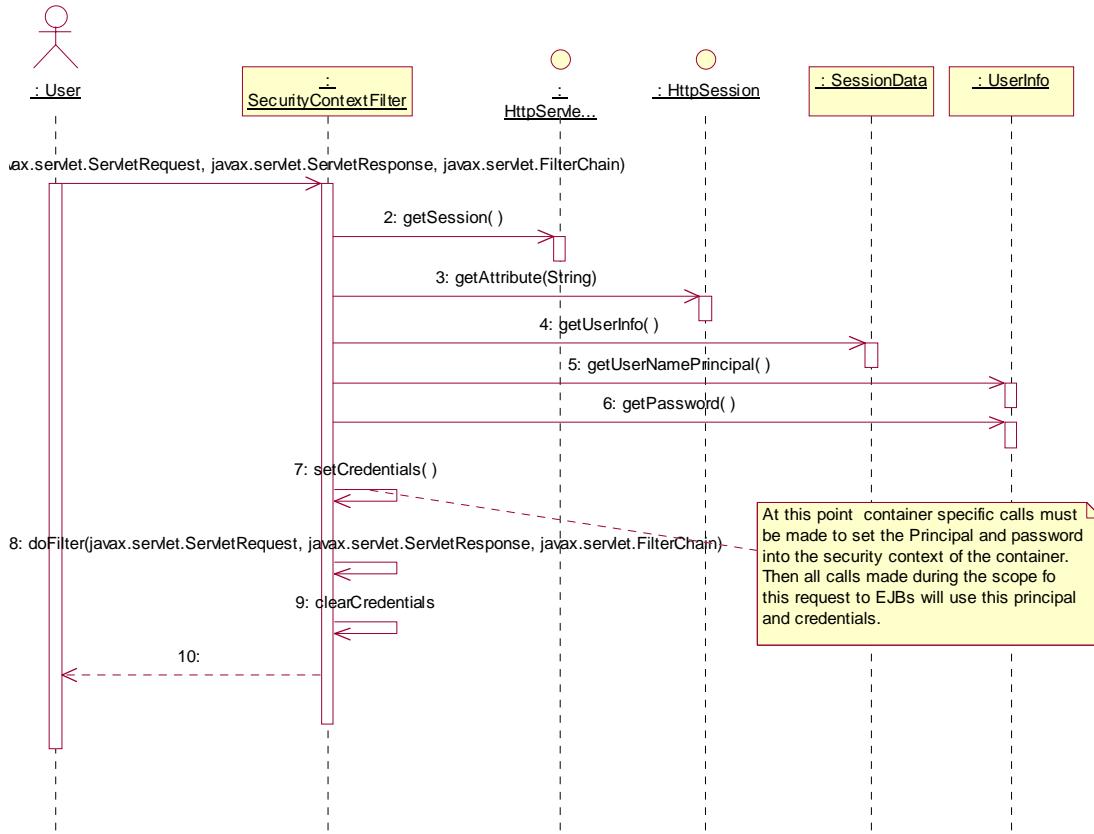
This diagram shows the processing performed when a user attempts to login. The username and password entered are obtained from the login form. Then a callback handler is created. This object is needed in order to perform the JAAS login on the LoginContext object. If the login succeeds, the authenticated Subject is obtained from the LoginContext and is set into the SessionData object for this user.

114. LogoutAction.performAction



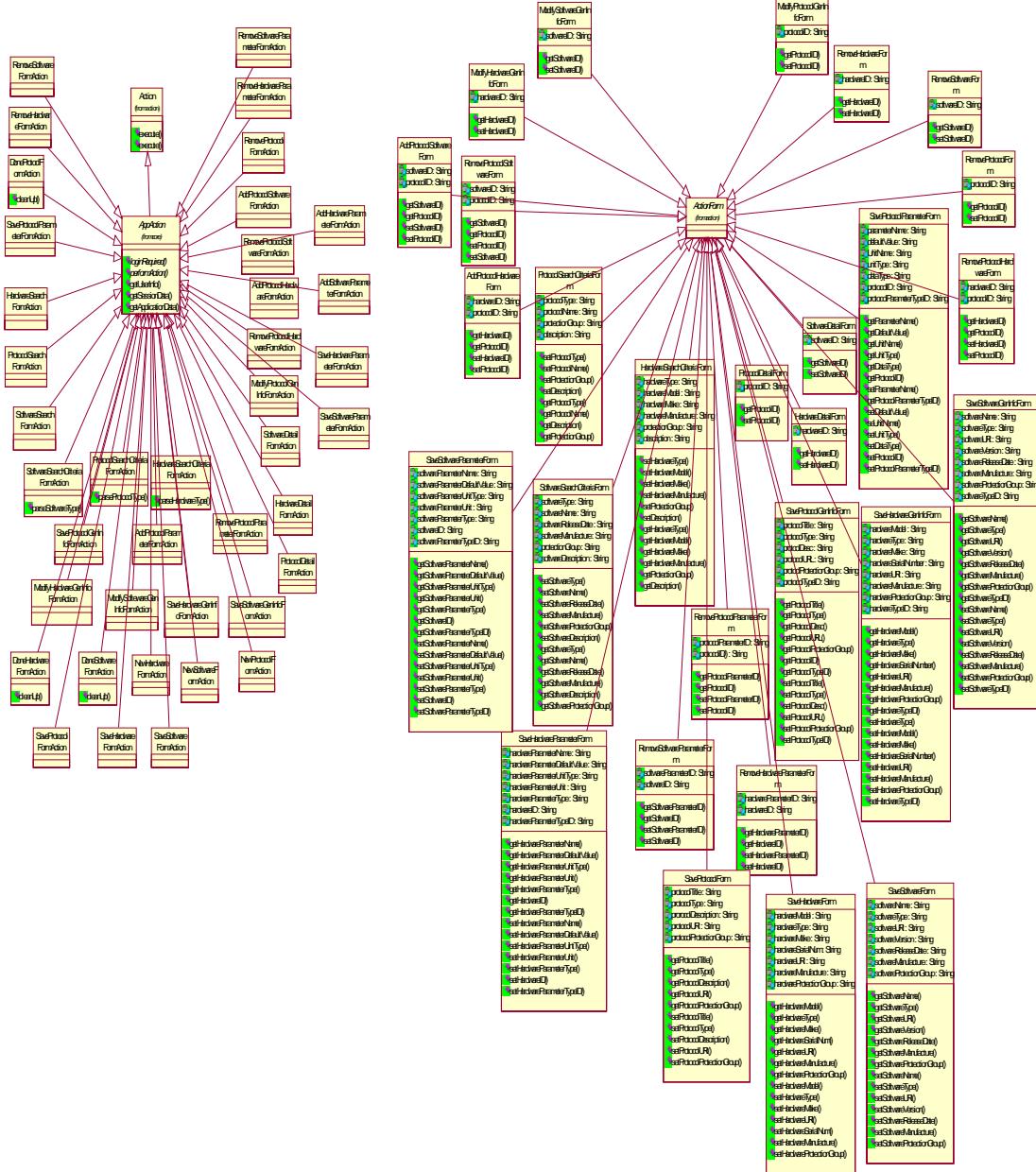
This diagram shows the processing performed when a user logs out of the application. The Session object for this user is obtained from the incoming HttpServletRequest and is invalidated. This results in the application no longer retaining the session data for this user, including the UserInfo object. Thus the application will no longer think there is a user logged in for this session.

115. SecurityContextFilter.doFilter



This diagram shows how a servlet filter is used to set the security principal and credentials needed for EJB calls. The setting lasts for the duration of the request and then is cleared. This code is EJB container specific.

116. Logical View::gov::nih::nci::caarray::ui::protocol



116.1 ProtocolSearchCriteriaFormActionThis class is to gather the search protocol information and create a protocol search criteria. After calling ProtocolManager.search, the result which contains ProtocolDesc[] will be returned

116.2 ProtocolSearchFormActionThis class is to get protocol Type items and visibility items in order to create Protocol Search Page

116.3 ProtocolSearchCriteriaForm

116.4 HardwareSearchFormActionThis class is to get hardwareType, protection group and hardware Manufacture in order to create Hardware Search Page

116.5 HardwareSearchCriteriaFormActionThis class is to create Hardware search criteria and call hardwareManager.search to get matched hardware types back, and use this result to create hardware search JSP page.

116.6 HardwareSearchCriteriaForm

116.7 SoftwareSearchFormAction

116.8 SoftwareSearchCriteriaFormAction

116.9 SoftwareSearchCriteriaForm

116.10 ProtocolDetailFormAction

116.11 ProtocolDetailForm

116.12 HardwareDetailFormAction

116.13 HardwareDetailForm

116.14 SoftwareDetailFormAction

116.15 SoftwareDetailForm

116.16 ModifyProtocolGenInfoFormAction

116.17 SaveProtocolGenInfoFormAction

116.18 SaveProtocolGenInfoForm

- 116.19 SaveProtocolParameterForm**
- 116.20 AddProtocolParameterFormAction**
- 116.21 SaveProtocolParameterFormAction**
- 116.22 RemoveProtocolParameterFormAction**
- 116.23 RemoveProtocolParameterForm**
- 116.24 RemoveProtocolHardwareFormAction**
- 116.25 RemoveProtocolHardwareForm**
- 116.26 AddProtocolHardwareFormAction**
- 116.27 AddProtocolHardwareForm**
- 116.28 RemoveProtocolSoftwareFormAction**
- 116.29 RemoveProtocolSoftwareForm**
- 116.30 AddProtocolSoftwareFormAction**
- 116.31 AddProtocolSoftwareForm**
- 116.32 RemoveProtocolFormAction**
- 116.33 RemoveProtocolForm**
- 116.34 DoneProtocolFormAction**
- 116.35 ModifyHardwareGenInfoFormAction**
- 116.36 ModifySoftwareGenInfoFormAction**
- 116.37 SaveHardwareGenInfoFormAction**
- 116.38 SaveSoftwareGenInfoFormAction**
- 116.39 SaveHardwareGenInfoForm**
- 116.40 SaveSoftwareGenInfoForm**

116.41 RemoveHardwareParameterFormAction

116.42 RemoveSoftwareParameterFormAction

116.43 RemoveHardwareParameterForm

116.44 RemoveSoftwareParameterForm

116.45 AddHardwareParameterFormAction

116.46 AddSoftwareParameterFormAction

116.47 SaveHardwareParameterFormAction

116.48 SaveSoftwareParameterFormAction

116.49 SaveHardwareParameterForm

116.50 SaveSoftwareParameterForm

116.51 RemoveHardwareFormAction

116.52 RemoveSoftwareFormAction

116.53 RemoveHardwareForm

116.54 RemoveSoftwareForm

116.55 DoneHardwareFormAction

116.56 DoneSoftwareFormAction

116.57 NewHardwareFormAction

116.58 NewSoftwareFormAction

116.59 NewProtocolFormAction

116.60 SaveProtocolFormAction

116.61 SaveProtocolForm

116.62 SaveHardwareFormAction

116.63 SaveSoftwareFormAction

116.64 SaveHardwareForm

116.65 SaveSoftwareForm

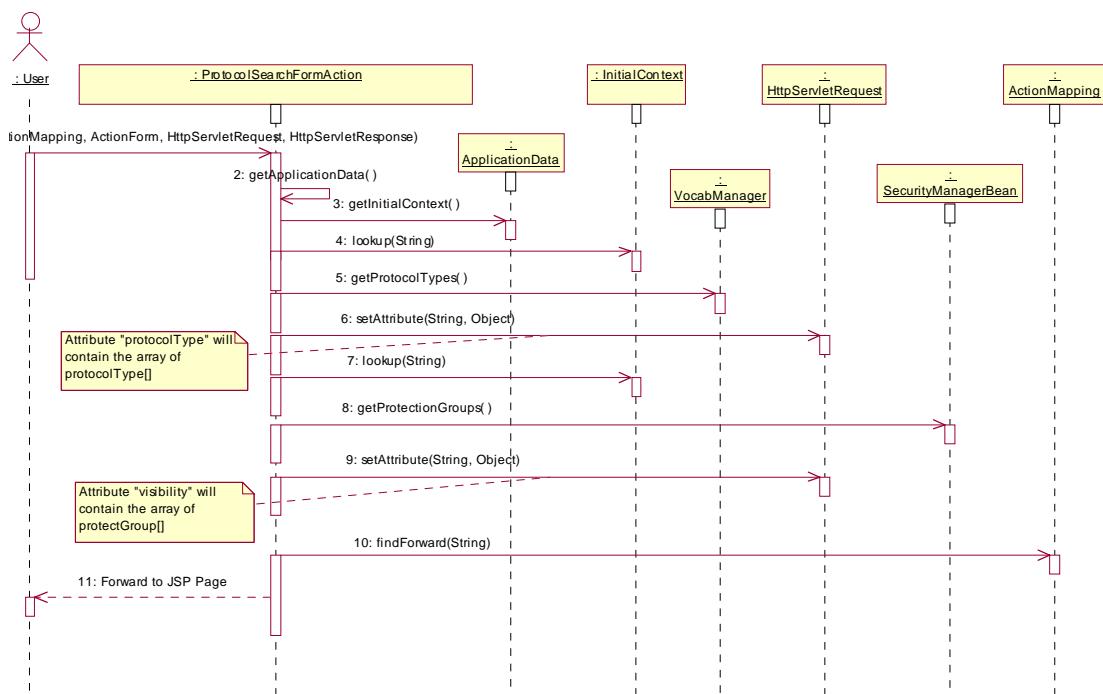
116.66 ModifyHardwareGenInfoForm

116.67 ModifyProtocolGenInfoForm

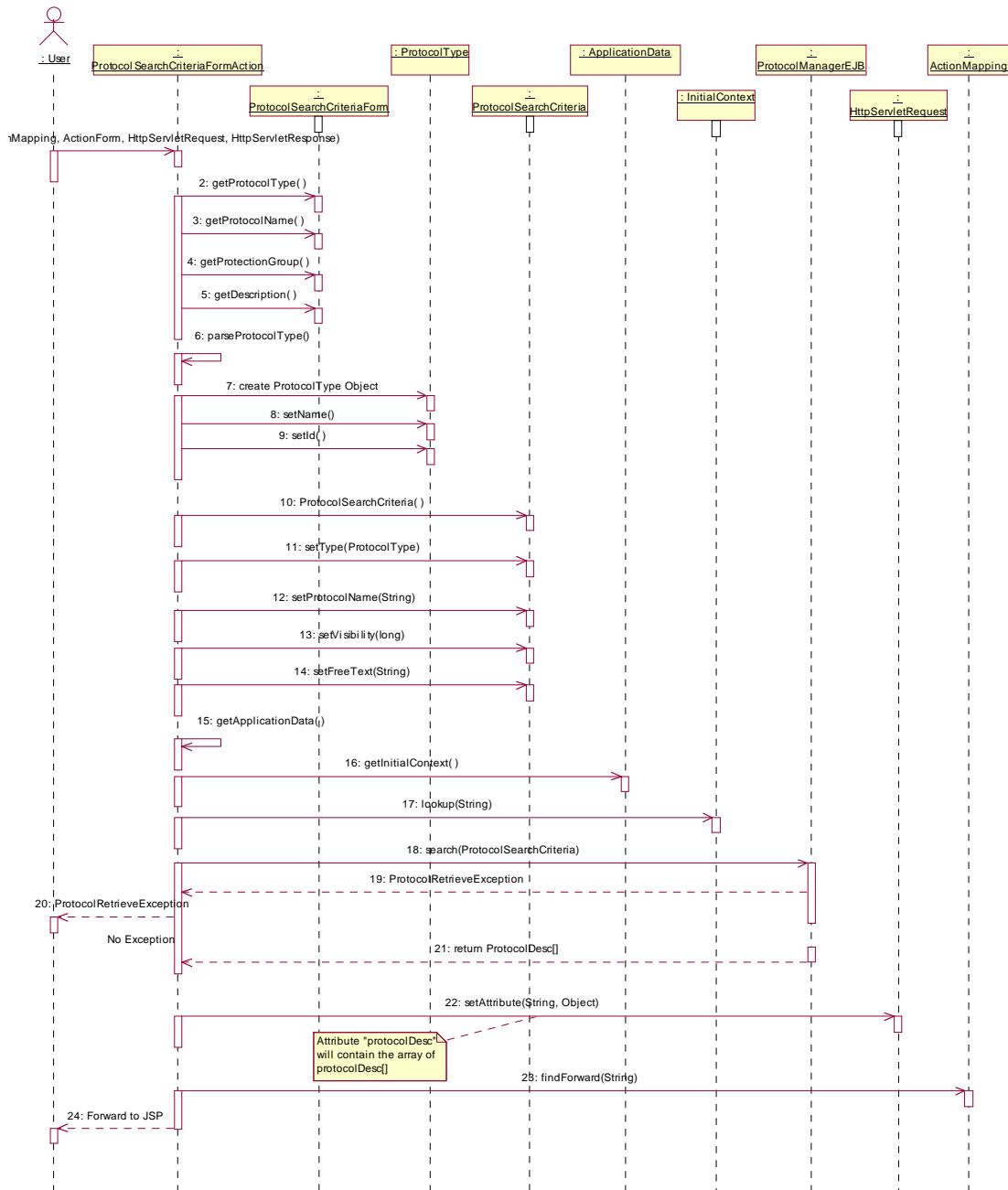
116.68 ModifySoftwareGenInfoForm

116.69

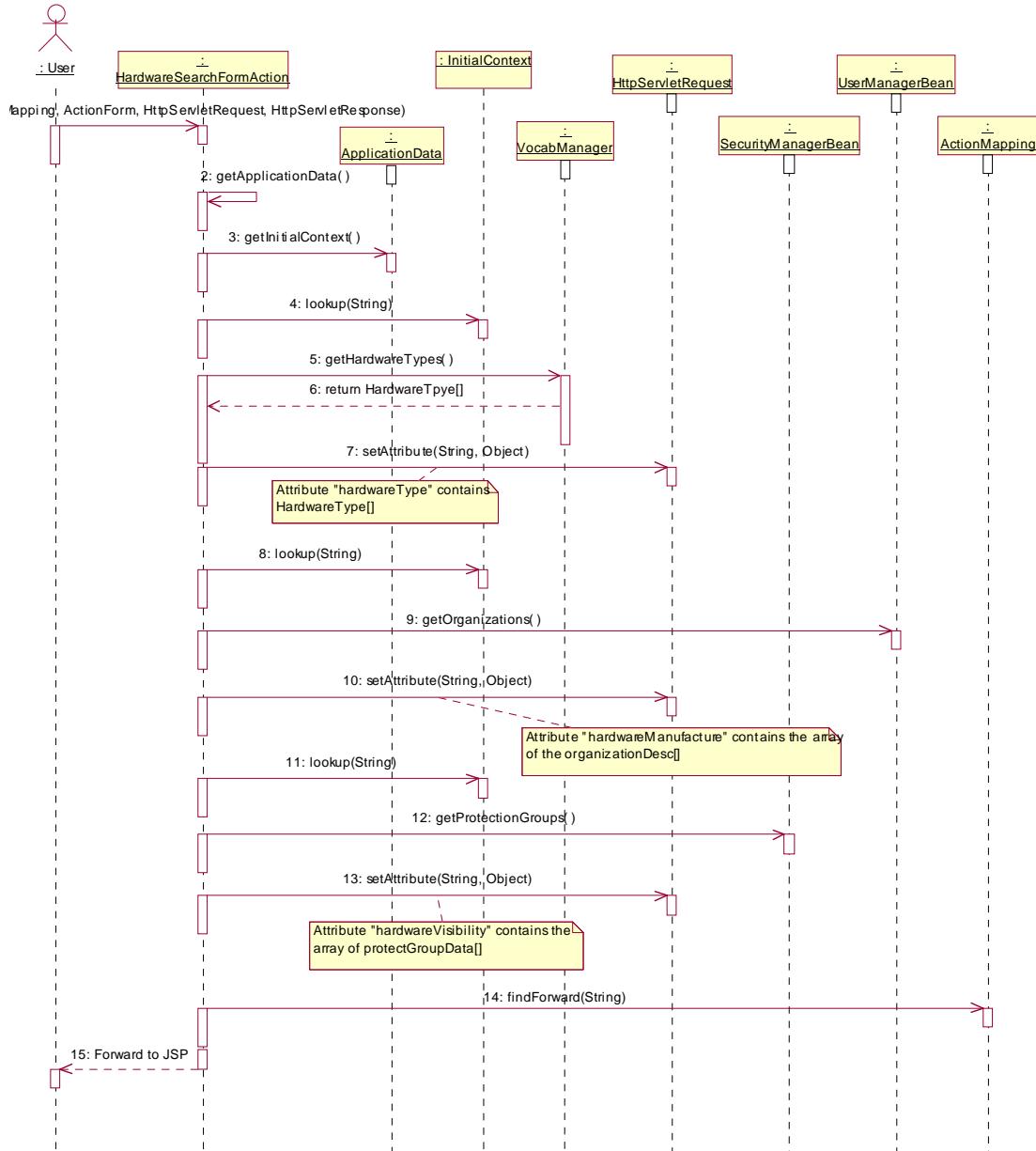
117. BuildProtocolSearchFormAction.performAction



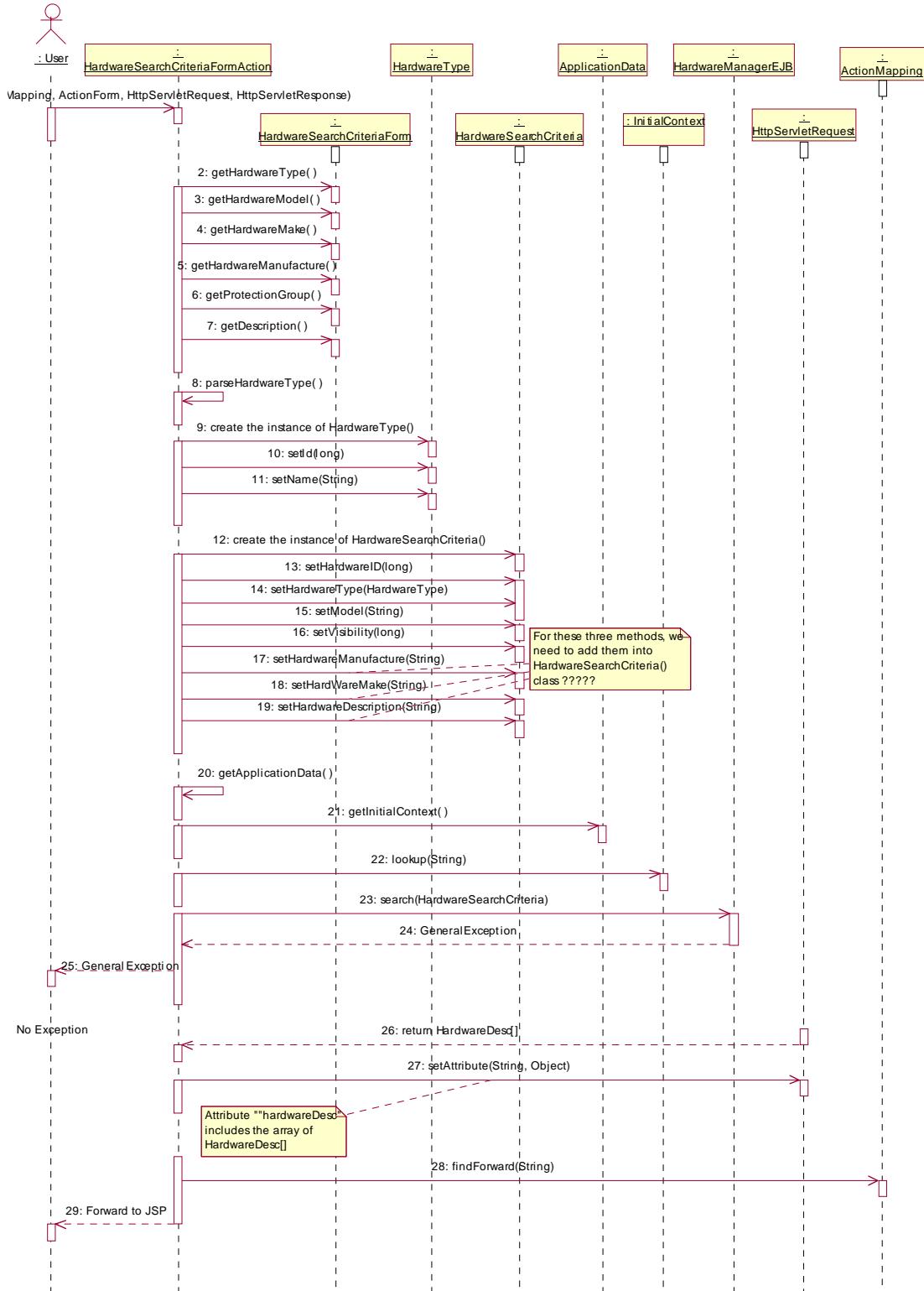
118. BuildProtocolSearchCriteriaFormAction.performAction



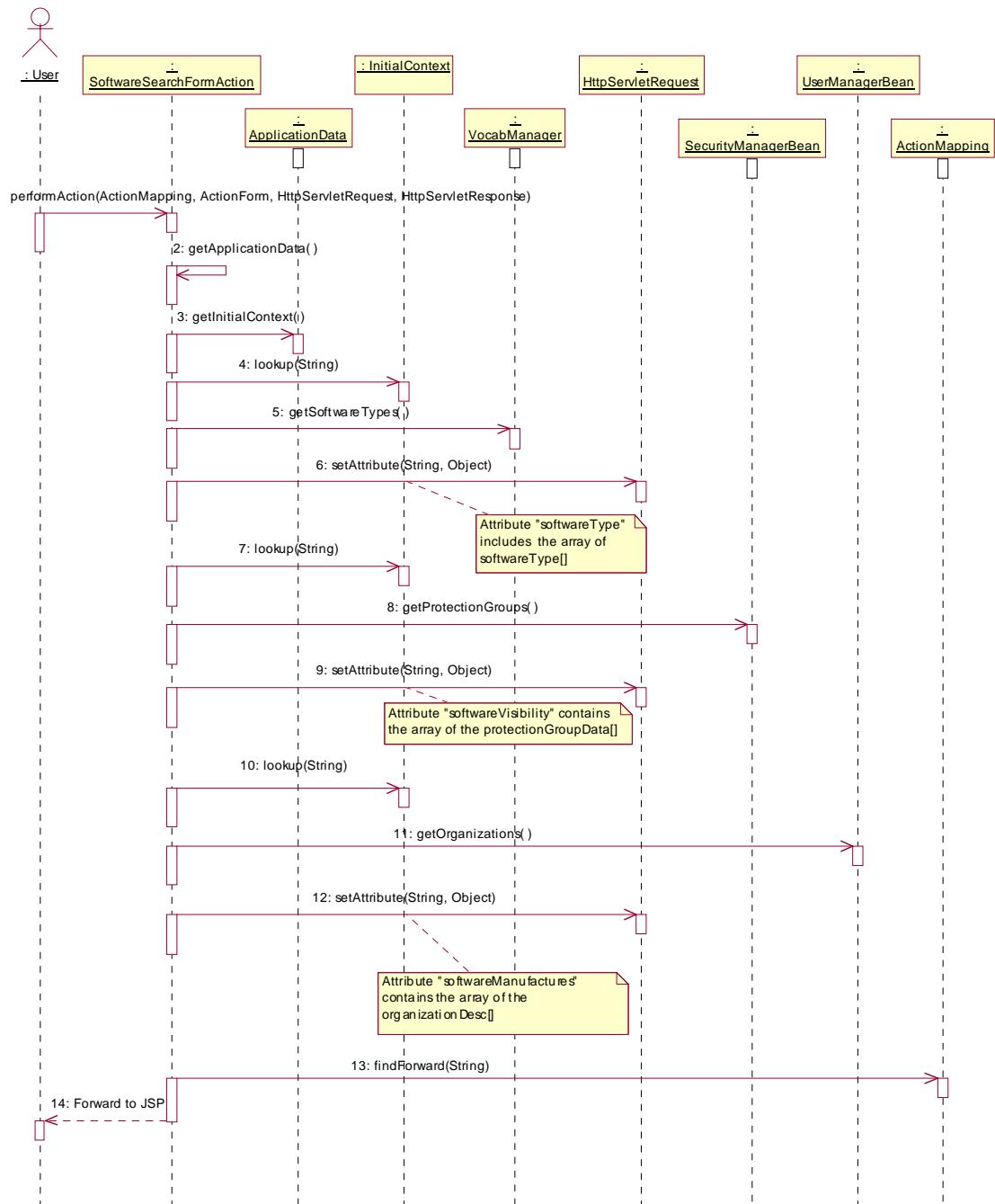
119. BuildHardwareSearchFormAction.performAction



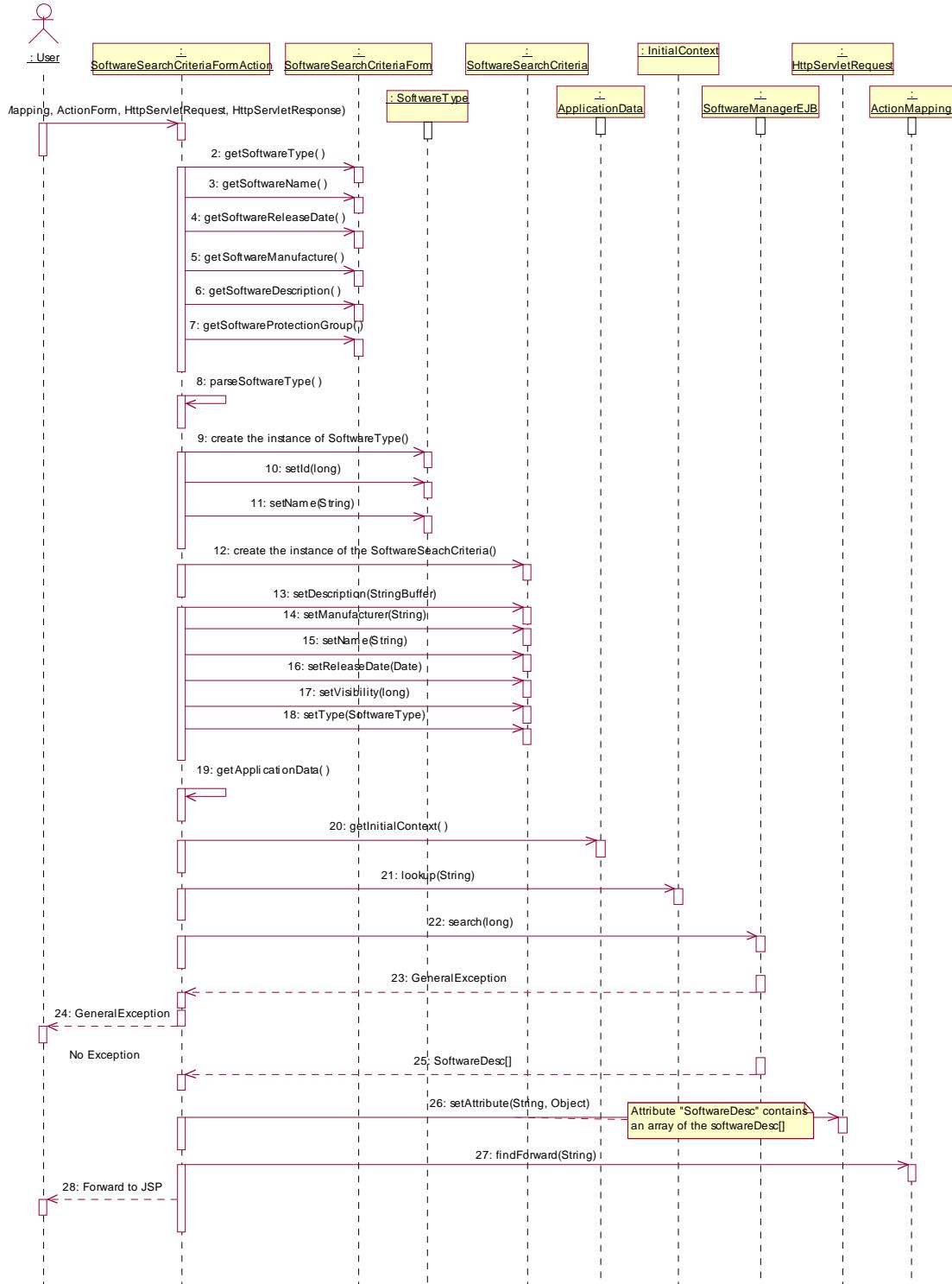
120. BuildHardwareSearchCriteriaFormAction.performAction



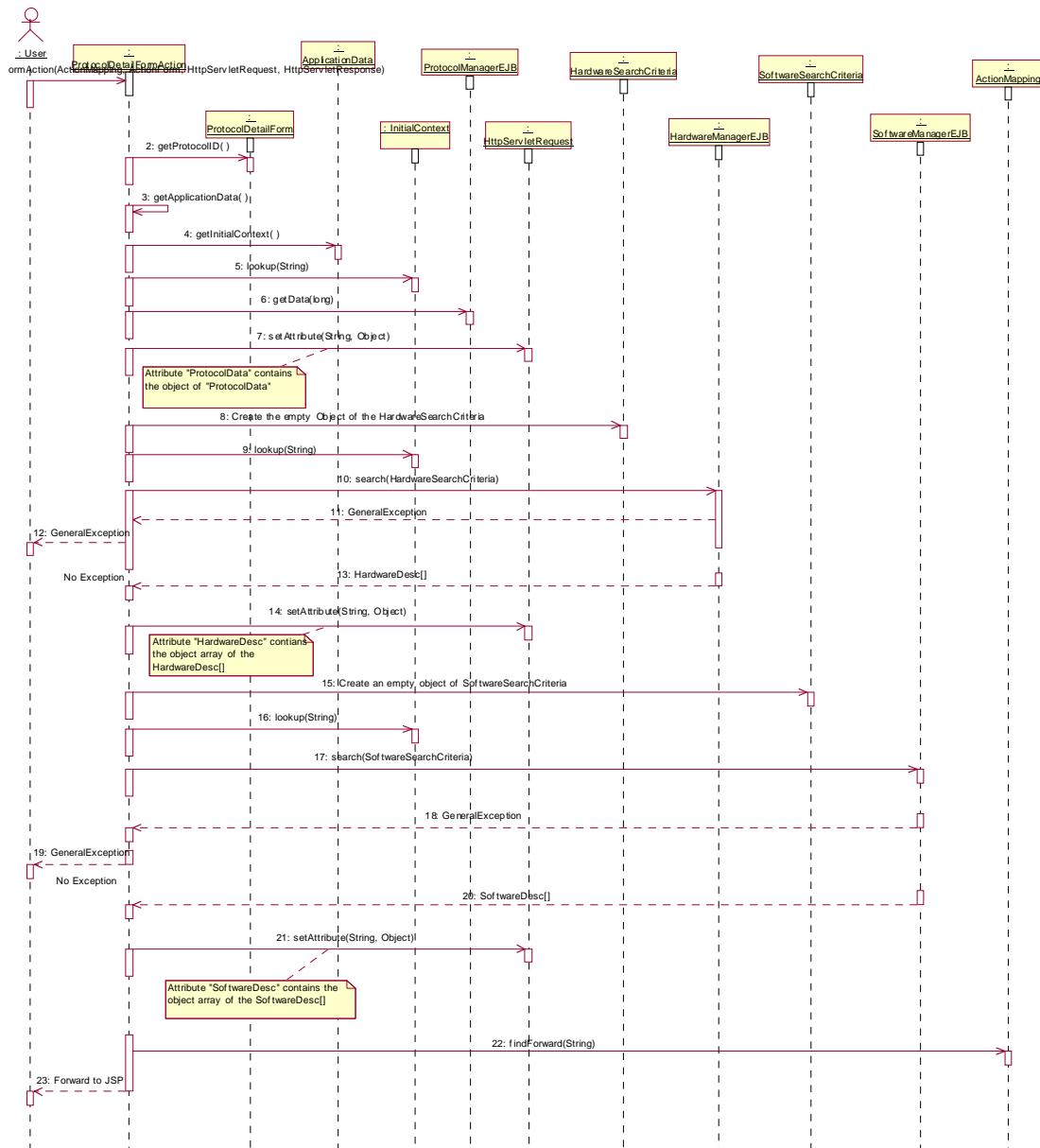
121. BuildSoftwareSearchFormAction.performAction



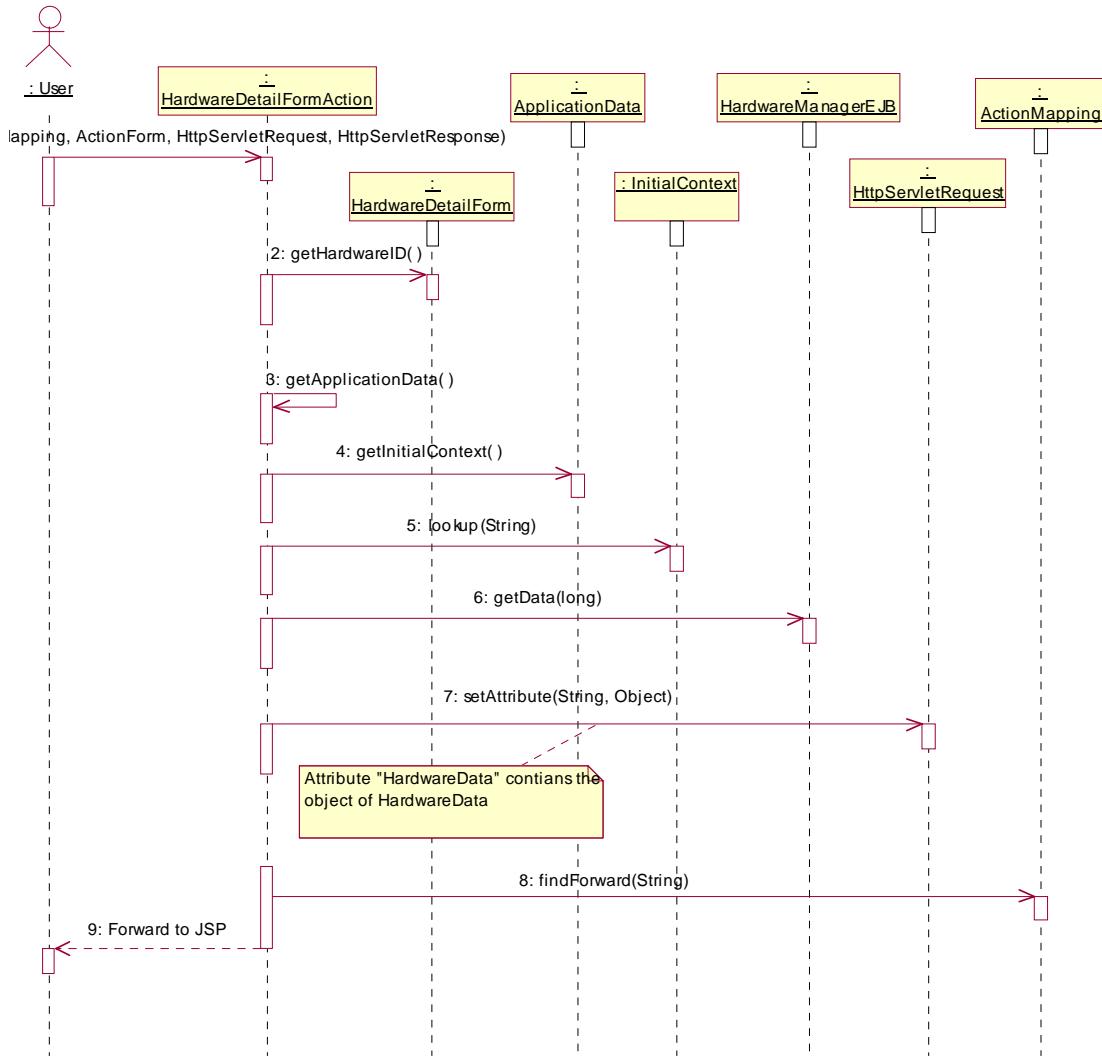
122. BuildSoftwareSearchCriteriaFormAction.performAction



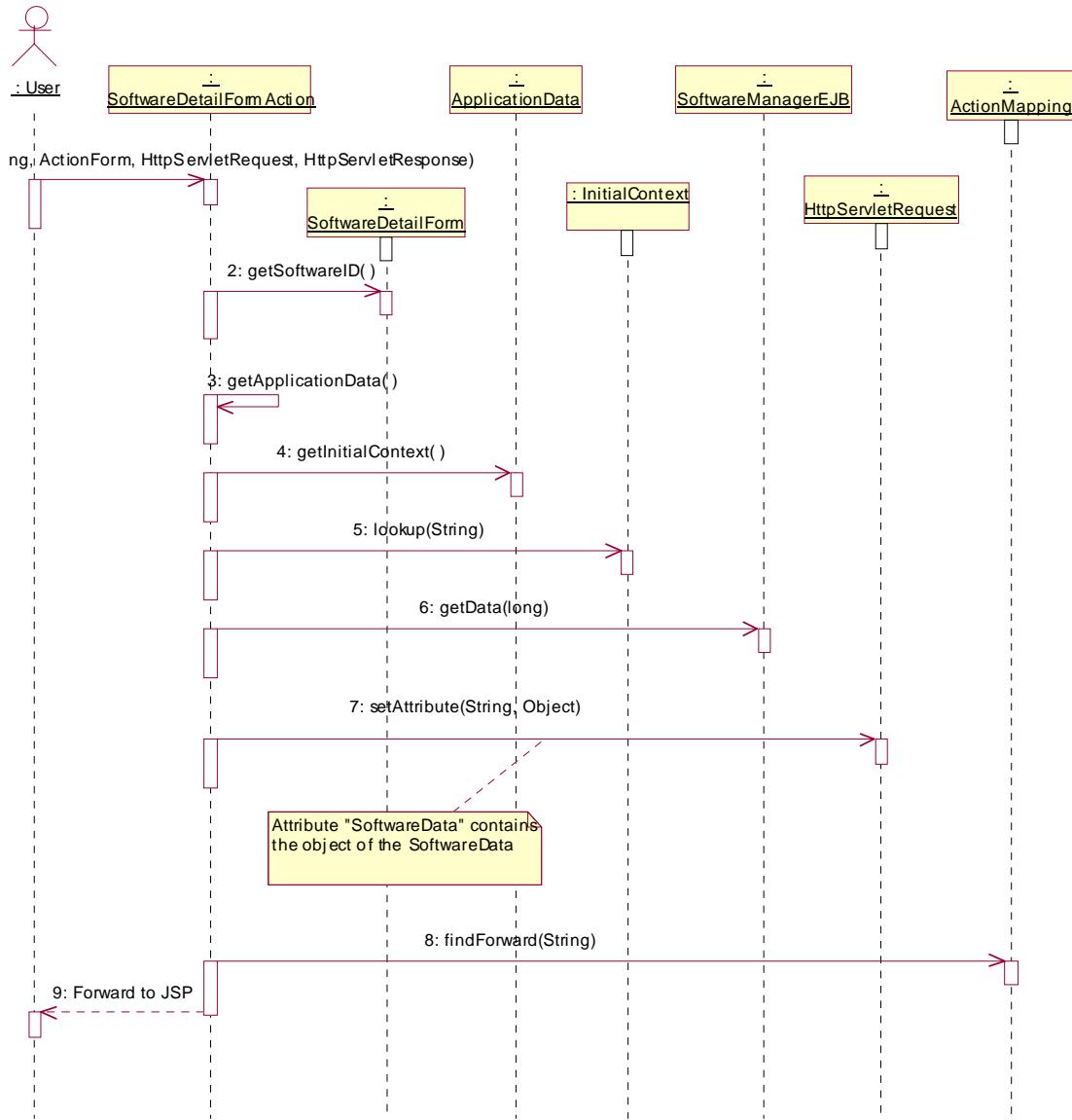
123. BuildProtocolDetailFormAction.performAction



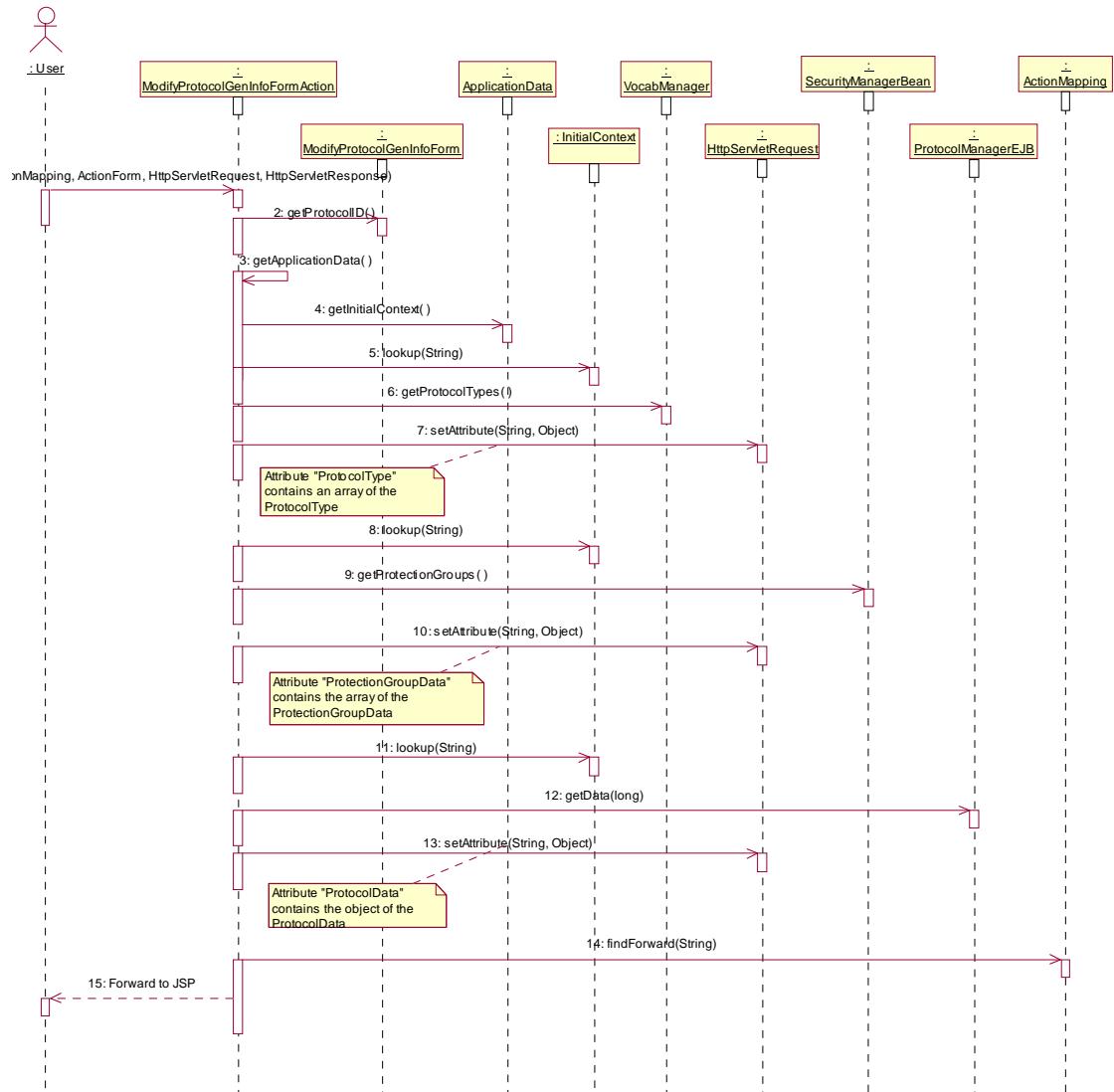
124. BuildHardwareDetailFormAction.performAction



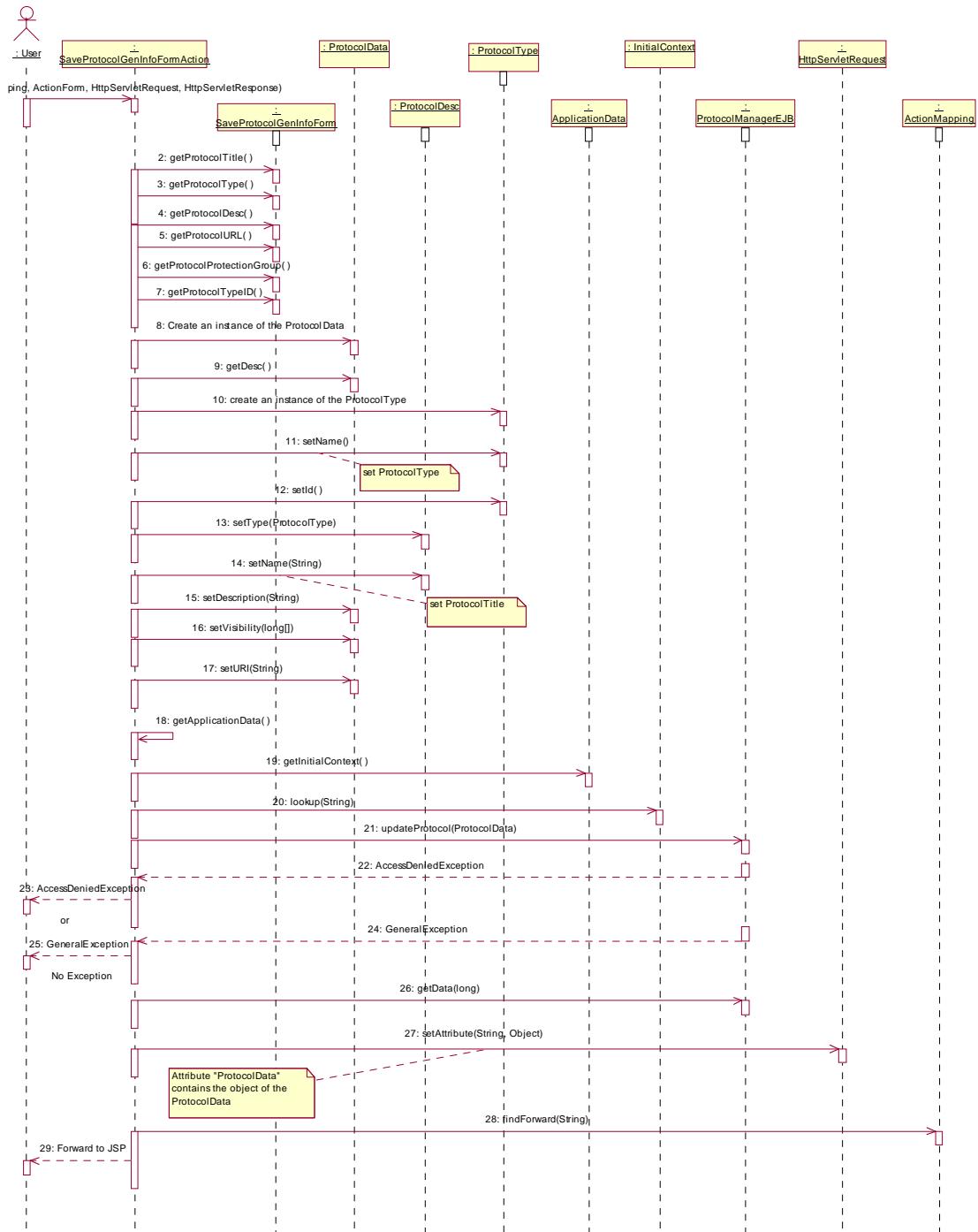
125. BuildSoftwareDetailFormAction.performAction



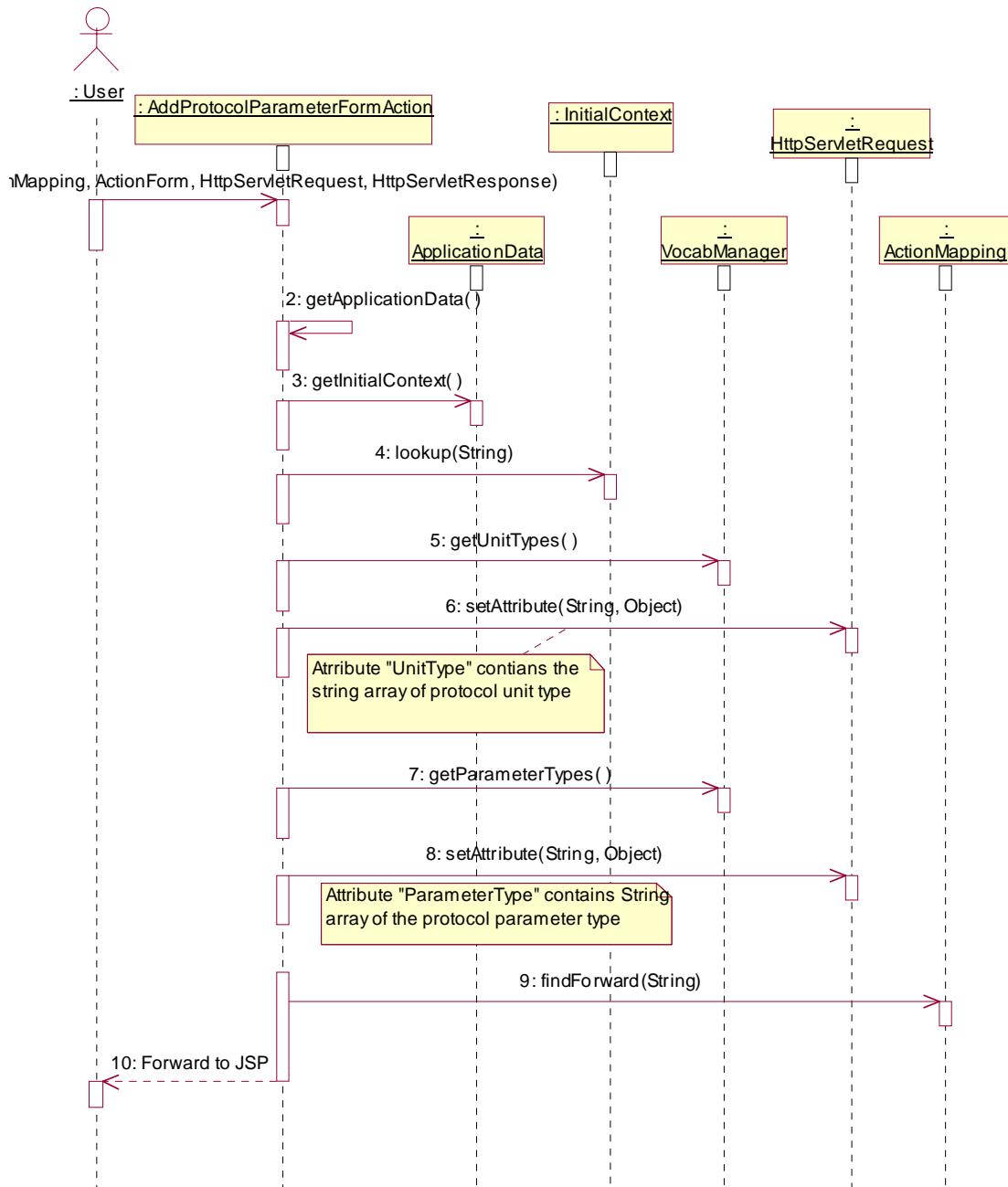
126. BuildModifyProtocolGenInfoFormAction.performAction



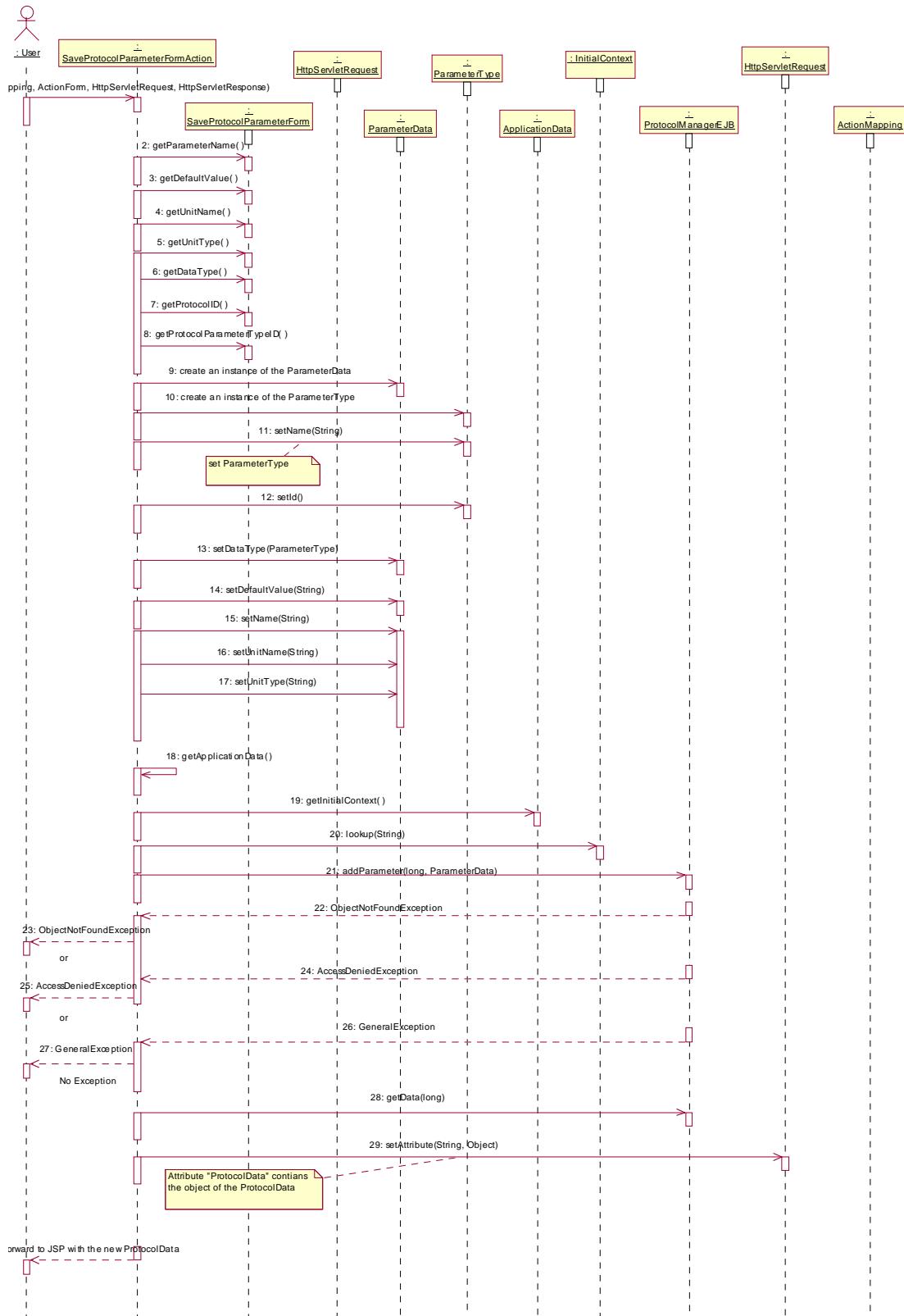
127. BuildSaveProtocolGenInfoAction.performAction



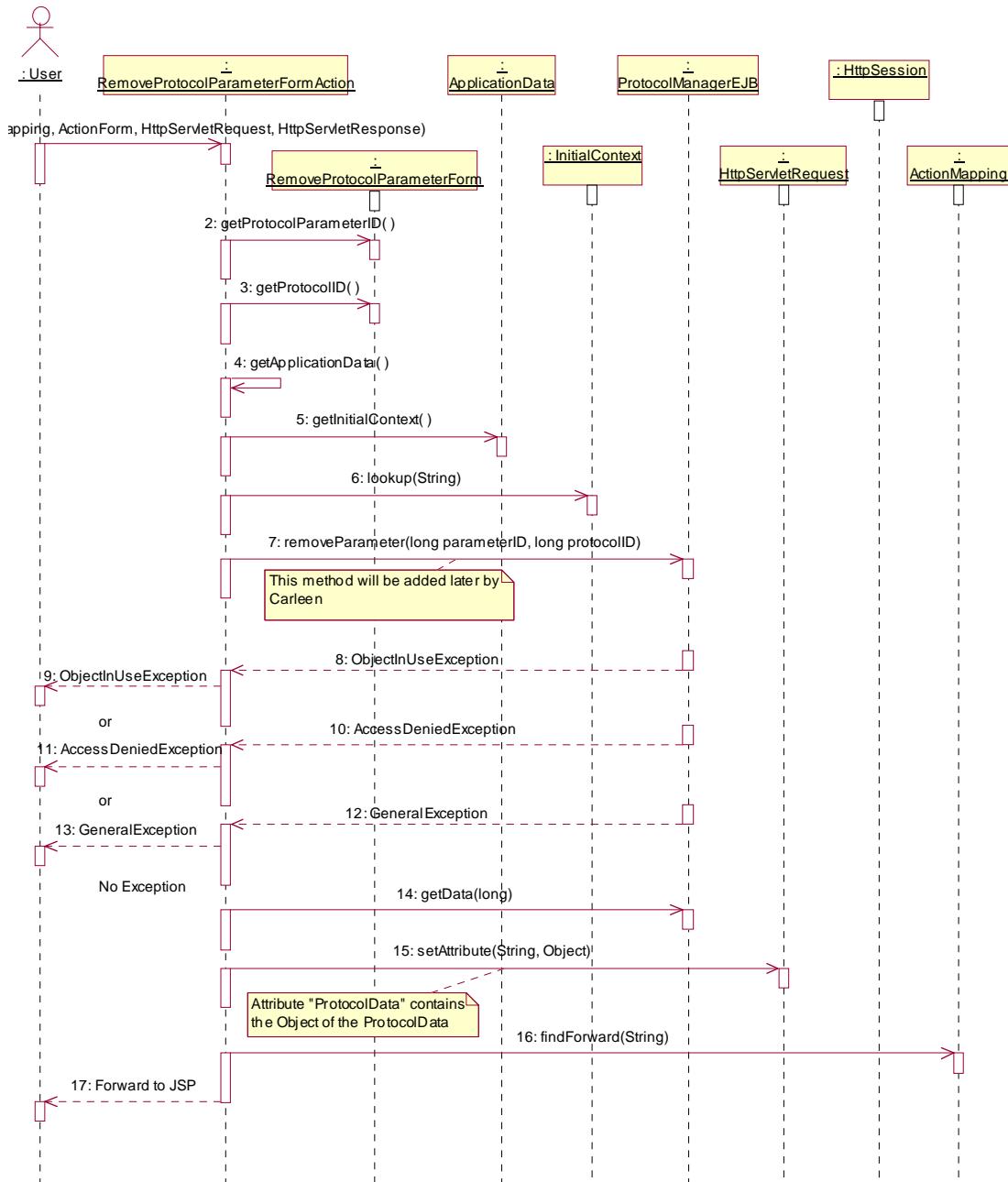
128. BuildAddProtocolParameterFormAction.performAction



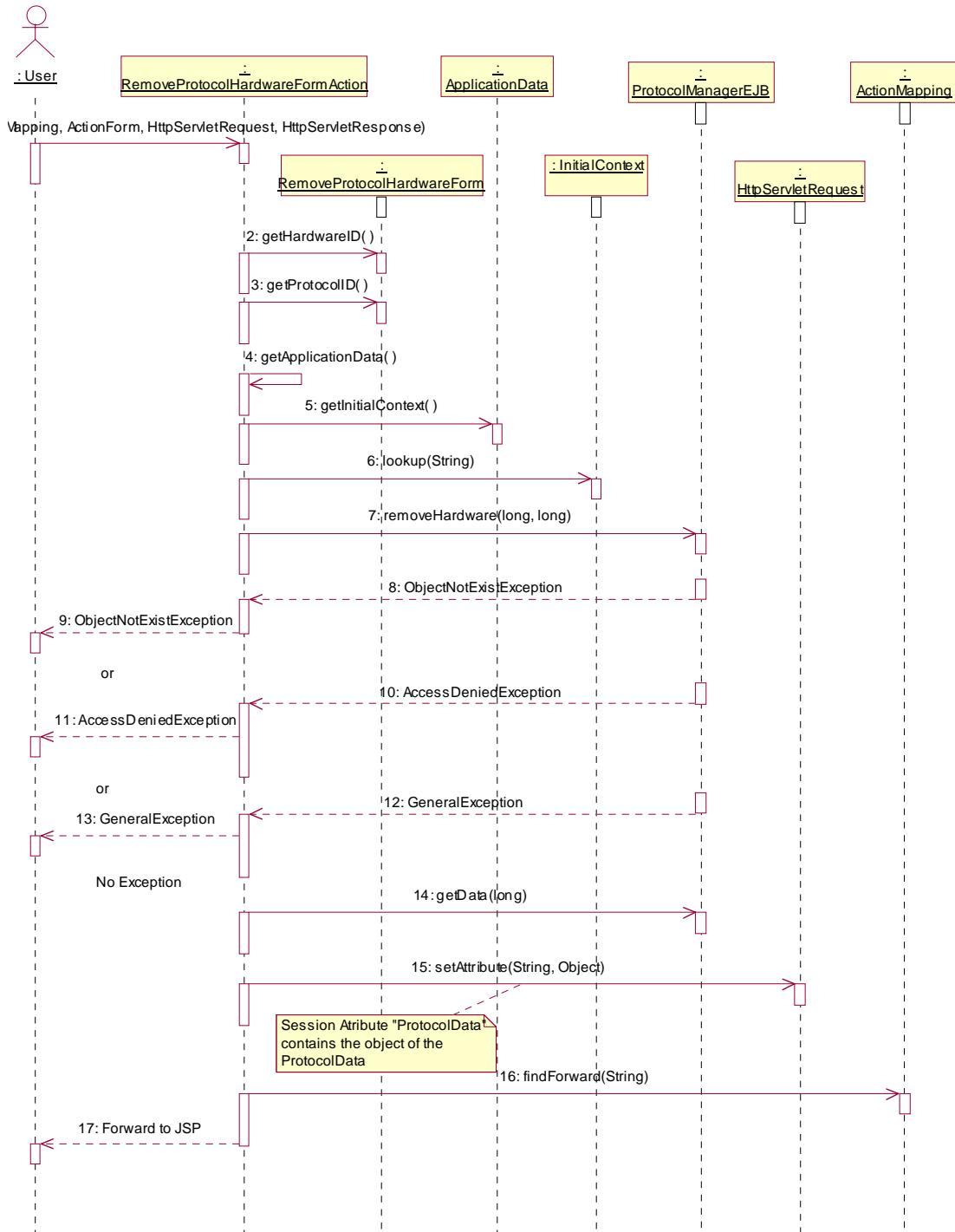
129. BuildSaveProtocolParameterFormAction.performAction



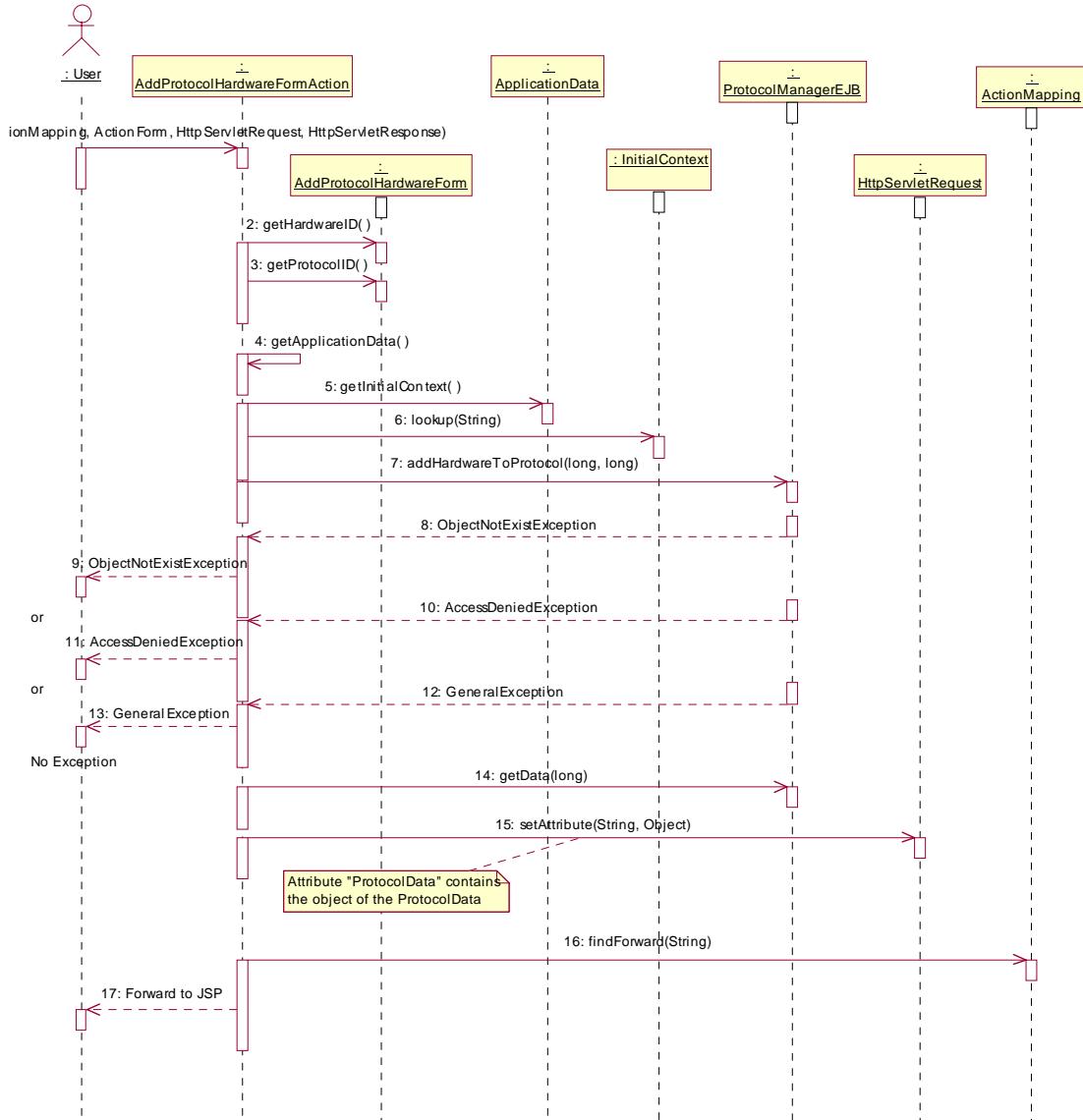
130. BuildRemoveProtocolParameterFormAction.performAction



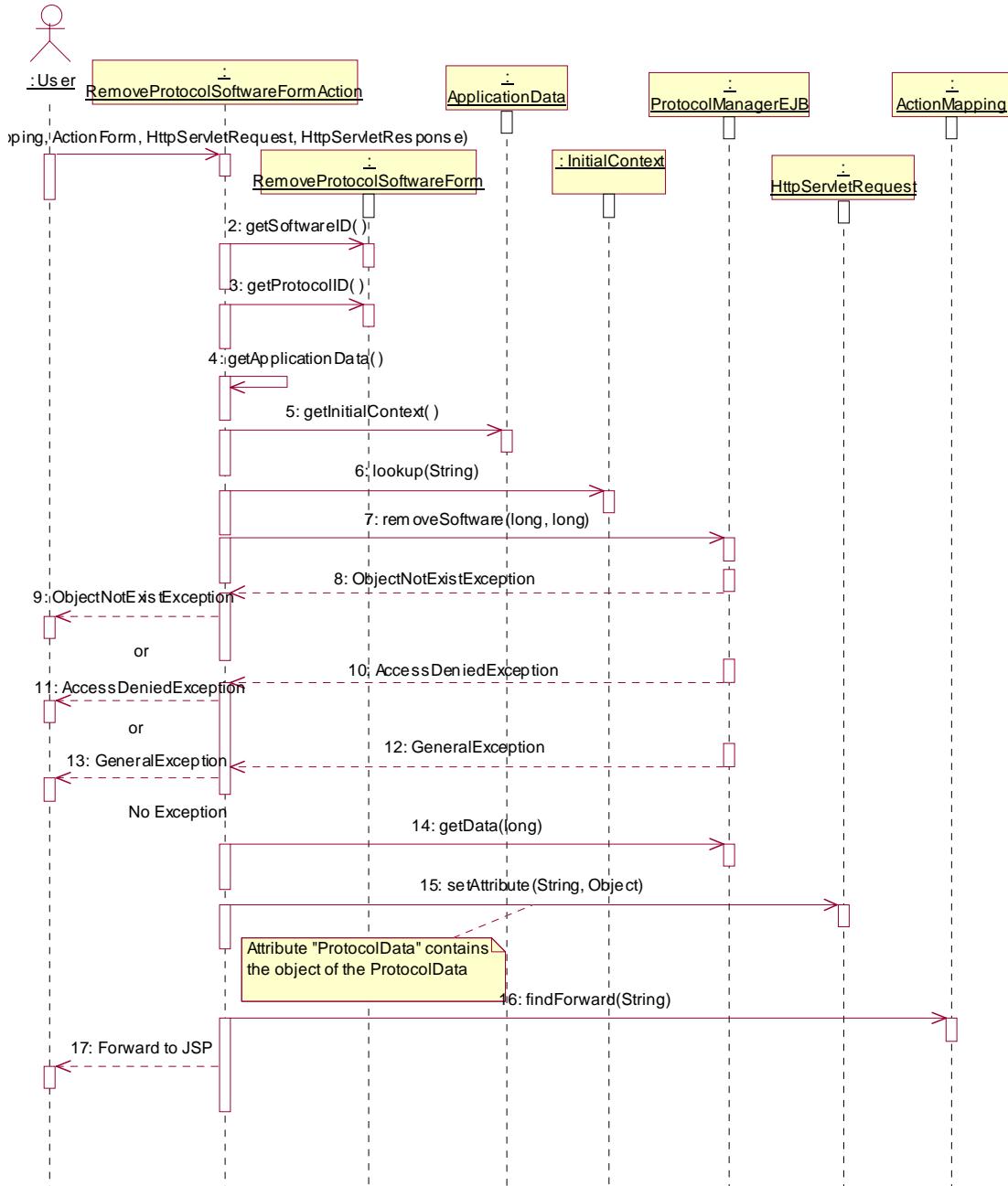
131. BuildRemoveProtocolHardwareFormAction.performAction



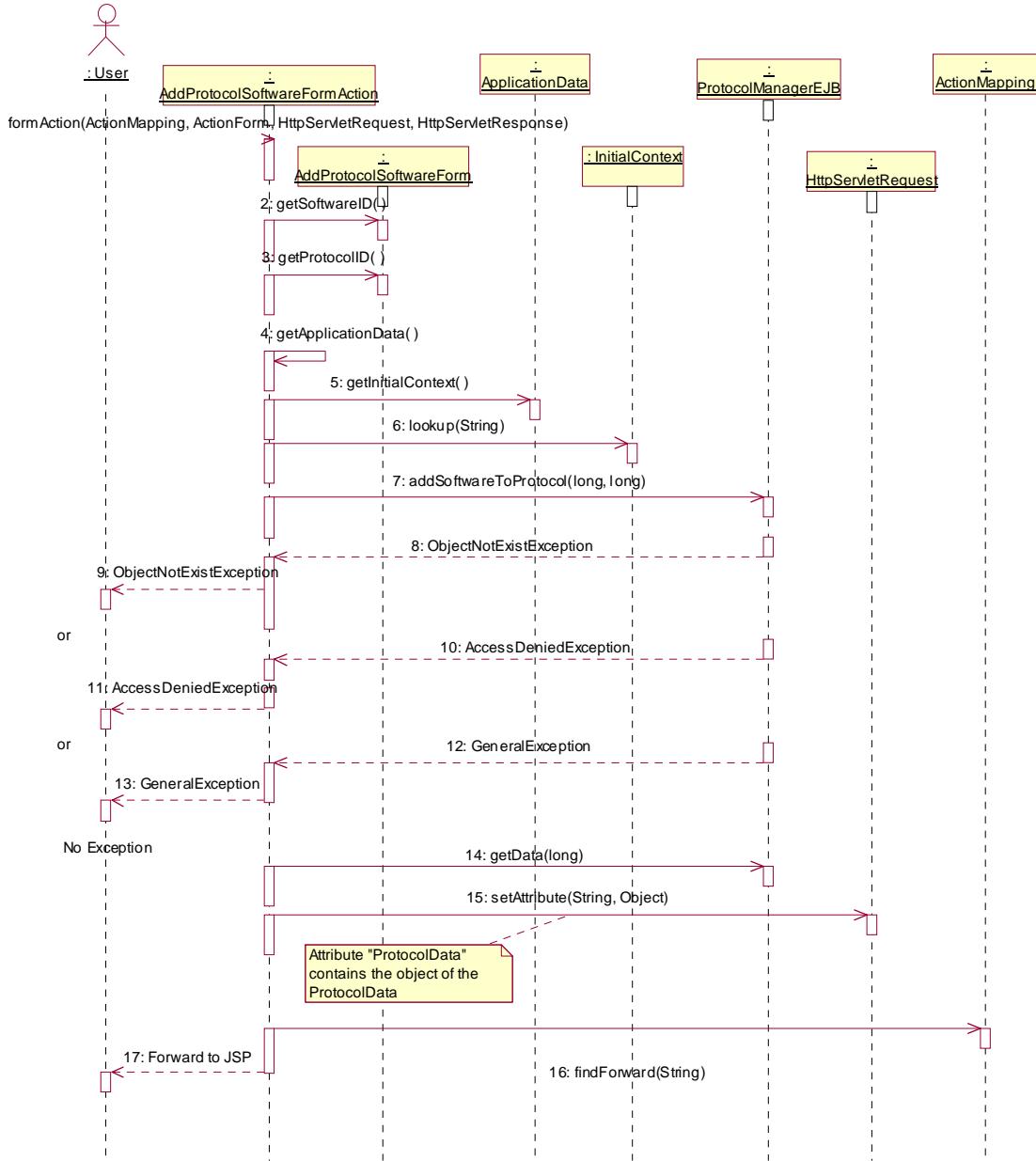
132. BuildAddProtocolHardwareFormAction.performAction



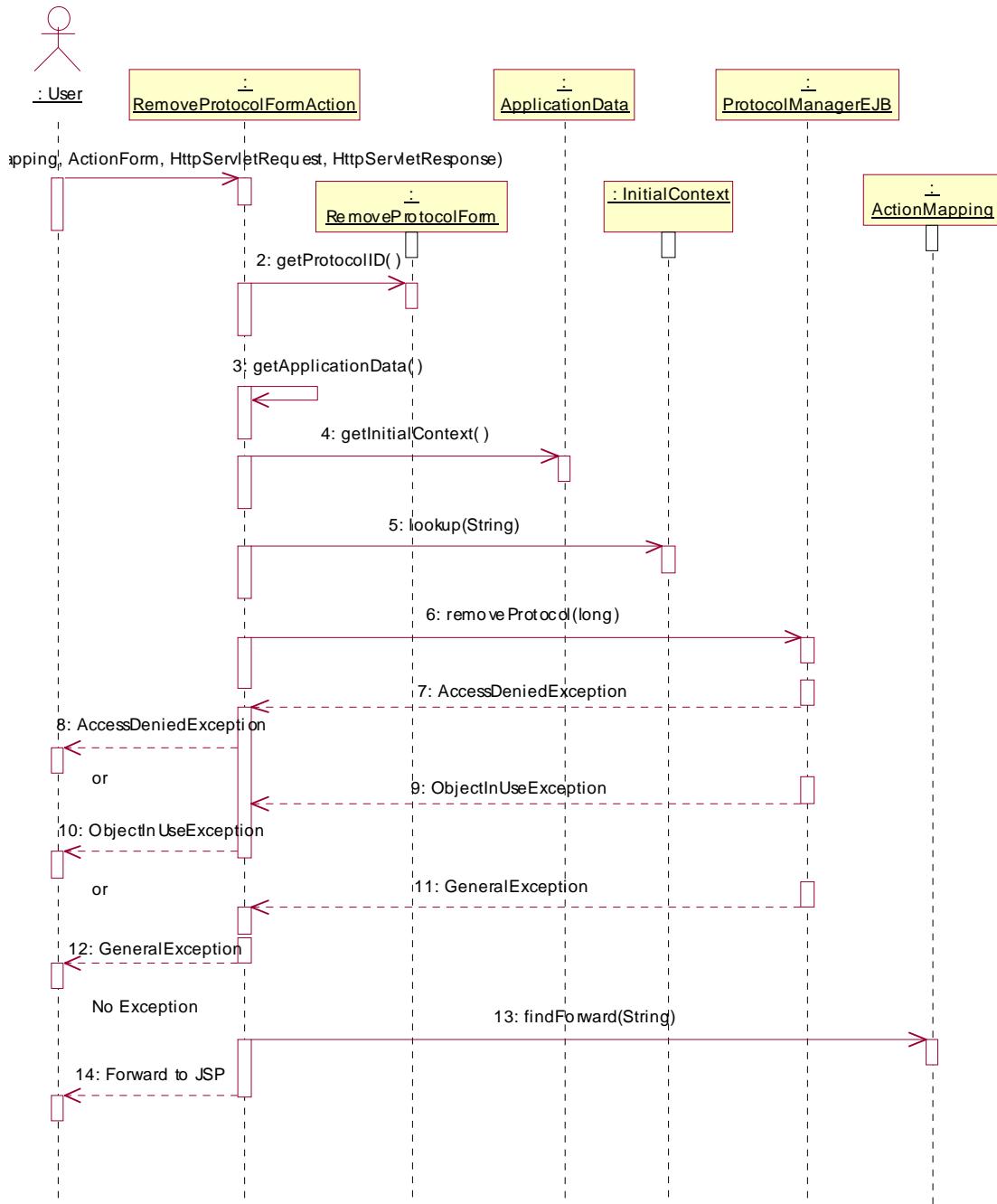
133. BuildRemoveProtocolSoftwareFormAction.PerformAction



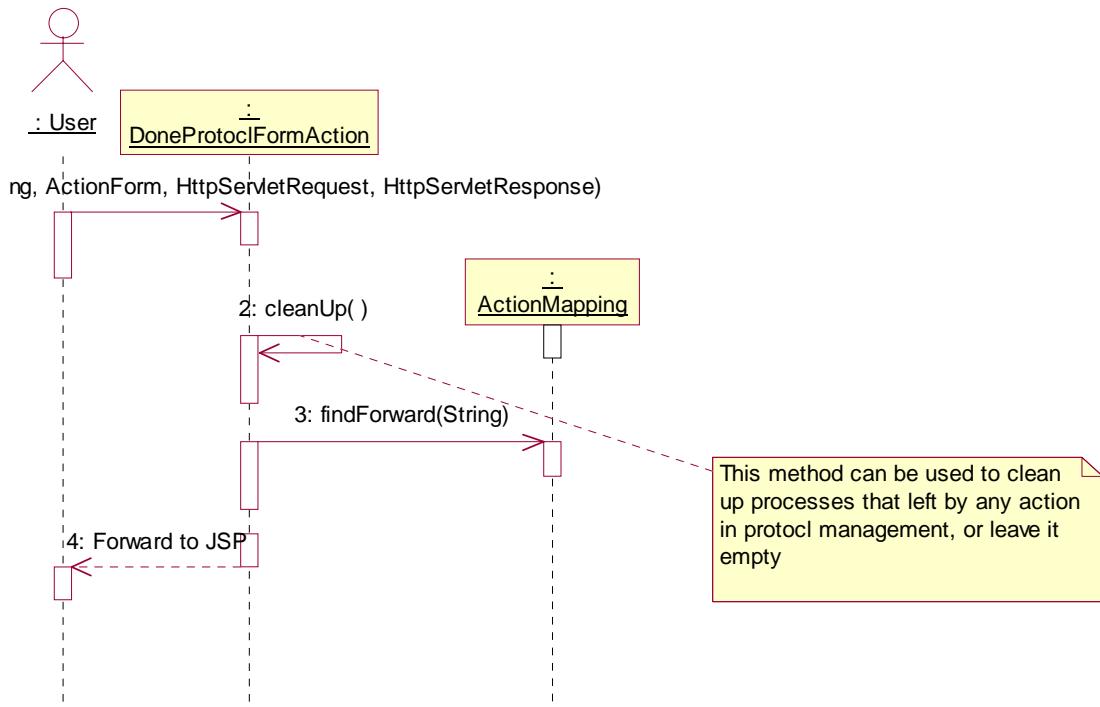
134. BuildAddProtocolSoftwareFormAction.performAction



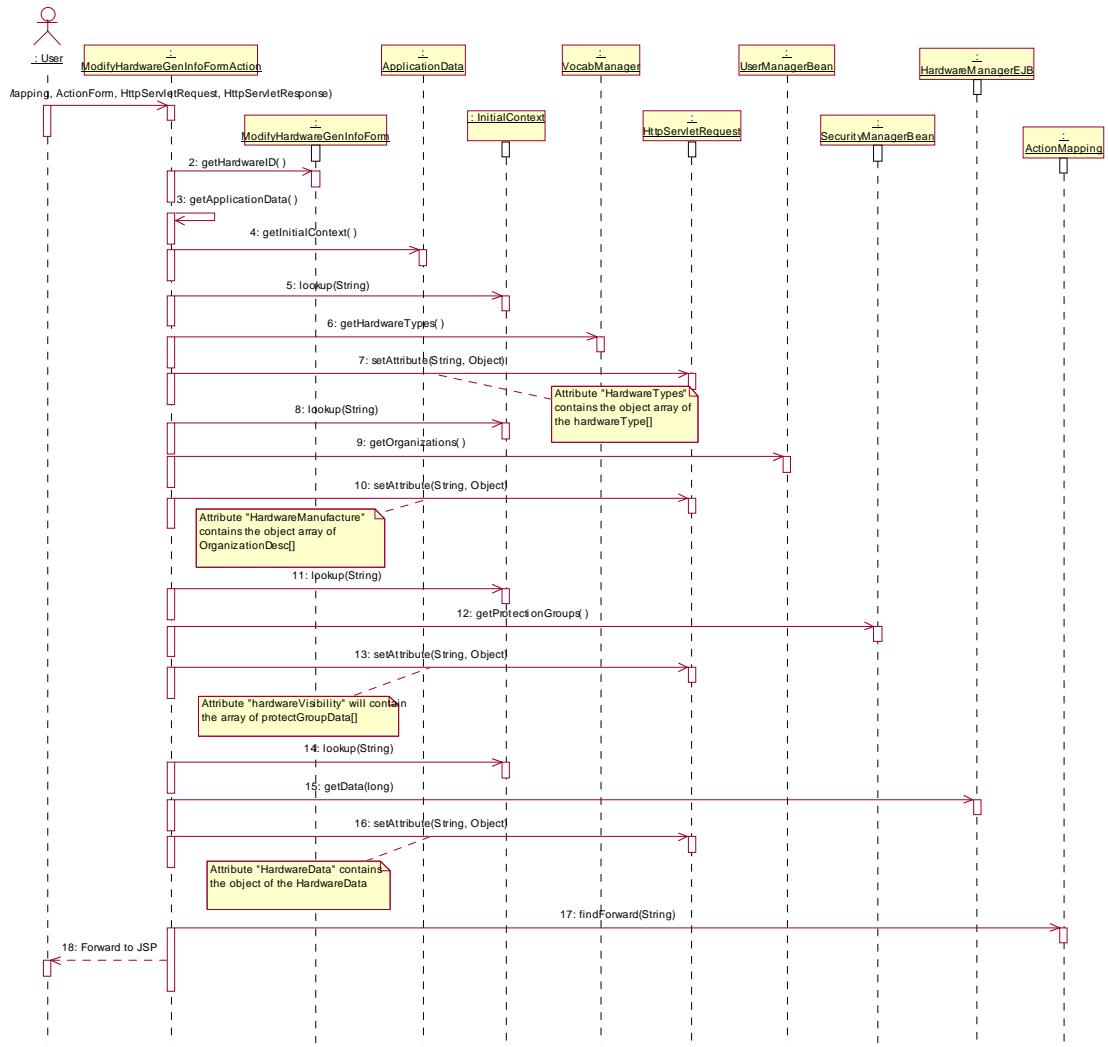
135. BuildRemoveProtocolFormAction.performAction



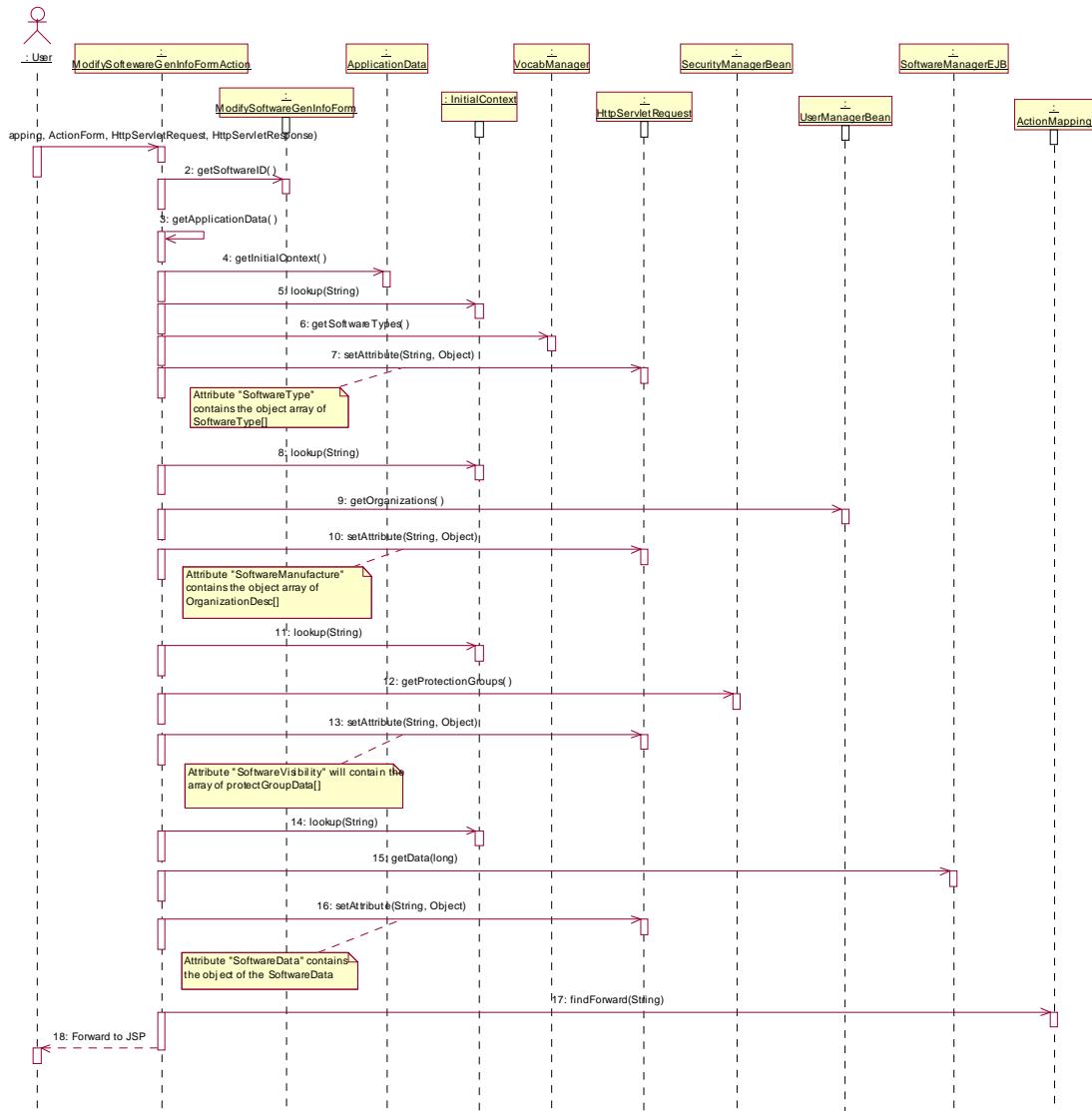
136. BuildDoneProtocolFormAction.performAction



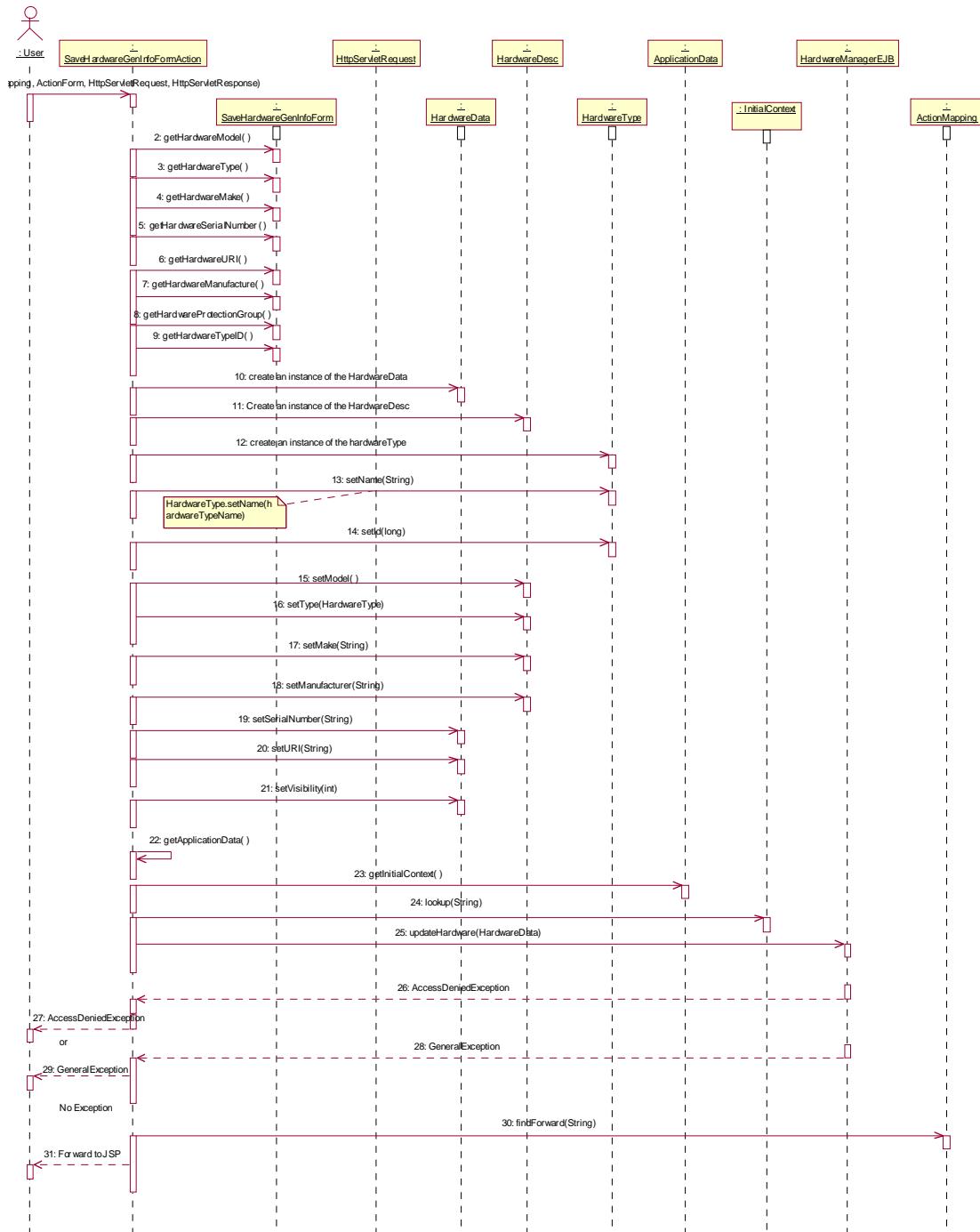
137. BuildModifyHardwareGenInfoFormAction.performAction



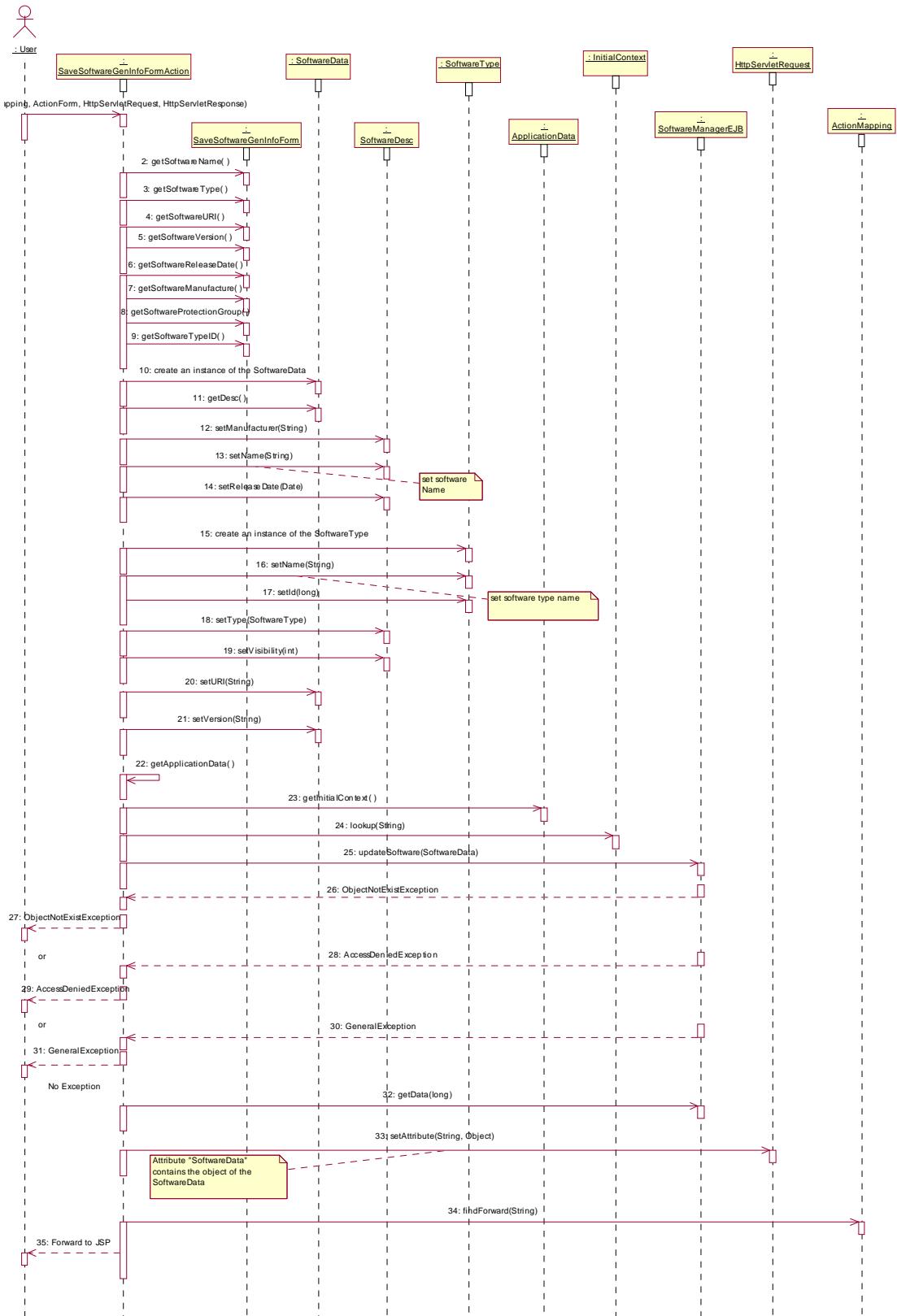
138. BuildModifySoftwareGenInfoFormAction.performAction



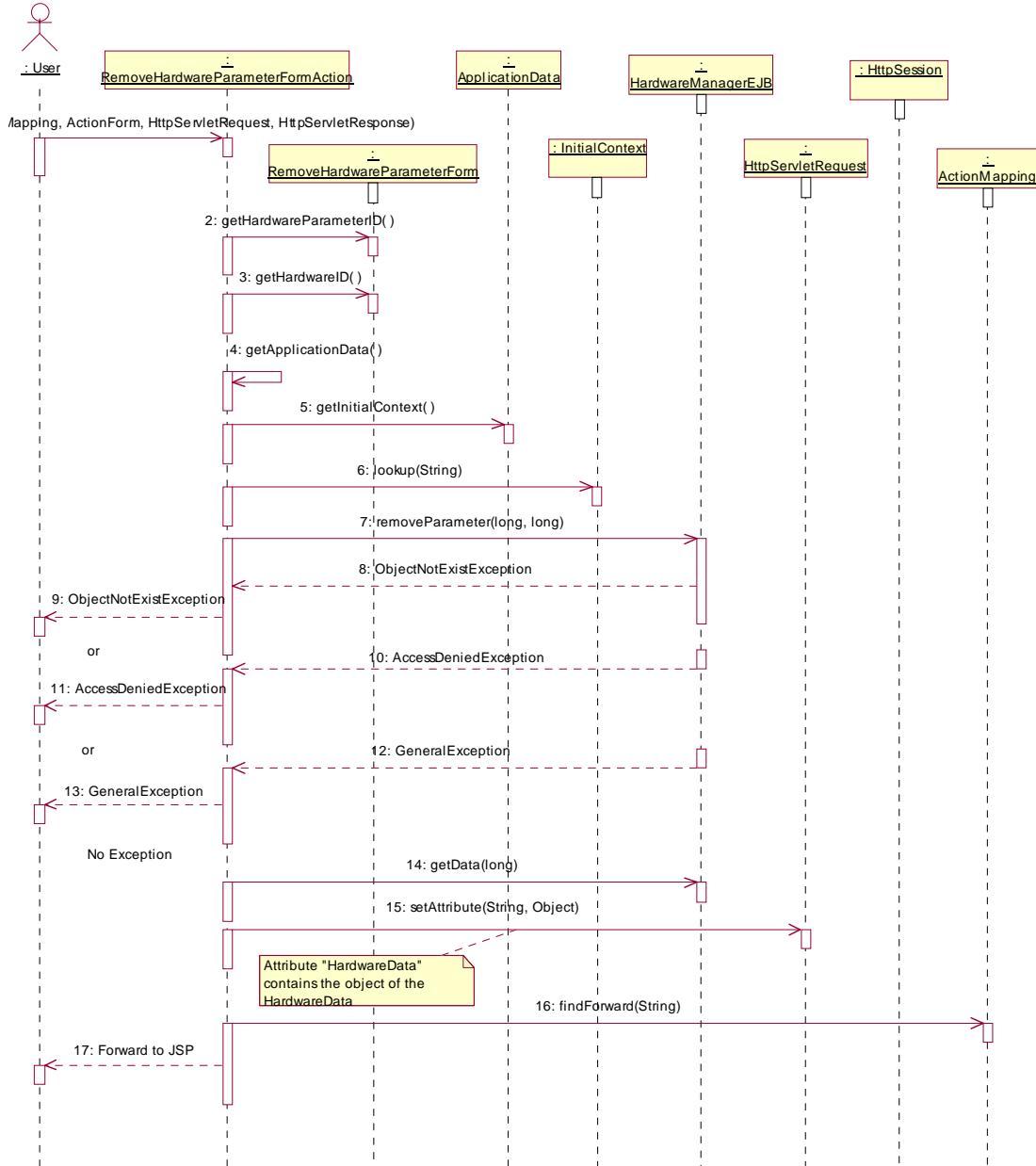
139. BuildSaveHardwareGenInfoFormAction.performAction



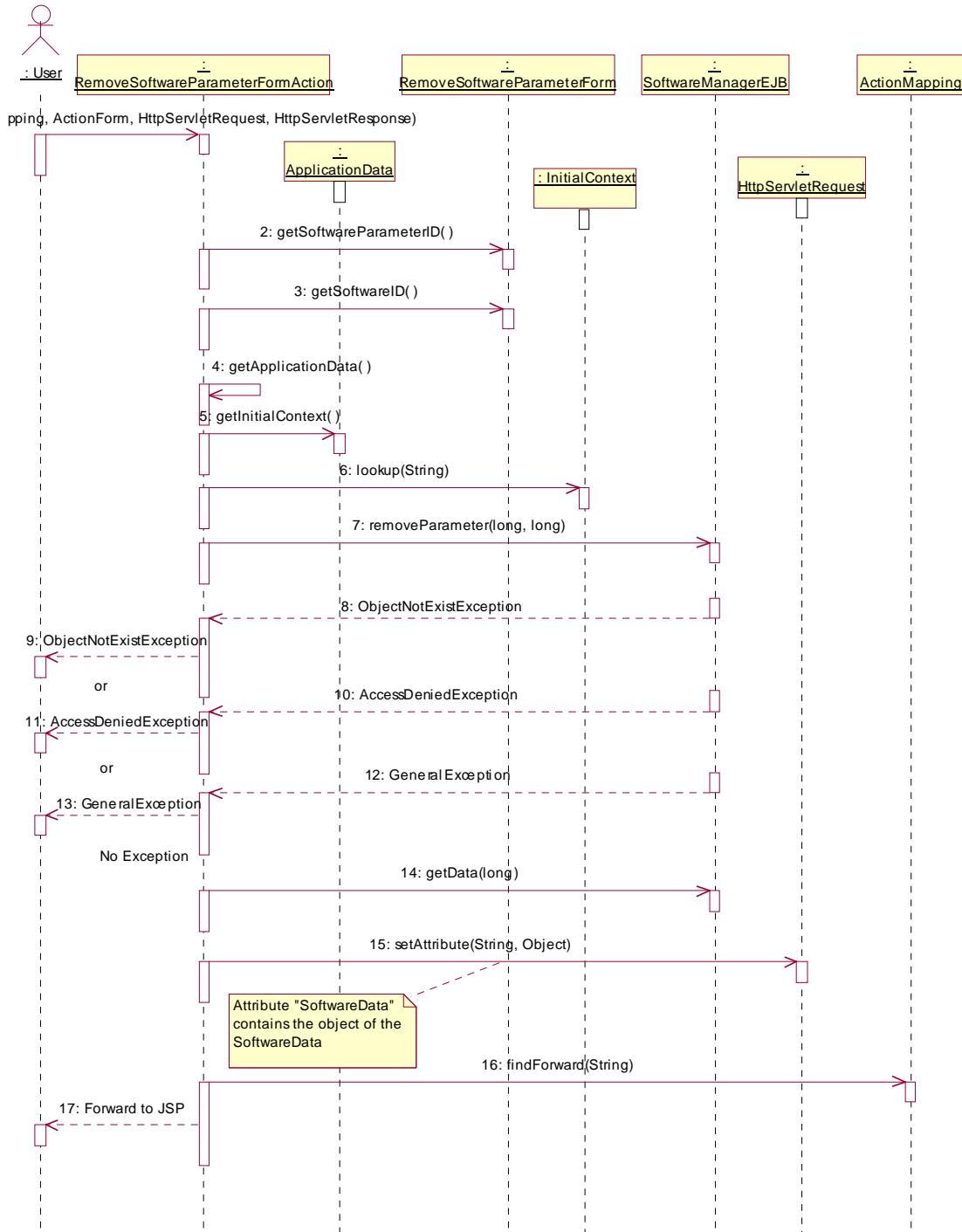
140. BuildSaveSoftwareGenInfoFormAction.performAction



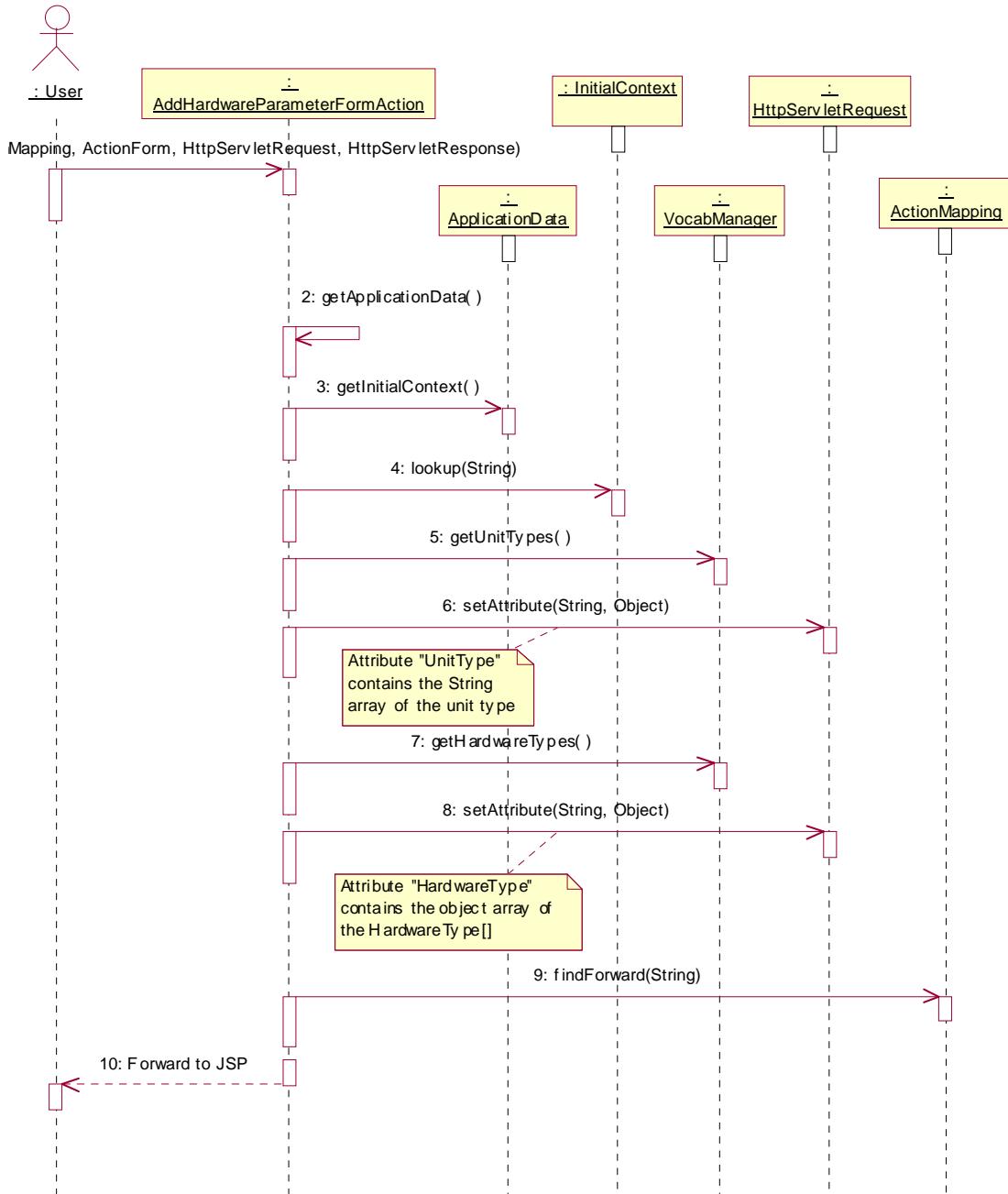
141. BuildRemoveHardwareParameterFormAction.performAction



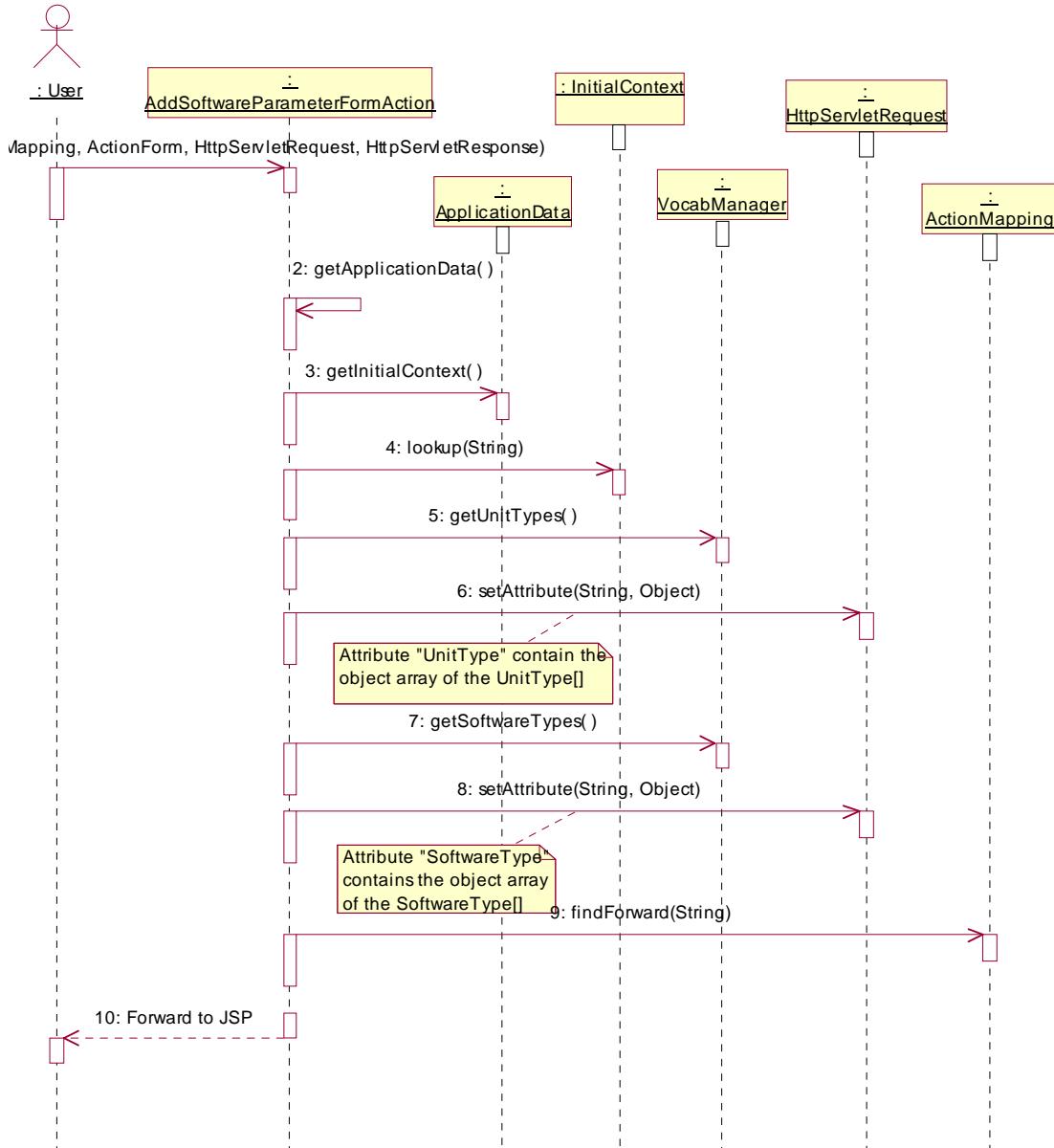
142. BuildRemoveSoftwareParameterFormAction.performAction



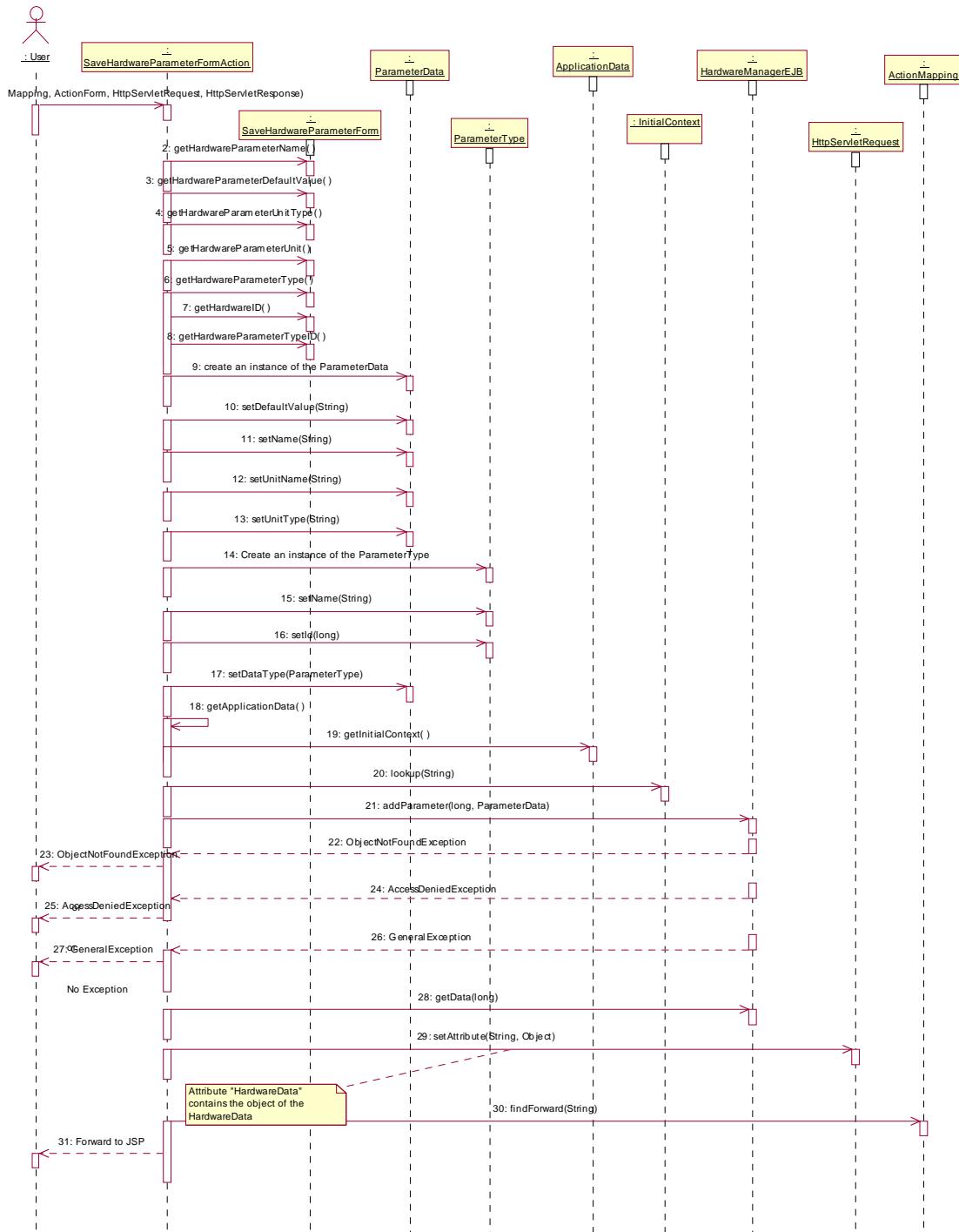
143. BuildAddHardwareParameterFormAction.performAction



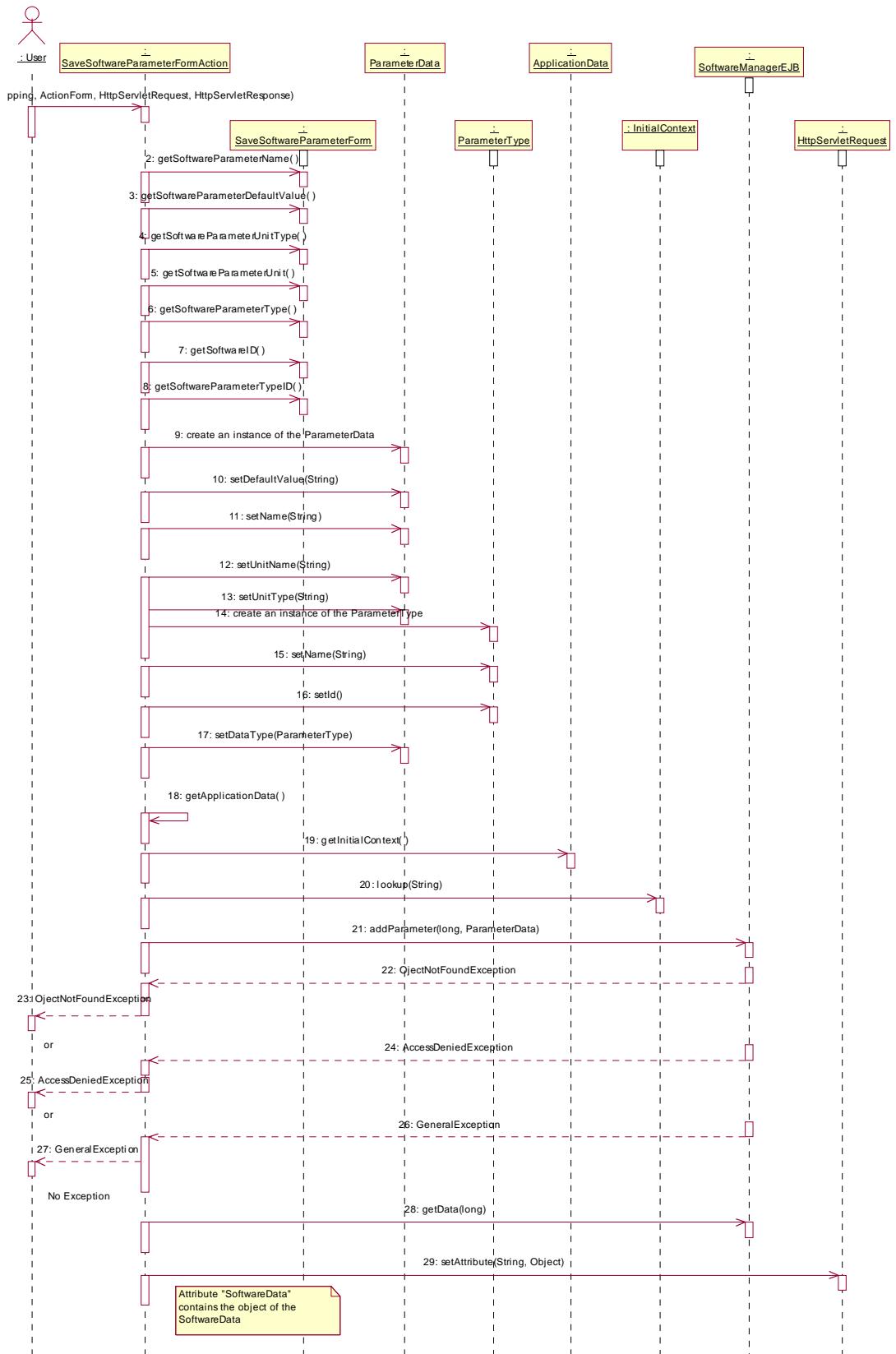
144. BuildAddSoftwareParameterFormAction.performAction



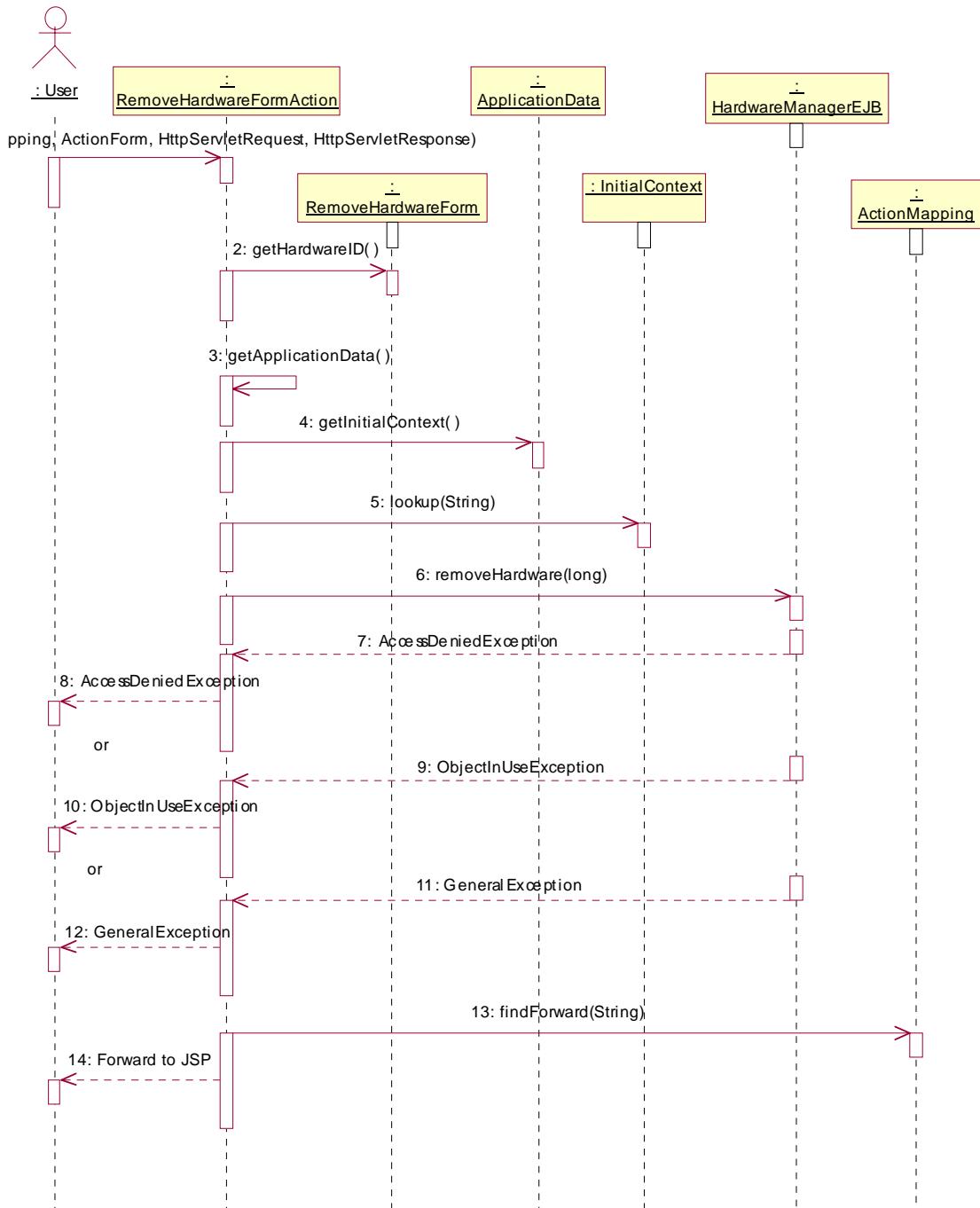
145. BuildSaveHardwareParameterFormAction.performAction



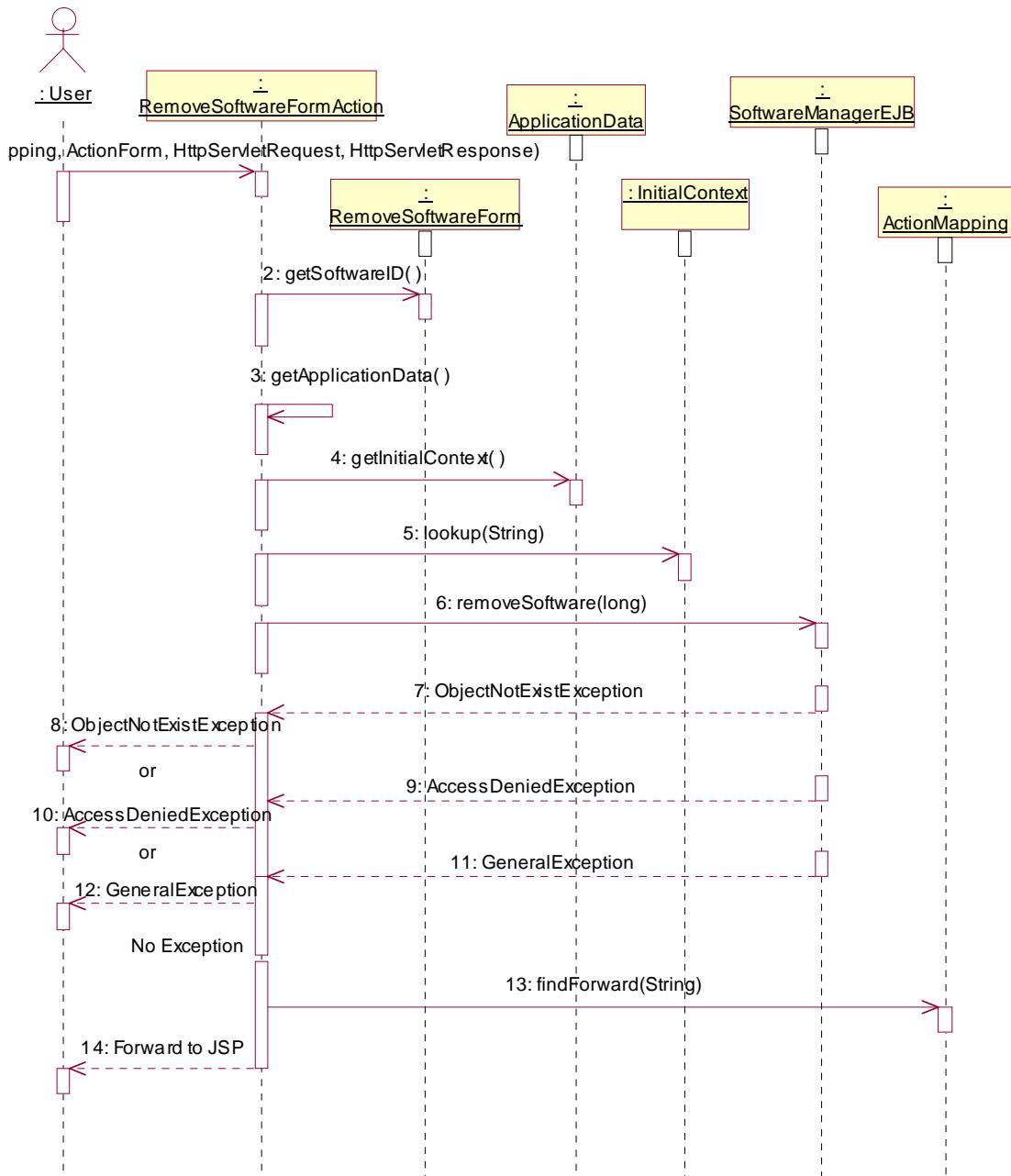
146. BuildSaveSoftwareParameterFormAction.performAction



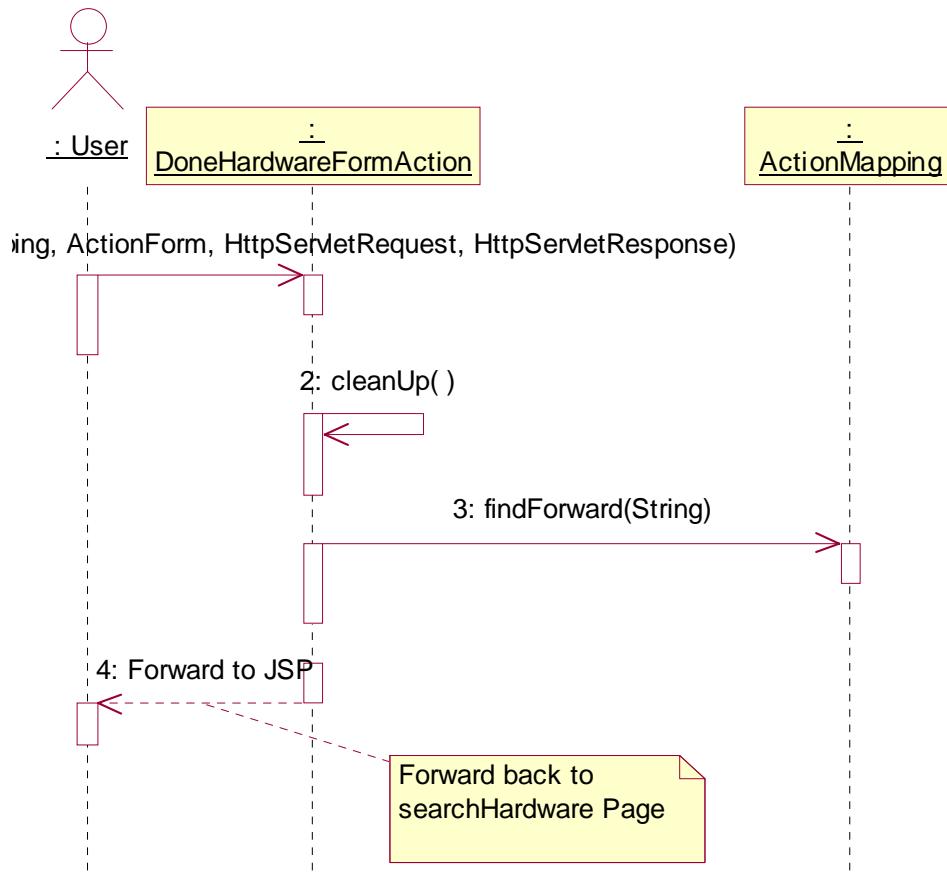
147. BuildRemoveHardwareFormAction.performAction



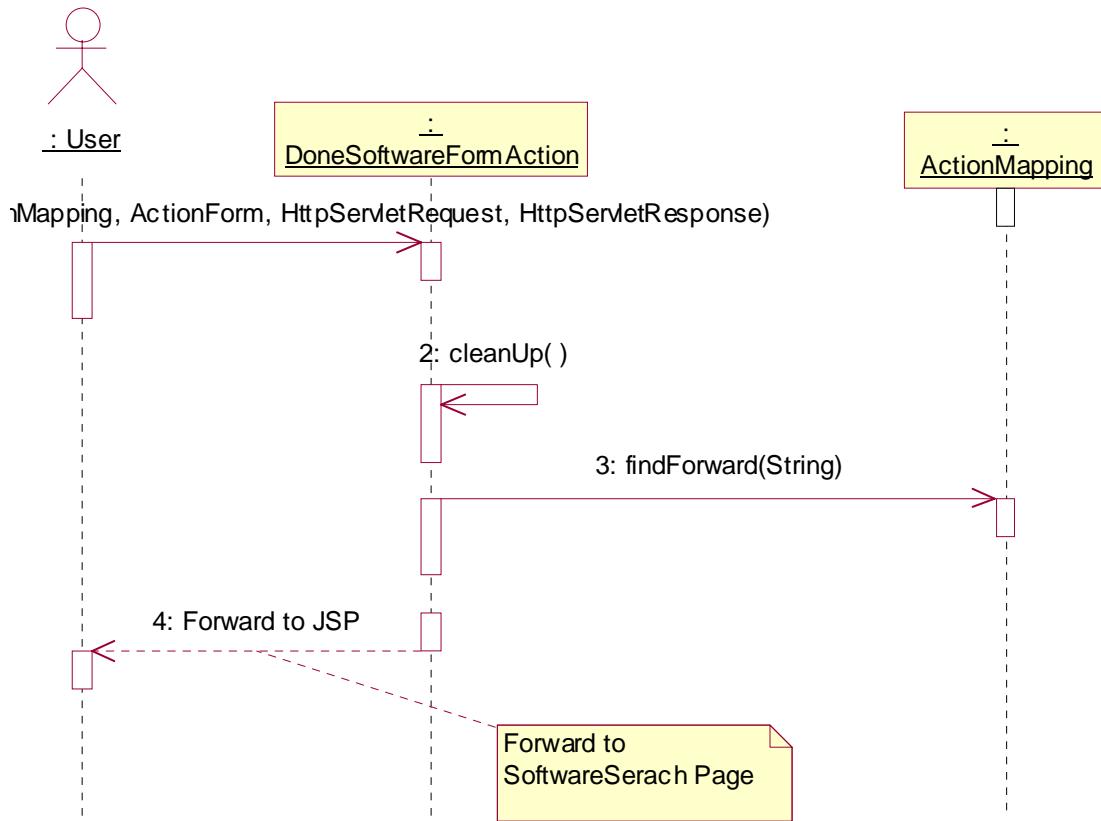
148. BuildRemoveSoftwareFormAction.performAction



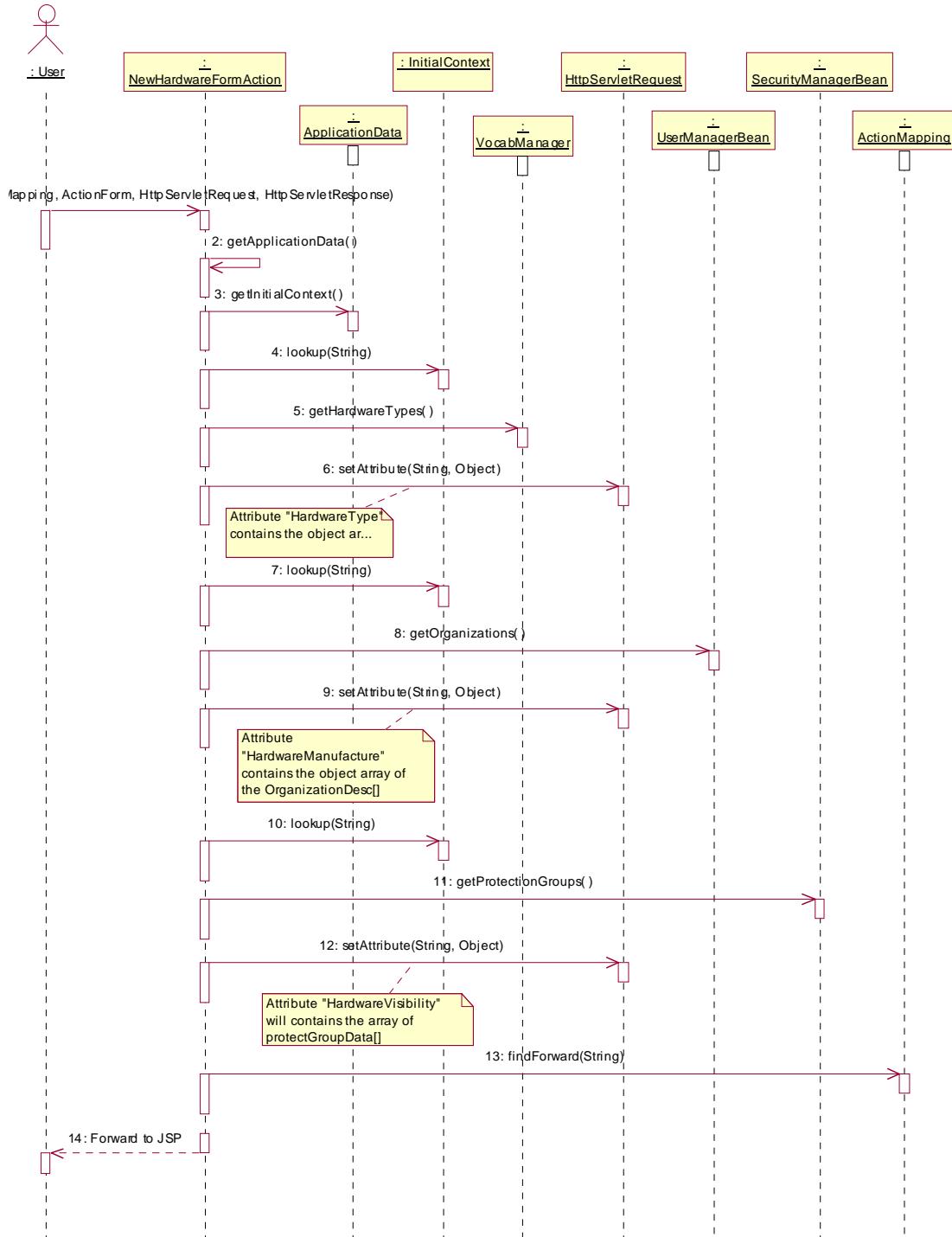
149. BuildDoneHardwareFormAction.performAction



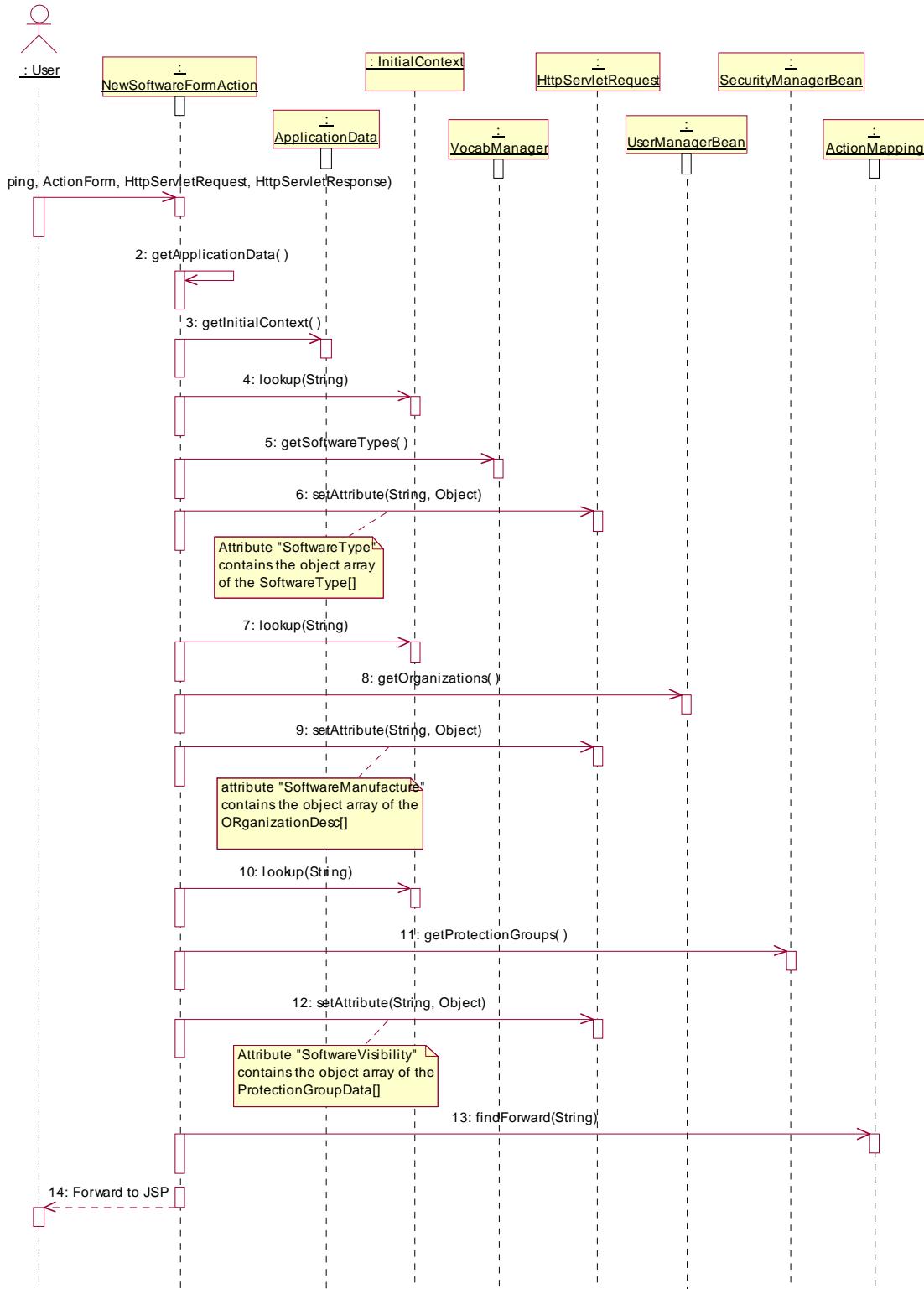
150. BuildDoneSoftwareFormAction



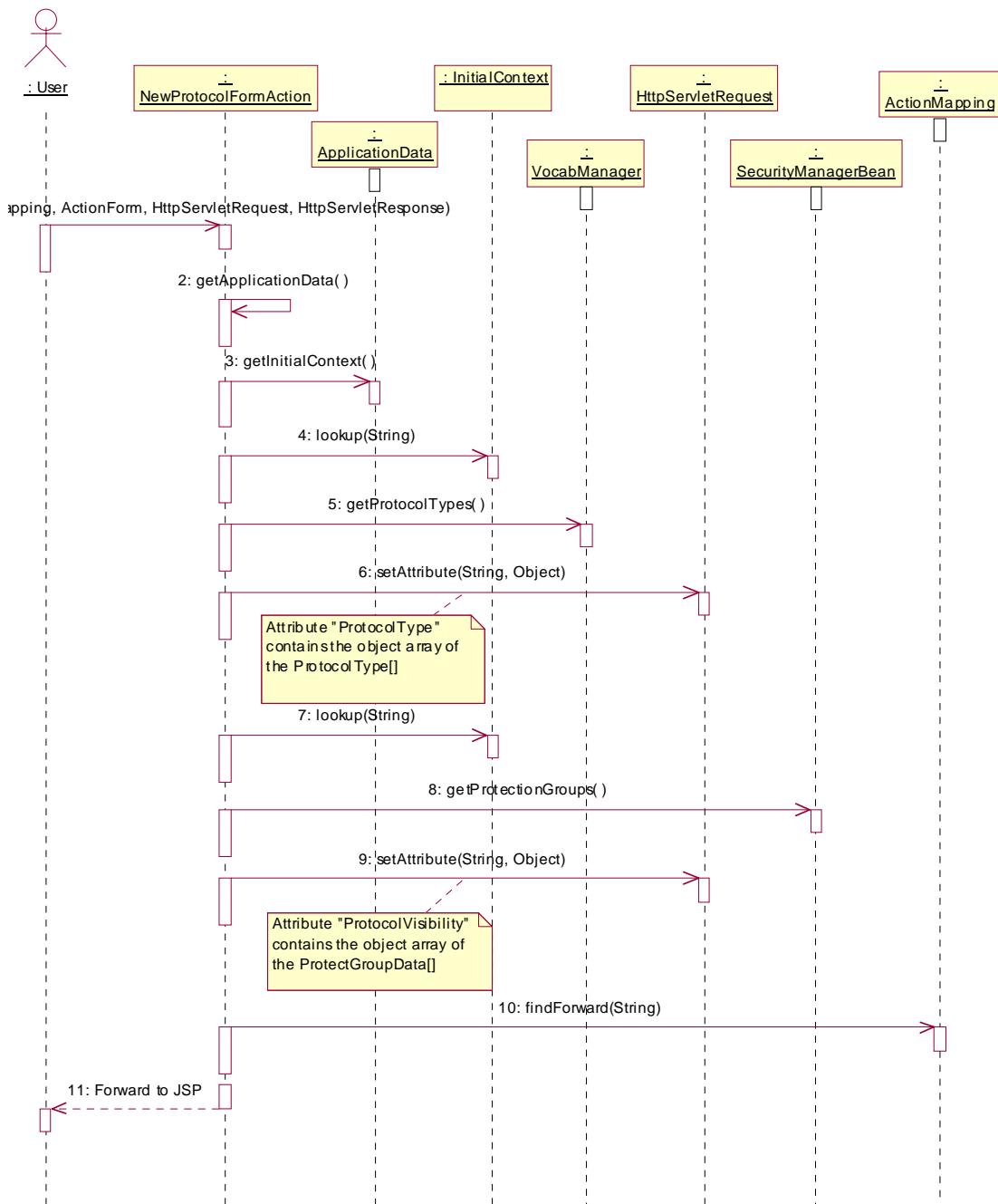
151. BuildNewHardwareFormAction.performAction



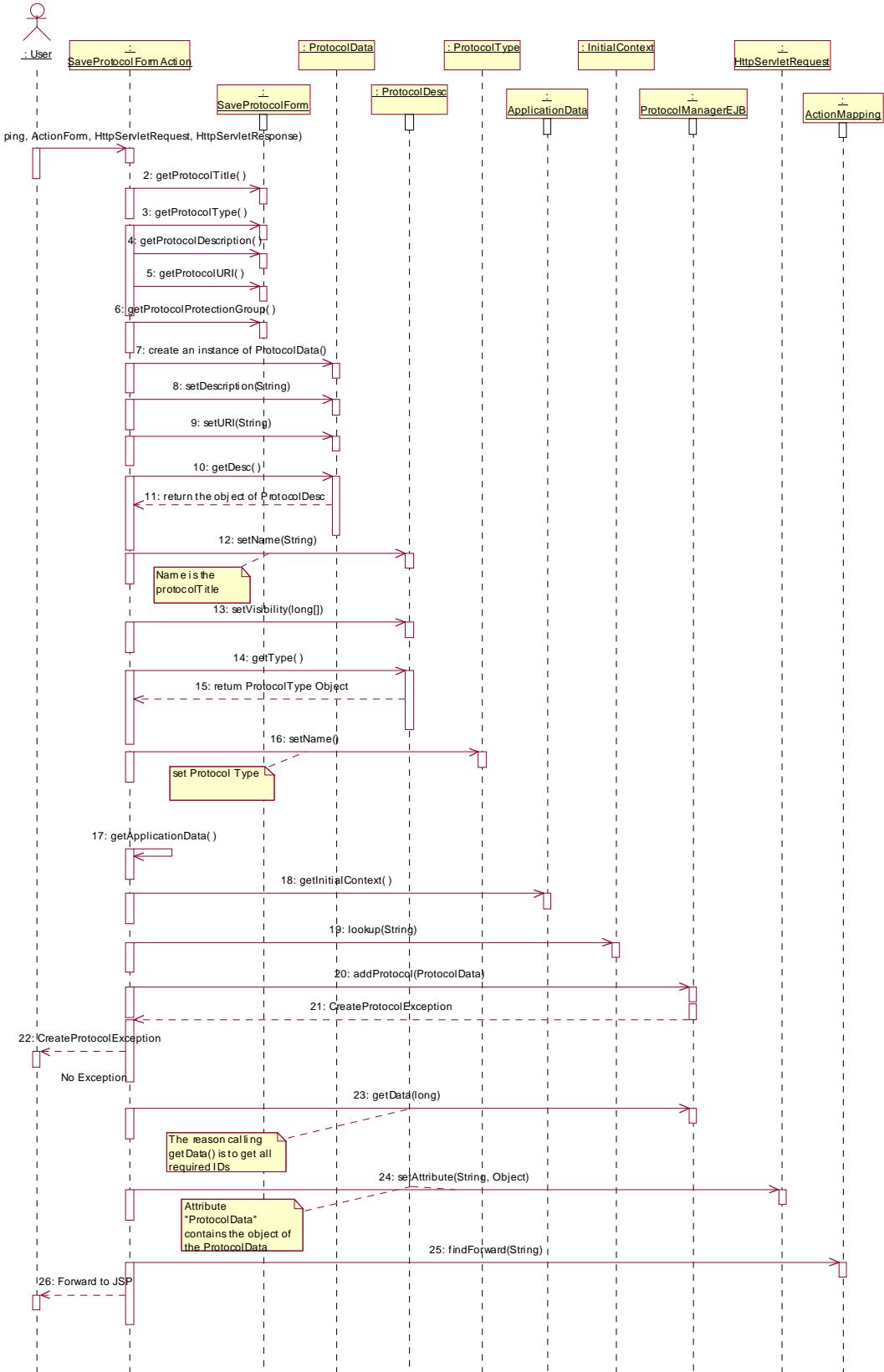
152. BuildNewSoftwareFormAction.performAction



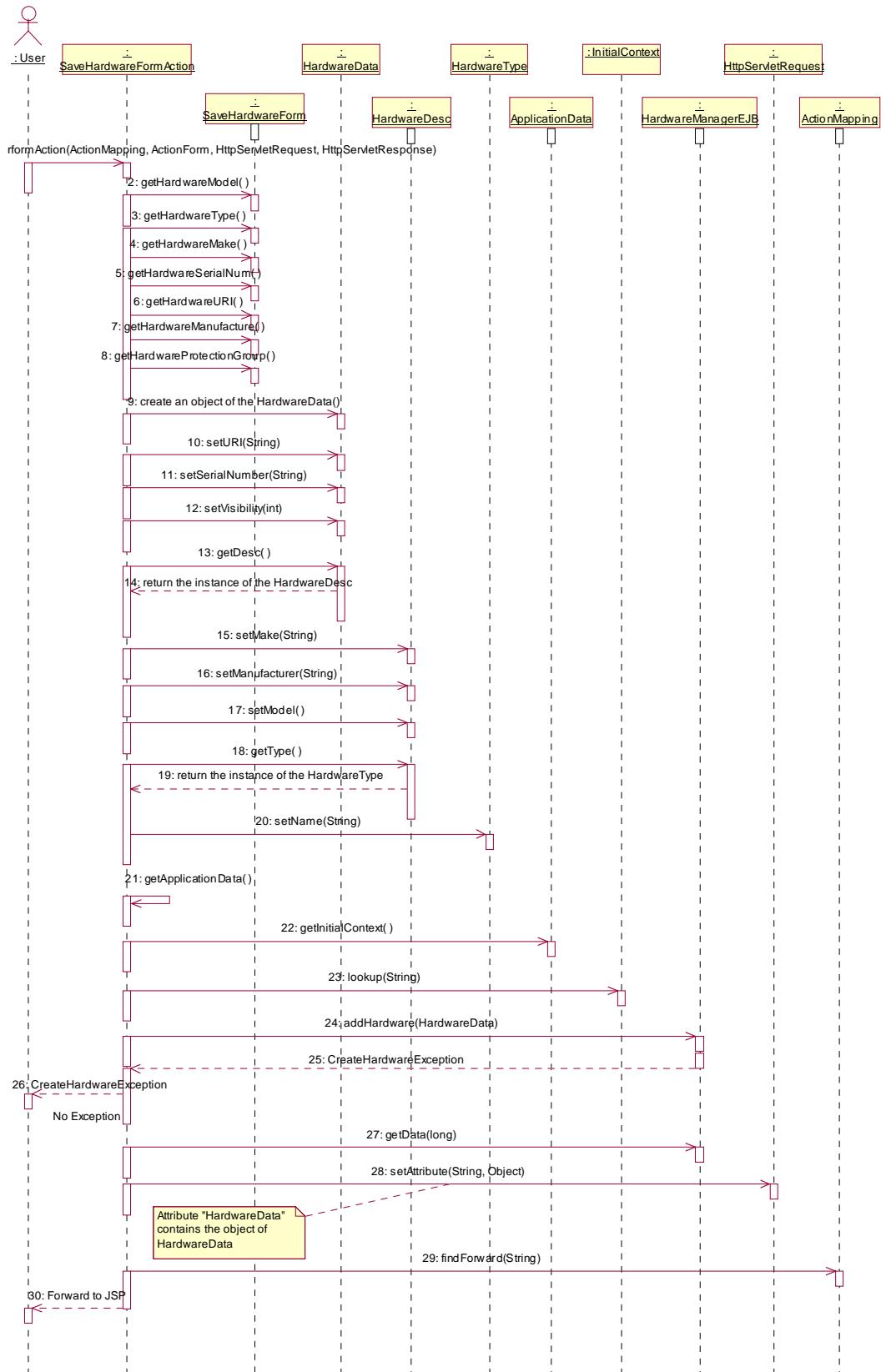
153. BuildNewProtocolFormAction.performAction



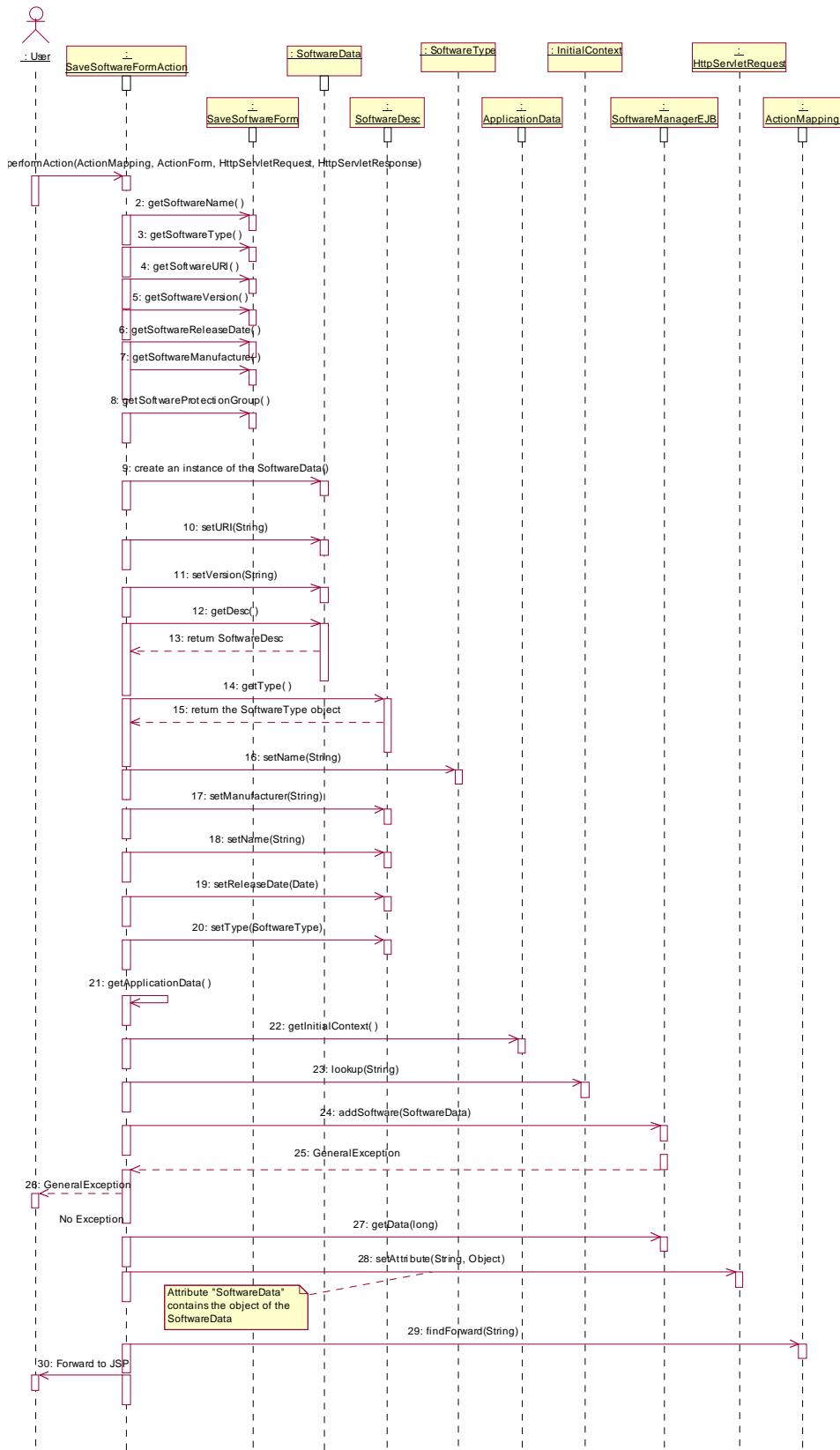
154. BuildSaveProtocolFormAction.performAction



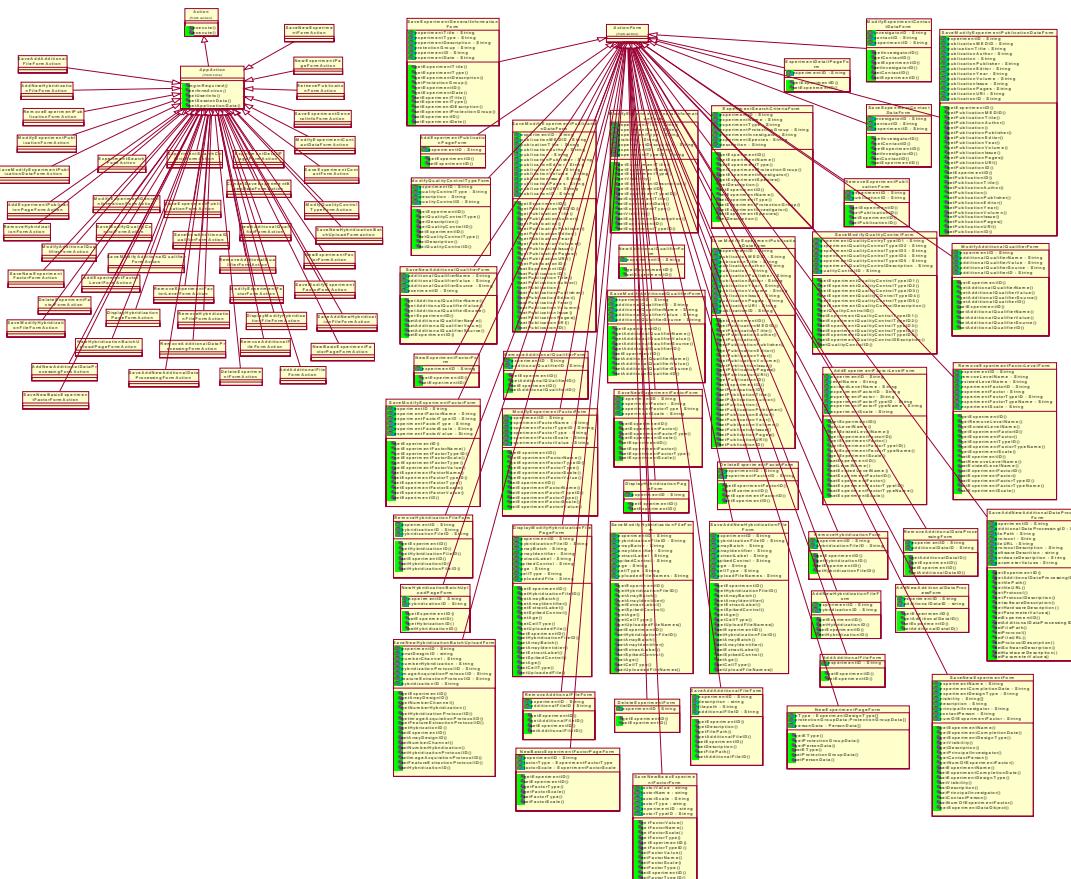
155. BuildSaveHardwareFormAction.performAction



156. BuildSaveSoftwareFormAction.performAction



157. Logical View::gov::nih::nci::caarray::ui::experiment



- 157.1 ExperimentSearchFormAction**
- 157.2 ExperimentSearchCriteriaFormAction**
- 157.3 ExperimentSearchCriteriaForm**
- 157.4 ExperimentDetailPageFormAction**
- 157.5 ExperimentDetailPageForm**
- 157.6 ModifyExperimentGeneralInformationFormAction**
- 157.7 ModifyExperimentGeneralInformationForm**
- 157.8 SaveExperimentGeneralInfoFormAction**
- 157.9 SaveExperimentGeneralInformationForm**
- 157.10 CancelSaveExperimentBasicDataFormAction**
- 157.11 ModifyExperimentContactDataFormAction**
- 157.12 ModifyExperimentContactDataForm**
- 157.13 SaveExperimentContactFormAction**
- 157.14 SaveExperimentContactDataForm**
- 157.15 AddExperimentPublicationPageFormAction**
- 157.16 AddExperimentPublicationPageForm**
- 157.17 SaveExperimentPublicationFormAction**
- 157.18 SaveModifyExperimentPublicationDataForm**
- 157.19 RetrievePublicationFormAction**
- 157.20 ModifyExperimentPublicationFormAction**
- 157.21 RemoveExperimentPublicationFormAction**
- 157.22 RemoveExperimentPublicationForm**

- 157.23 SaveModifyExperimentPublicationDataFormAction**
- 157.24 ModfyQualityControlTypeFormAction**
- 157.25 ModifyQualityControlTypeForm**
- 157.26 SaveModifyQualityControlFormAction**
- 157.27 SaveModifyQualityControlForm**
- 157.28 NewAdditionalQualifierFormAction**
- 157.29 NewAdditionalQualifierForm**
- 157.30 SaveNewAdditionalQualifierFormAction**
- 157.31 SaveNewAdditionalQualifierForm**
- 157.32 ModifyAdditionalQualifierFormAction**
- 157.33 ModifyAdditionalQualifierForm**
- 157.34 SaveModifyAdditionalQualifierFormAction**
- 157.35 SaveModifyAdditionalQualifierForm**
- 157.36 RemoveAddtionalQualifierFormAction**
- 157.37 RemoveAdditionalQualifierForm**
- 157.38 NewExperimentFactorFormAction**
- 157.39 NewExperimentFactorForm**
- 157.40 SaveNewExperimentFactorFormAction**
- 157.41 SaveNewExperimentFactorForm**
- 157.42 AddExperimentFactorLevelFormAction**
- 157.43 RemoveExperimentFactorLevelFormAction**
- 157.44 AddExperimentFactorLevelForm**

- 157.45 RemoveExperimentFactorLevelForm**
- 157.46 ModifyExperimentFactorFormAction**
- 157.47 ModifyExperimentFactorForm**
- 157.48 SaveModifyExperimentFactorFormAction**
- 157.49 SaveModifyExperimentFactorForm**
- 157.50 DeleteExperimentFactorFormAction**
- 157.51 DeleteExperimentFactorForm**
- 157.52 DisplayHybridizationPageFormAction**
- 157.53 DisplayHybridizationPageForm**
- 157.54 RemoveHybridizationFileFormAction**
- 157.55 RemoveHybridizationFileForm**
- 157.56 DisplayModifyHybridizationFileFormAction**
- 157.57 DisplayModifyHybridizationFilePageForm**
- 157.58 SaveModifyHybridizationFileFormAction**
- 157.59 SaveModifyHybridizationFileForm**
- 157.60 SaveAddNewHybridizationFileFormAction**
- 157.61 SaveAddNewHybridizationFileForm**
- 157.62 RemoveHybridizationFormAction**
- 157.63 RemoveHybridizationForm**
- 157.64 NewHybridizationBatchUploadPageFormAction**
- 157.65 NewHybridizationBatchUploadPageForm**
- 157.66 SaveNewHybridizationBatchUploadFormaction**

- 157.67 SaveNewHybridizationBatchUploadForm**
- 157.68 AddNewHybridizationFileFormAction**
- 157.69 AddNewHybridizationFileForm**
- 157.70 RemoveAdditionalDataProcessingFormAction**
- 157.71 RemoveAdditionalDataProcessingForm**
- 157.72 RemvoeAdditionalFileFormAction**
- 157.73 RemoveAddtionalFileForm**
- 157.74 AddNewAdditionalDataProcessingFormAction**
- 157.75 AddNewAdditionalDataProcessForm**
- 157.76 SaveAddNewAddtionalDataProcessingFormAction**
- 157.77 SaveAddNewAdditionalDataProcessingForm**
- 157.78 DeleteExperimentFormAction**
- 157.79 DeleteExperimentForm**
- 157.80 AddAdditionalFileFormAction**
- 157.81 AddAdditionalFileForm**
- 157.82 SaveAddAdditionalFileFormAction**
- 157.83 SaveAddAdditionalFileForm**
- 157.84 NewExperimentPageFormAction**
- 157.85 NewExperimentPageForm**
- 157.86 SaveNewExperimentFormAction**
- 157.87 SaveNewExperimentForm**
- 157.88 NewBasicExperimentFactorPageFormAction**

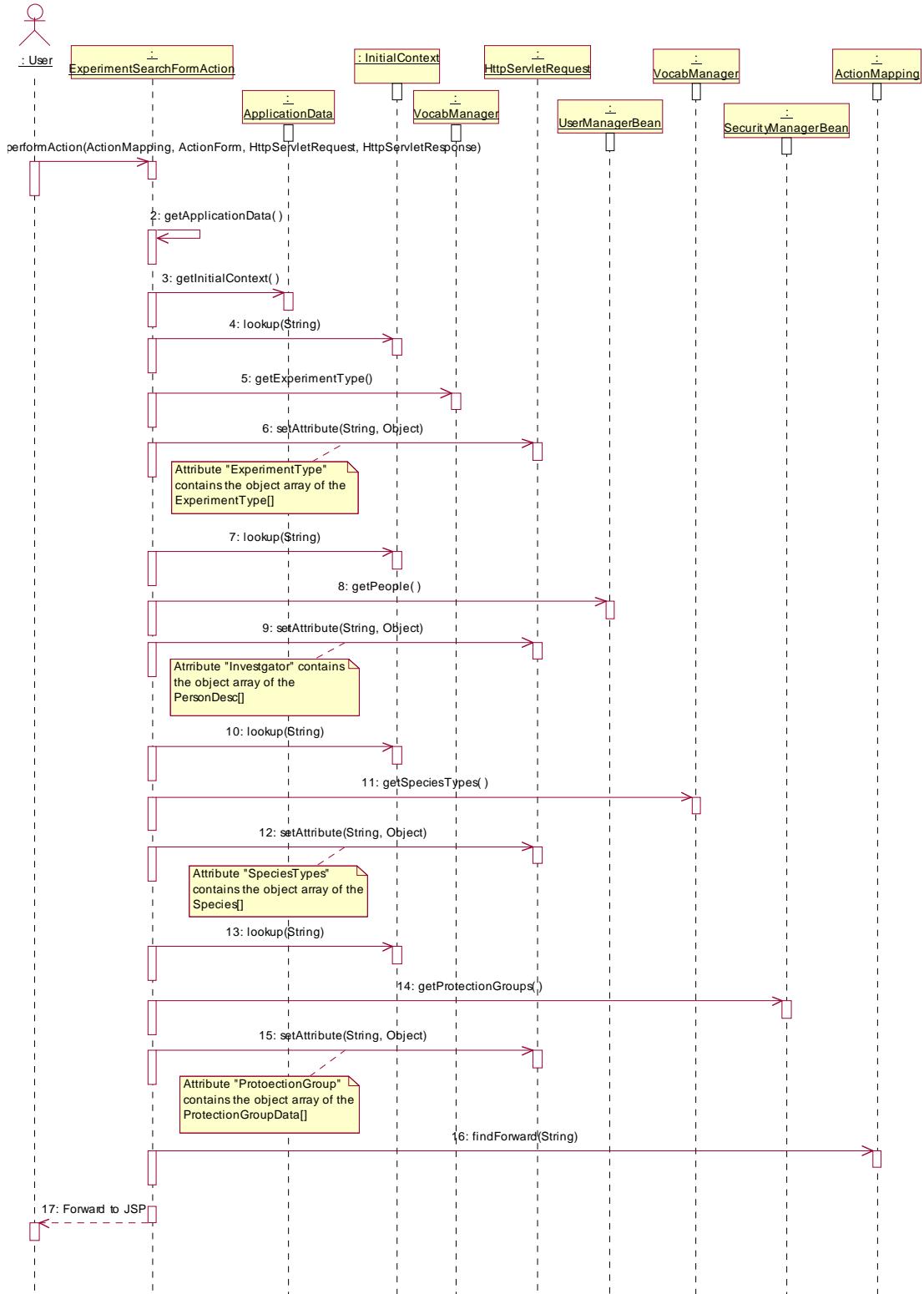
157.89 NewBasicExperimentFactorPageForm

157.90 SaveNewBasicExperimentFactorFormAction

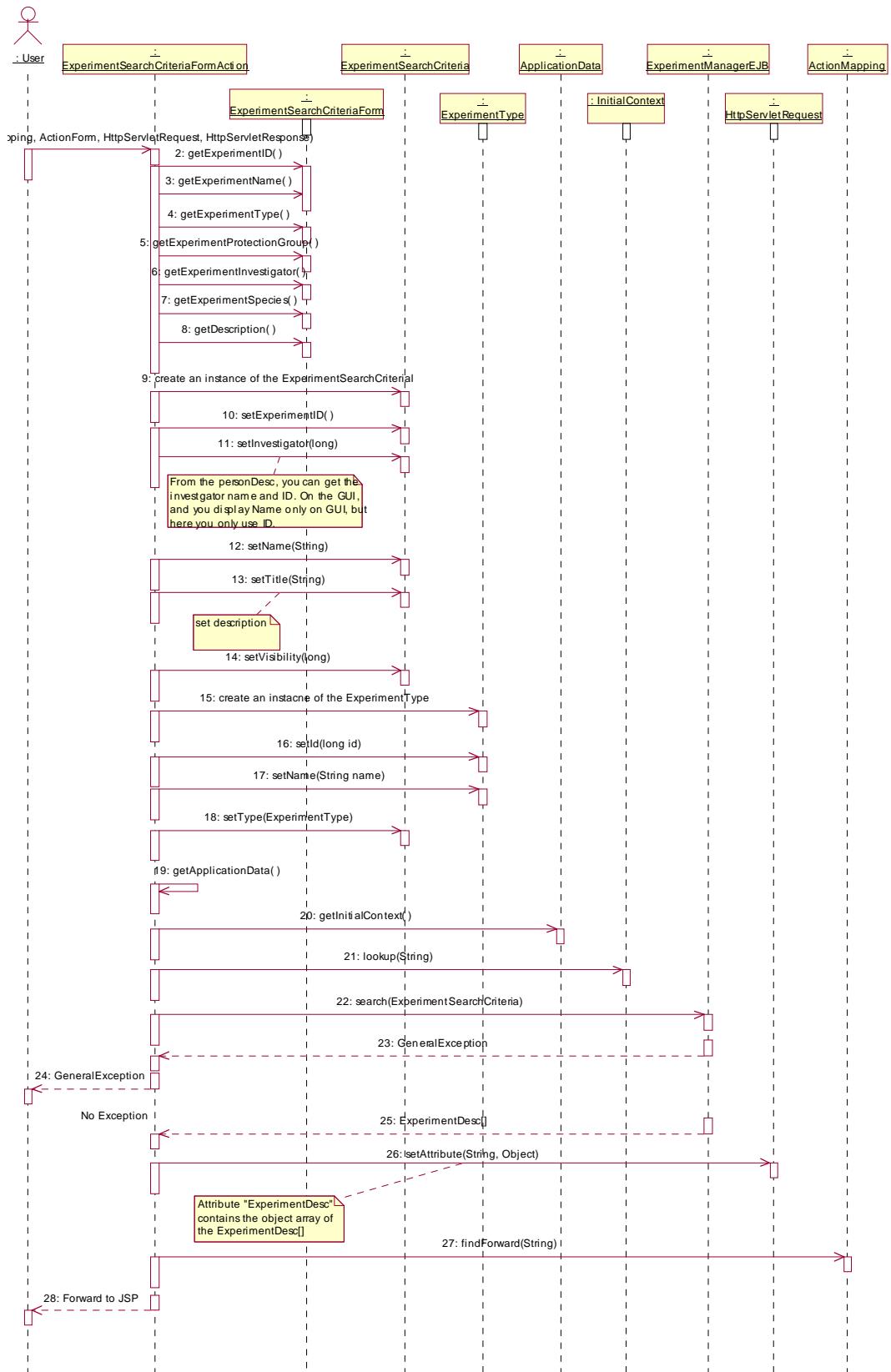
157.91 SaveNewBasicExperimentFactorForm

157.92

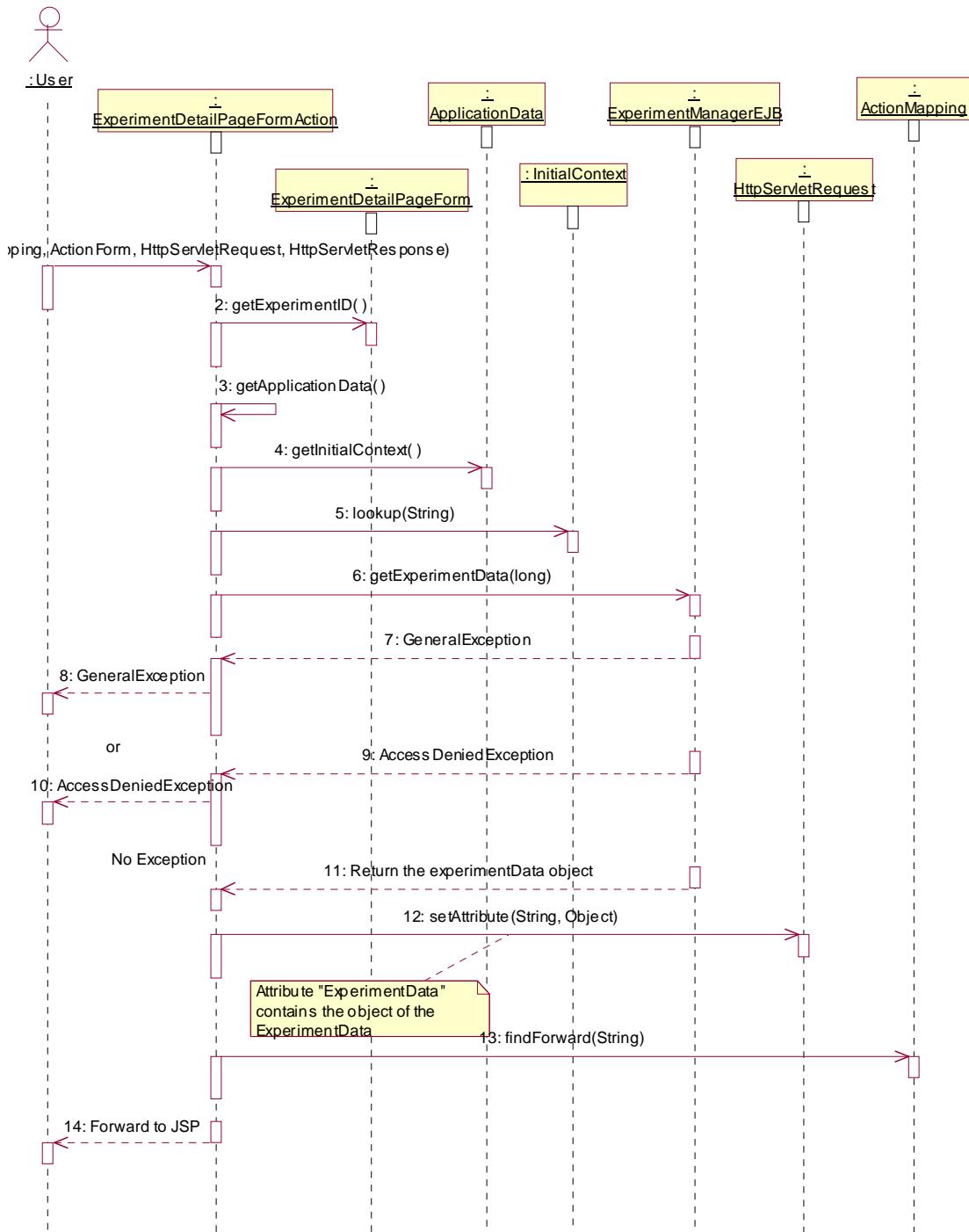
158. BuildExperimentSearchFormAction.performAction



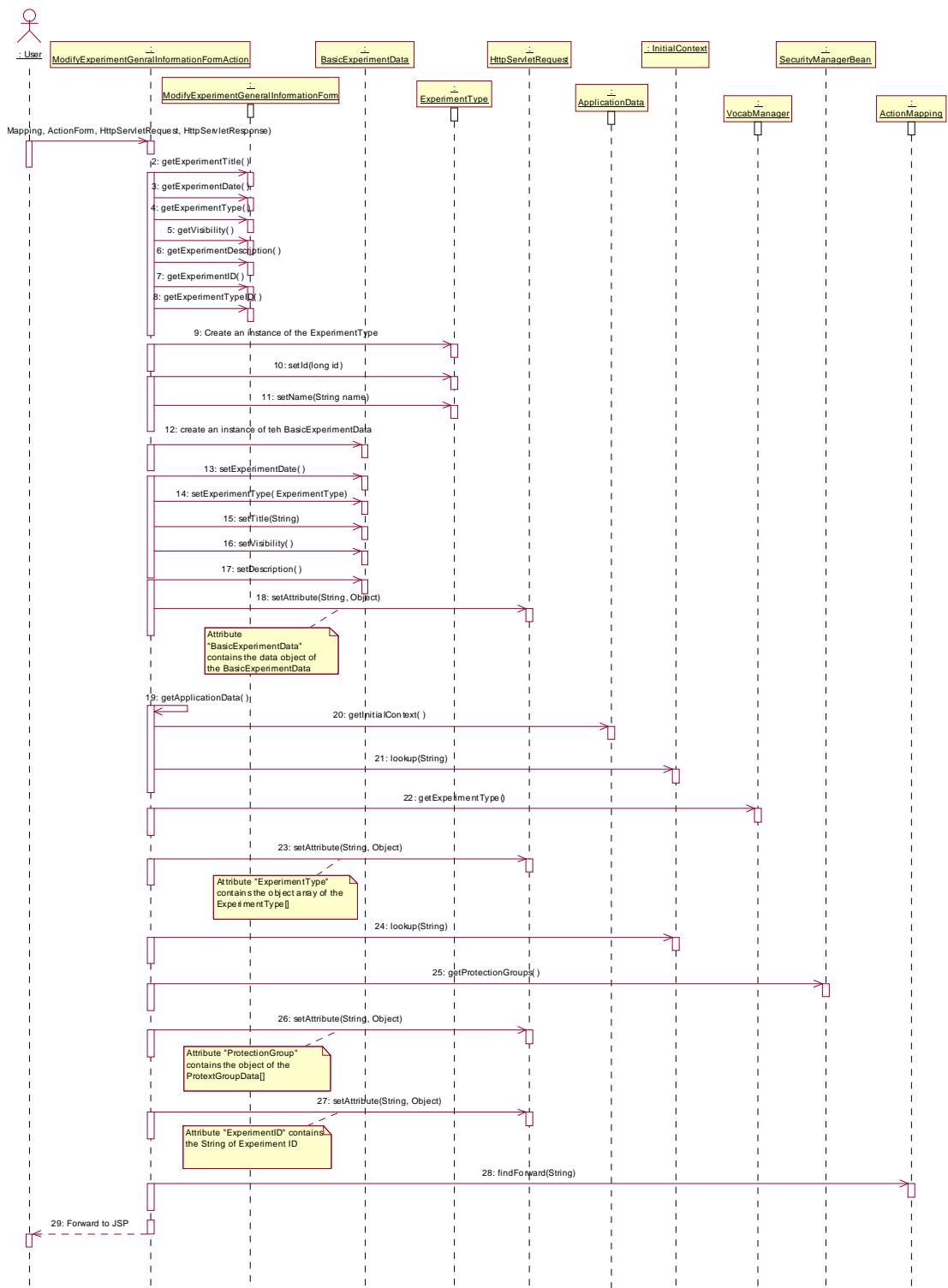
159. BuildExperimentSearchCriteriaFormAction.performAction



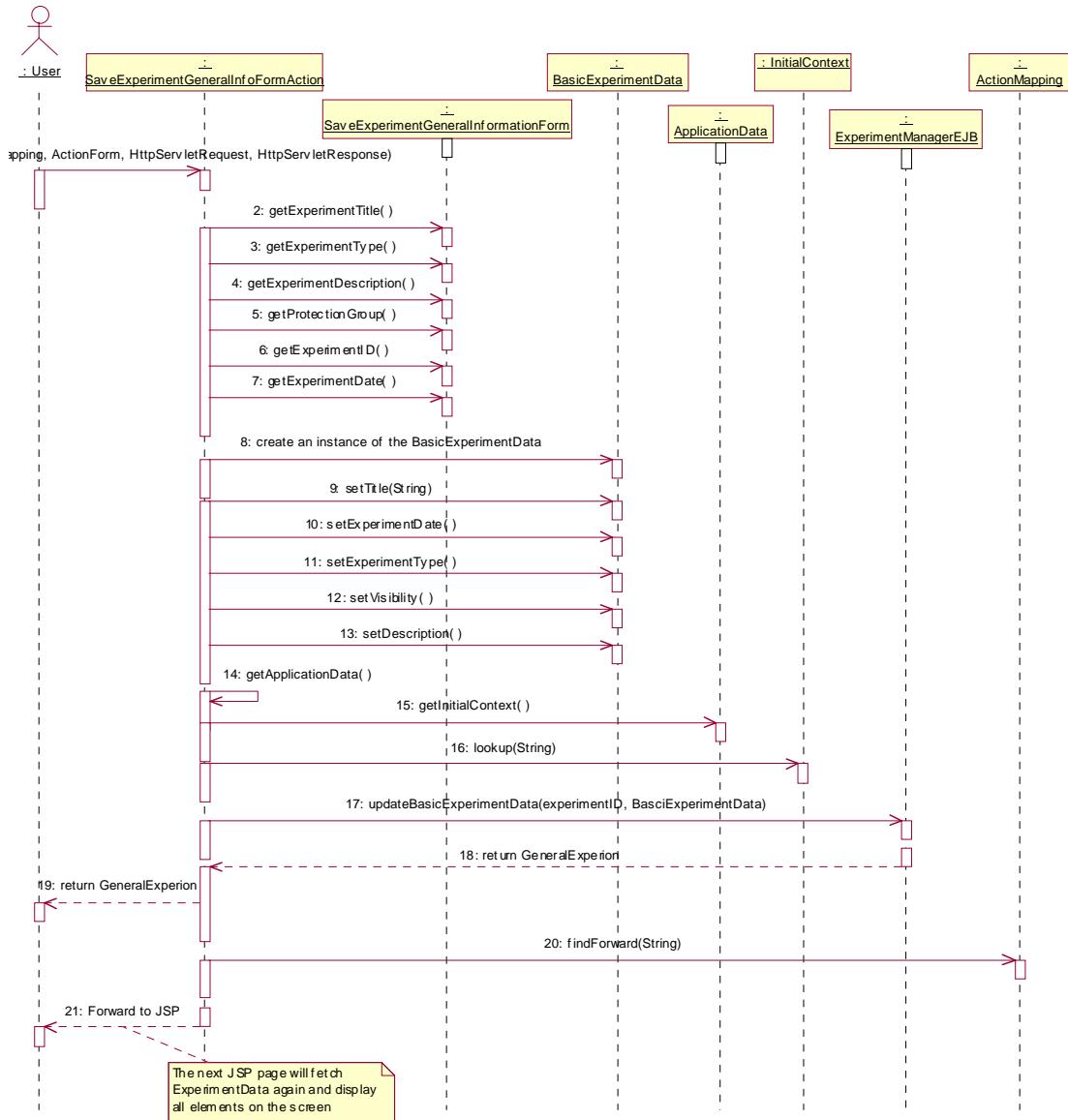
160. BuildExperimentDetailPageFormAction.performAction



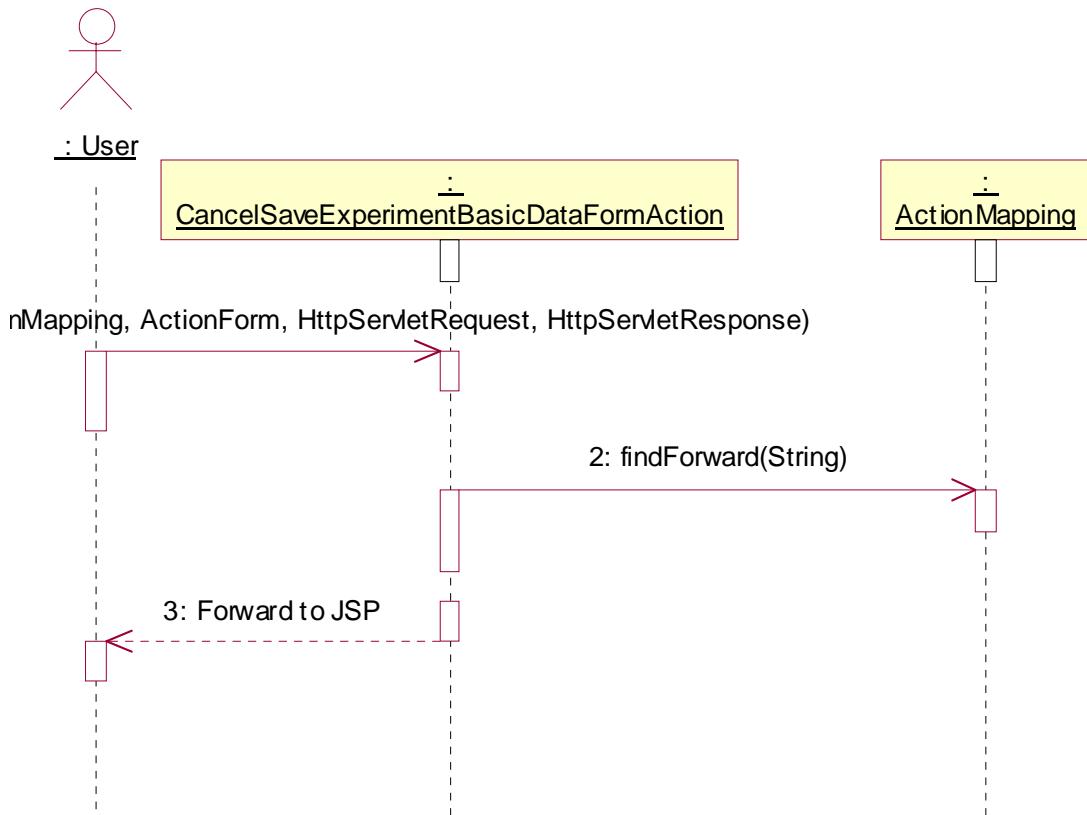
161. BuildExperimentGeneralInformationPageFormAction.performAction



162. BuildSaveExperimentGeneralInformationFormAction.performAction

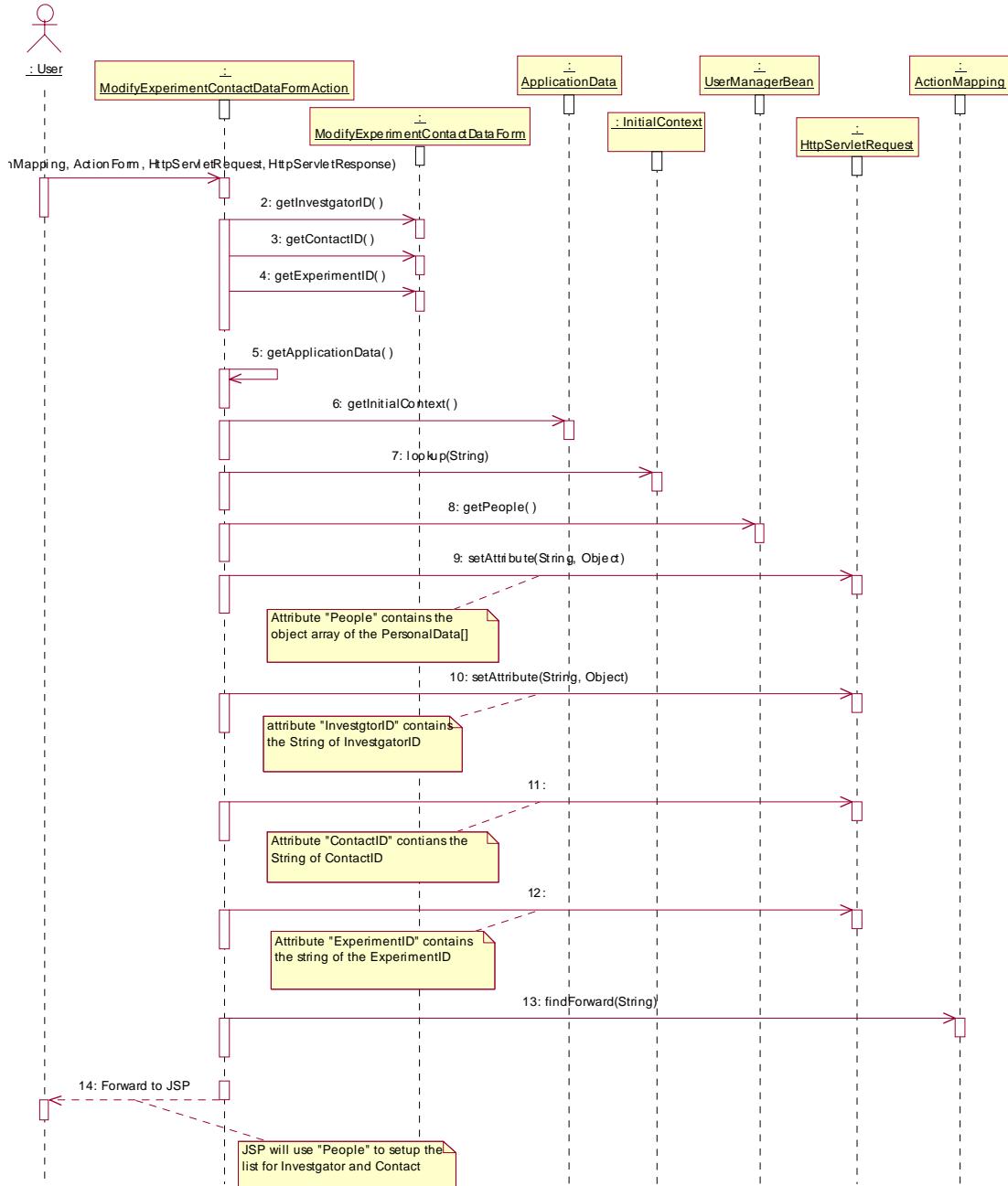


163. BuildCancelSaveBasicExperimentDataFormAction.performAction

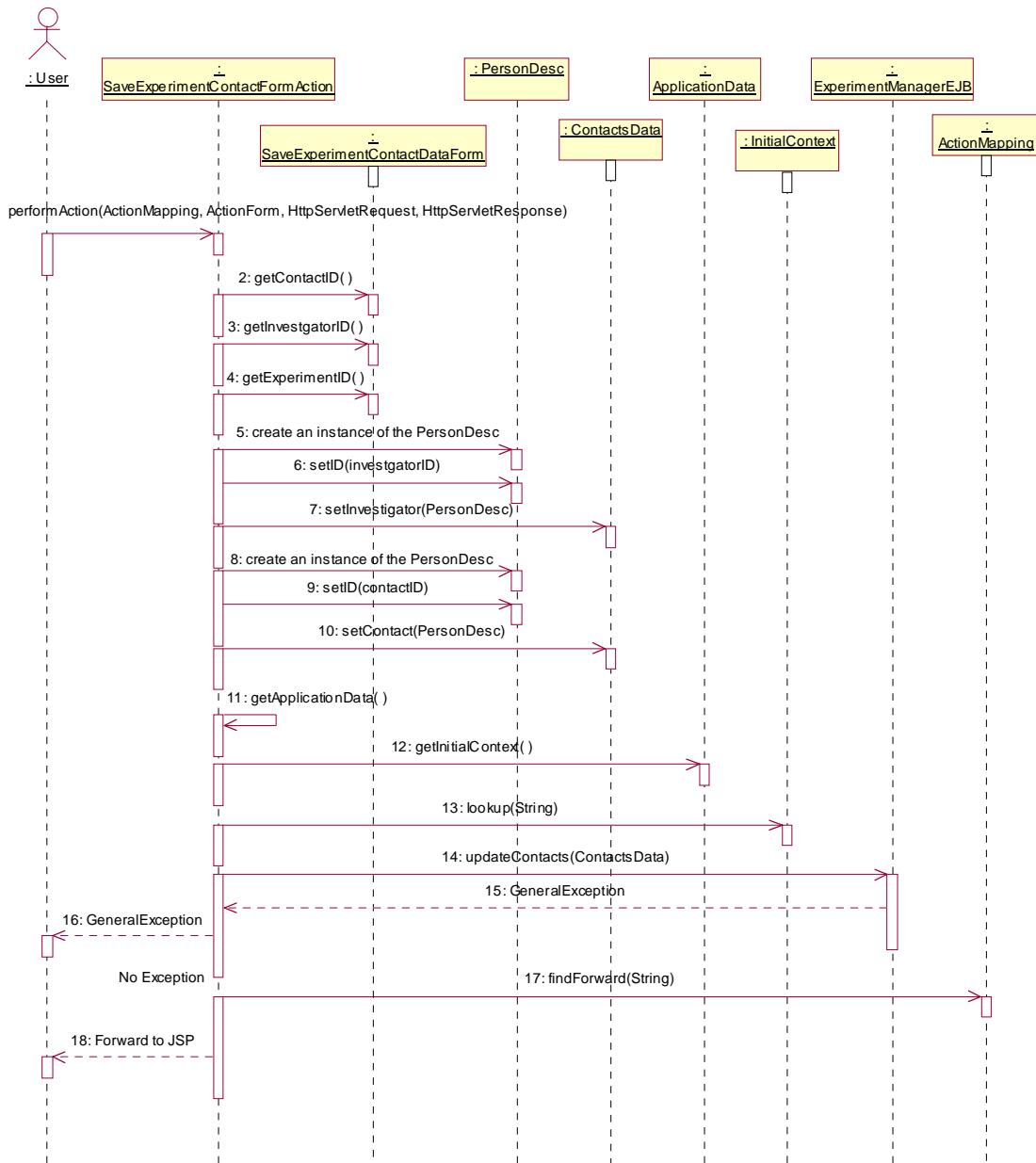


For the rest of Cancellation action, they are just like this one

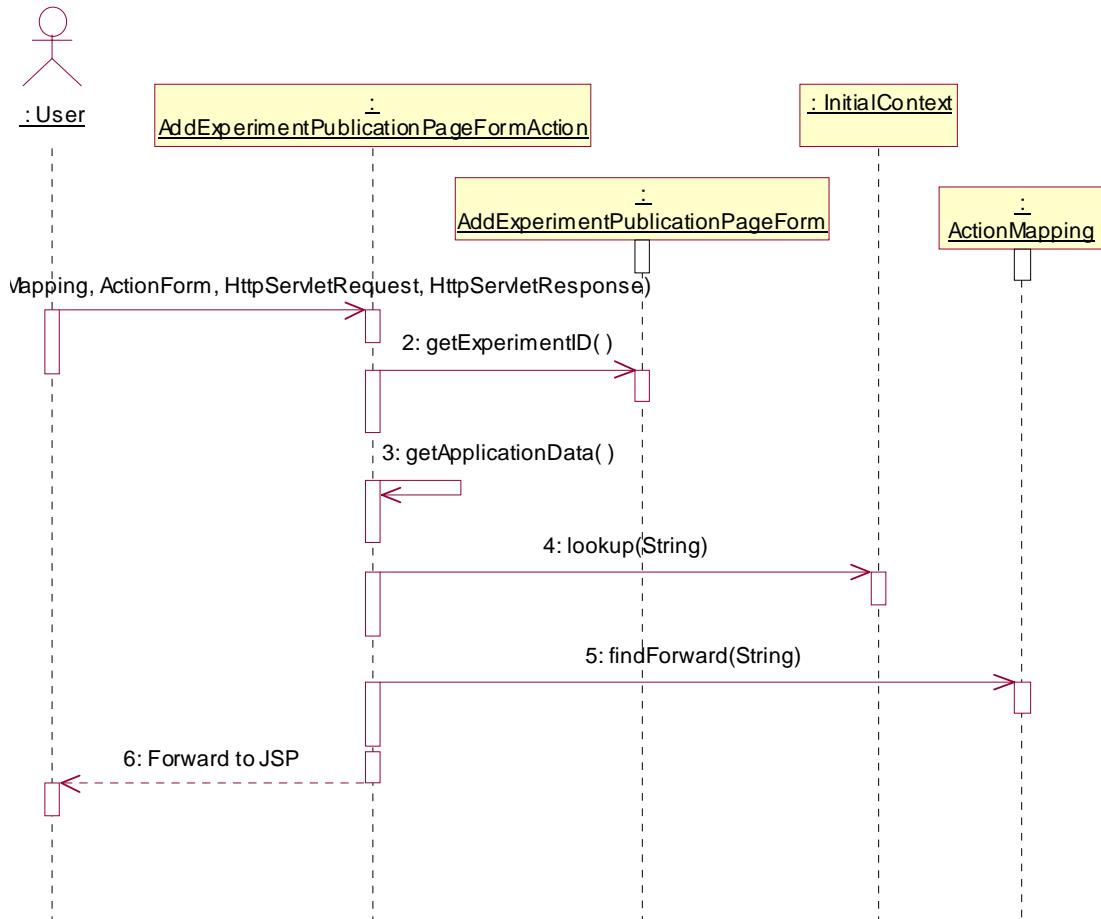
164. BuildExperimentContactDataPageFormAction.performAction



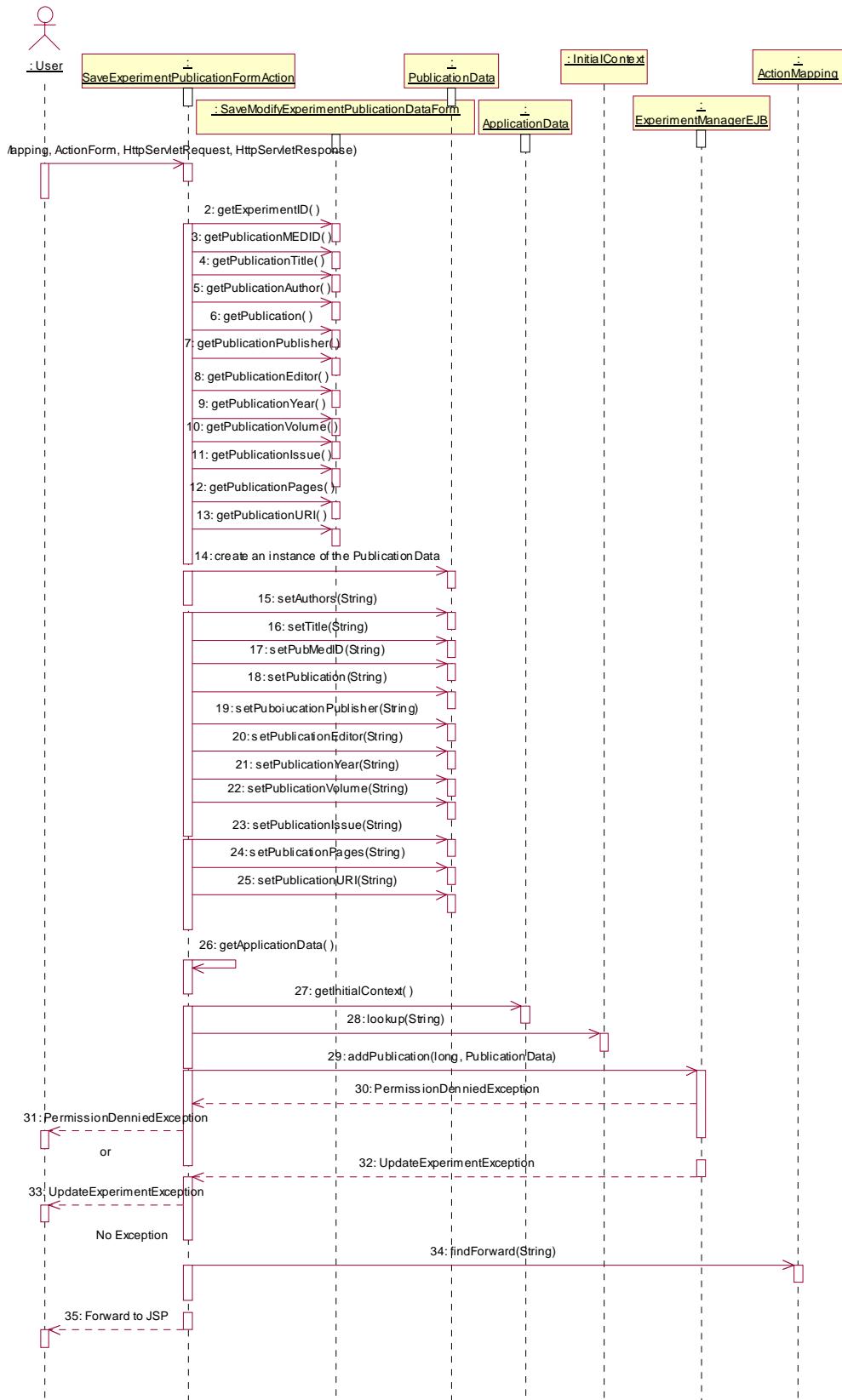
165. BuildSaveExperimentContactFormAction.performAction



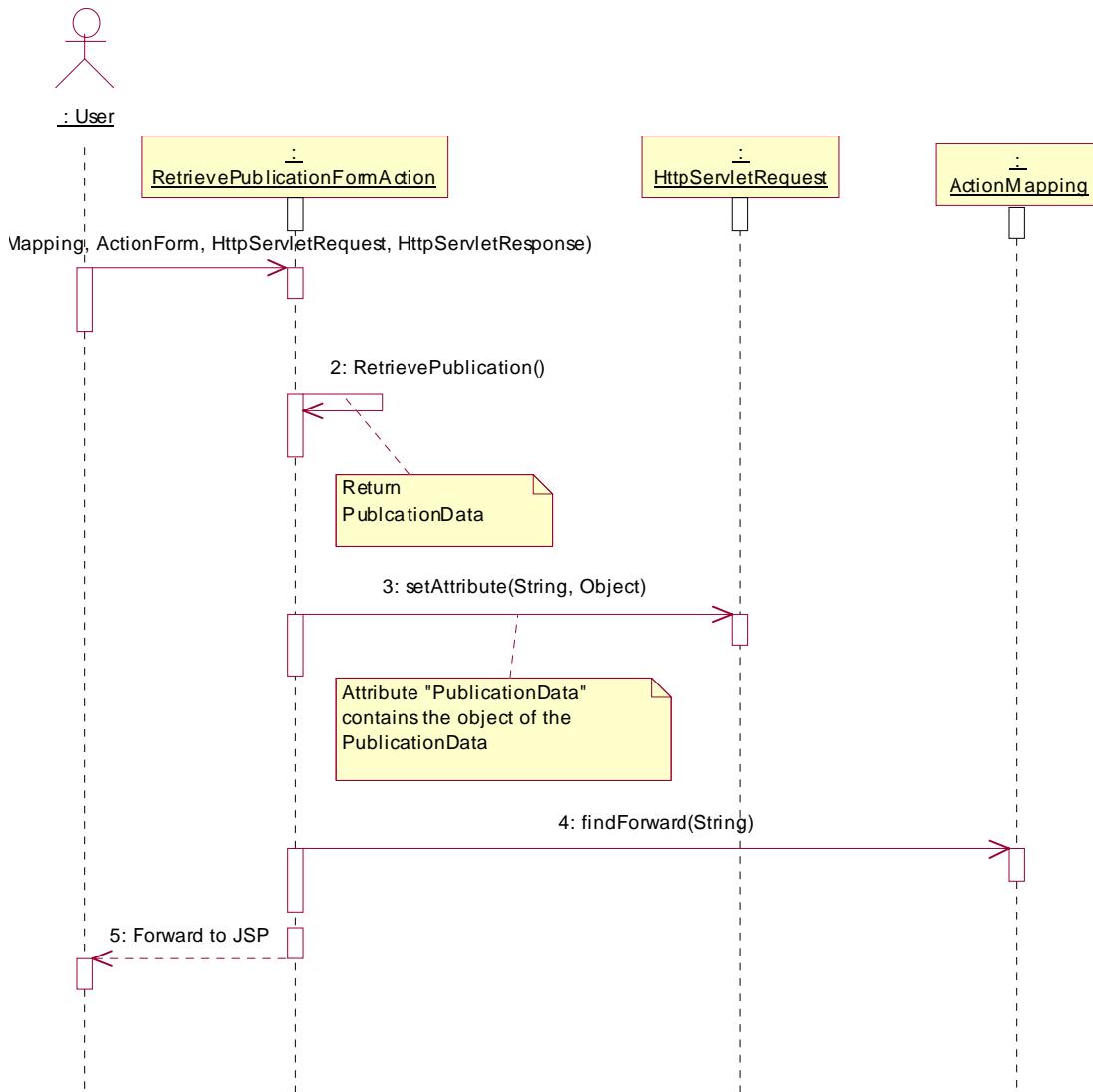
166. BuildAddExperimentPublicationPageFormAction.performAction



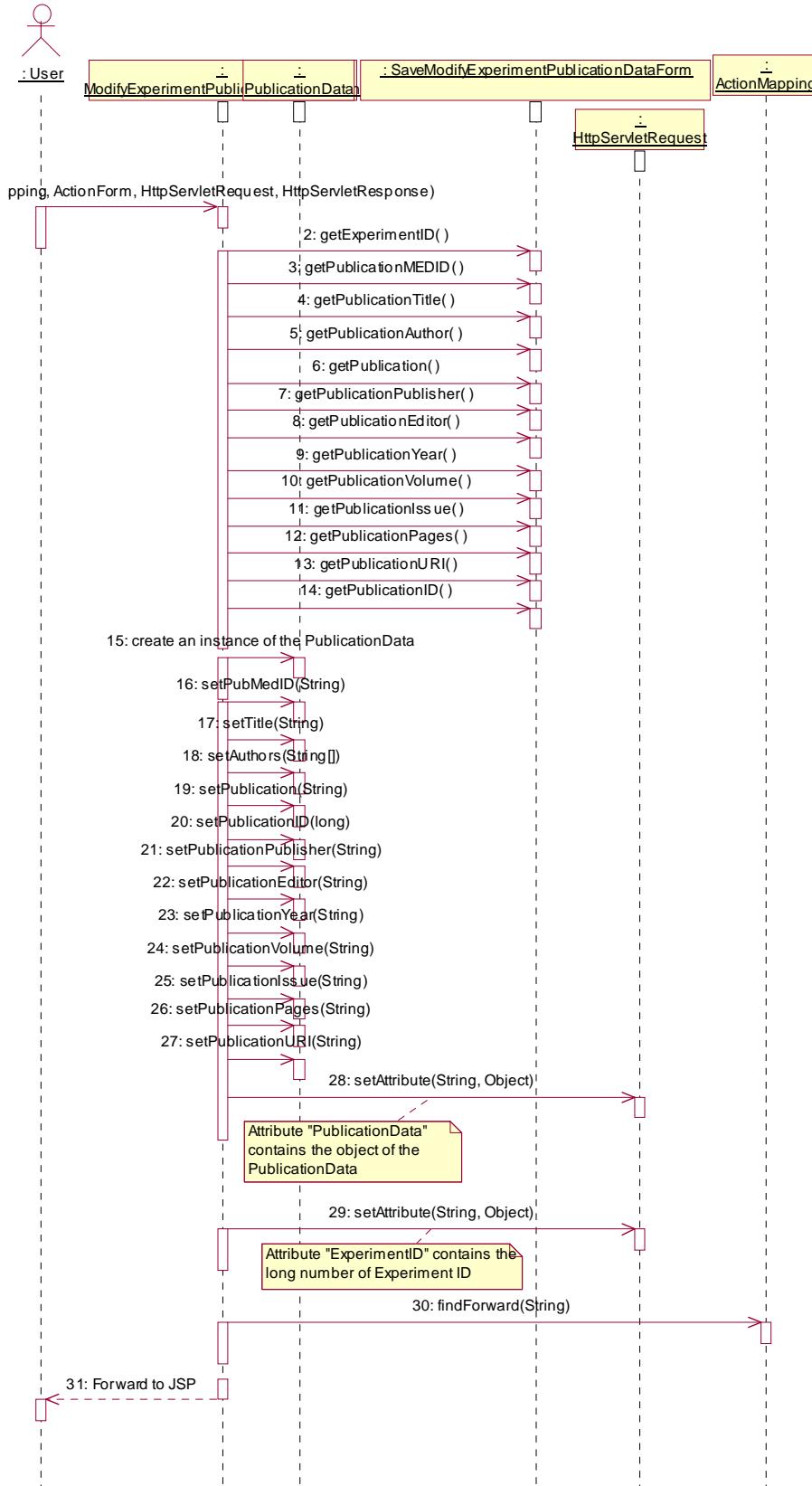
167. BuildSaveExperimentPublicationDataFormAction.performAction



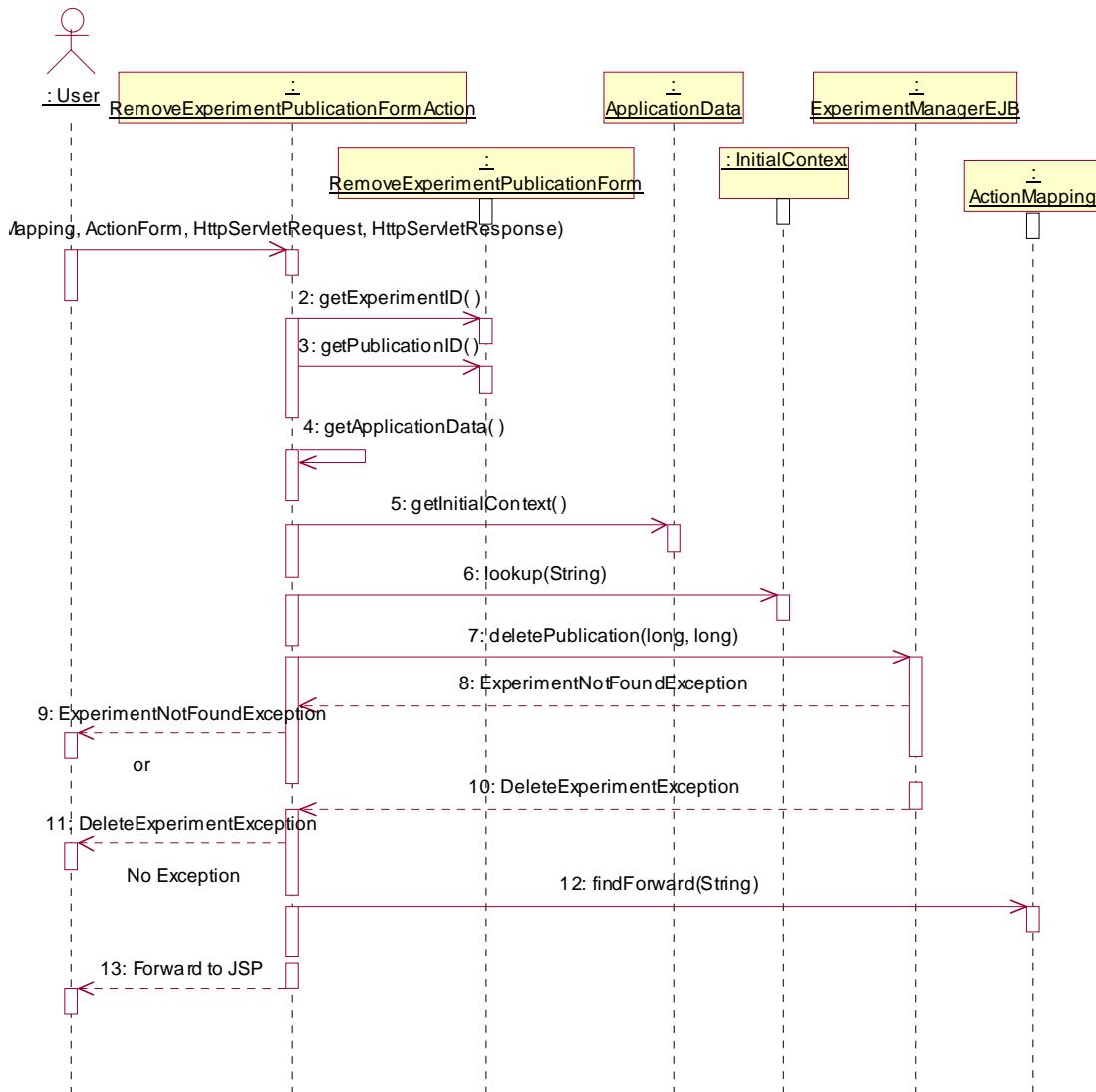
168. BuildRetrievePublicationFormAction.performAction



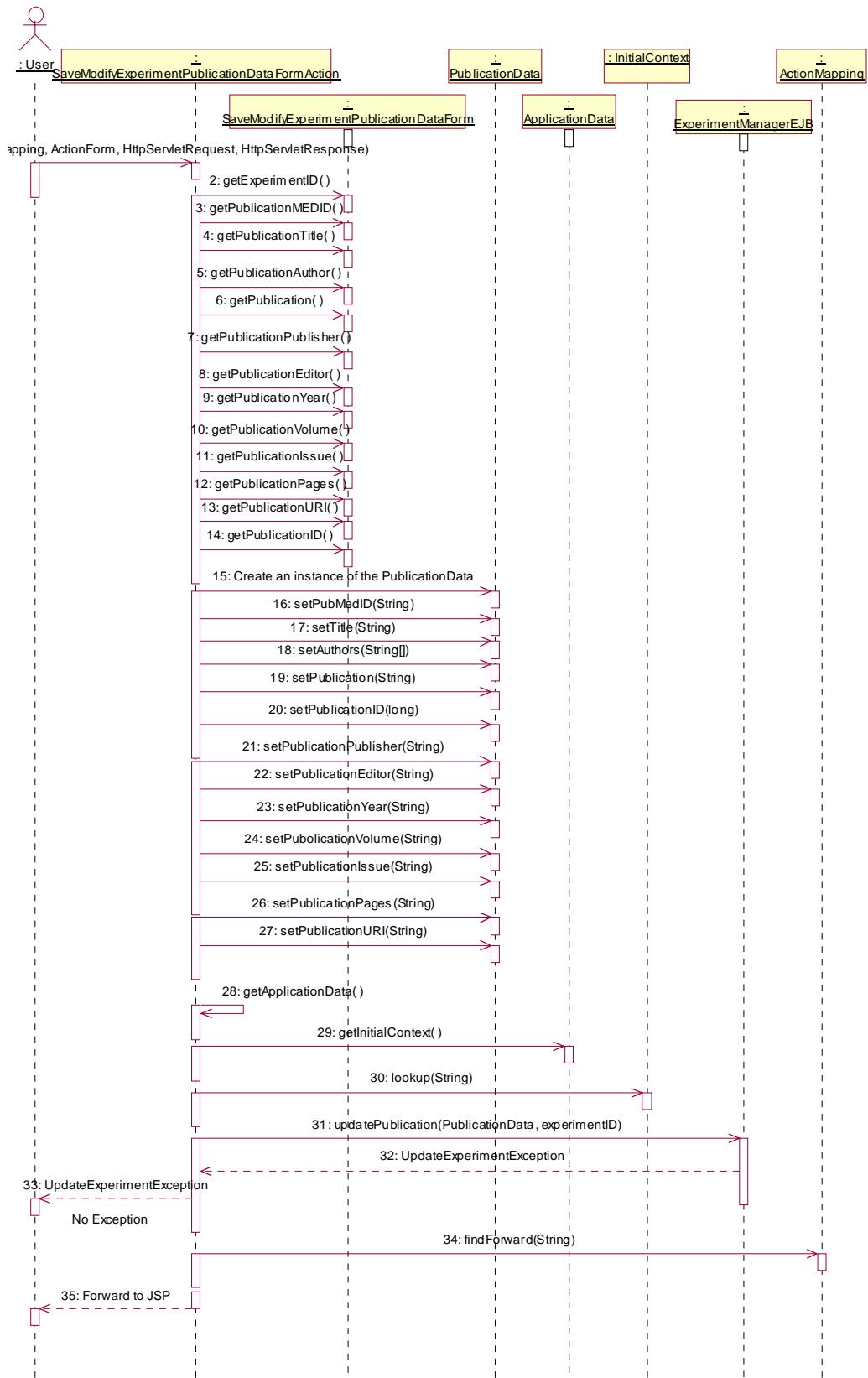
169. BuildModifyExperimentPublicationPageFormAction.performAction



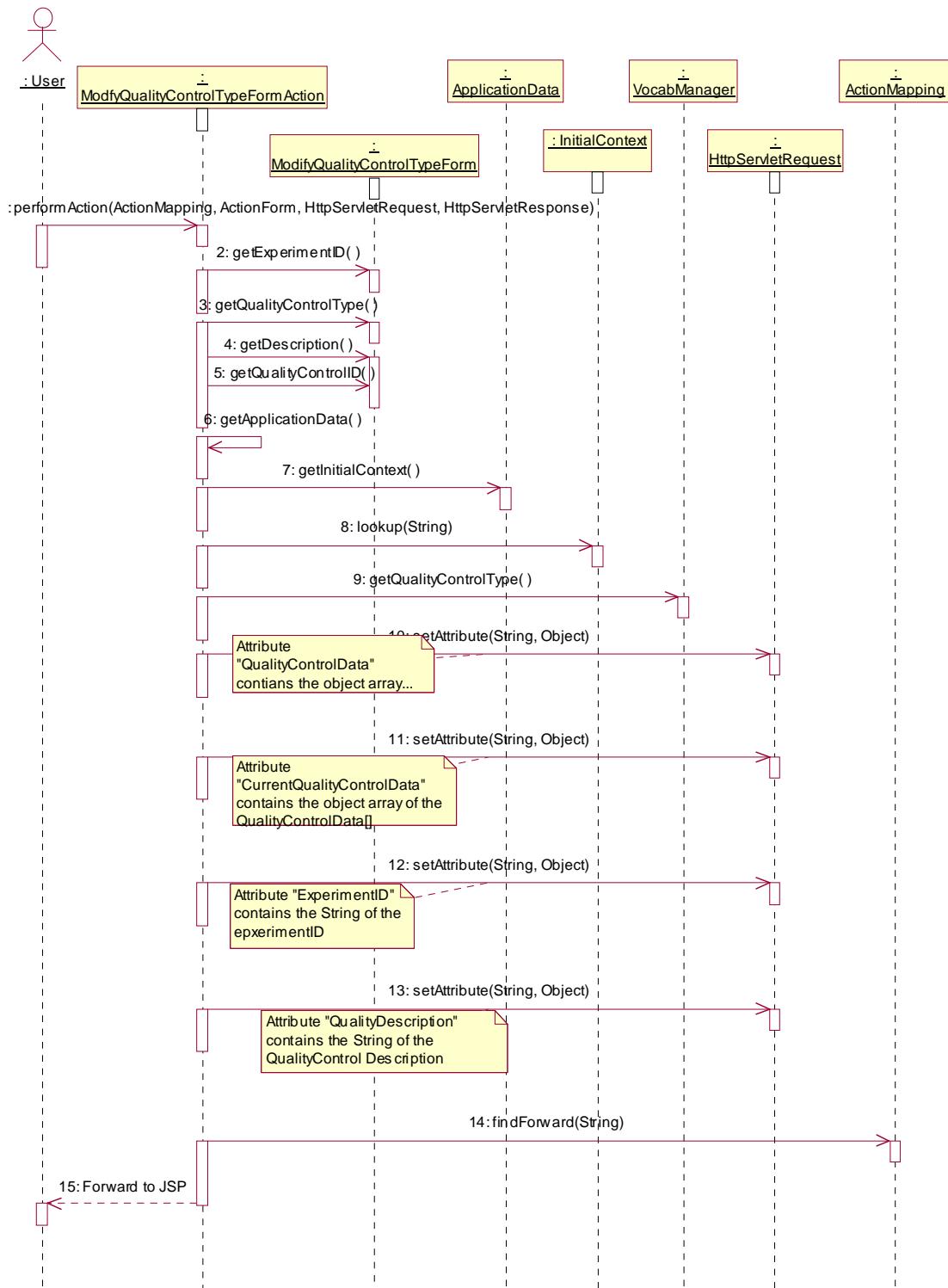
170. BuildRemoveExperimentPublicationFormAction.performAction



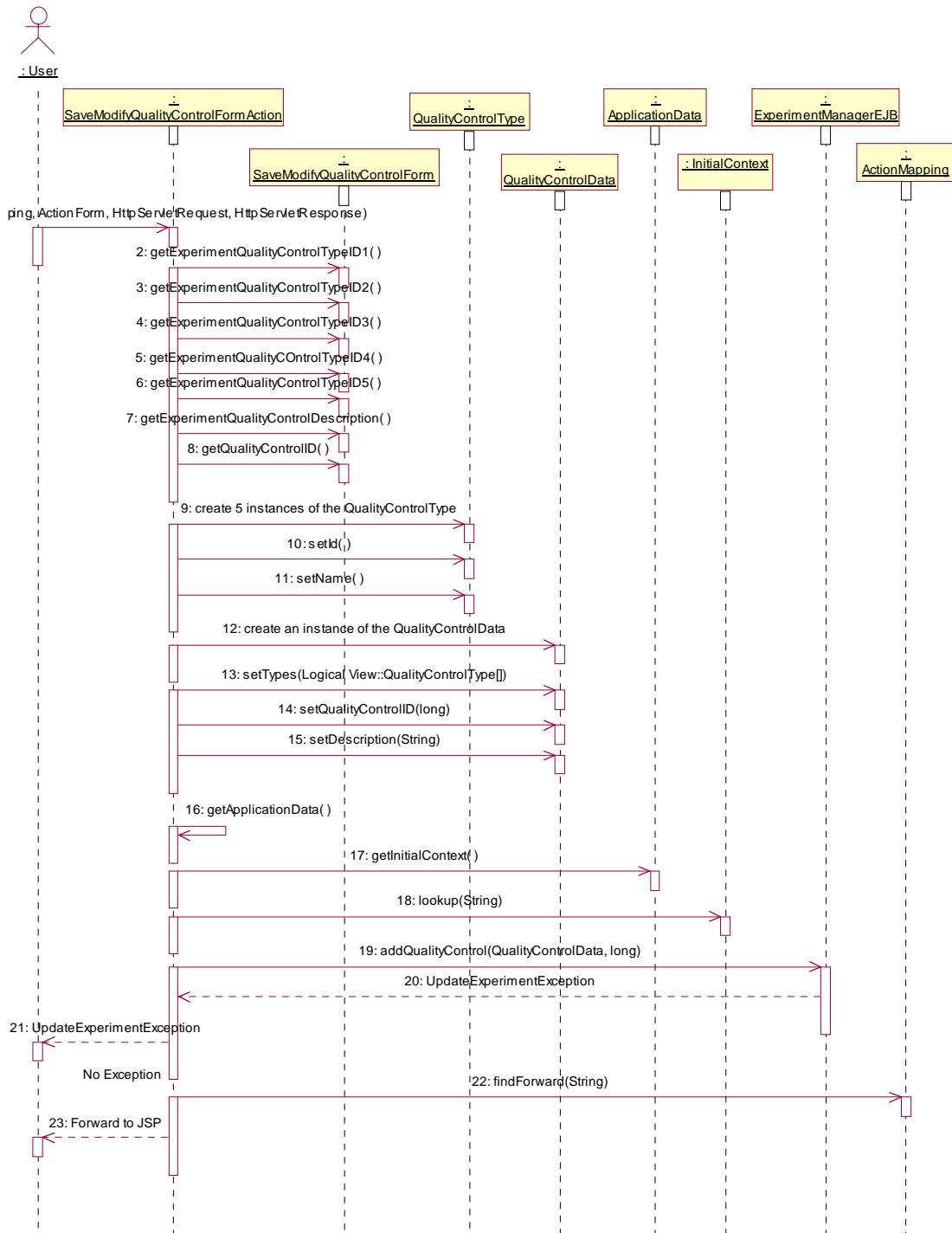
171. BuildSaveModifyExperimentPublicationDataFormAction.performAction



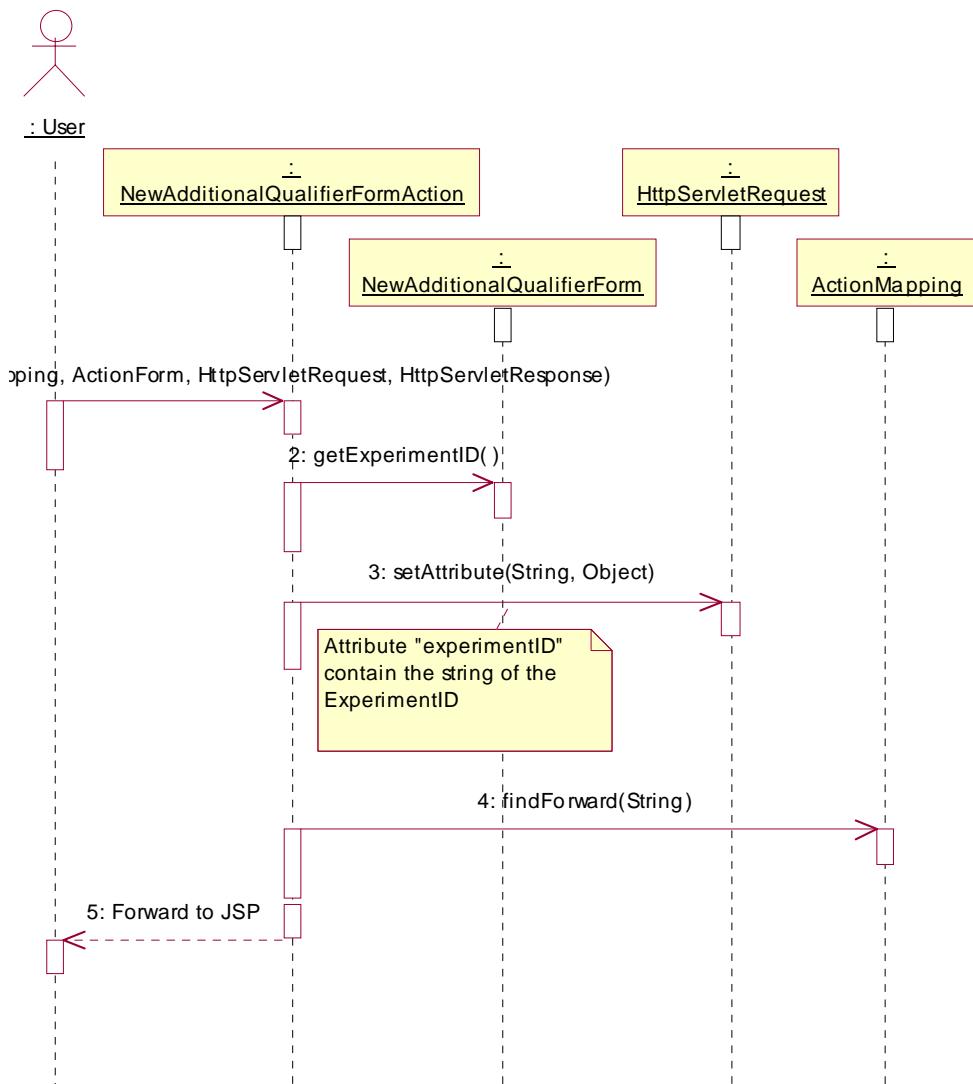
172. BuildModifyQualityControlTypeFormAction.performAction



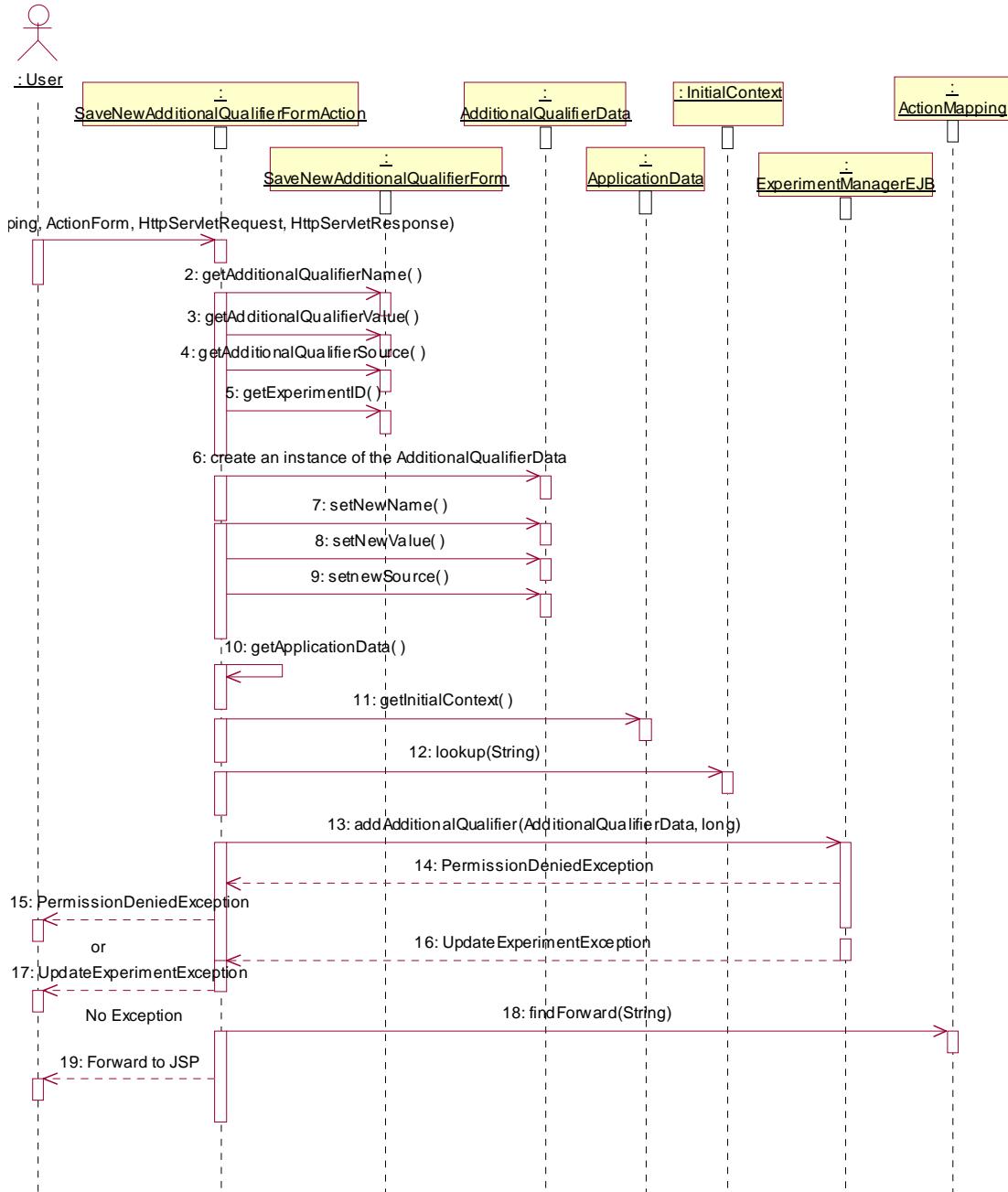
173. BuildSaveModifyQualityControlFormAction.performAction



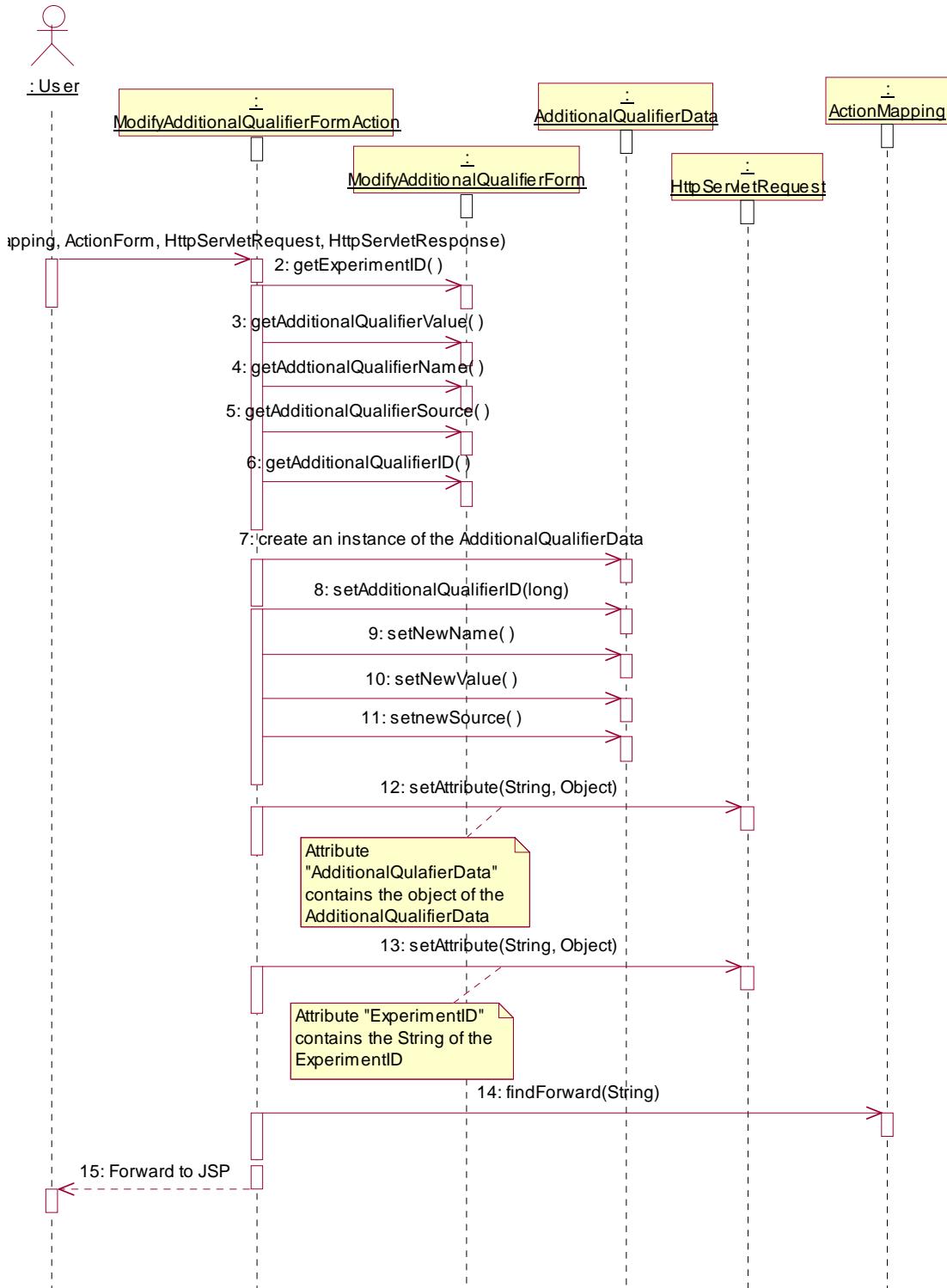
174. BuildNewAdditionalQualiferFormAction.performAction



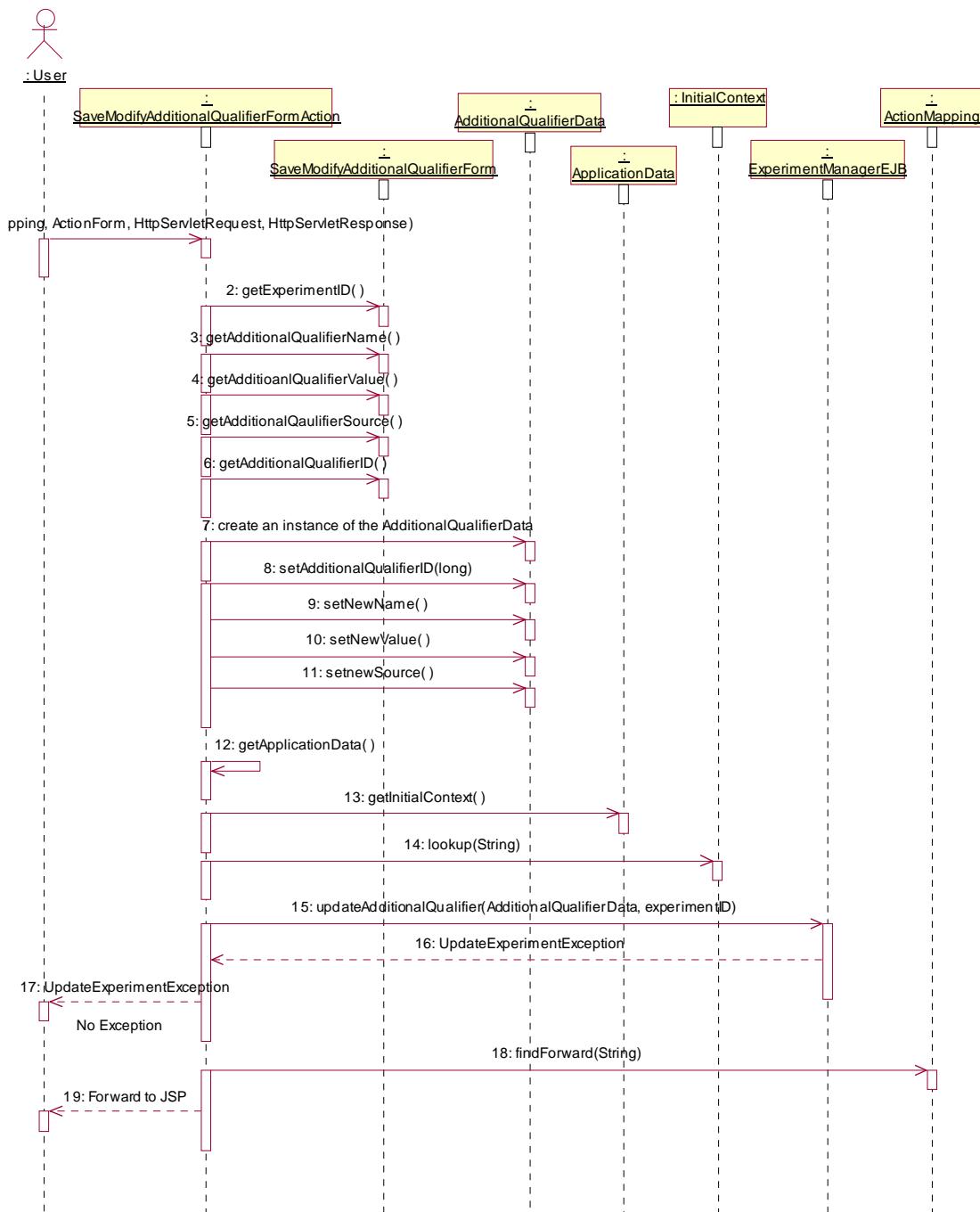
175. BuildSaveNewAdditionalQualiferFormAction.performAction



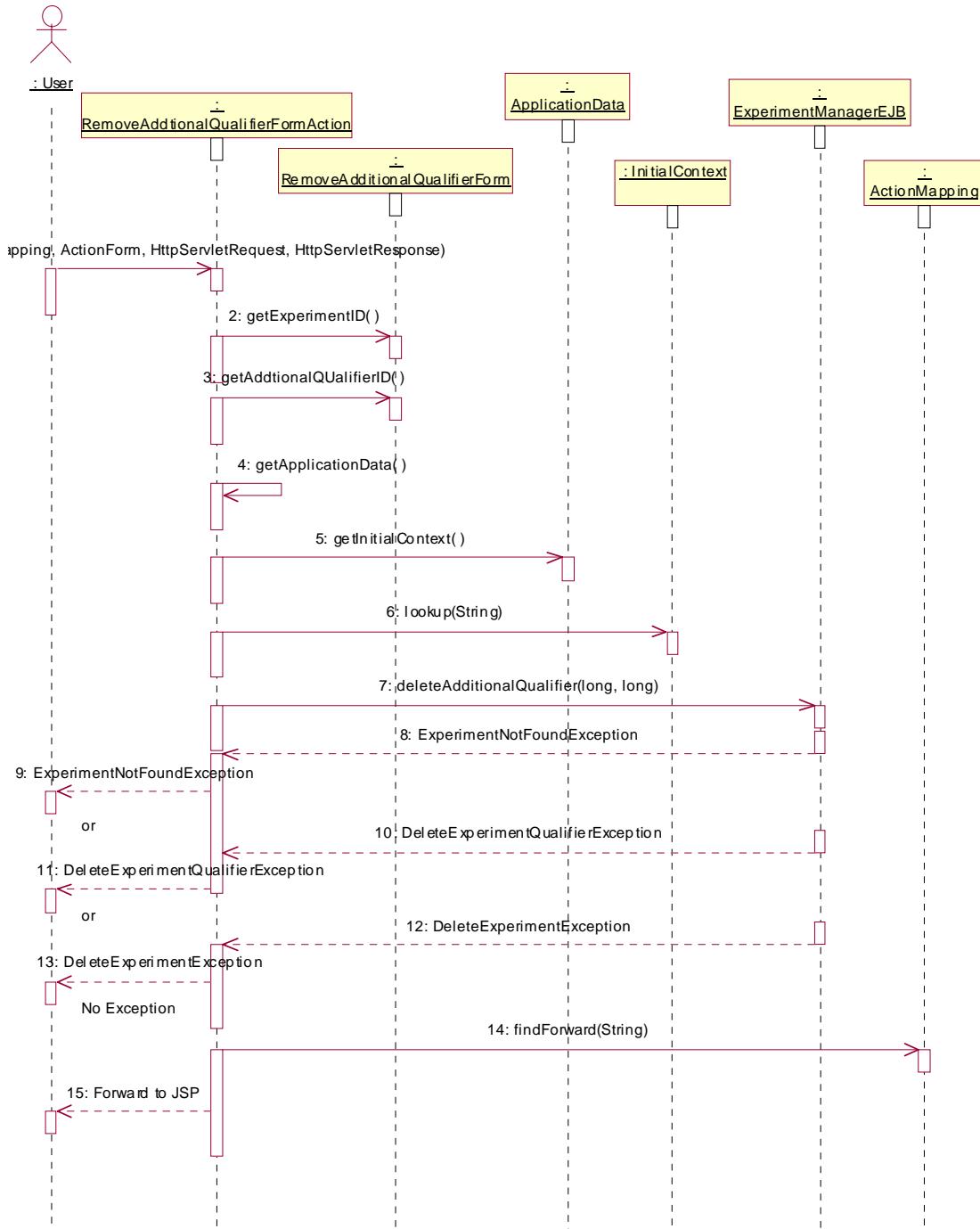
176. BuildModifyAdditionalQualifierFormAction.performAction



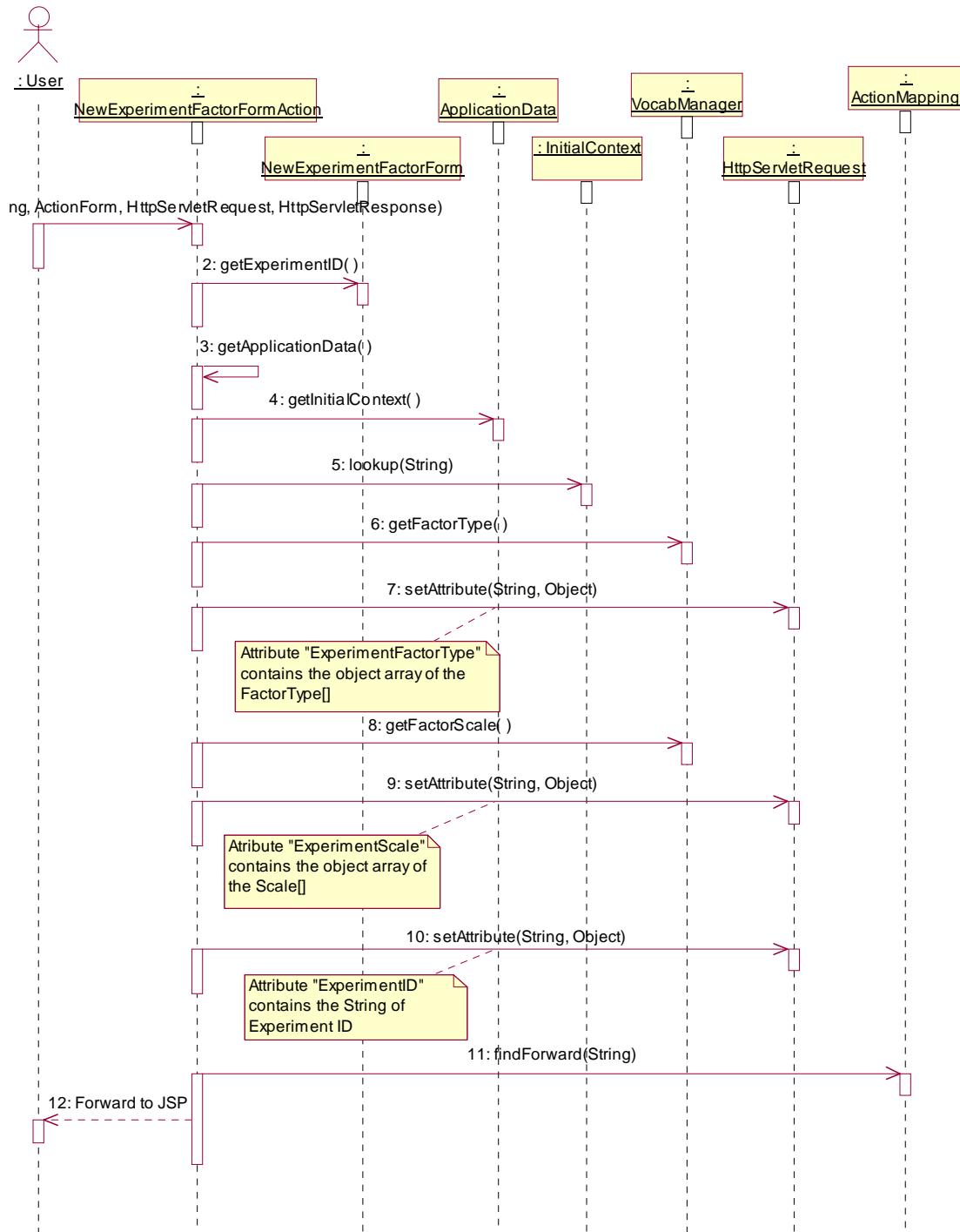
177. BuildSaveModifyAdditionalQualifierFormAction.performAction



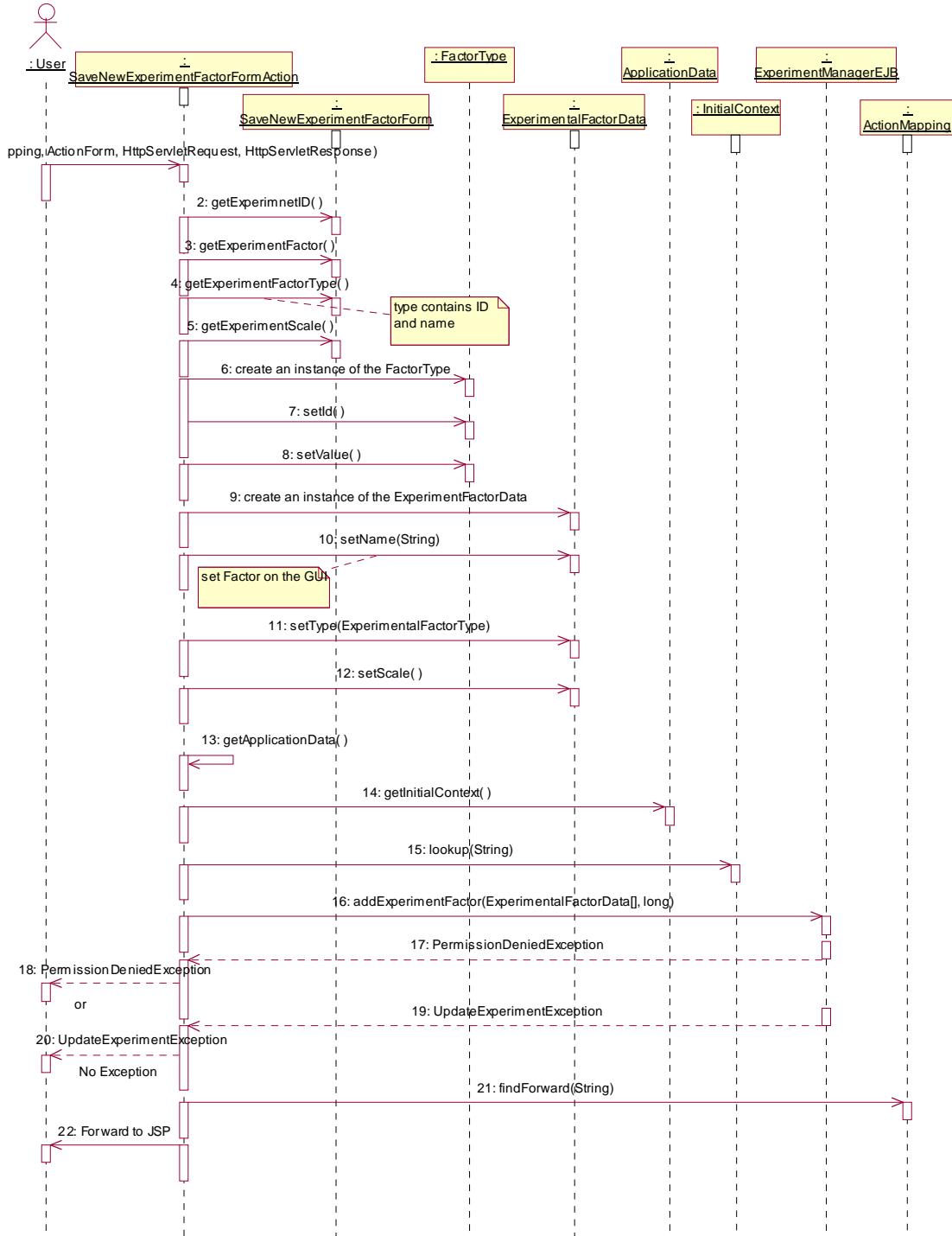
178. BuildRemoveAdditionalQualifierFormAction.performAction



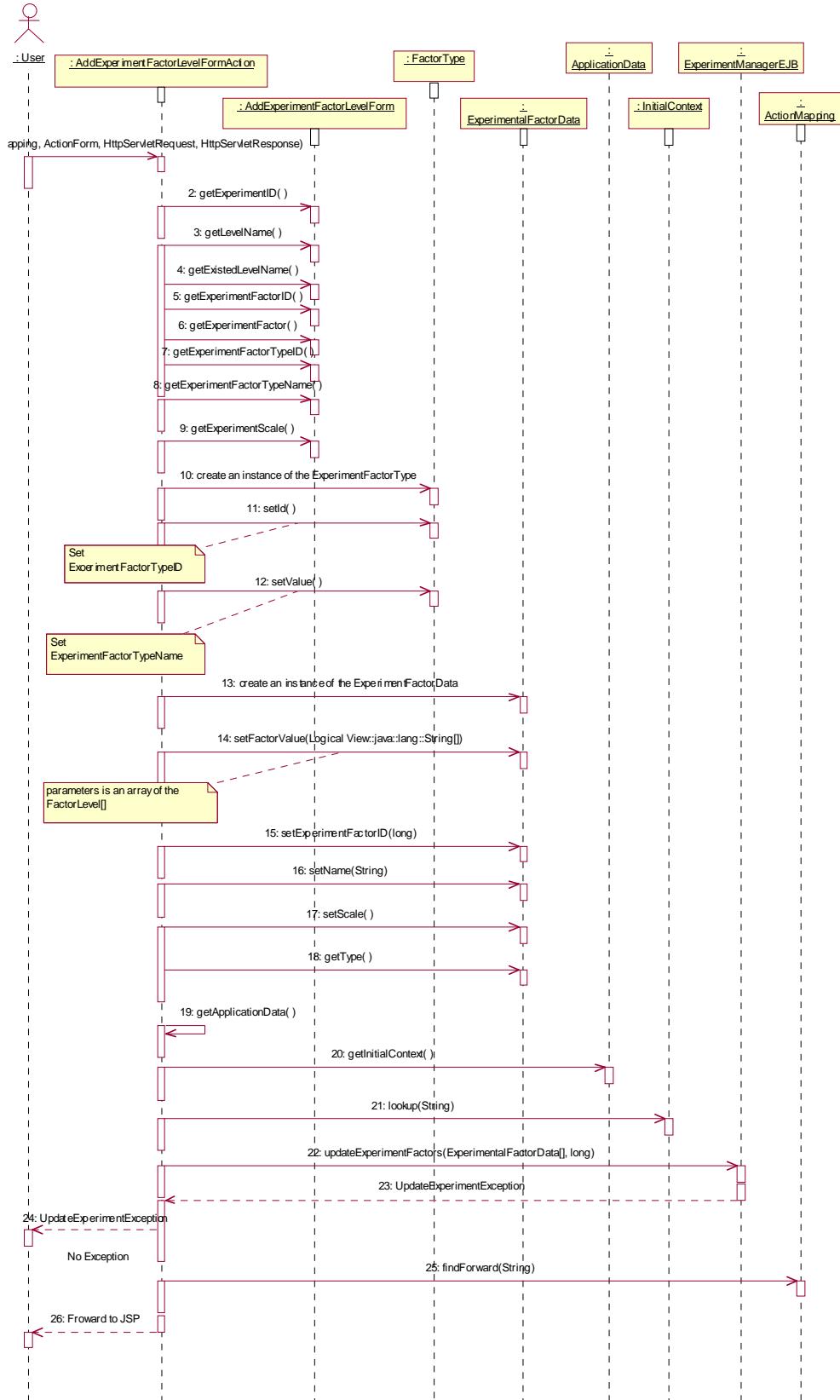
179. BuildNewExperimentFactorFormAction.performAction



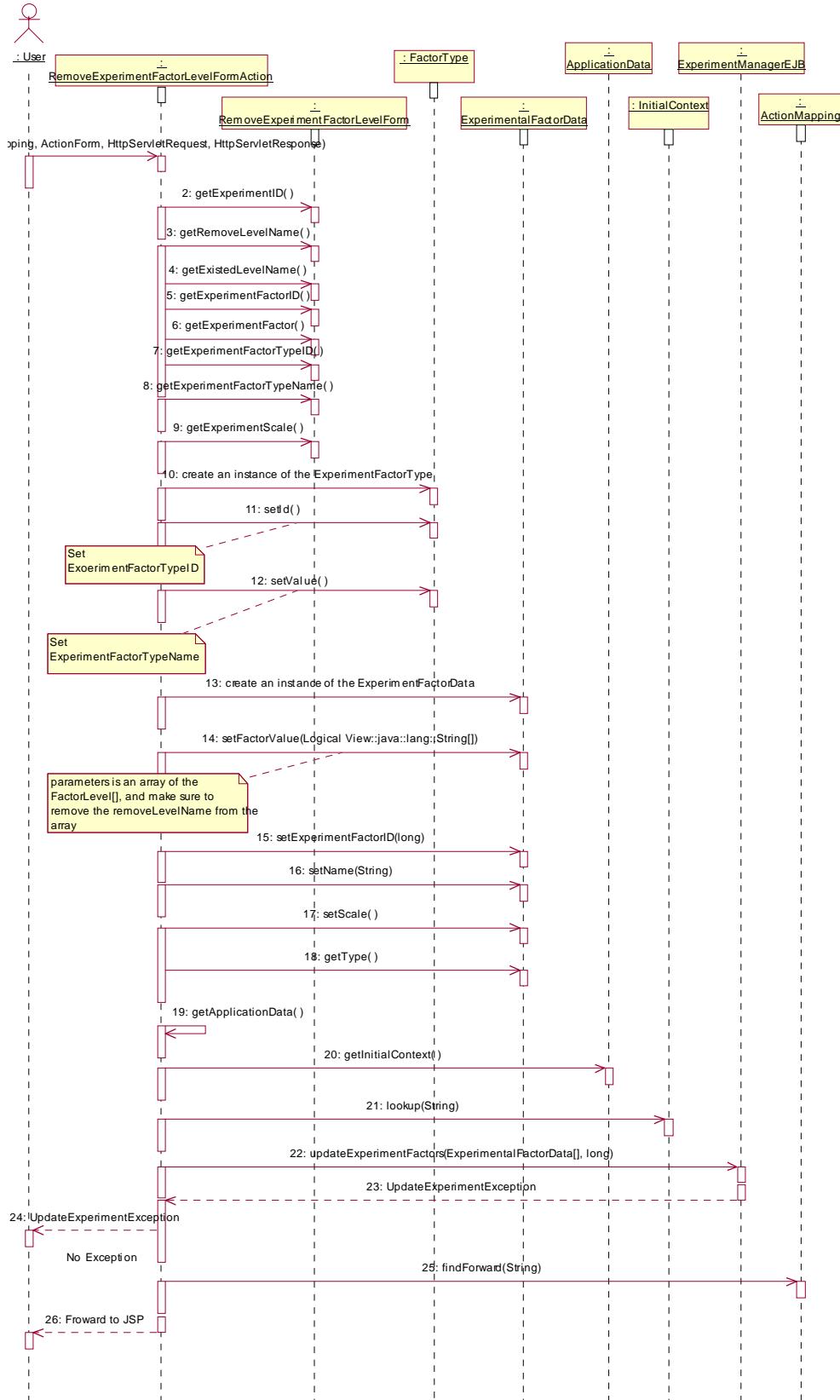
180. BuildSaveNewExperimentFactorFormAction.performAction



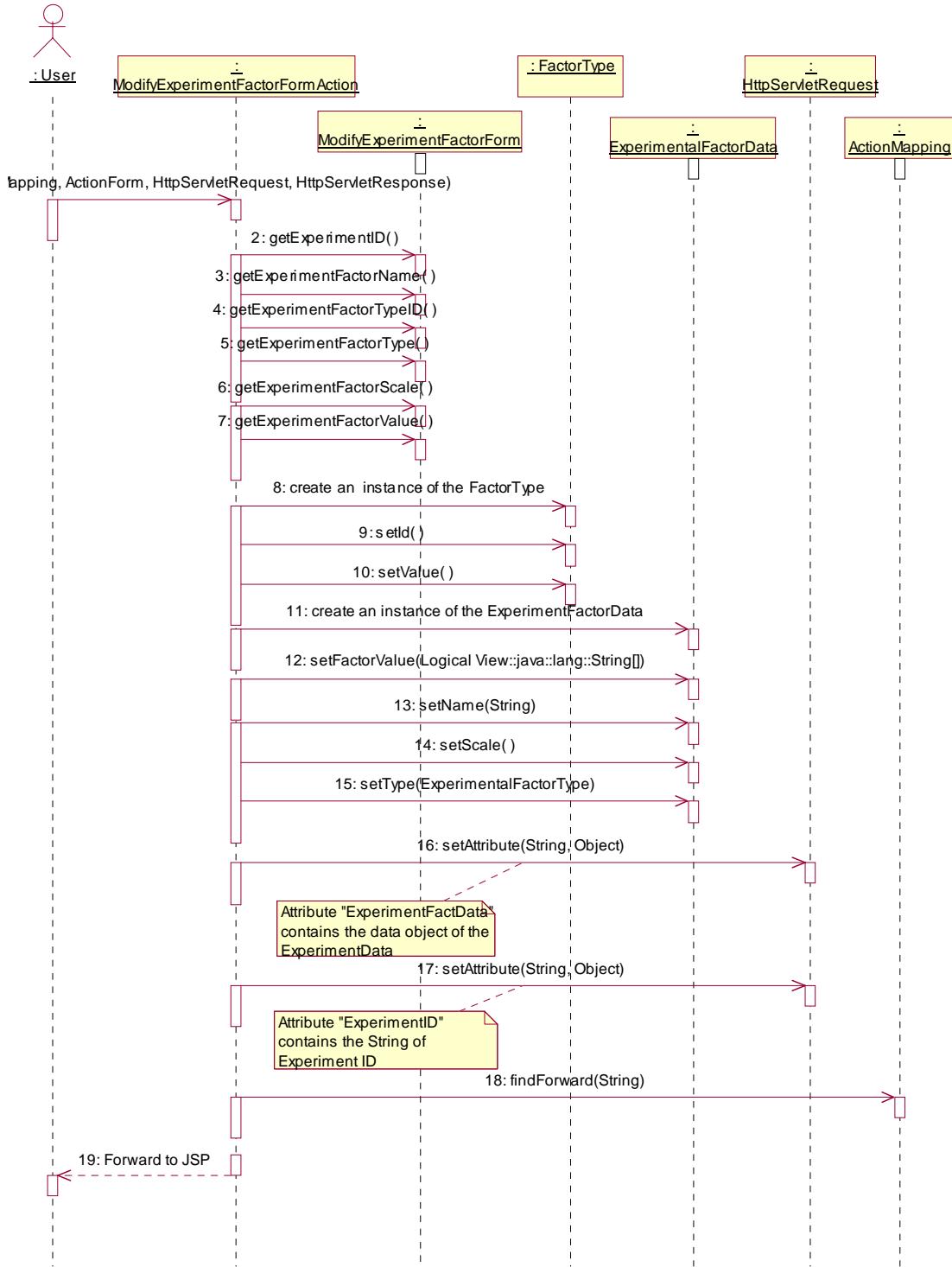
181. BuildAddExperimentFactorLevelFormAction.performAction



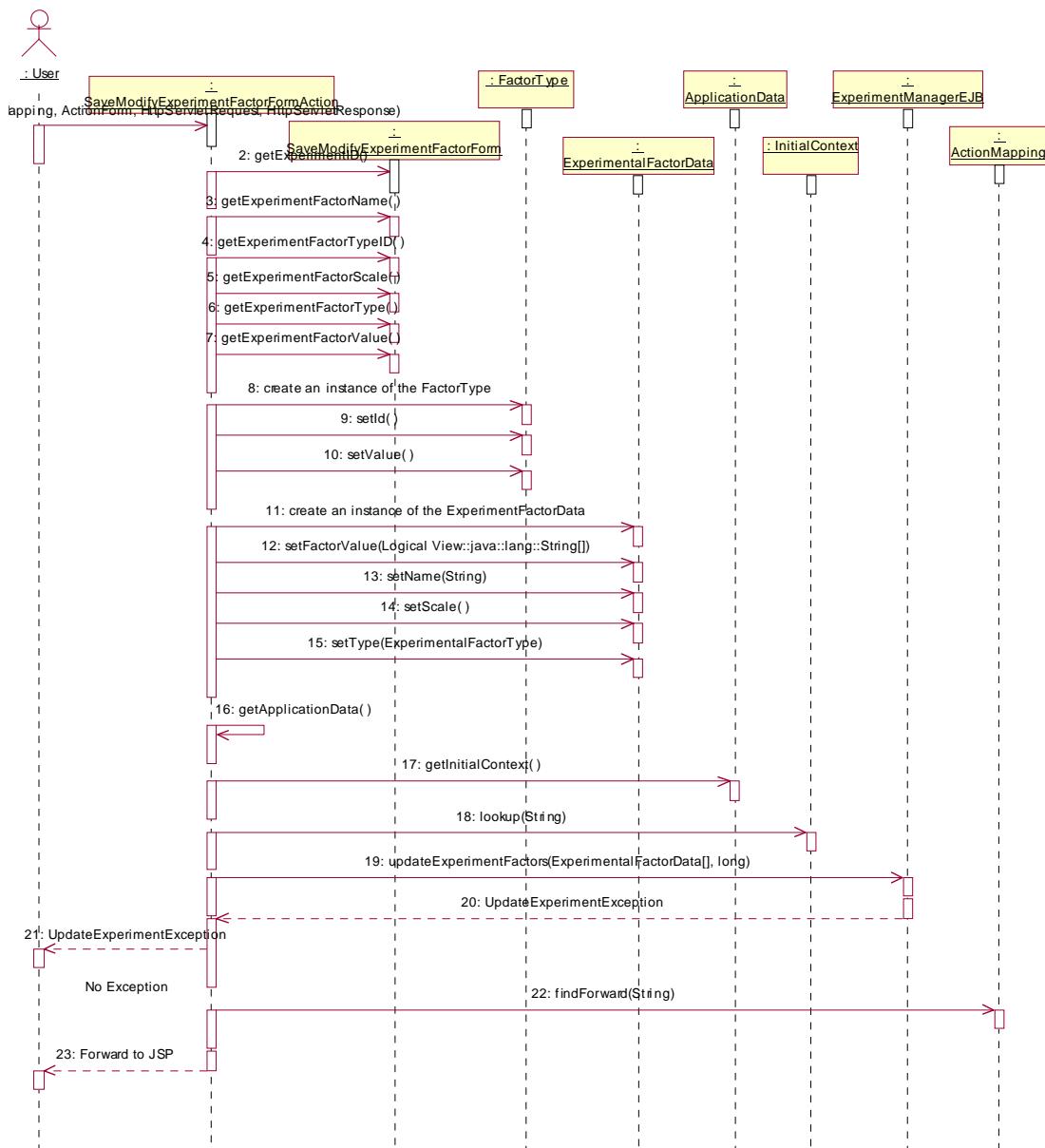
182. BuildRemoveExperimentFactorLevelFormAction.performAction



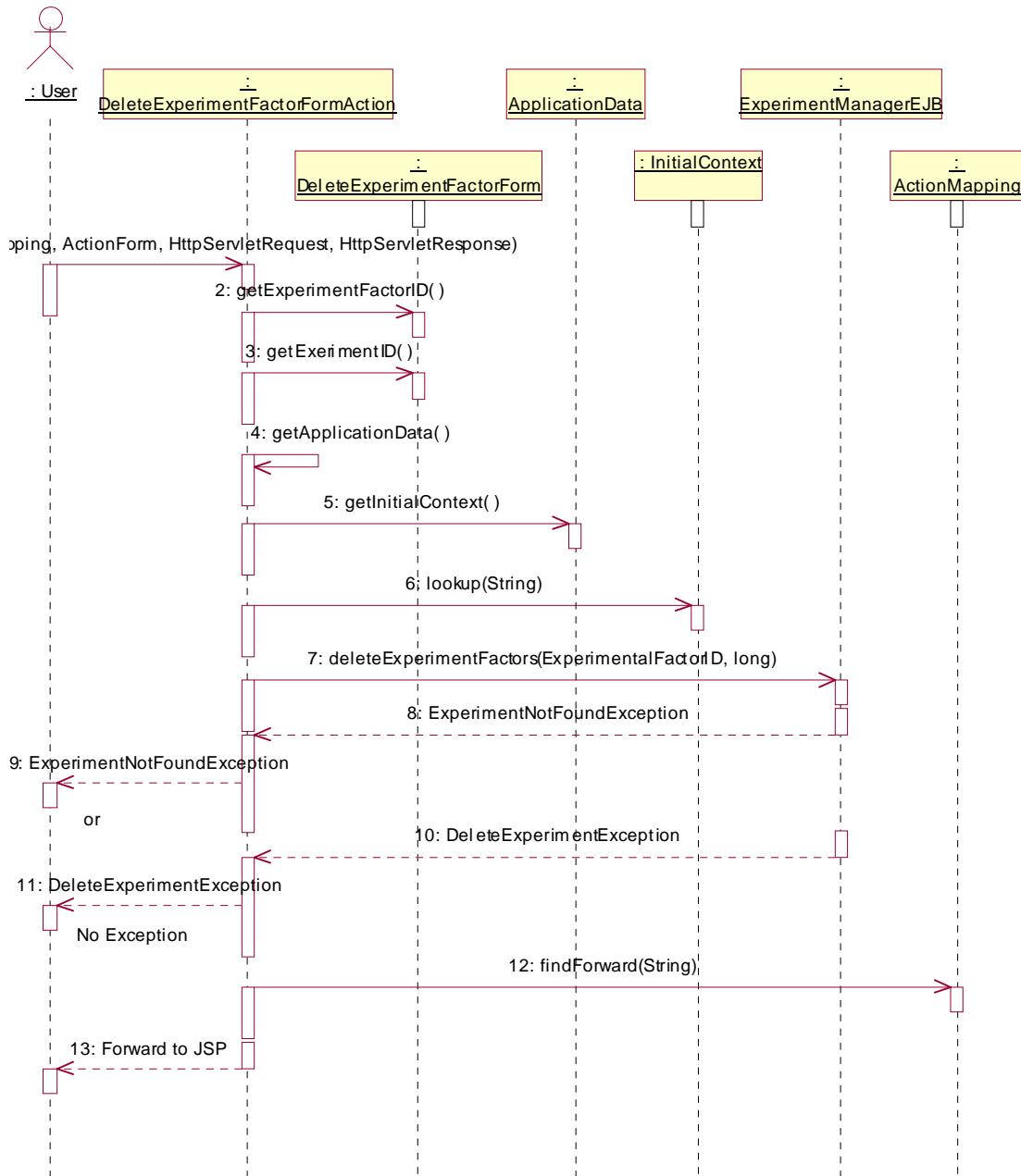
183. BuildModifyExperimentFactorPageFormAction.performAction



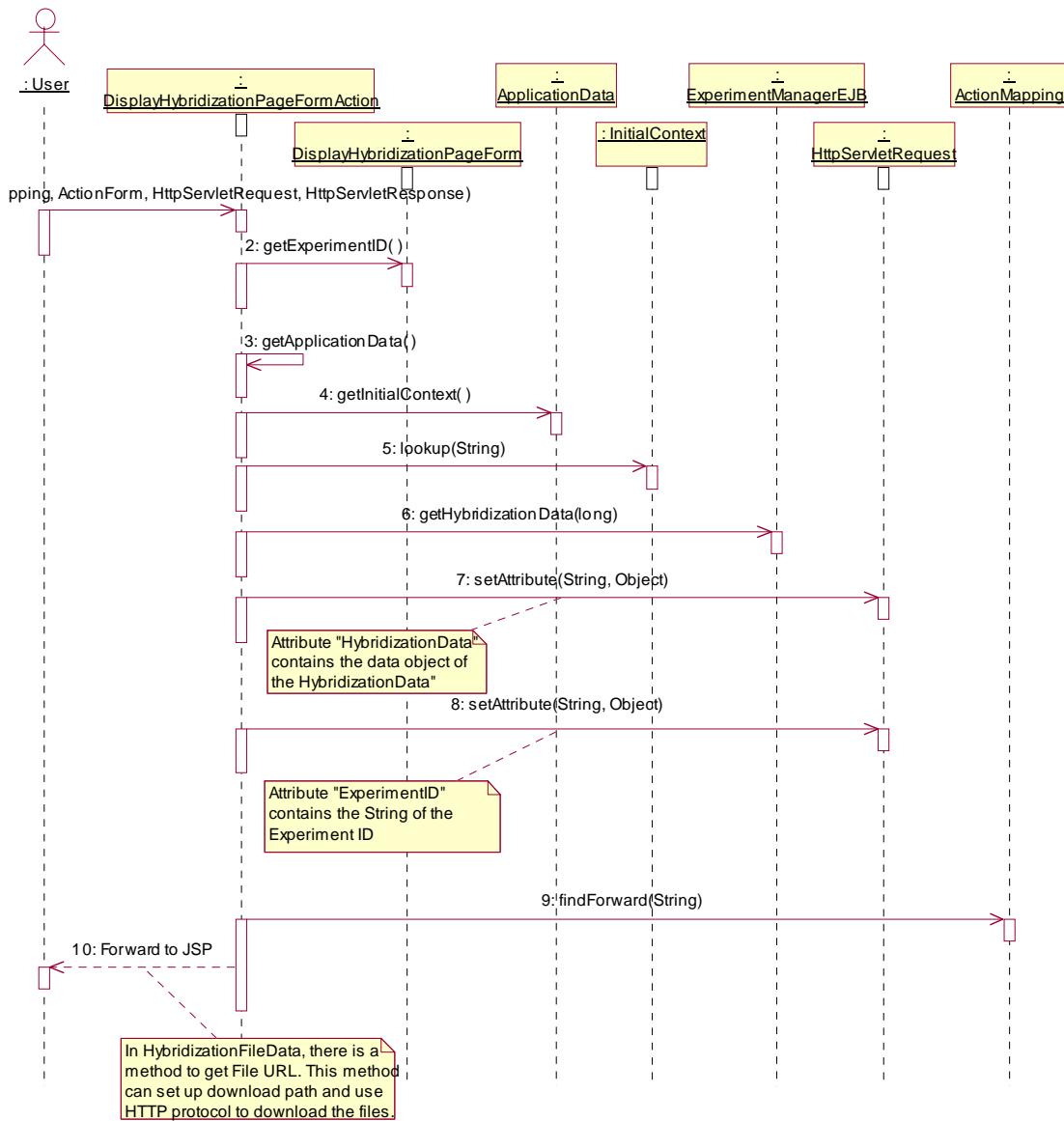
184. BuildSaveModifyExperimentFactorFormAction.performAction



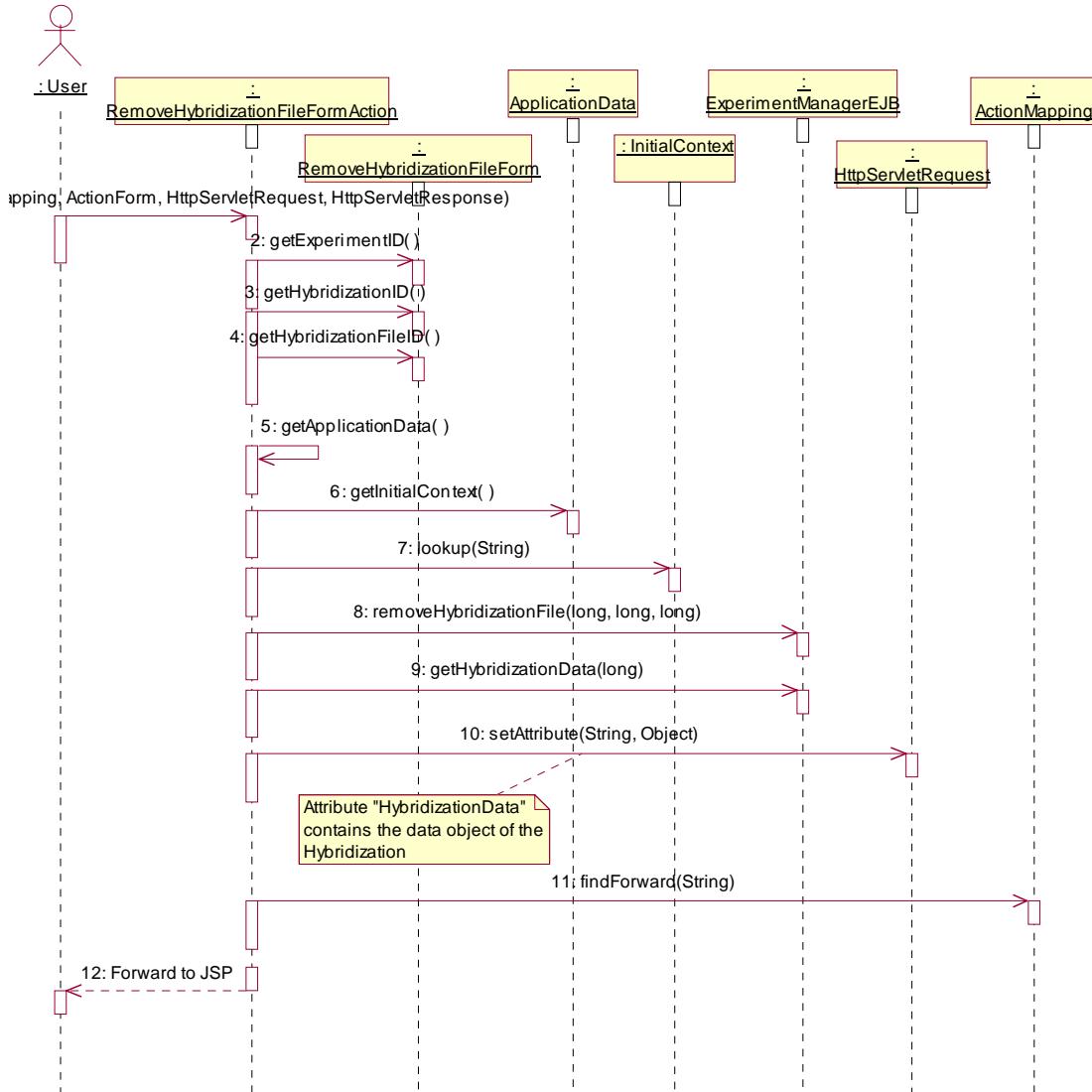
185. BuildDeleteExperimentFactorFormAction.performAction



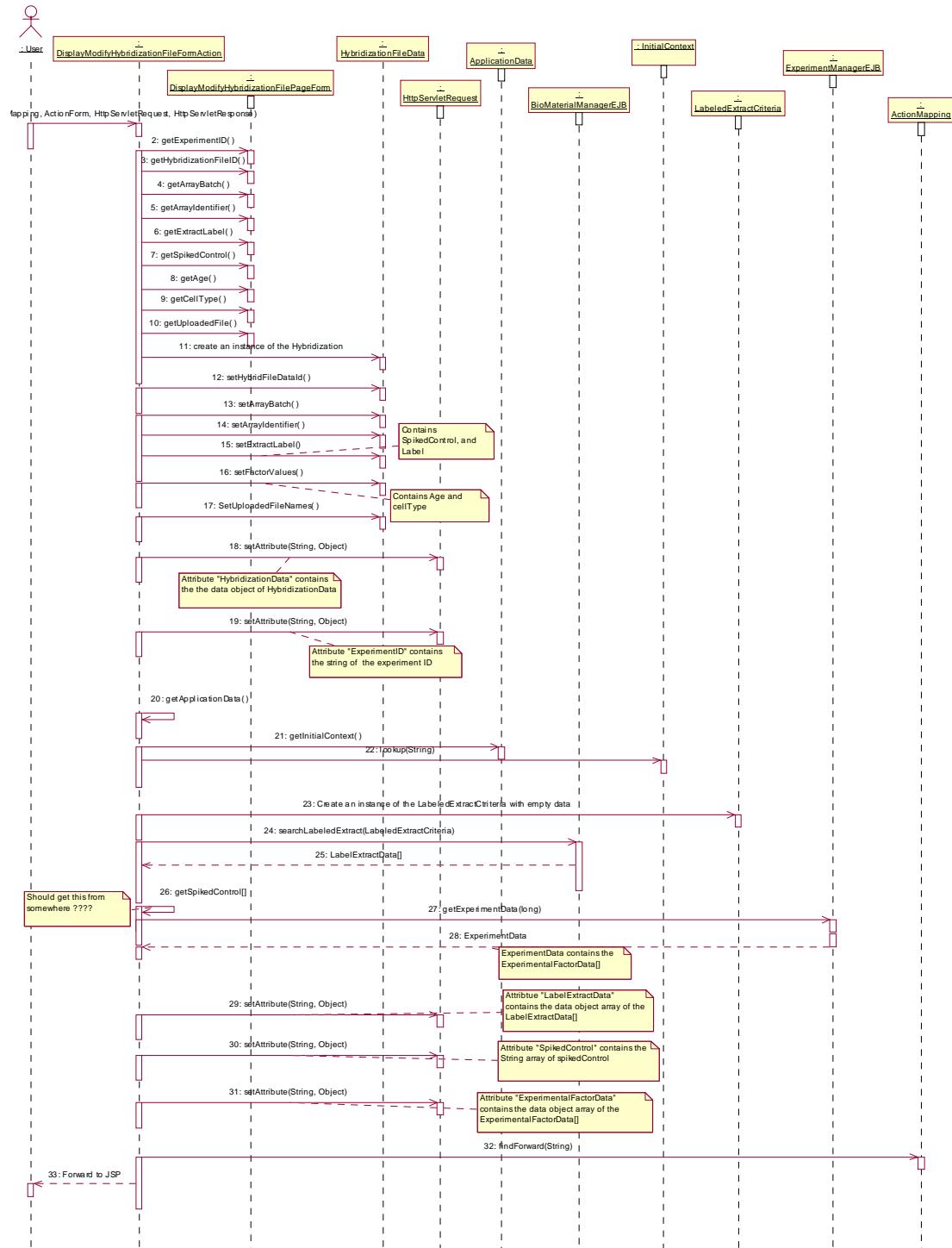
186. BuildDisplayHybridizationPageFormAction.performAction



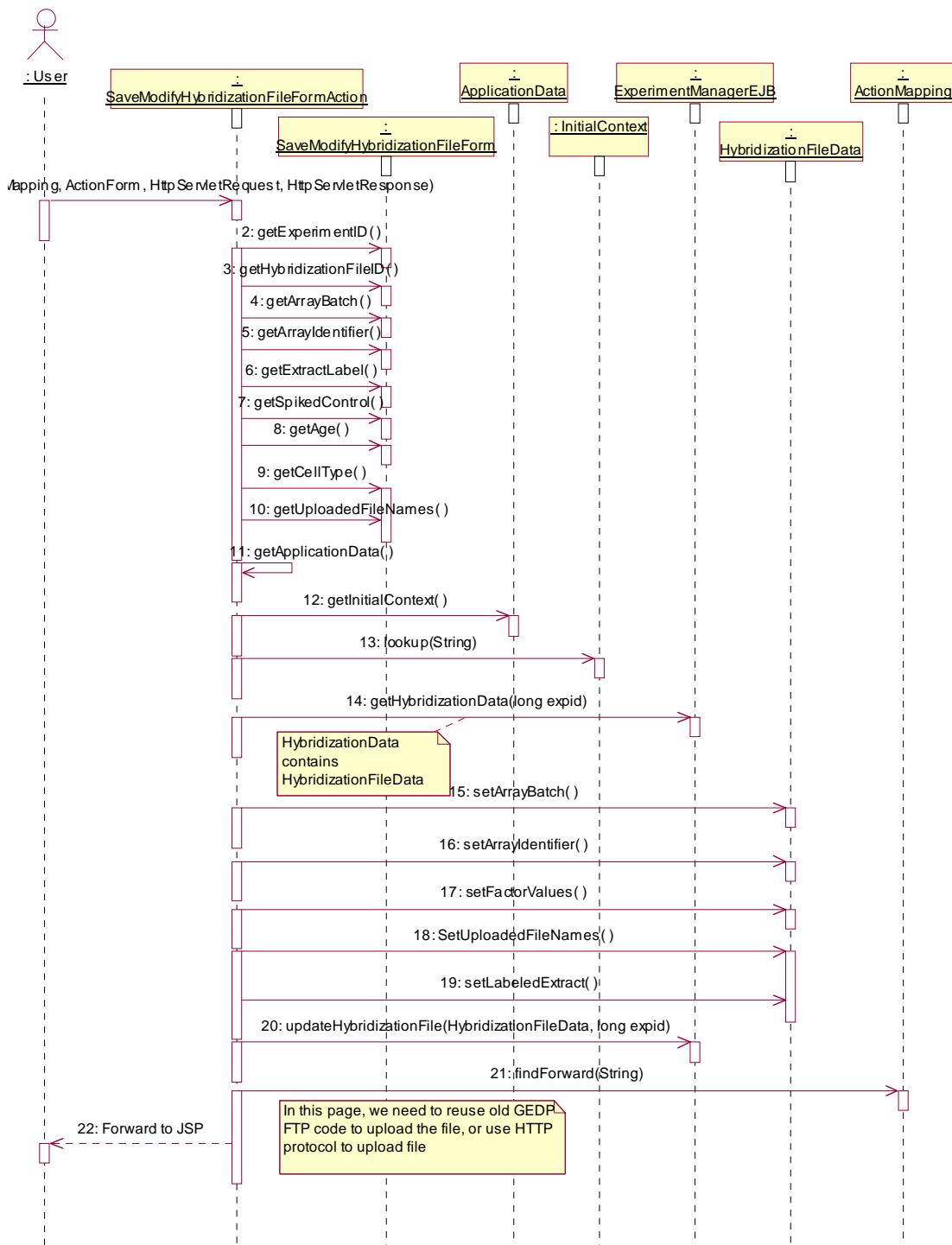
187. BuildRemoveHybridizationFileFormAction.performAction



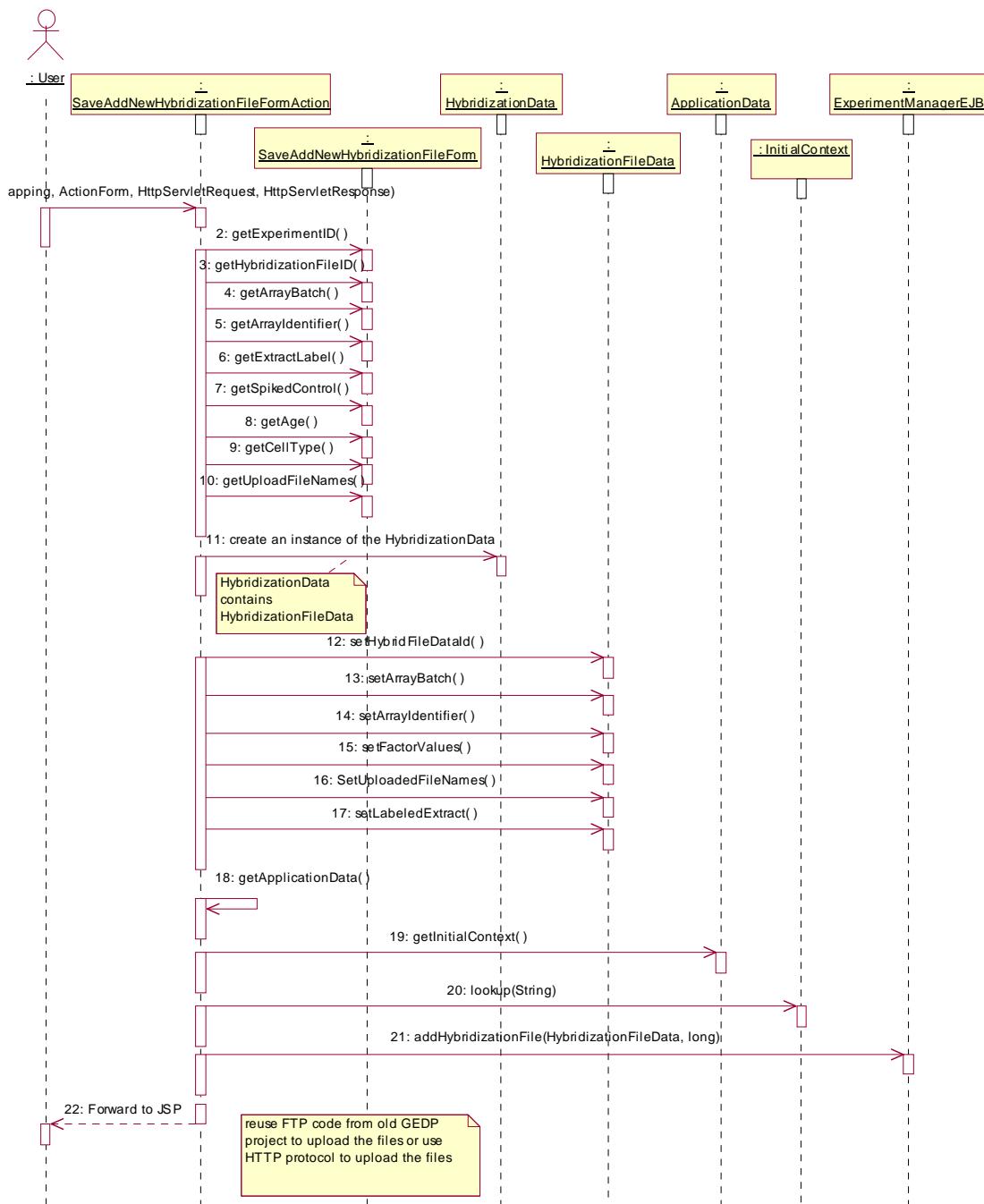
188. BuildDisplayModifyHybridizationFormAction.performAction



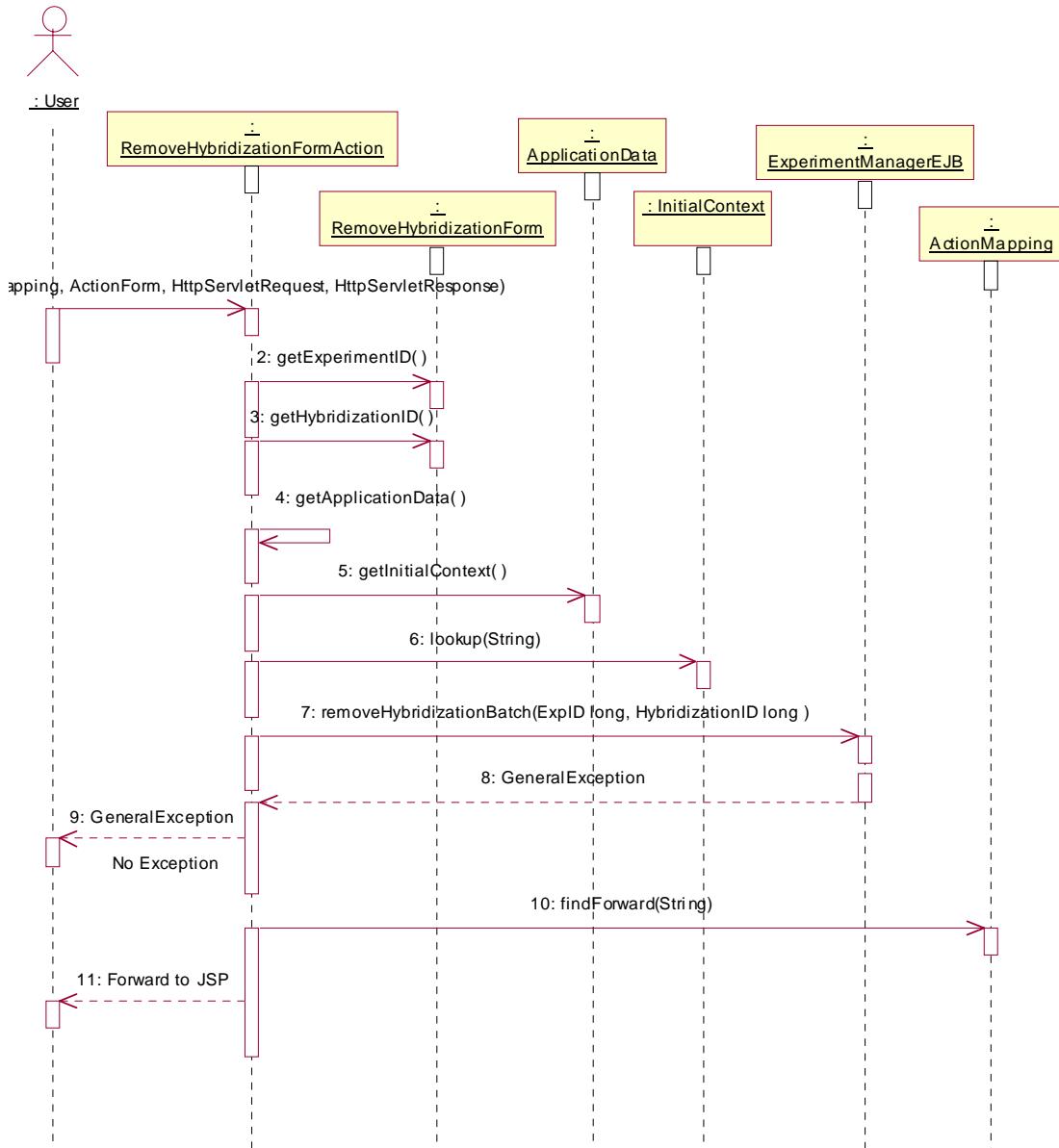
189. BuildSaveModifyHybridizationFileFormAction.performAction



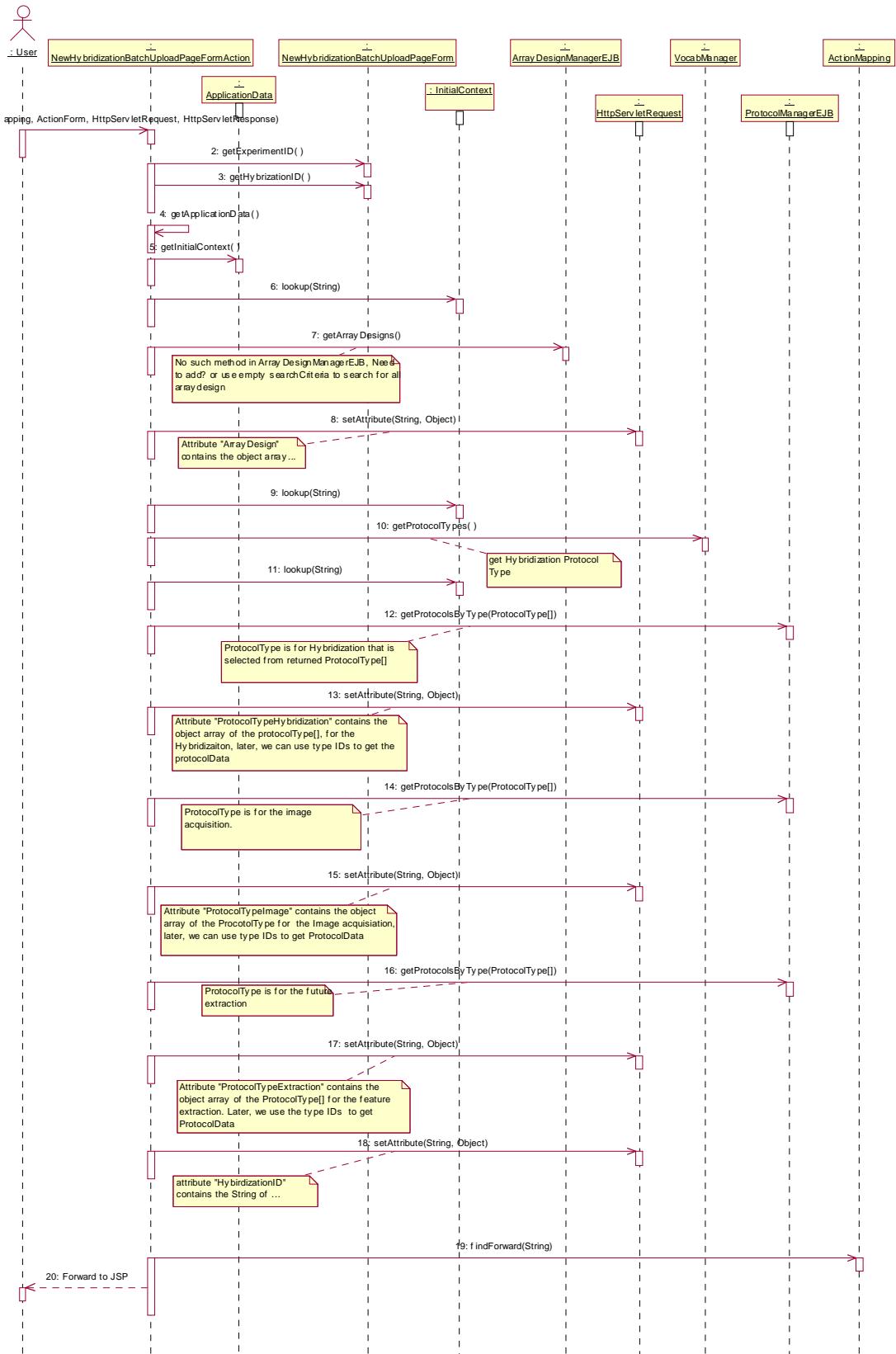
190. BuilldSaveAddNewHybridizationFileFormAction.performAction



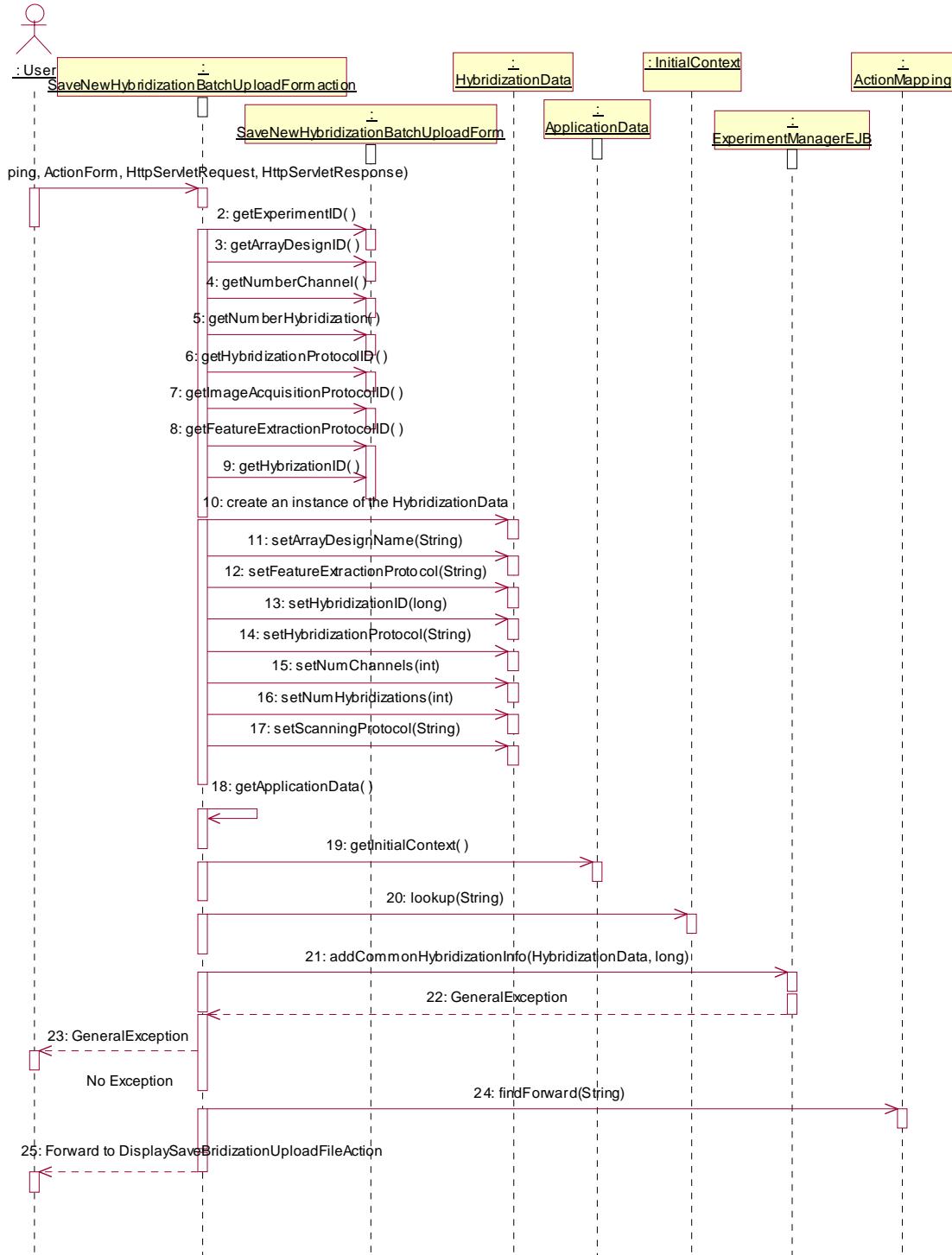
191. BuildRemoveHybridizationBatchFormAction.performAction



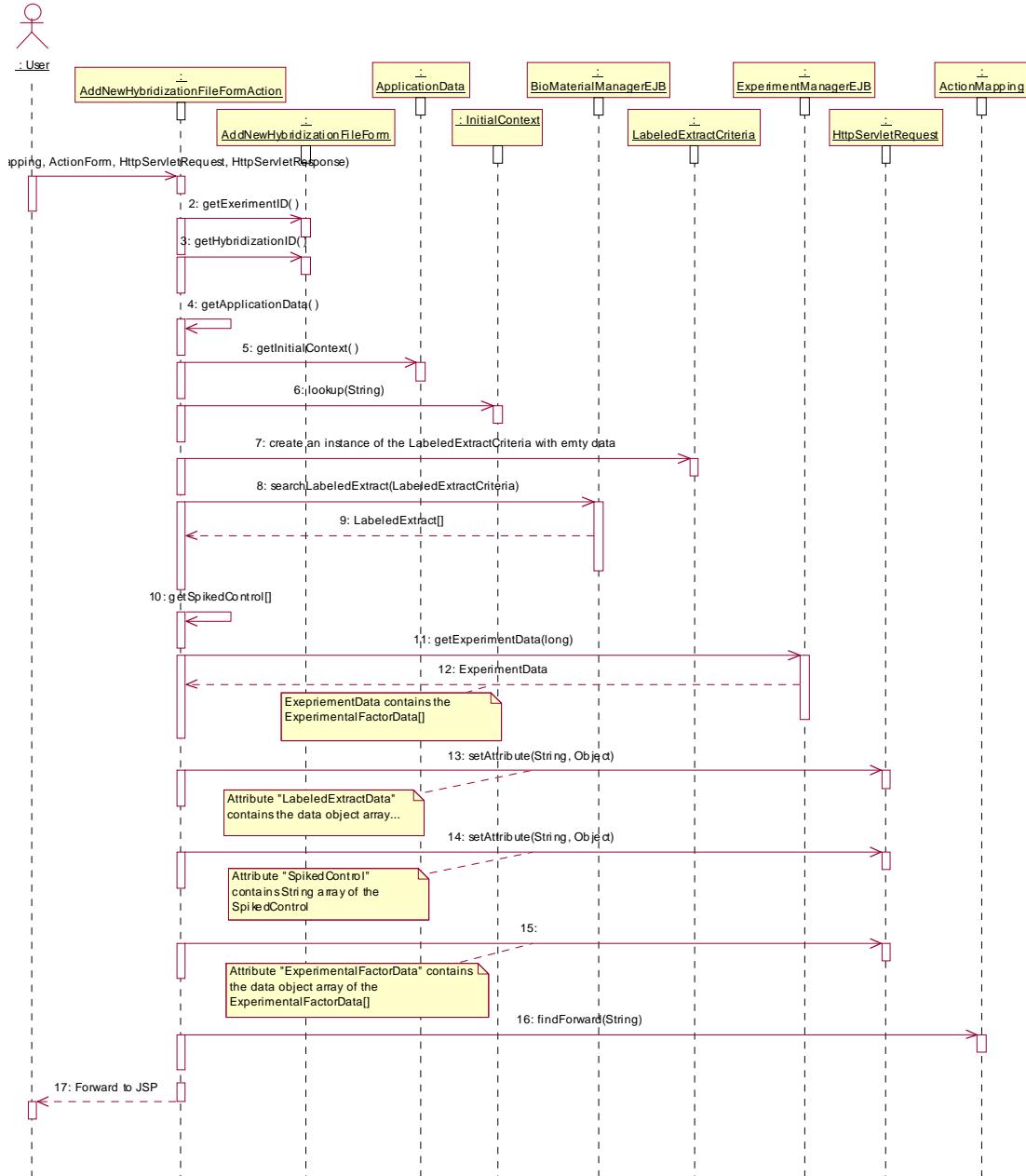
192. BuildNewHybridizationBatchUploadPageFormAction.performAction



193. BuildSaveNewHybridizationBatchUploadFormAction.performAction



194. BuildAddNewHybridizationFileFormAction.performAction



195. BuildDisplaySaveHybridizationBatchUploadFileFormAction.performAction



: User

Refer to BuildAddNewHybridizationFileFormAction.performAction. But in this page, you need to carry over the common hybridization data to next page for display.

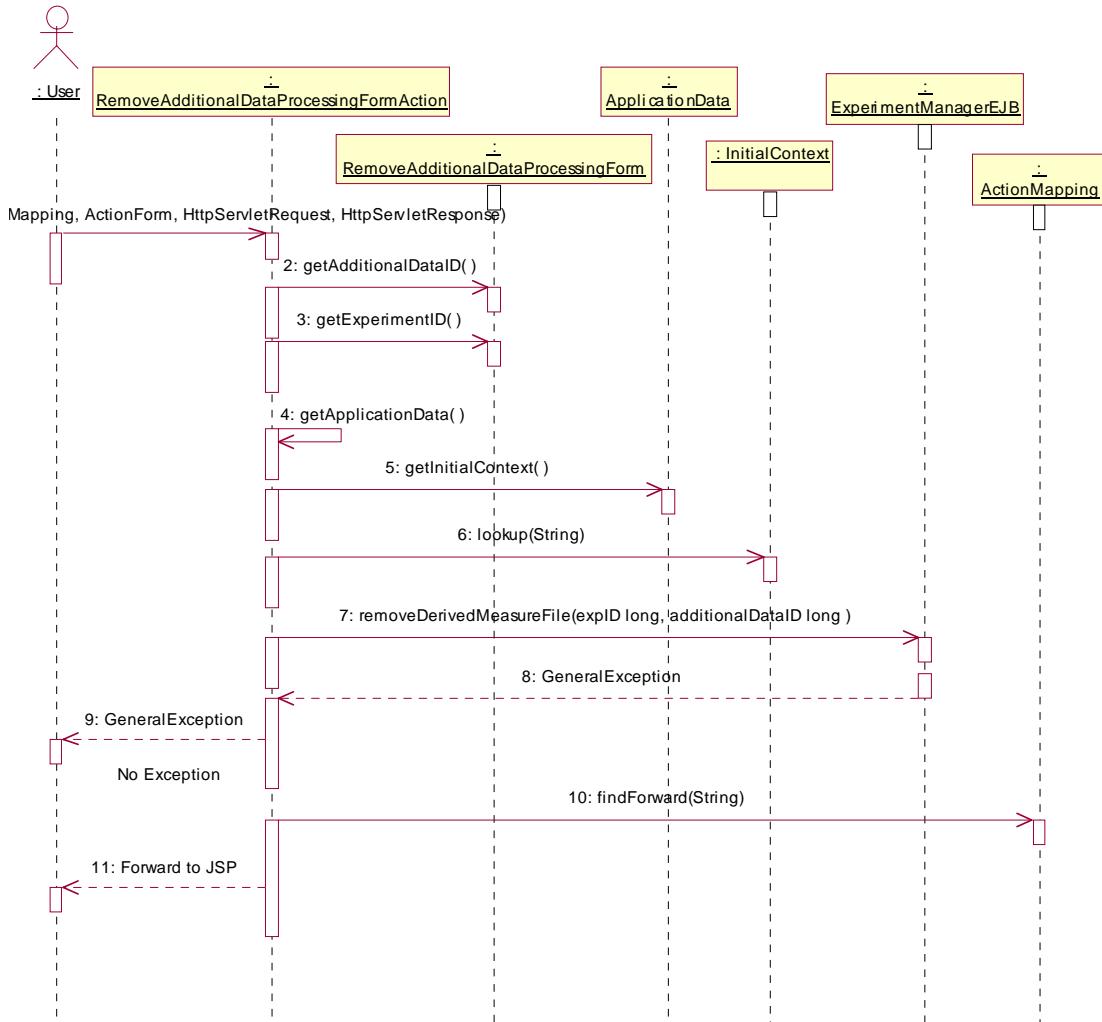
196. BuildSaveHybridizationBatchUploadFileFormAction.performAction



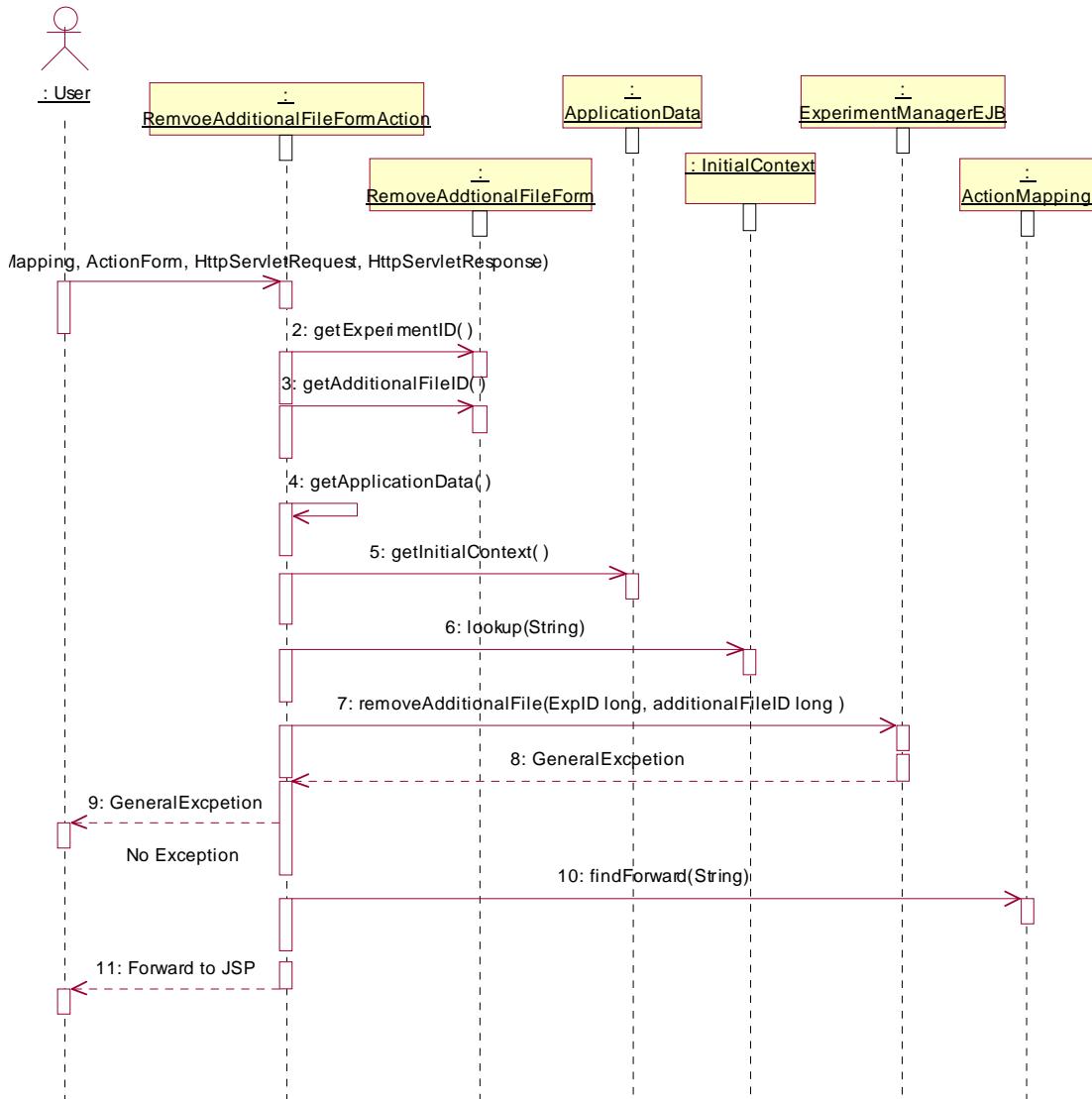
: User

Refer to BuildSaveAddNewHybridizationFileFormAction.performAction. This page contains multiple the upload files. You have to do it one by one in the loop.

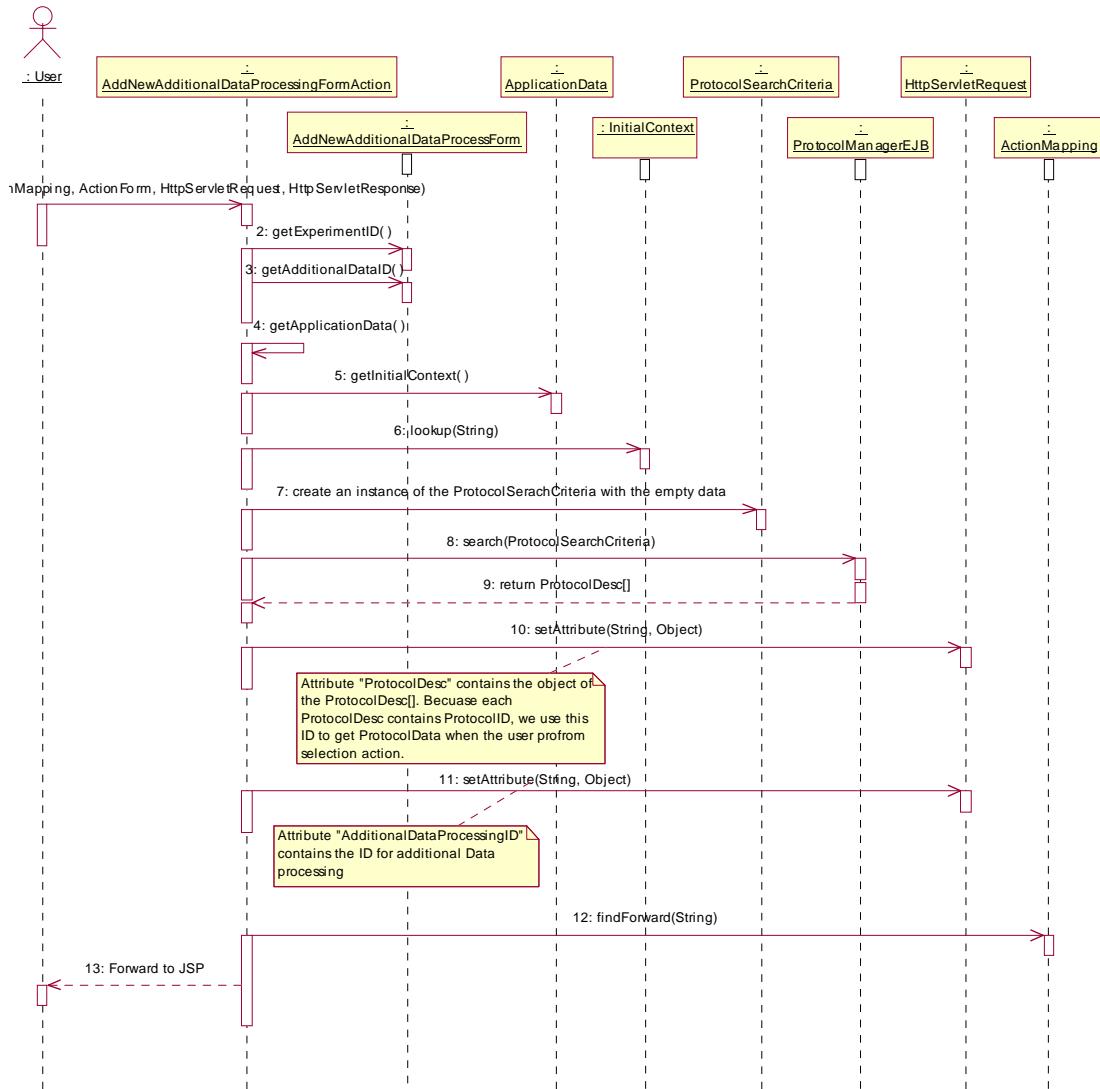
197. BuildRemoveAdditionalDataProcessingFormAction.performAction



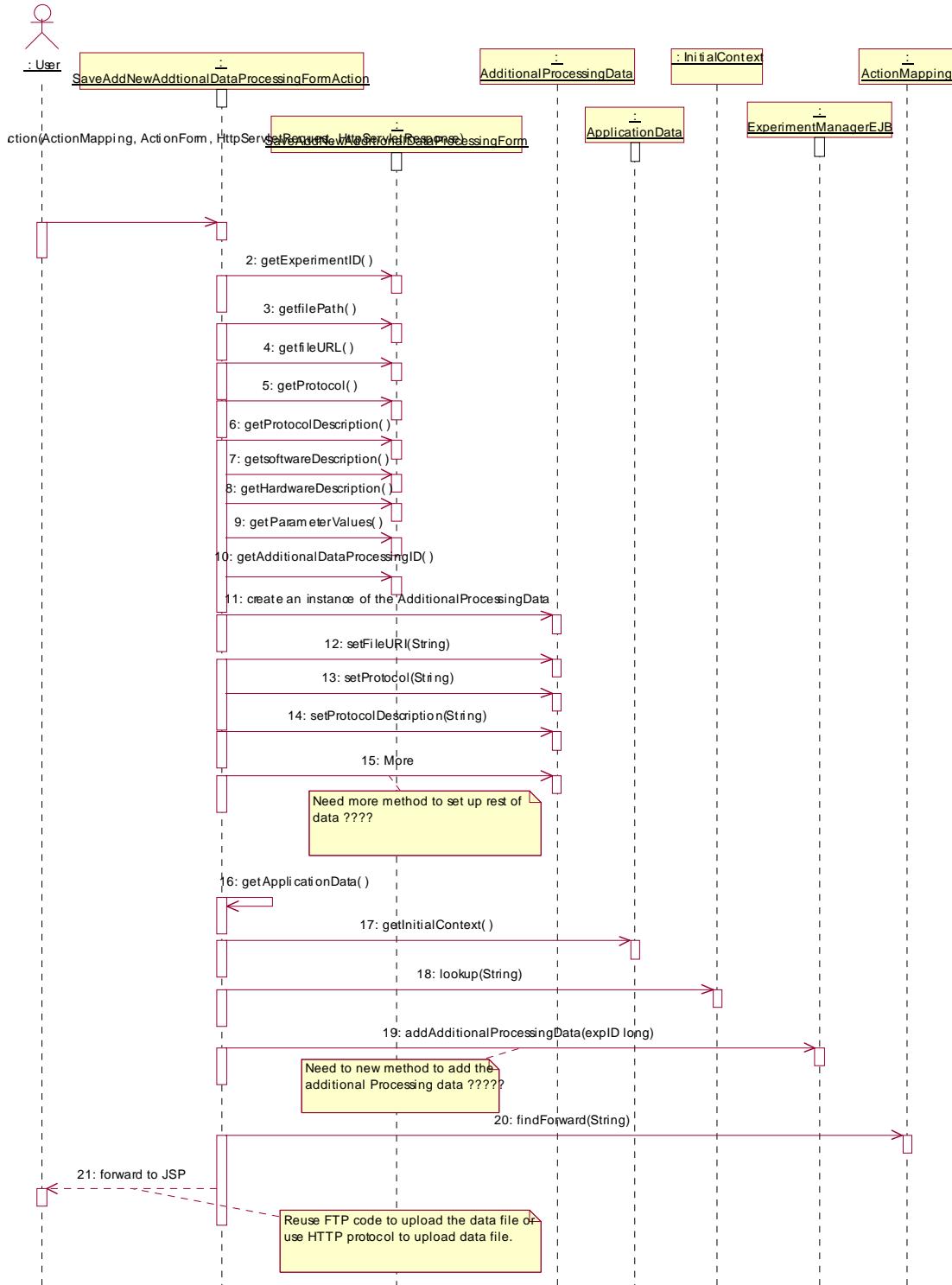
198. BuildRemoveAdditionalFileFormAction.performAction



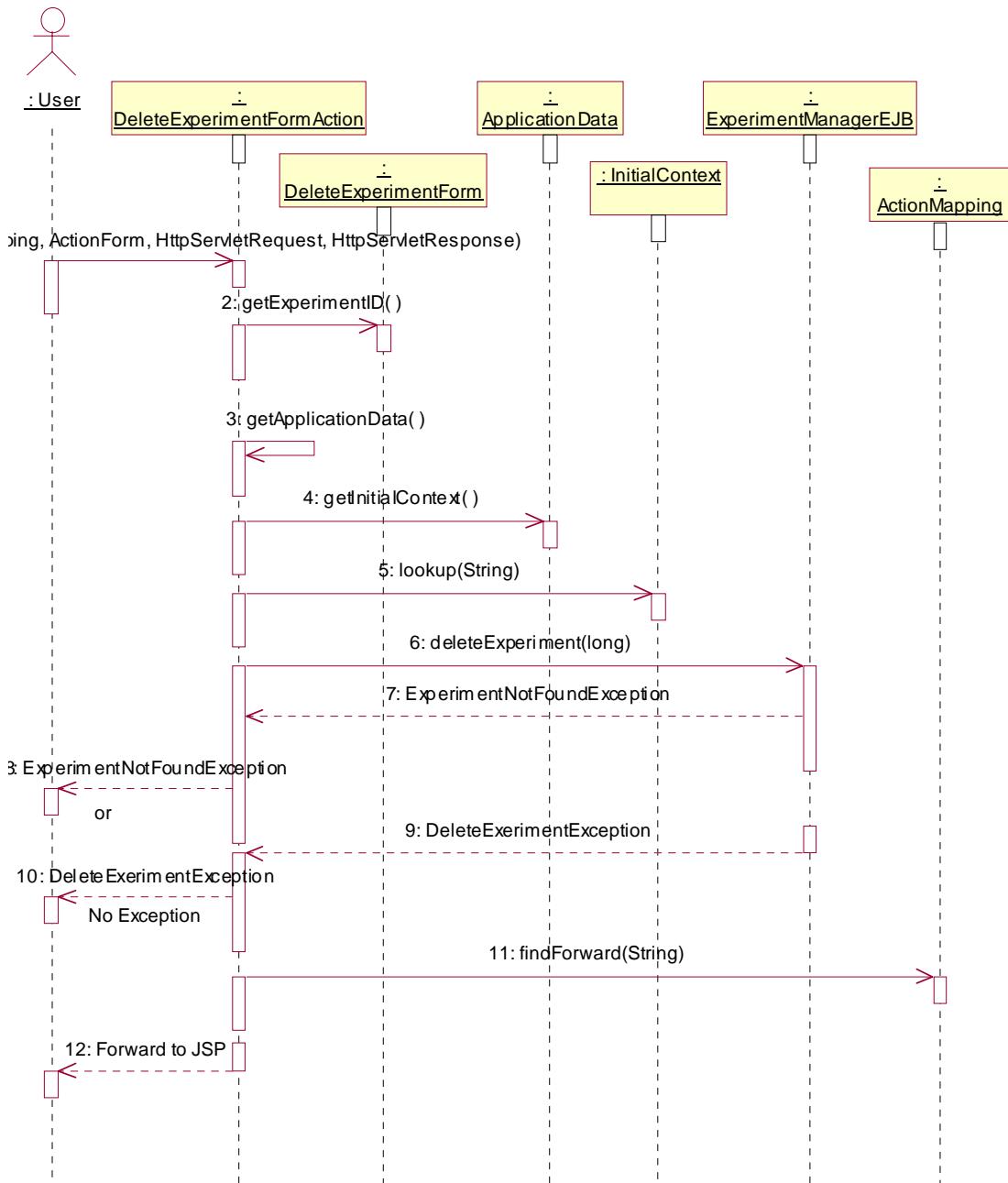
199. BuildAddNewAdditionalDataProcessingFormAction.performAction



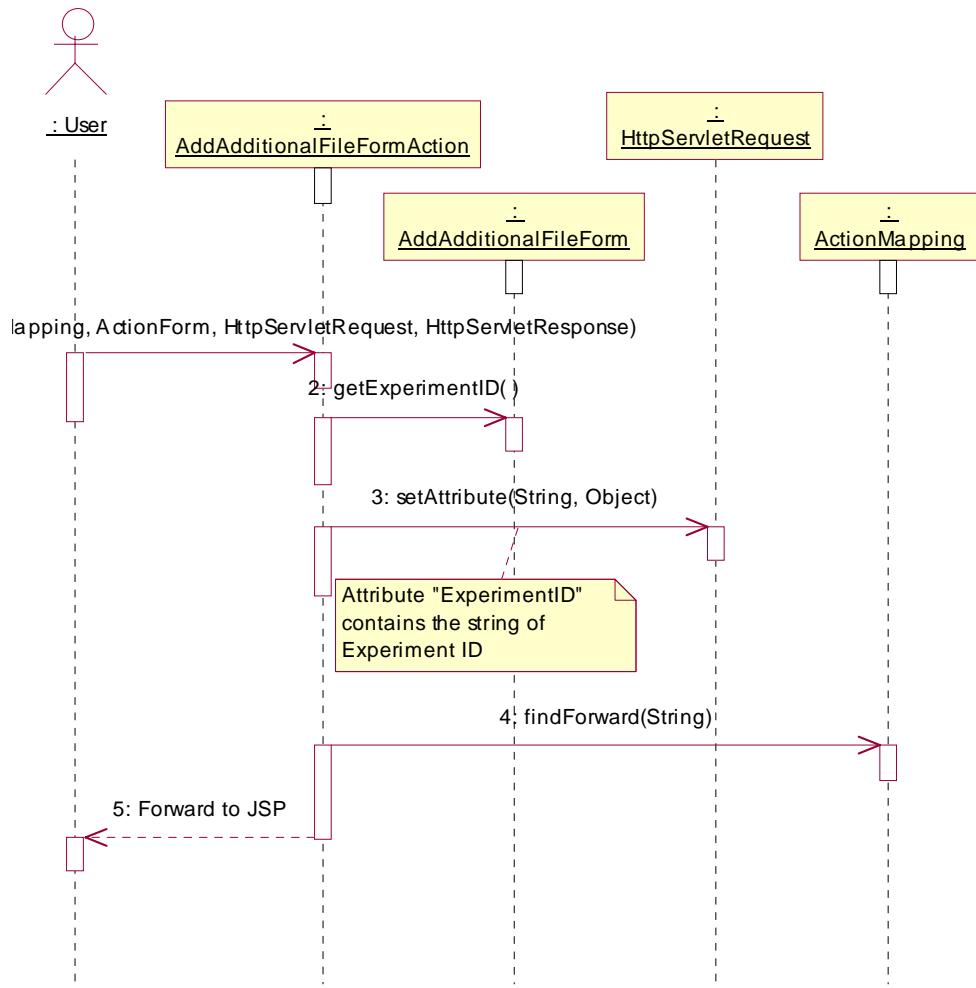
200. BuildSaveAddNewAdditionalDataProcessingFormAction.performAction



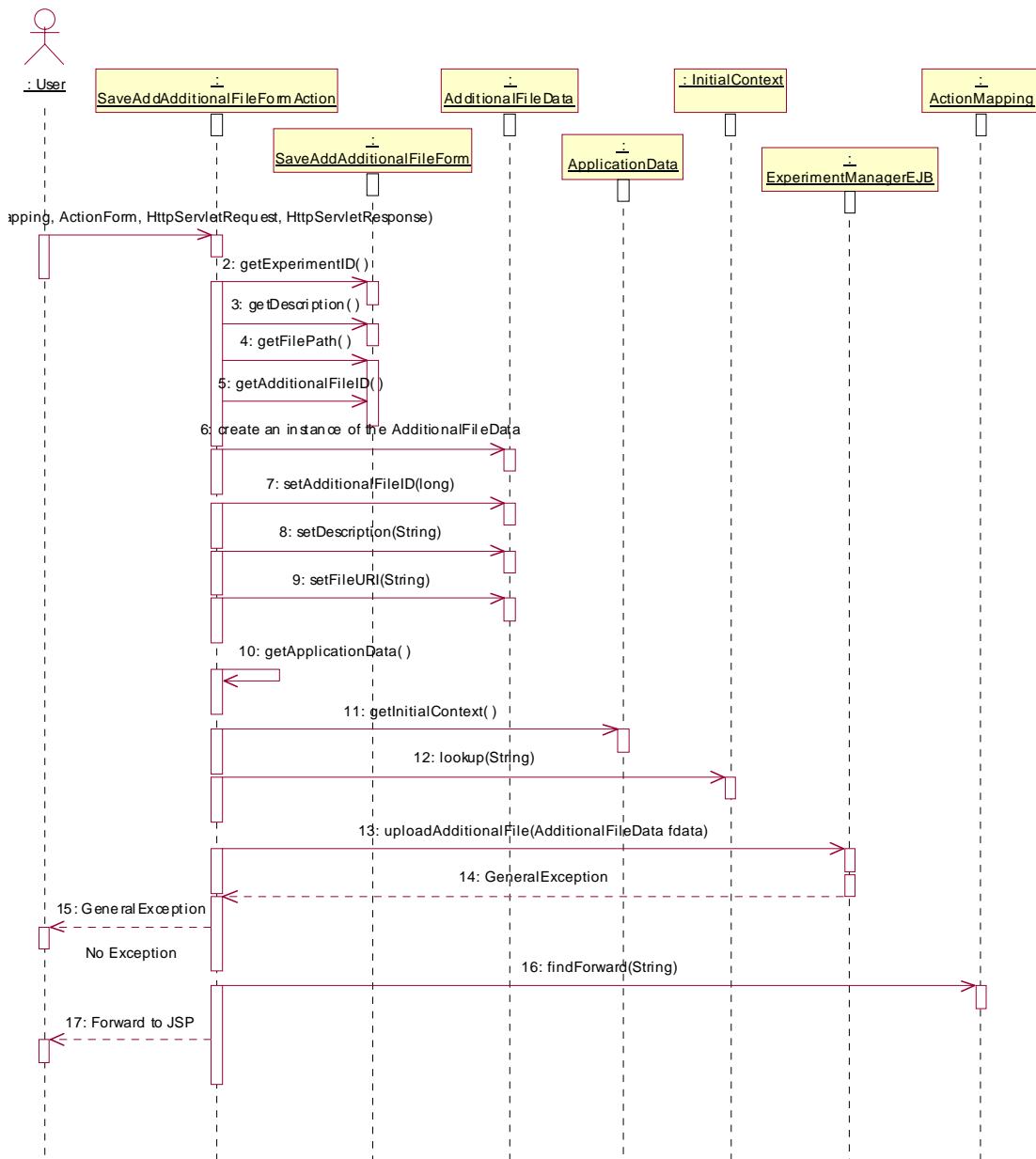
201. BuildDeleteExperimentFormAction.performAction



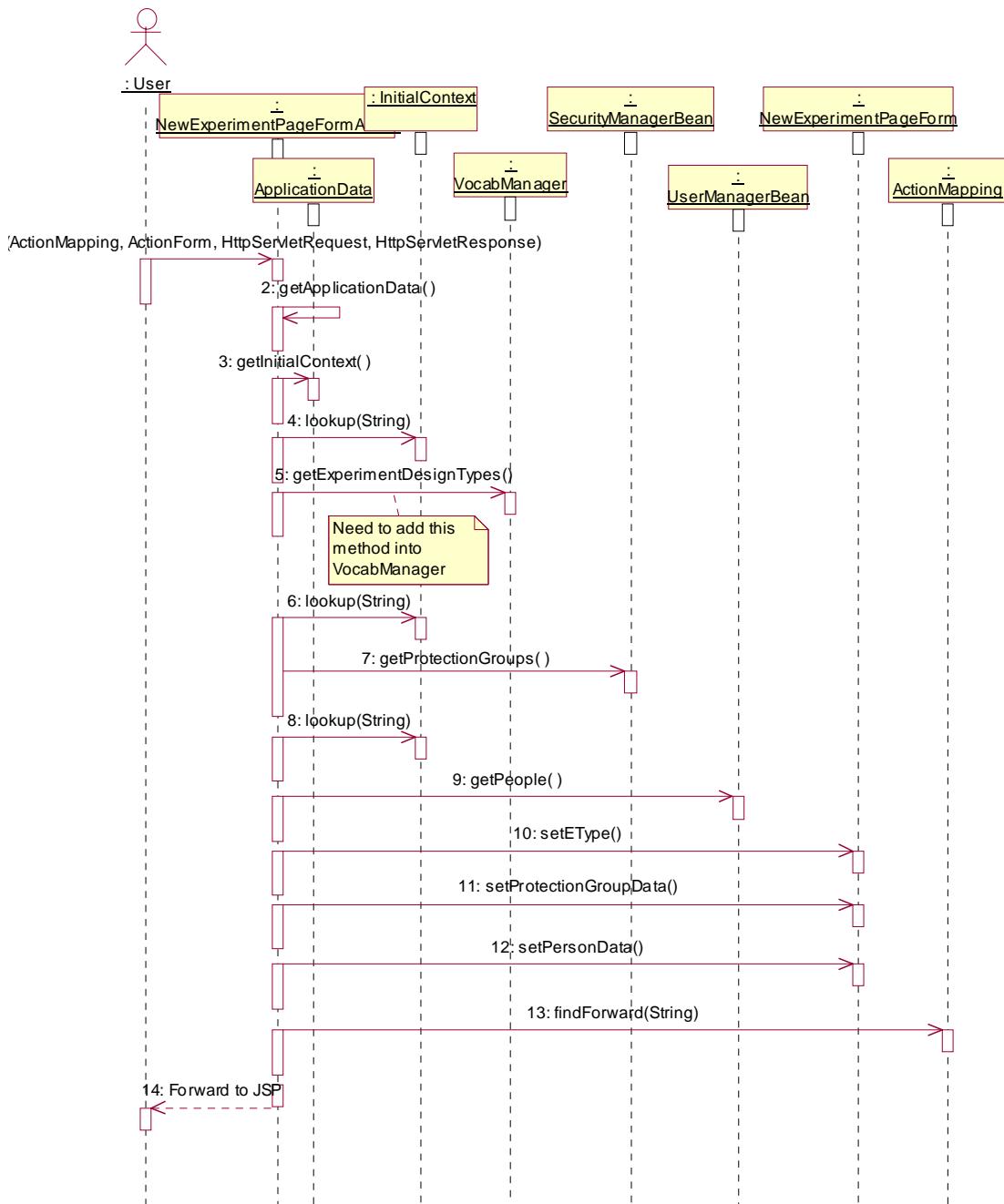
202. BuildAddAdditionalFileFormAction.performAction



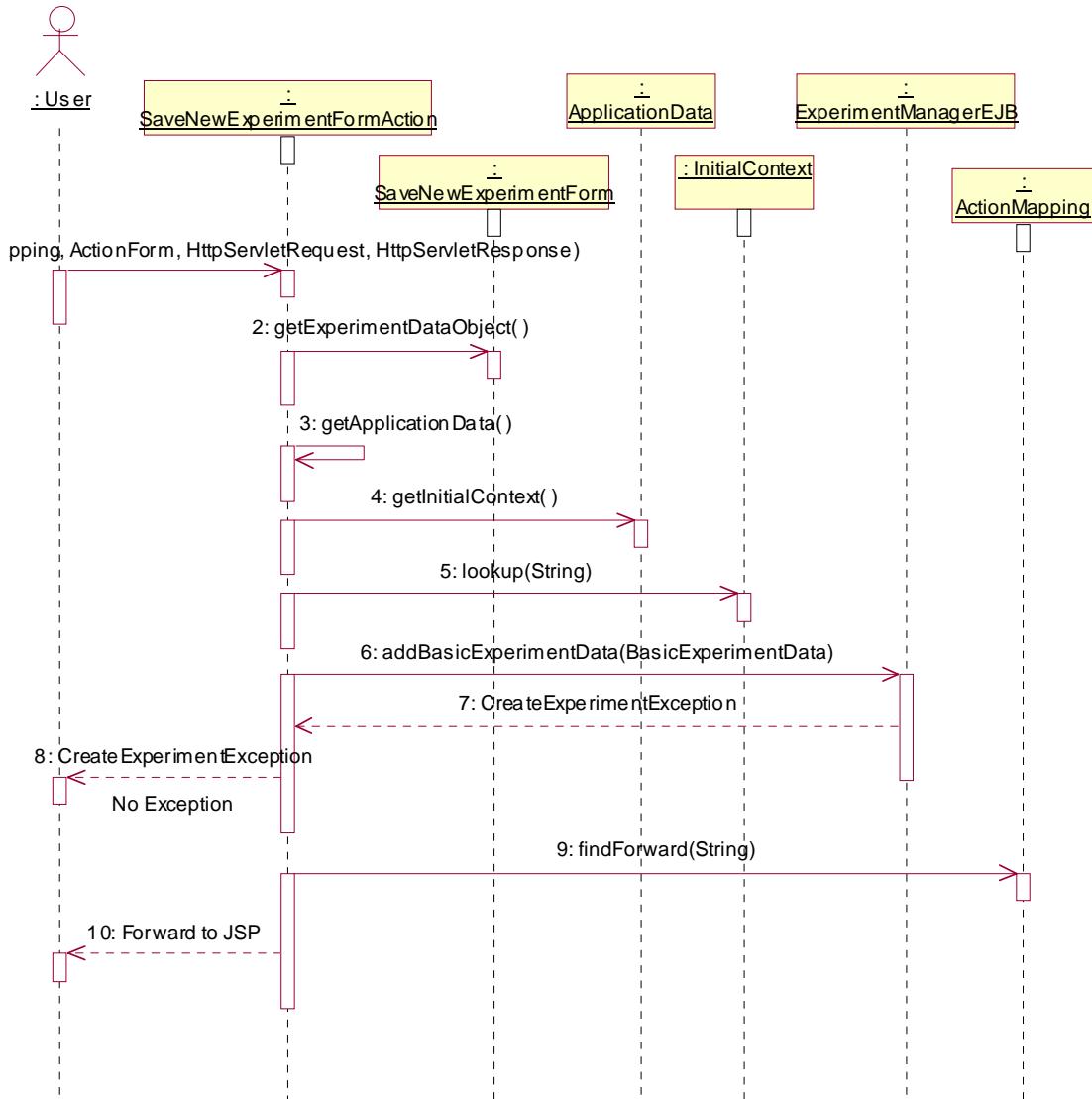
203. BuildSaveAddAdditionalFileFormAction.performAction



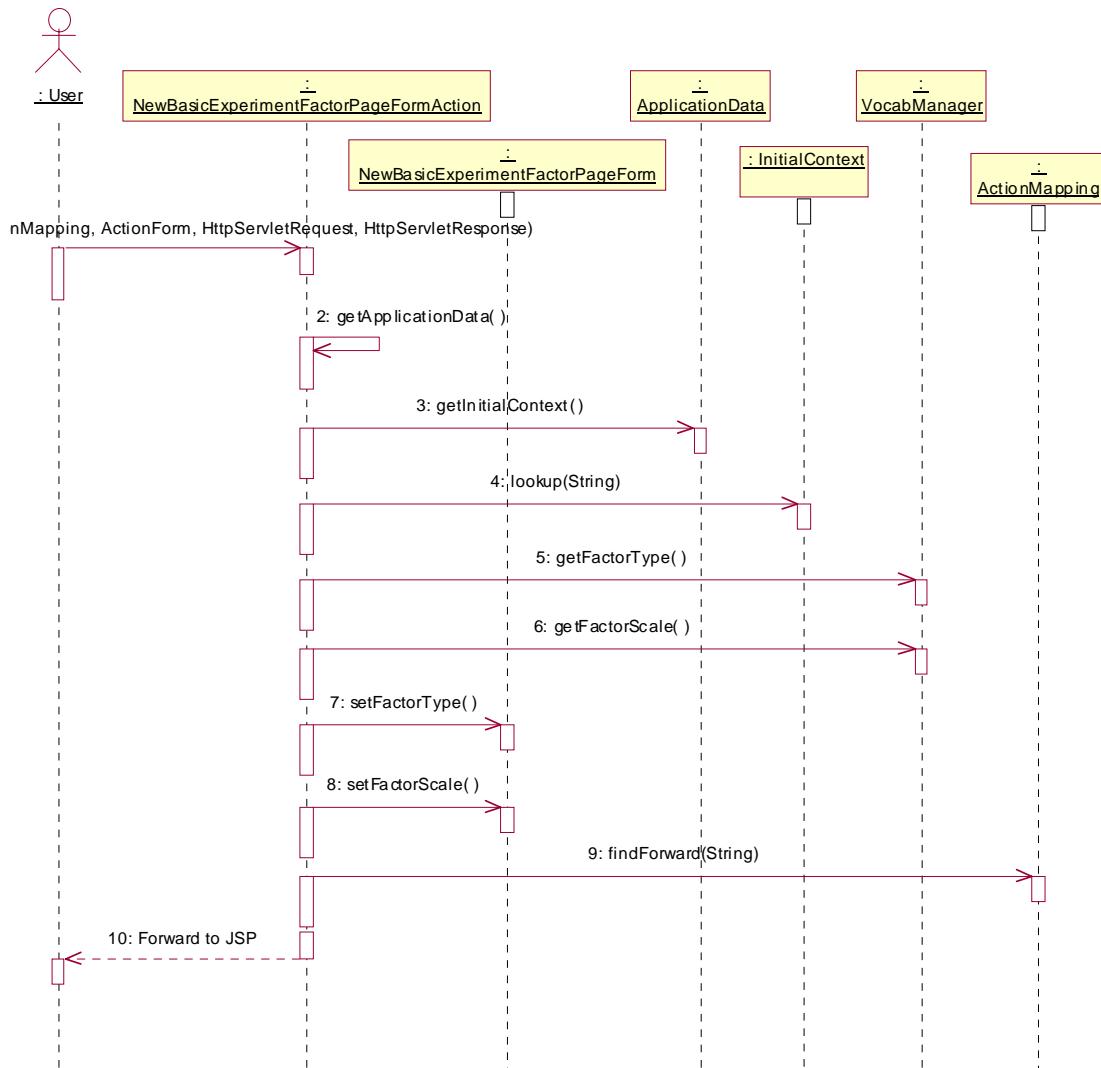
204. BuildNewExperimentPageFormAction.performAction



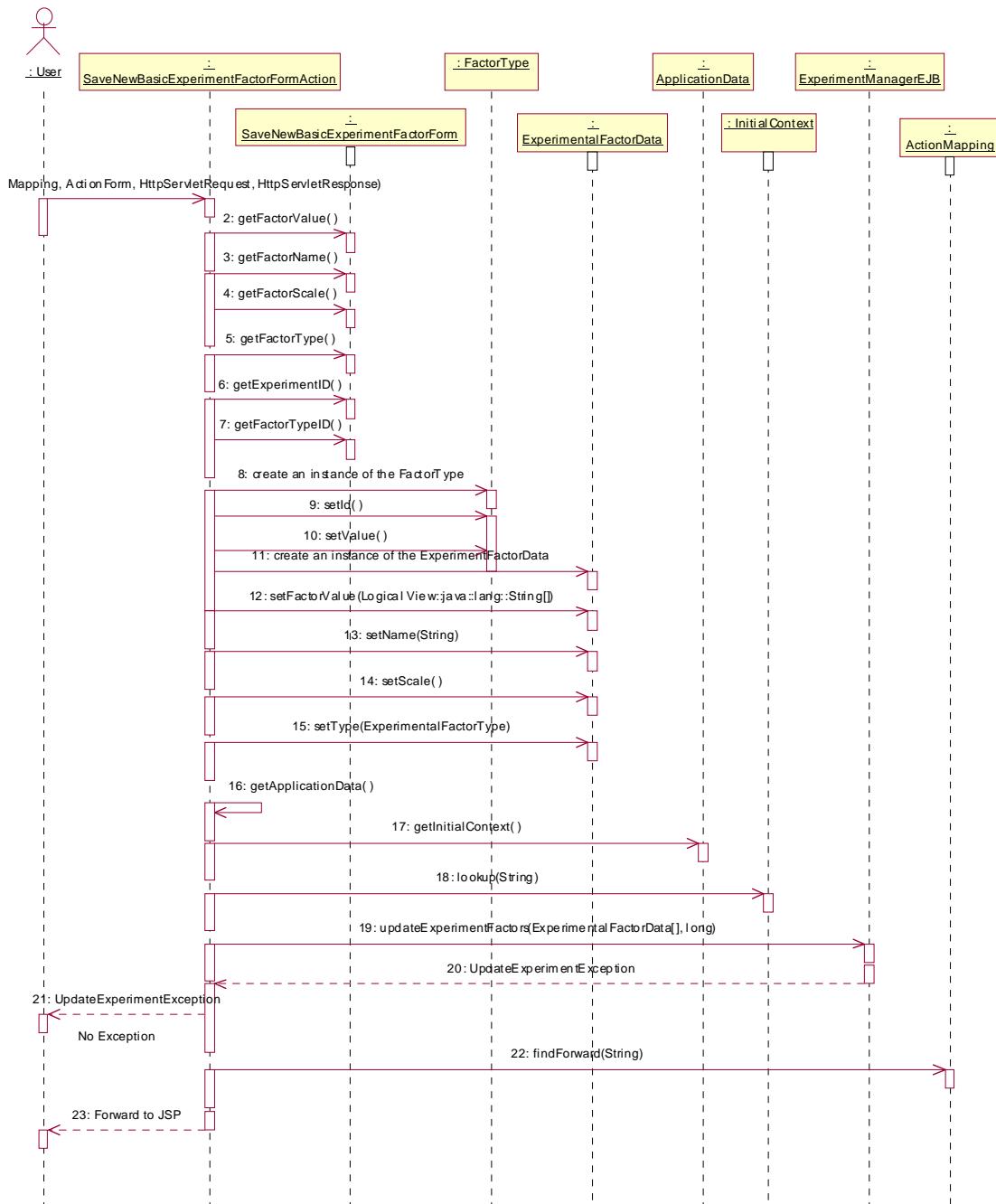
205. BuildSaveNewExperimentBasicInfoFormAction.performAction



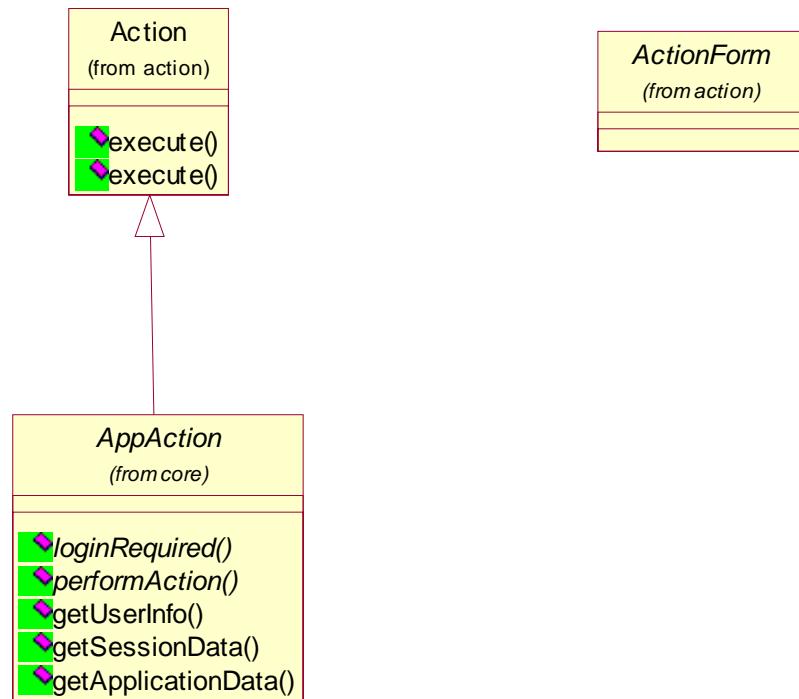
206. BuildNewBasicExperimentFactorPageFormAction.performAction



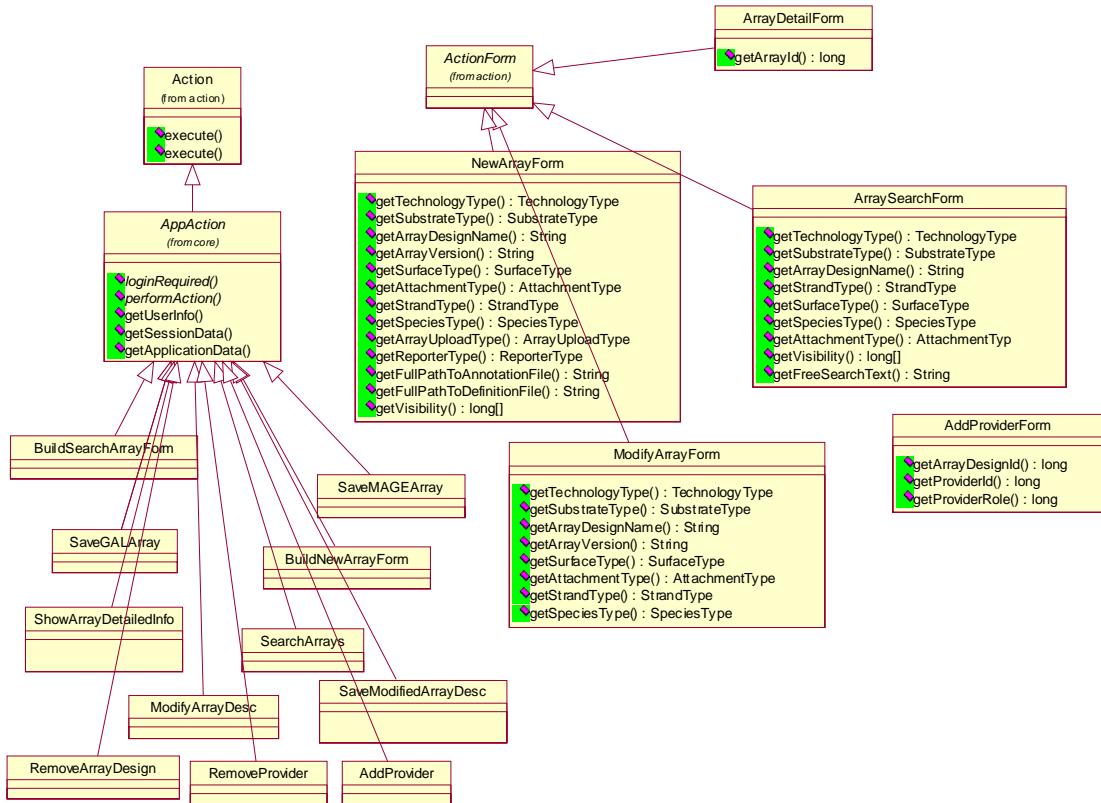
207. BuildSaveNewBasicExperimentFactorFormAction.performAction



208. Logical View::gov::nih::nci::caarray::ui::bioMaterial



209. Logical View::gov::nih::nci::caarray::ui::arraydesign



209.1 BuildNewArrayForm

209.2 NewArrayForm

209.3 SaveGALArray

209.4 SaveMAGEArray

209.5 BuildSearchArrayForm

209.6 ArraySearchForm

209.7 SearchArrays

209.8 ShowArrayDetailedInfo

209.9 ArrayDetailForm

209.10 ModifyArrayDesc

209.11 ModifyArrayForm

209.12 SaveModifiedArrayDesc

209.13 RemoveArrayDesign

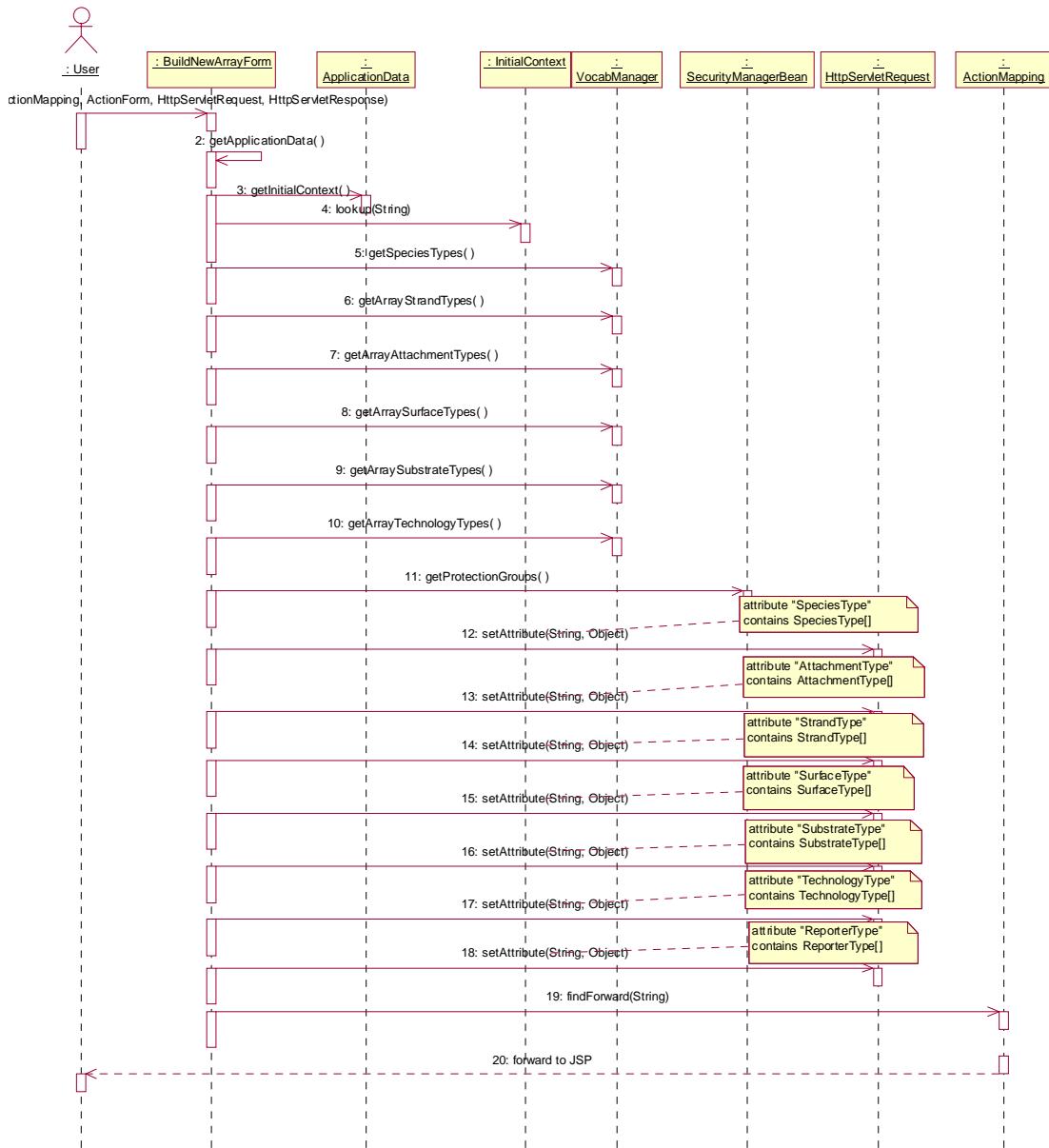
209.14 RemoveProvider

209.15 AddProvider

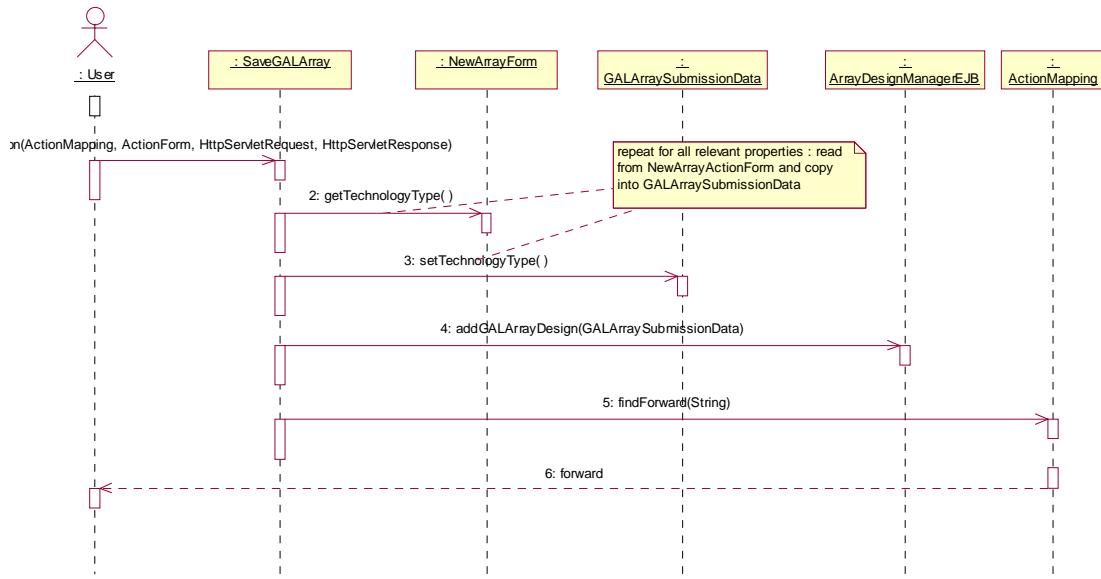
209.16 AddProviderForm

209.17

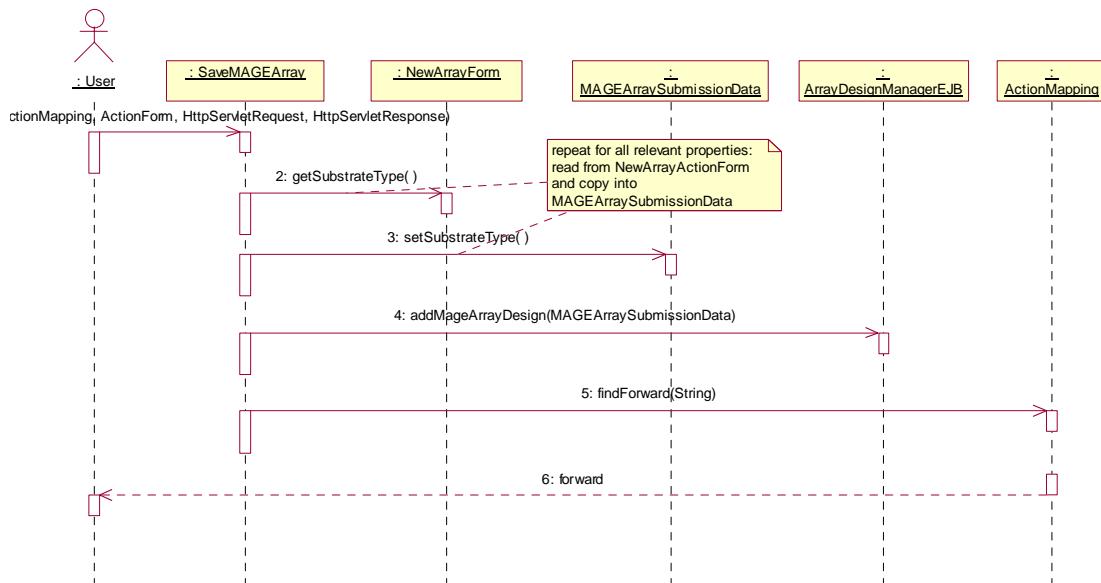
210. ArrayDesignUI.buildNewArrayForm



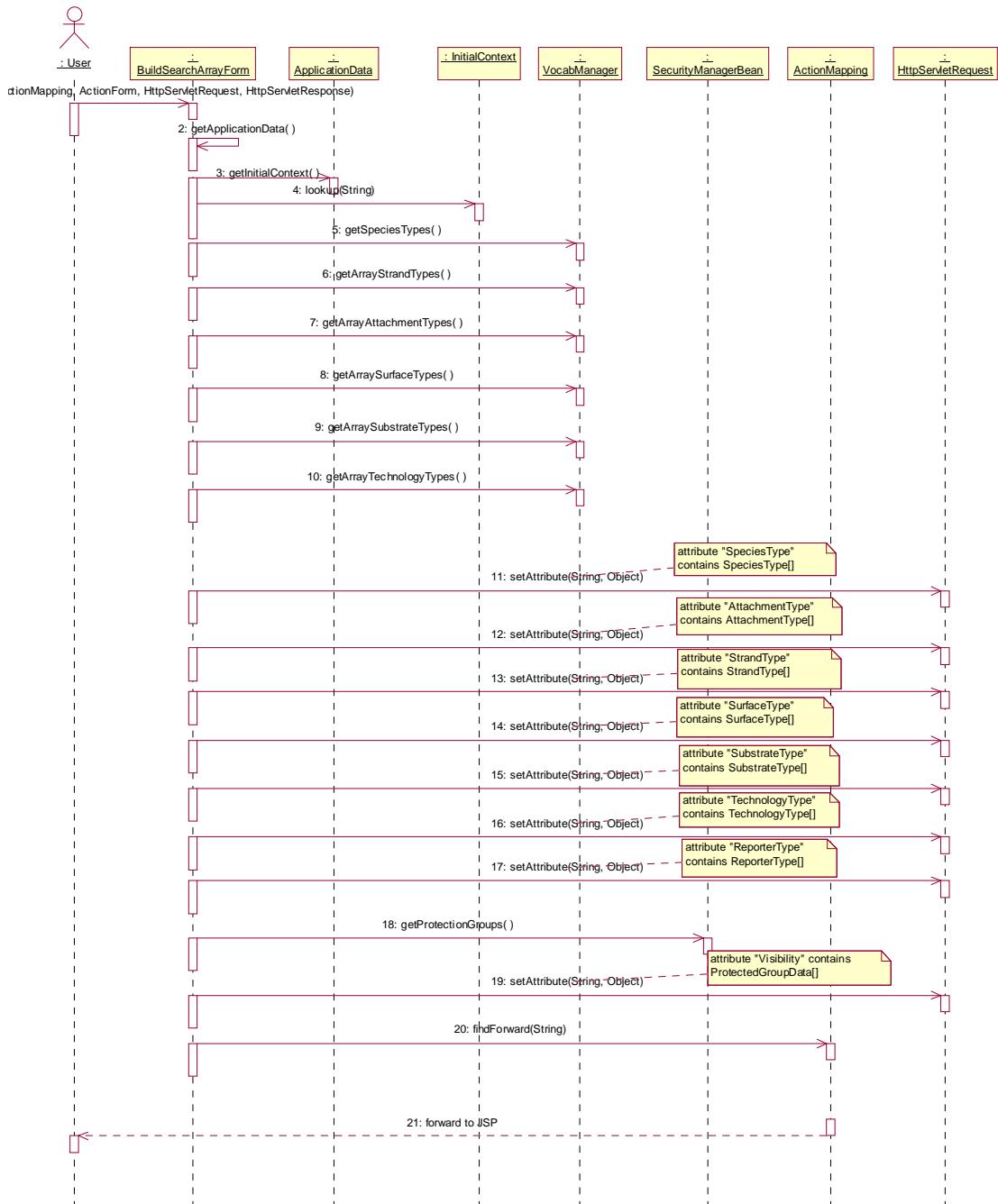
211. ArrayDesignUI.saveGALArray



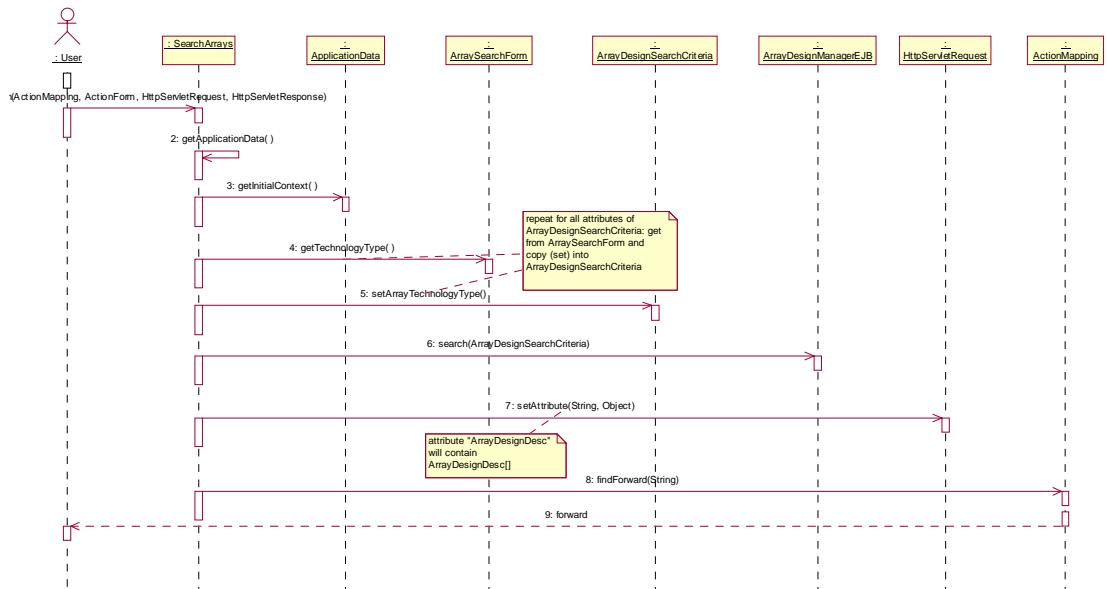
212. ArrayDesignUI.saveMAGEArray



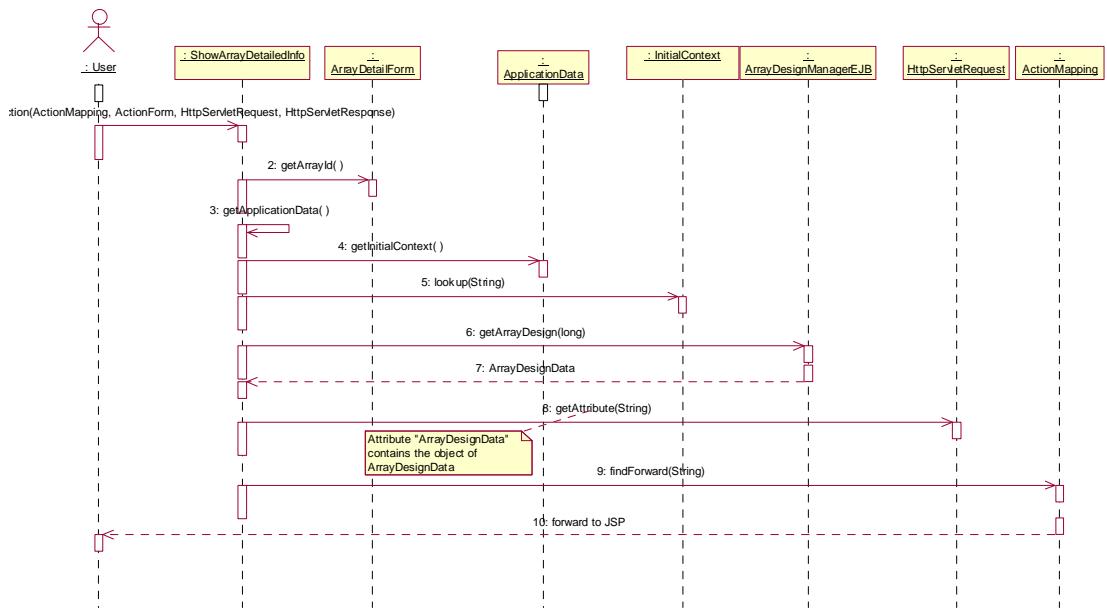
213. ArrayDesignUI.buildSearchArrayForm



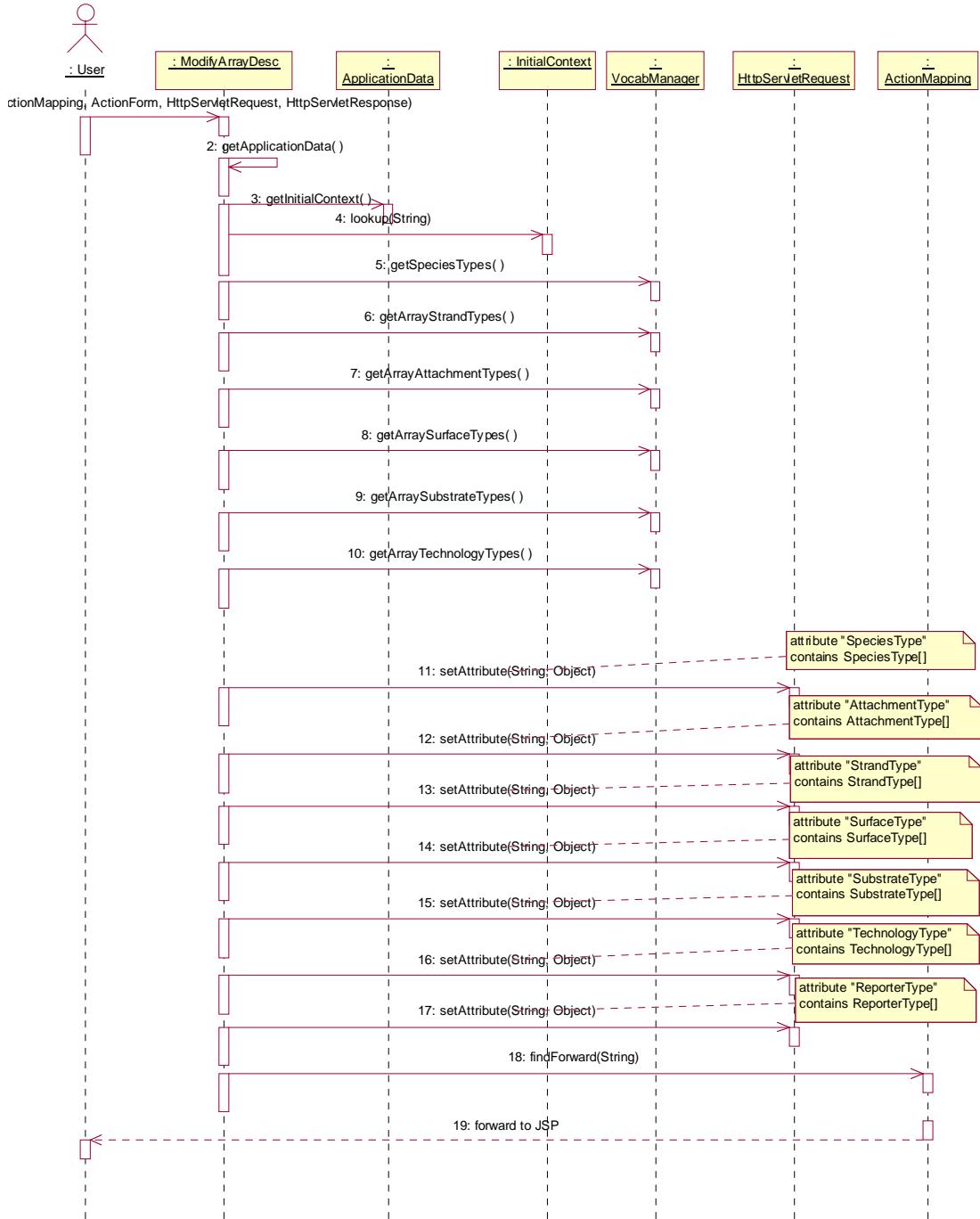
214. ArrayDesignUI.searchArrays



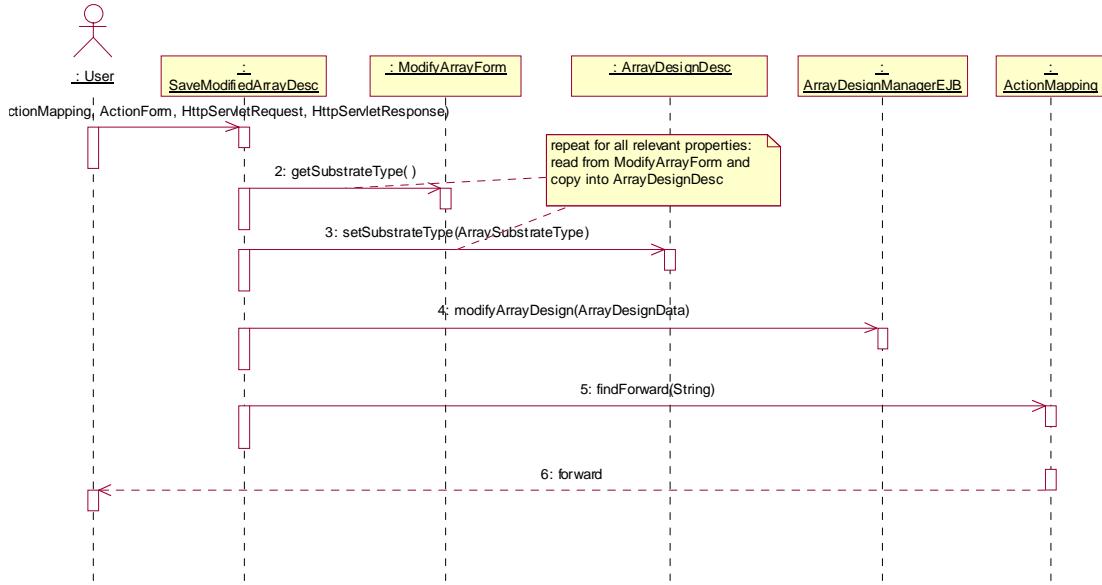
215. ArrayDesignUI.showArrayDetailedInfo



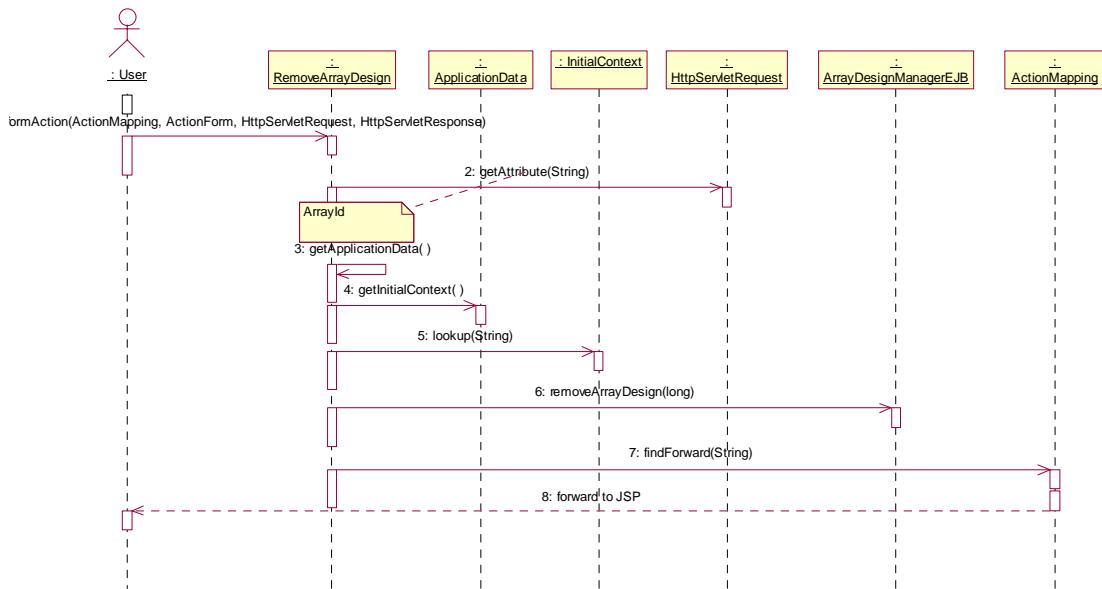
216. ArrayDesignUI.buildModifyArrayDescForm



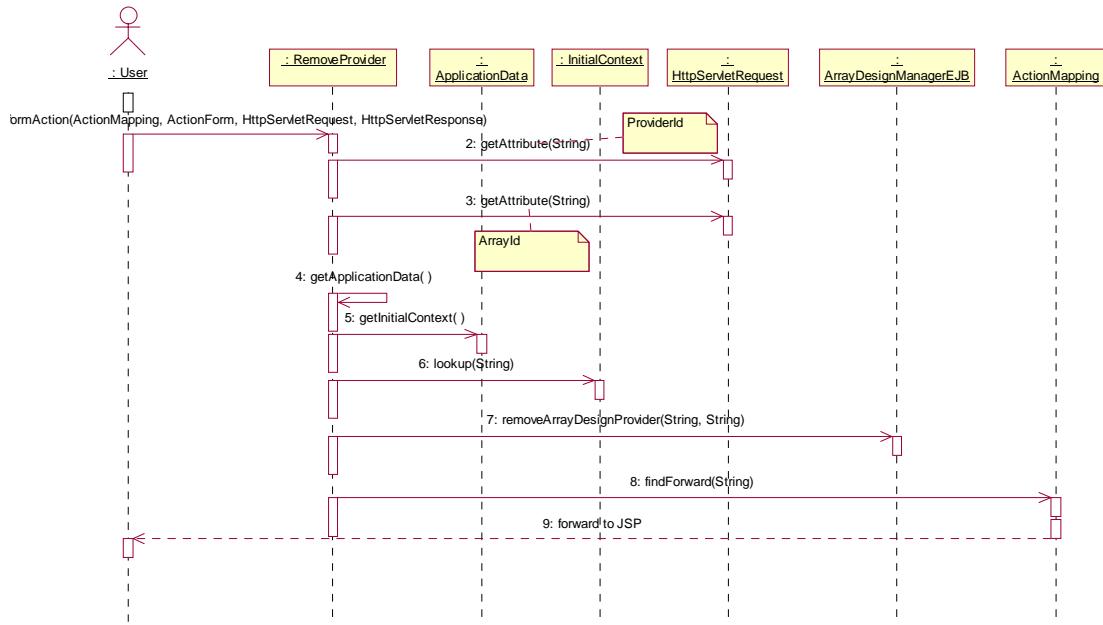
217. ArrayDesignUI.saveModifyArrayDesc



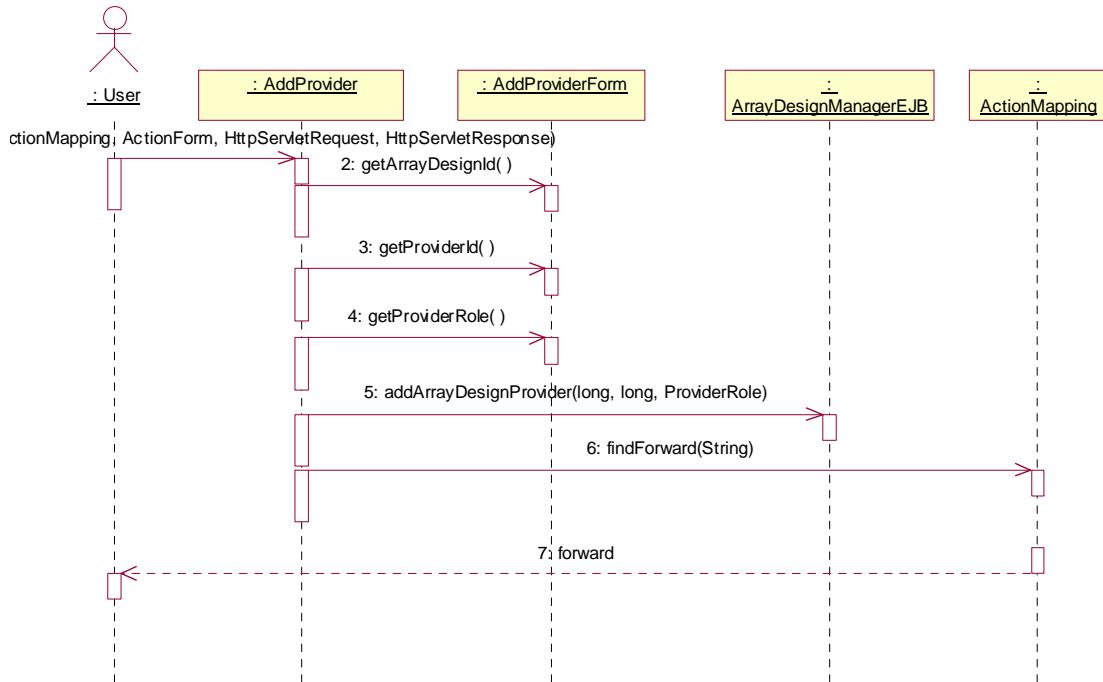
218. ArrayDesignUI.removeArrayDesign



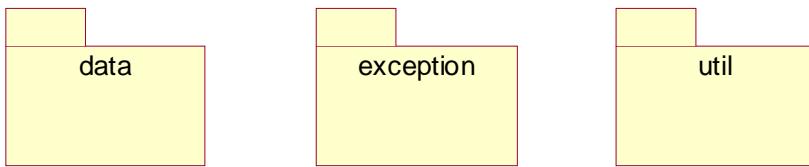
219. ArrayDesignUI.removeProvider



220. ArrayDesignUI.addProvider

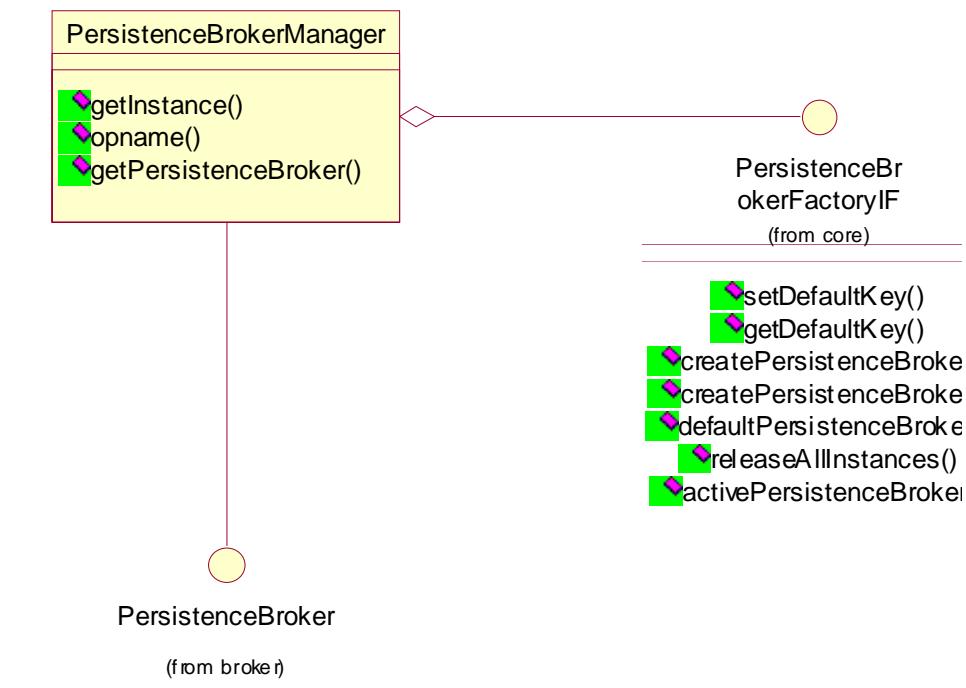


221. Logical View::gov::nih::nci::caarray::common



222. Logical View::gov::nih::nci::caarray::common::util

223. Logical View::gov::nih::nci::caarray::common::util::db



223.1 PersistenceBrokerManager

223.2

224. Logical

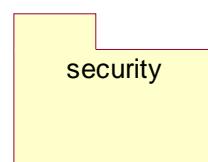
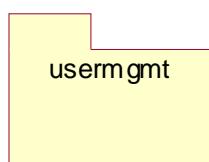
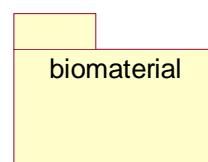
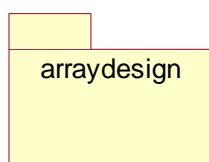
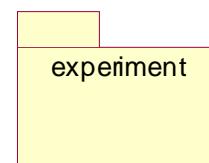
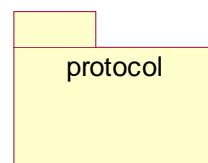
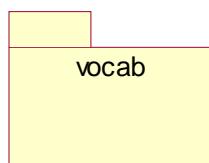
View::gov::nih::nci::caarray::common::util::MageConversion

224.1 Mapper

224.2 Mapinfo

224.3

225. Logical View::gov::nih::nci::caarray::common::data



226. Logical

View::gov::nih::nci::caarray::common::data::security

SecuredElementData
getDescription() : String
getName() : String
getOwnerUsername() : String
setDescription(description : String)
setName(name : String)
setOwnerUsername(ownerUserName : String)
setProtection Groups(groups : long[])
getProtection Groups() : long[]

226.1 SecuredElementThis class contains information about a secured element in the system. Each SecuredElement has an owner and a collection of protection groups.

226.2 UserSecurityDataThis class contains information about a user entry in the security database tables.

226.3 ProtectionGroupDataA ProtectionGroup is the mechanism used to determine which users can access which SecuredElements. A user must have been granted access to at least one protection group which is protecting a SecuredElement in order to gain access to the element.

226.4 ProtectionGroupTypeThis object specifies the type of a protection group.

226.5 SecuredElementDataThis class contains the minimum information necessary to create a new SecuredElement.

226.6 RoleDataA role is the mechanism used to determine what functionality in the system a user may access. Each role assignment may be limited by attaching protection groups to it. If there are no protection groups attached, then the role assignment is global and pertains to all data.

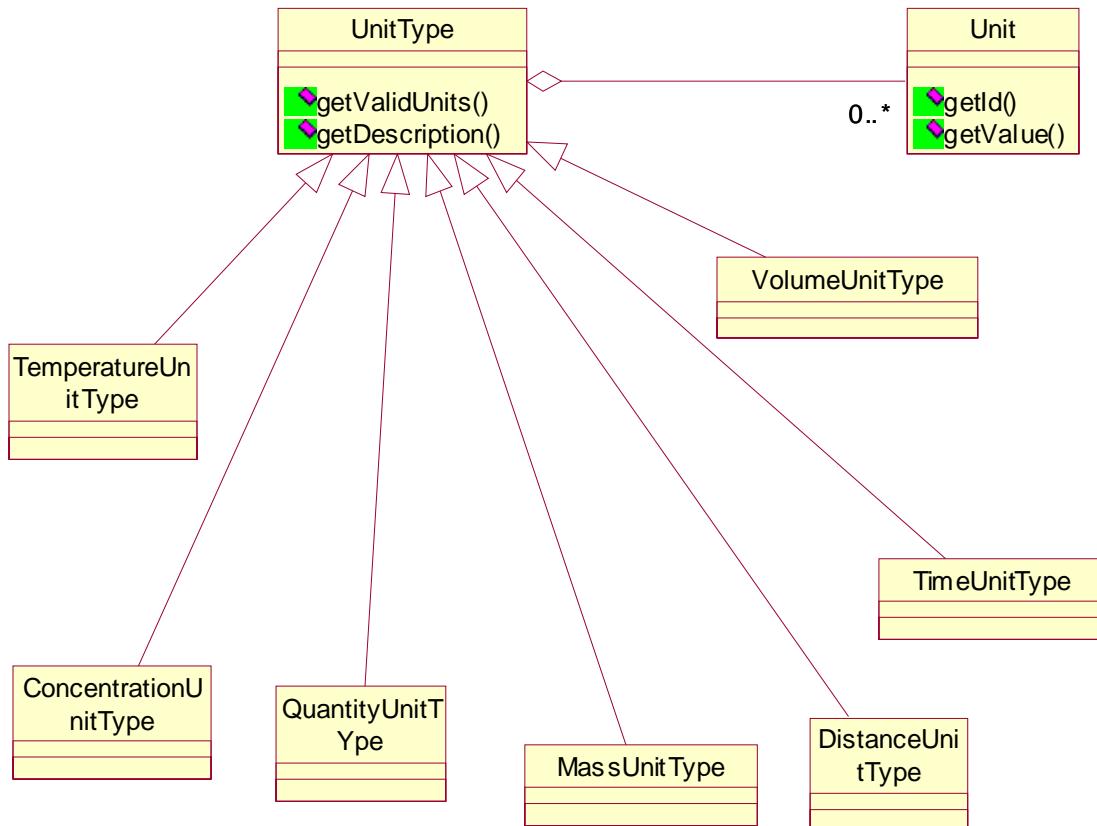
If there are protection groups attached, then the role assignment pertains only to secured elements protected by the specified protection groups.

226.7 UserRoleData This class is used to retrieve the collection of roles a user has been assigned from the database.

226.8

227. Logical View::gov::nih::nci::caarray::common::data::vocab

228. Logical View::gov::nih::nci::caarray::common::data::vocab::general



228.1 Species

228.2 VocabElement

228.3 UnitThis class is used to model the units used for a particular measurement. Examples are mm, cm, ml, etc.

228.4 DataType

228.5 VocabCategory

228.6 UnitType

228.7 ConcentrationUnitType

228.8 MassUnitType

228.9 TimeUnitType

228.10 DistanceUnitType

228.11 QuantityUnitType

228.12 TemperatureUnitType

228.13 VolumeUnitType

228.14

229. Logical

View::gov::nih::nci::caarray::common::data::vocab::arraydesign

229.1 ArrayAttachmentType

229.2 ArrayStrandType

229.3 ArraySubstrateType

229.4 ArrayTechnologyType

229.5 ArraySurfaceType

229.6 ArrayUploadType

229.7

230. Logical

View::gov::nih::nci::caarray::common::data::vocab::protocol

230.1 ProtocolType

230.2 ParameterType

230.3 HardwareType

230.4 SoftwareType

230.5

231. Logical

View::gov::nih::nci::caarray::common::data::vocab::biomaterial

231.1 BiosourceType

231.2 MaterialType

231.3

232. Logical

View::gov::nih::nci::caarray::common::data::vocab::experiment

232.1 ExperimentType

232.2 QualityControlType

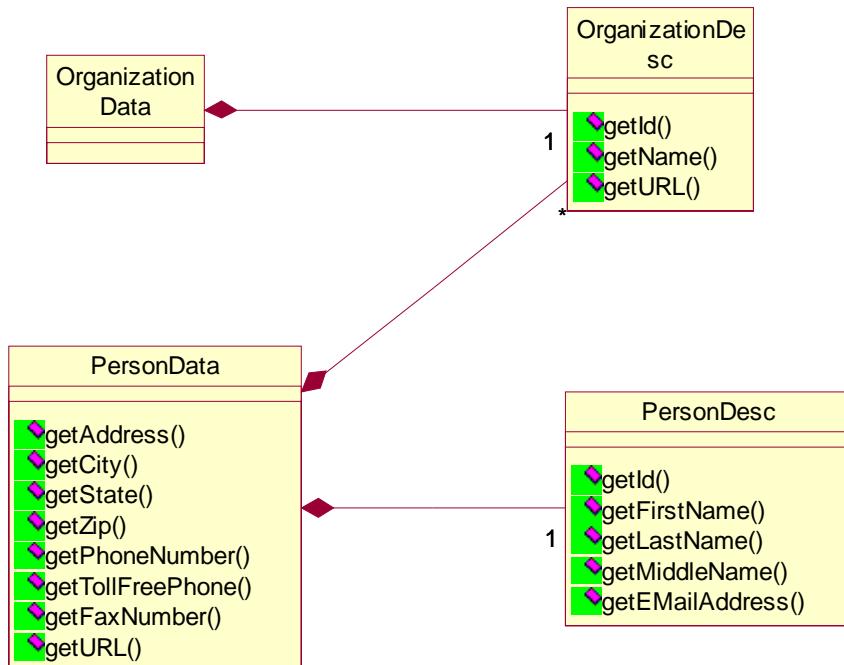
232.3 FactorType

232.4 Scale

232.5

233. Logical

View::gov::nih::nci::caarray::common::data::usermgmt



233.1 PersonDesc

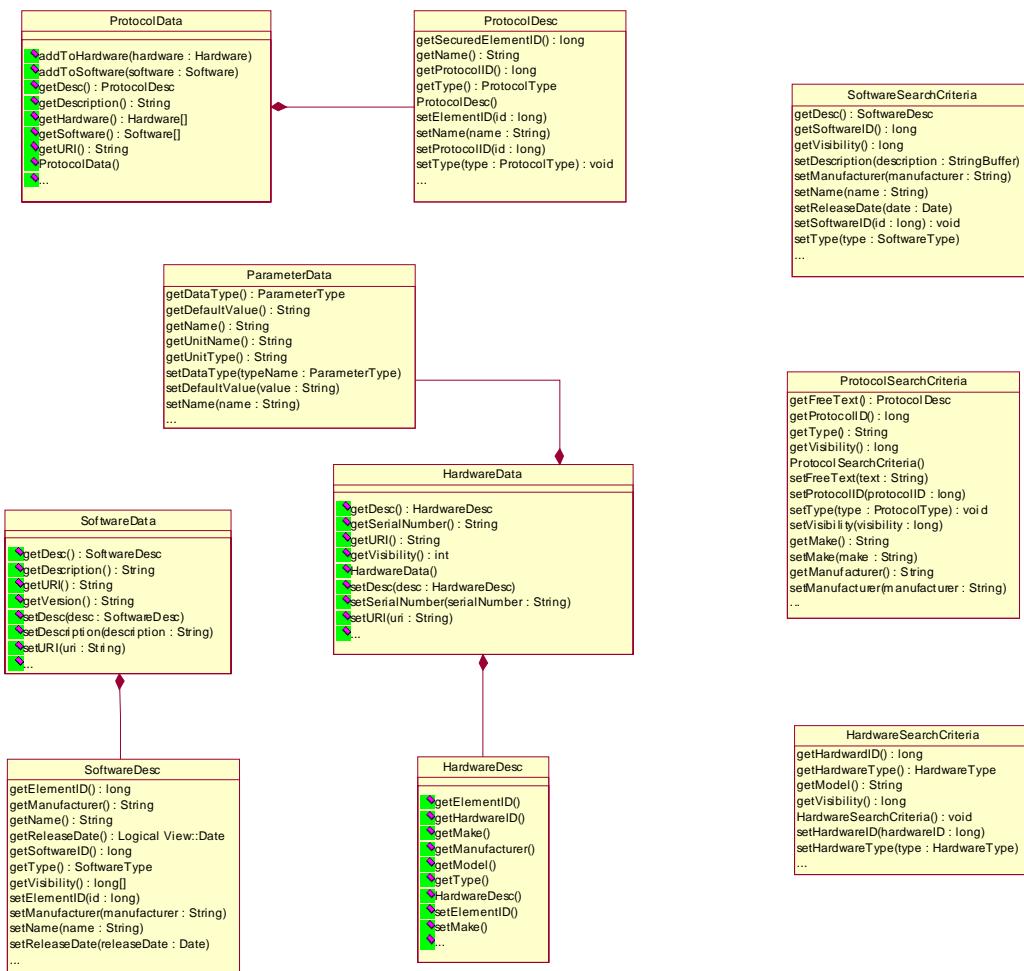
233.2 PersonData

233.3 OrganizationDesc

233.4 OrganizationData

233.5

234. Logical View::gov::nih::nci::caarray::common::data::protocol



234.1 ProtocolSearchCriteria

234.2 ProtocolDesc

234.3 SoftwareSearchCriteria

234.4 SoftwareDesc

234.5 HardwareDesc

234.6 HardwareSearchCriteria

234.7 SoftwareData

234.8 ProtocolData

234.9 HardwareData

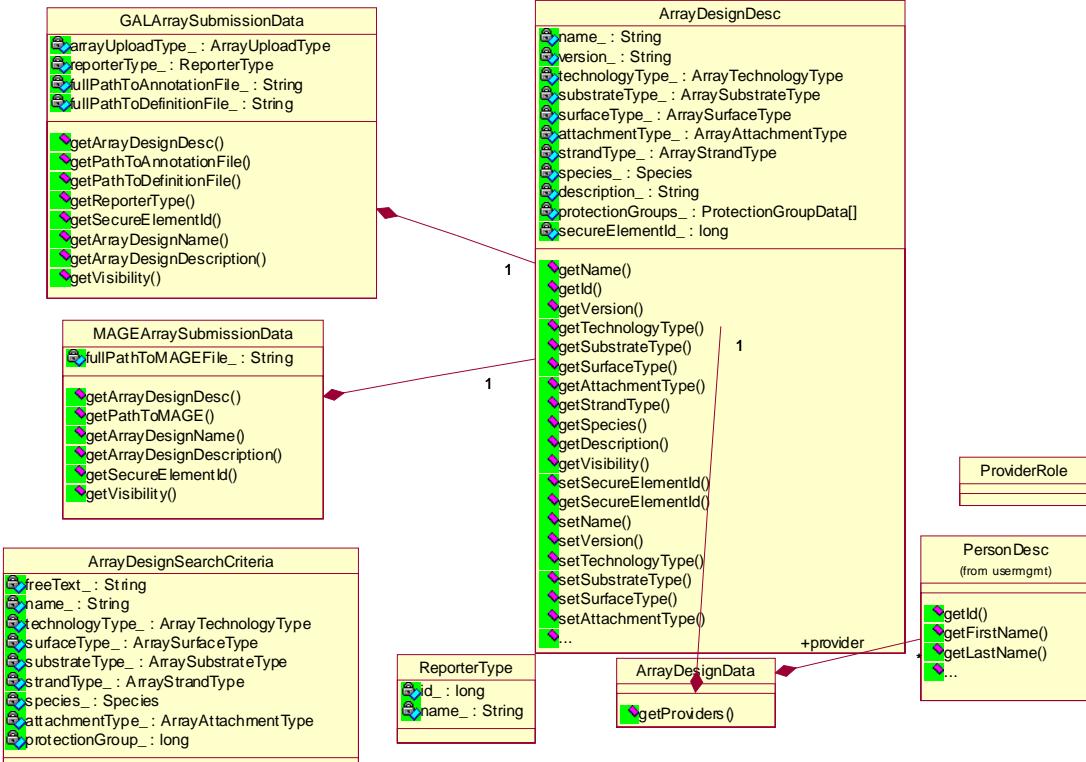
234.10 ParameterData

234.11 ProtocolElementData

234.12

235. Logical

View::gov::nih::nci::caarray::common::data::arraydesign



235.1 ArrayDesignData

235.2 ArrayDesignDesc

235.3 ArrayDesignProvider

235.4 ArrayDesignSearchCriteria

235.5 ProviderRole

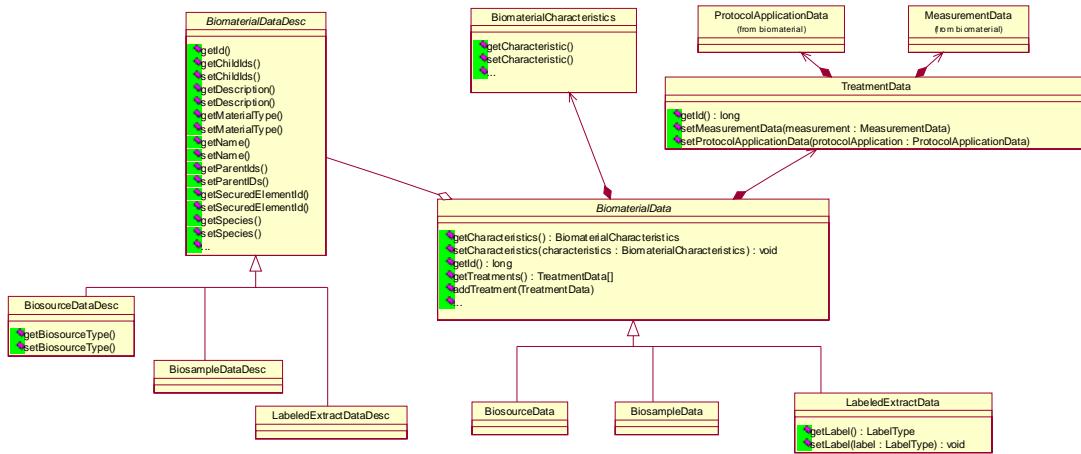
235.6 ReporterType

235.7 MAGEArraySubmissionData

235.8 GALArraySubmissionData

235.9

236. Logical View::gov::nih::nci::caarray::common::data::biomaterial



236.1 BiosourceData

236.2 BiomaterialData

236.3 Biosource

236.4 BiomaterialDataDesc

236.5 BiomaterialCharacteristics

236.6 BiosourceDataDesc

236.7 BiosampleDataDesc

236.8 LabeledExtractDataDesc

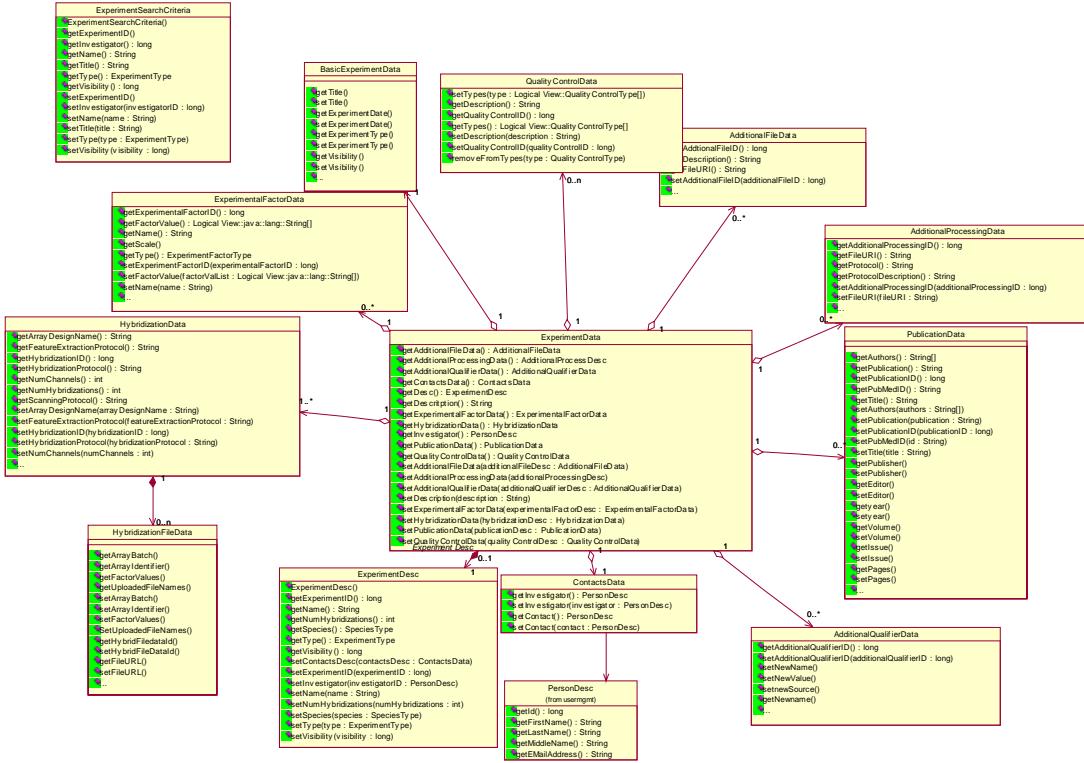
236.9 BiosampleData

236.10 LabeledExtractData

236.11 TreatmentData

236.12

237. Logical View::gov::nih::nci::caarray::common::data::experiment



237.1 ExperimentData

237.2 ExperimentSearchCriteria

237.3 ExperimentDesc

237.4 ExperimentalFactorData

237.5 PublicationData

237.6 QualityControlData

237.7 AdditionalQualifierData

237.8 HybridizationData

237.9 AdditionalProcessingData

237.10 AdditionalFileData

237.11 ContactsData

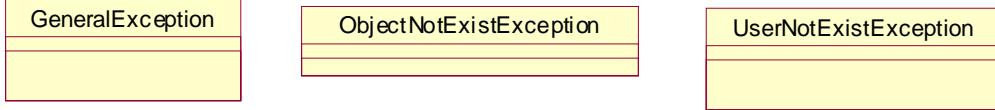
237.12 BasicExperimentData

237.13 FtpInfo

237.14 HybridizationFileData

237.15

238. Logical View::gov::nih::nci::caarray::common::exception



238.1 GeneralException

238.2 NewClass

238.3 ObjectNotExistException

238.4 UserNotExistException

238.5 AccessDeniedException

238.6

239. Logical View::sun

240. Logical View::sun::security

241. Logical View::sun::security::util

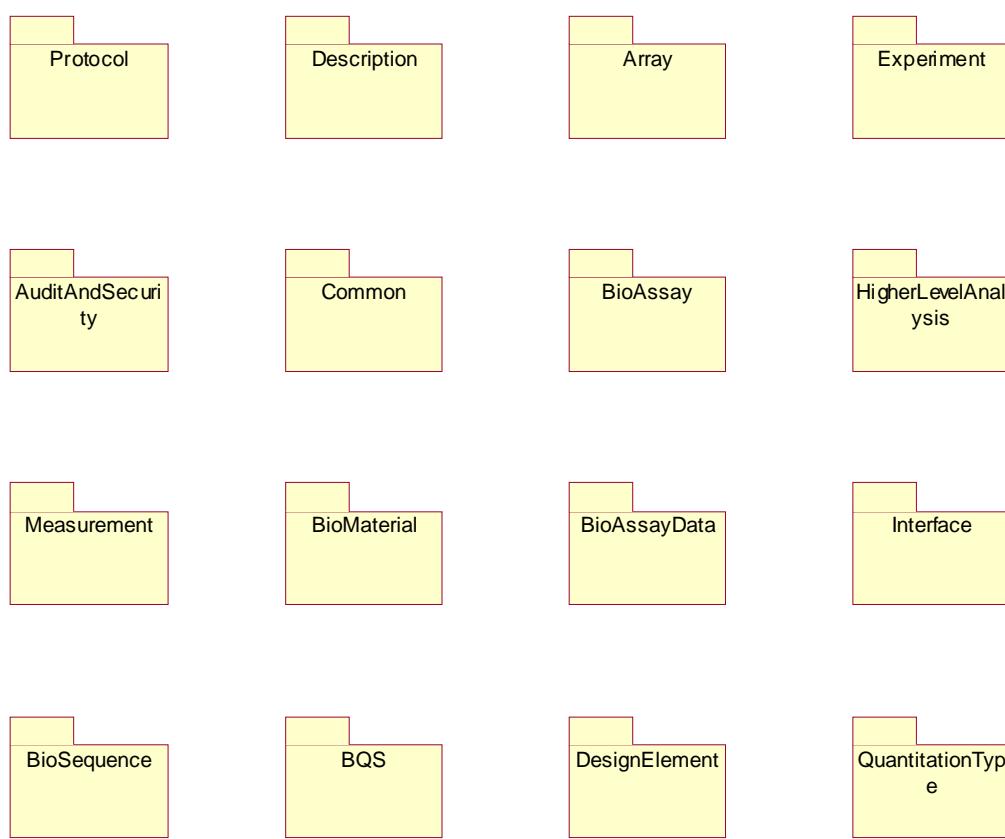
241.1 Debug

241.2

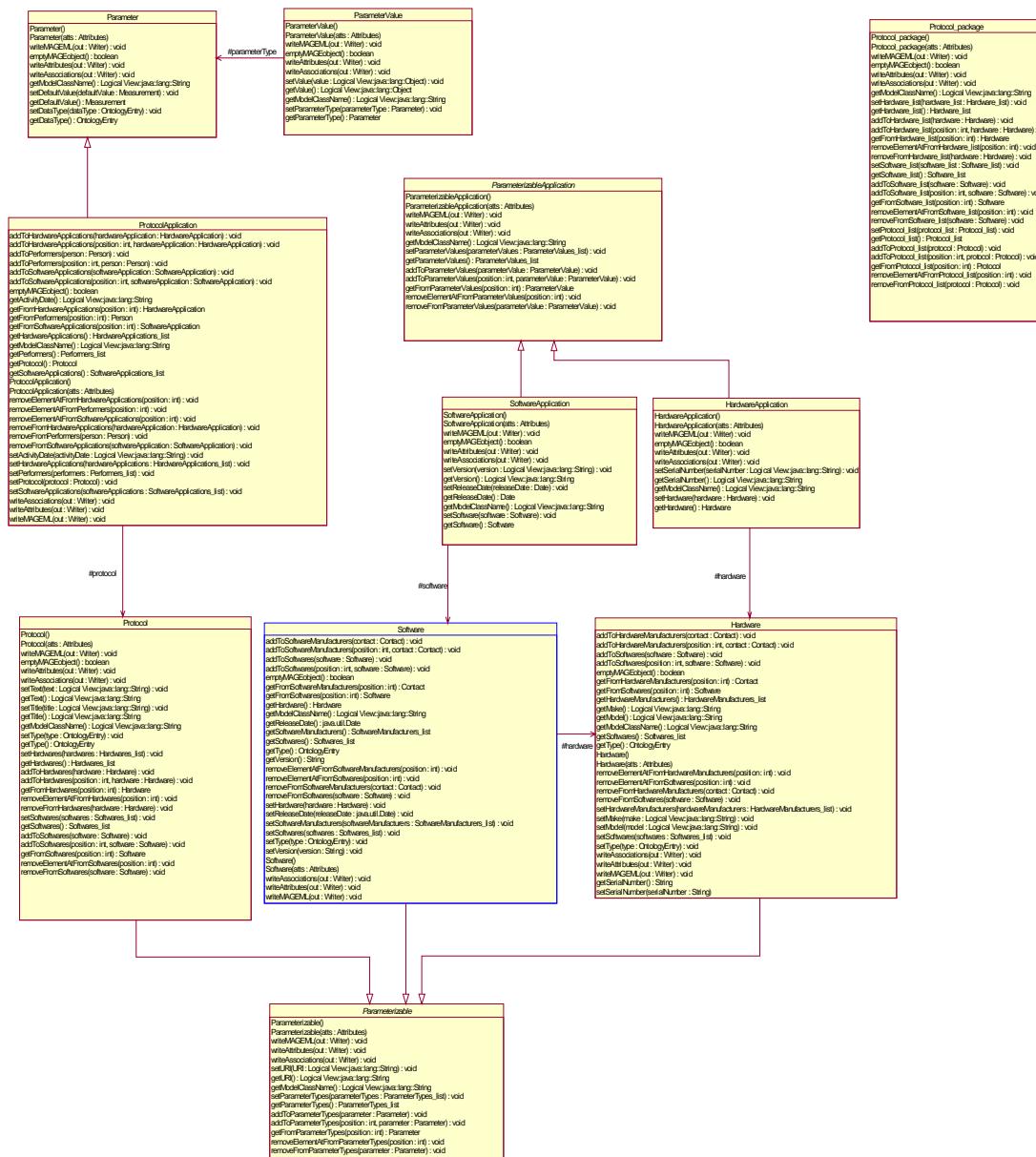
242. Logical View::org



243. Logical View::org::biomage



244. Logical View::org::biomage::Protocol



244.1 ProtocolApplicationThe use of a protocol with the requisite Parameters and

244.2 ParameterValues.

244.3 Protocol_packageProvides a relatively immutable class, **Protocol**, that can describe a

244.4 generic laboratory procedure or analysis algorithm, for example, and an

244.5 instance class, ProtocolApplication, which can describe the actual

244.6 application of a protocol. The ProtocolApplication provides values for

244.7 the replaceable parameters of the Protocol and, through the Description

244.8 association of Describable, any variation from the Protocol.

244.9 HardwareHardware represents the hardware used. Examples of Hardware include:

244.10 computers, scanners, wash stations etc...

244.11 HardwareApplicationThe use of a piece of hardware with the requisite Parameters and

244.12 ParameterValues.

244.13 ParameterA Parameter is a replaceable value in a Parameterizable class.

244.14 Examples of Parameters include: scanning wavelength, laser power,

244.15 centrifuge speed, multiplicative errors, the number of input nodes to a

244.16 SOM, and PCR temperatures.

244.17 ParameterValueThe value of a Parameter.

244.18 ProtocolA Protocol is a parameterizable description of a method.

244.19 ProtocolApplication is used to specify the ParameterValues of it's

244.20 Protocol's Parameters.

244.21 SoftwareSoftware represents the software used. Examples of Software include:

244.22 feature extraction software, clustering software, etc...

244.23 SoftwareApplicationThe use of a piece of software with the requisite Parameters and

244.24 ParameterValues.

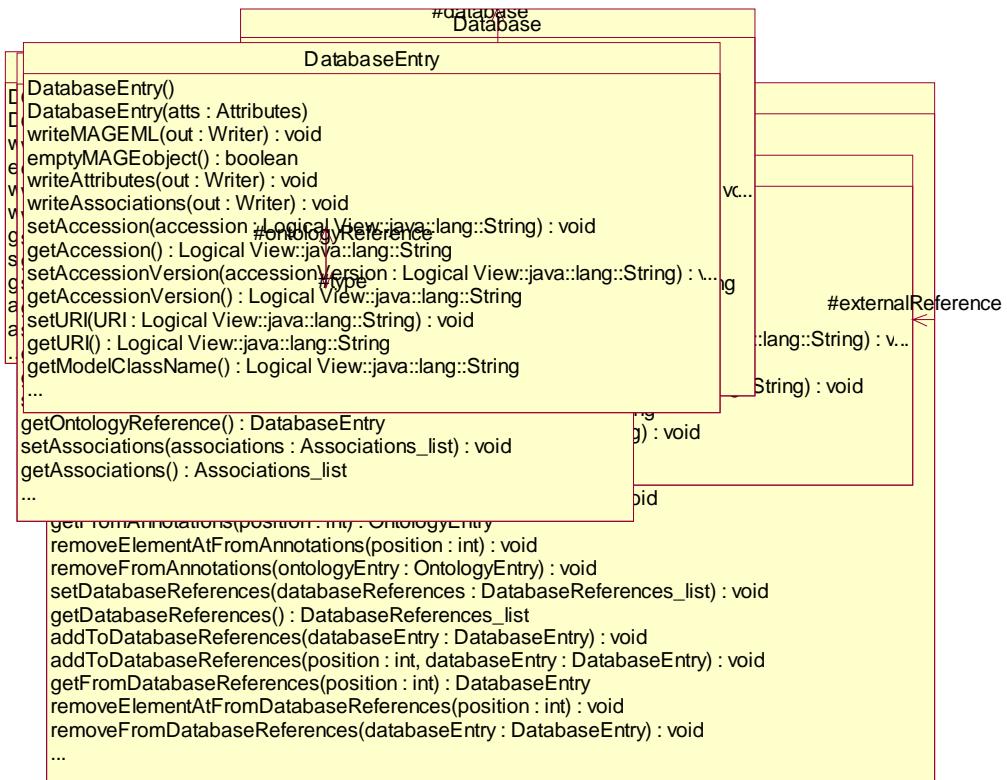
244.25 ParameterizableThe Parameterizable interface encapsulates the association of

244.26 Parameters with ParameterValues.

244.27 ParameterizableApplicationThe interface that is the use of a Parameterizable class.

244.28

245. Logical View::org::biomage::Description



245.1 OntologyEntryA single entry from an ontology or a controlled vocabulary. For

245.2 instance, category could be 'species name', value could be 'homo

245.3 sapiens' and ontology would be taxonomy database, NCBI.

245.4 DatabaseEntryA reference to a record in a database.

245.5 DescriptionA free text description of an object.

245.6 Description_packageThe classes in this package allow a variety of references to third

245.7 party annotation and direct annotation by the experimenter.

245.8 DatabaseAn address to a repository.

245.9 ExternalReferenceA reference to the originating source for the object.

245.10

246. Logical View::org::biomage::AuditAndSecurity

Security	
AuditAndSecurity	Security()
AuditAndSecurity	Security(atts : Attributes)
writeMAGEML(o	writeMAGEML(out : Writer) : void
emptyMAGEobje	emptyMAGEobject() : boolean
writeAttributes(o	writeAttributes(out : Writer) : void
writeAssociations	writeAssociations(out : Writer) : void
getModelClassName()	getClassName() : Logical View::java::lang::Stri
setContact_list(c	Person
getContact_list()	Person()
Organization	
emptyMAGEobject()	emptyMAGEobject() : boolean
getModelClassName()	Logical View::java::lang::Stri ...
getParent()	Organization
Organization()	Organization
Organization(atts : Attributes)	ew::java::lang::Stri
setParent(parent : Organization)	ew::java::lang::Stri
...	ew::java::lang::Stri
getFromSecurity	getInitials(midinitials : Logical View::java::lang::Stri
removeElementAt...	#parent
removeFromSecu	Logical View::java::lang::Stri
setSecurity_list(security_list : Security_list)	void
...	Logical View::java::lang::Stri

246.1 ContactA contact is either a person or an organization.

246.2 AuditTracks information on the contact that creates or modifies an object.

246.3 AuditAndSecurity_packageSpecifies classes that allow tracking of changes and information on

246.4 user permissions to view the data and annotation.

246.5 SecurityGroupGroups contacts together based on their security privileges.

246.6 SecurityPermission information for an object as to ownership, write and read

246.7 permissions.

246.8 OrganizationOrganizations are entities like companies, universities, government

246.9 agencies for which the attributes are self describing.

246.10 PersonA person for which the attributes are self describing.

246.11

247. Logical View::org::biomage::Measurement

Measurement		VolumeUnit
Measurement()	TemperatureUnit()	VolumeUnit()
Measurement(atts : Attributes)	TemperatureUnit(atts : Attributes)	VolumeUnit(atts : Attributes)
writeMAGEML(out : Writer) : void	writeMAGEML(out : Writer) : void	writeMAGEML(out : Writer) : void
empty	emptyMAGEobject()	emptyMAGEobject() : boolean
write(Unit)	writesAttributes(out : Unit)	writesAttributes(out : Writer) : void
write(Unit(atts : Attributes)	writesAssociations(out : Unit)	writesAssociations(out : Writer) : void
setTy	setUnitNameCV(unitNameCV : UnitNameCV)	setUnitNameCV(unitNameCV : UnitNameCV) : void
writeMAGEML(out : Writer) : void	getUnitNameCV() : UnitNameCV	getUnitNameCV() : UnitNameCV
getTy	setNameByValueUnitNameCV(val : int) : LogicalView	setNameByValueUnitNameCV(val : int) : LogicalView
setNa	setByNameValueUnitNameCV(name : LogicalView)	setByNameValueUnitNameCV(name : LogicalView)
getNa	getByNameValueUnitNameCV(name : LogicalView)	getByNameValueUnitNameCV(name : LogicalView)

247.1 DistanceUnitDistance

247.2 MeasurementA Measurement is a quantity with a unit.

247.3 Measurement_packageThe classes of this package provide utility information on the

247.4 quantities of other classes to each other.

247.5 UnitThe unit is a strict enumeration of types.

247.6 ConcentrationUnitConcentration

247.7 MassUnitMass

247.8 QuantityUnitQuantity

247.9 TemperatureUnitTemperature

247.10 TimeUnitTime

247.11 VolumeUnitVolume

247.12

248. Logical View::org::biomage::Common

```
MAGEJava()
MAGEJava(atts : Attributes)
writeMAGEML(out : Writer) : void
writeAttributes(out : Writer) : void
writeAssociations(out : Writer) : void
getClassWithModelName(modelName : Logical View<java::lang::Object>)
getModelClassName() : Logical View<java::lang::String>
setAuditAndSecurity_package(auditAndSecurity_package : AuditAndSecurity_package)
getAuditAndSecurity_package() : AuditAndSecurity_package
setDescription_package(description_package : Description_package)
getDescription_package() : Description_package
setMeasurement_package(measurement_package : Measurement_package)
getMeasurement_package() : Measurement_package
setBQS_package(bQS_package : BQS_package)
getBQS_package() : BQS_package
setBioEvent_package(bioEvent_package : BioEvent_package)
getBioEvent_package() : BioEvent_package
setProtocol_package(protocol_package : Protocol_package)
getProtocol_package() : Protocol_package
setBioMaterial_package(bioMaterial_package : BioMaterial_package)
getBioMaterial_package() : BioMaterial_package
setBioSequence_package(bioSequence_package : BioSequence_package)
getBioSequence_package() : BioSequence_package
setDesignElement_package(designElement_package : DesignElement_package)
getDesignElement_package() : DesignElement_package
setArrayDesign_package(arrayDesign_package : ArrayDesign_package)
getArrayDesign_package() : ArrayDesign_package
setArray_package(array_package : Array_package)
getArray_package() : Array_package
setBioAssay_package(bioAssay_package : BioAssay_package)
getBioAssay_package() : BioAssay_package
...
```

- 248.1 Identifiable**An Identifiable class is one that has an unambiguous reference within
- 248.2** the scope. It also has a potentially ambiguous name.
- 248.3 NameValueType**A tuple designed to store data, keyed by a name and type.
- 248.4 Extendable**Abstract class that specifies for subclasses an association to
- 248.5 NameValueTypes.** These can be used, for instance, to specify proprietary
- 248.6 properties and in-house processing hints.**
- 248.7 Describable**Abstract class that allows subclasses to inherit the association to
- 248.8 Description,**for detailed annotations such as Ontology entries and
- 248.9 Database references,**the association to Audit, for tracking changes, and
- 248.10 the association to Security**for indicating permissions.
- 248.11 MAGEException**
- 248.12 MAGEJava**Top-level object that represents the model. Contains the packages.
- 248.13**

249. Logical View::org::biomage::ArrayDesign

				#zoneLayout
		ArrayDes		ZoneLayout
FeatureG	ArrayDesign_package()		PhysicalZoneGroupZoneLayout()	
FeatureG	ArrayDesign_package(atts : At		PhysicalZoneGroupZoneLayout(atts : Attributes)	
writeMAG	Compot	Design	writeMAGEML(out : Writer) : void	
emptyMA	Compo	Design	emptyMAGEobject() : boolean	
writeAttri	writem	Design	emptyMAGEobject() : boolean	
writeAssoc	writem	Design	emptyMAGEobject() : boolean	
setFeatu	writem	Design	emptyMAGEobject() : boolean	
getFeatu	getMod	Design	emptyMAGEobject() : boolean	
getFeatu	getMod	Design	emptyMAGEobject() : boolean	
getFeatu	addCom	Design	emptyMAGEobject() : boolean	
setFeatu	getCom	Design	emptyMAGEobject() : boolean	
getFeatu	addToC	Design	emptyMAGEobject() : boolean	
getModelCl	getFromRe	Design	emptyMAGEobject() : boolean	
setTechnolo	removeEl	Design	emptyMAGEobject() : boolean	
getTechnologyType	setCompositeGr	Design	emptyMAGEobject() : boolean	
setFeatureShape	fegetComposit	Design	emptyMAGEobject() : boolean	
getFeatureShape()	getCompositeGr	Design	emptyMAGEobject() : boolean	
setDistanceUnit	addtocomposit	Design	emptyMAGEobject() : boolean	
getDistanceUnit()	addtocomposit	Design	emptyMAGEobject() : boolean	
setFeatures(f	removeElementA	Design	emptyMAGEobject() : boolean	
getFeatures()	removeElementA	Design	emptyMAGEobject() : boolean	
...	removeElementA	Design	emptyMAGEobject() : boolean	
getFromFeatureGro	
removeElementAtF	
removeFromFeatureGroups(featureGroup : FeatureGroup)	void			
setReporterGroups(reporterGroups : ReporterGroups_list)	: void			
getReporterGroups()	: ReporterGroups_list			
addToReporterGroups(reporterGroup : ReporterGroup)	: void			
addToReporterGroups(position : int, reporterGroup : ReporterGroup)	: void			
getFromReporterGroups(position : int)	: ReporterGroup			
removeElementAtFromReporterGroups(position : int)	: void			
removeFromReporterGroups(reporterGroup : ReporterGroup)	: void			
setCompositeGroups(compositeGroups : CompositeGroups_list)	: void			
getCompositeGroups()	: CompositeGroups_list			
addtocompositeG	CompositeGroup			
addtocompositeG	(position : int, compositeGroup : CompositeGroup)			
getFromCompositeGroups(position : int)	: CompositeGroup			
removeElementAtFromCompositeGroups(position : int)	: void			
removeFromCompositeGroups(compositeGroup : CompositeGroup)	: void			
...				

249.1 **ArrayDesign**Describes the design of an gene expression layout. In some cases

249.2 this might be virtual and, for instance, represent the output from

249.3 analysis software at the composite level without reporters or features.

249.4 **Zone**Specifies the location of a zone on an array.

249.5 **FeatureGroup**A collection of like features.

249.6 **ReporterGroup**Allows specification of the type of Reporter Design Element.

249.7 **CompositeGroup**Allows specification of the type of Composite Design Element.

249.8 **ArrayDesign_package**Describes a microarray design that can be printed and then, in the

249.9 case of gene expression, hybridized. An array design consists of

249.10 several features (also called spots) in which reporter sequences are

249.11 placed. Many features may have the same reporter replicated and a

249.12 reporter may be specified in one or more array designs.

249.13 The nature of the reporter's biosequence placed on a spot will depend on

249.14 the technology. Two well-known technologies differ

249.15 significantly-spotter arrays draw material from a well and place a spot

249.16 on the array whereas in situ oligo arrays are created through the

249.17 synthesis of many, short (~20-100mer) nucleotide sequences onto the

249.18 features.

249.19 Reporters can be grouped together into CompositeSequences, typically

249.20 representing a gene or one or more splice variants in gene expression

249.21 experiments.

249.22 There are then two distinct ways that DesignElements are grouped. The

249.23 one described in the ArrayDesign package by FeatureGroup, ReporterGroup

249.24 and CompositeGroup is by technology type, that is, one might want to

249.25 segregate the controls to a Group and all the non-controls to another.

249.26 Or if PCR Product and Oligos are both used on an array they would likely

249.27 be in different groups. The grouping described in the DesignElement

249.28 package by the mappings relates the Features to the Reporter, the

249.29 Reporters to CompositeSequence, and at higher levels, CompositeSequences

249.30 to CompositeSequence.

249.31 DesignElementGroupThe DesignElementGroup holds information on either features,

249.32 reporters, or compositeSequences, particularly that information that is

249.33 common between all of the DesignElements contained.

249.34 PhysicalArrayDesignA design that is expected to be used to manufacture physical arrays.

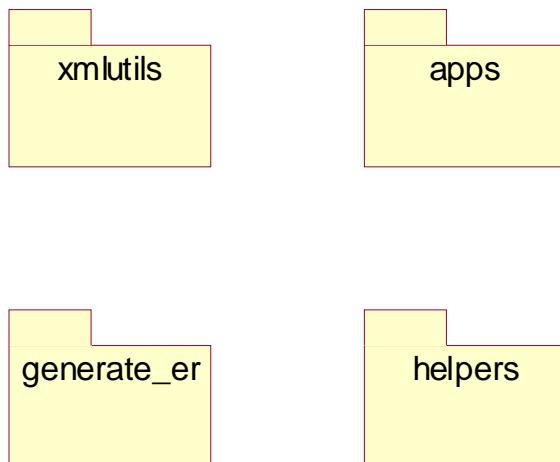
249.35 ZoneGroupSpecifies a repeating area on an array. This is useful for printing

249.36 when the same pattern is repeated in a regular fashion.

249.37 ZoneLayoutSpecifies the layout of features in a rectangular grid.

249.38

250. Logical View::org::biomage::tools



251. Logical View::org::biomage::tools::xmlutils

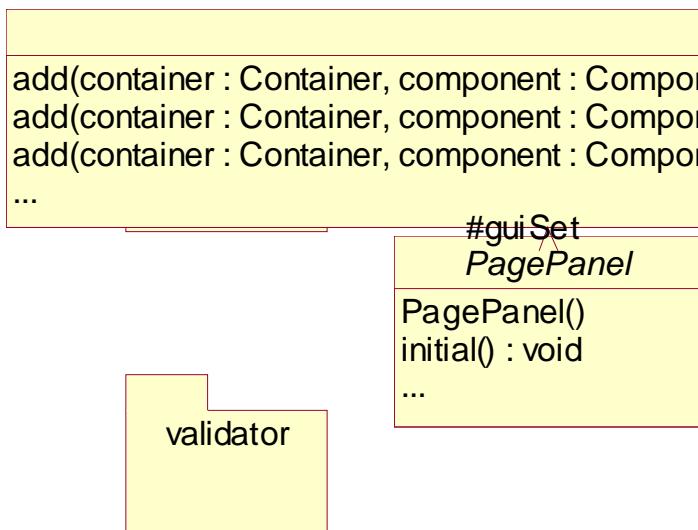
		MultiHashMap
MAGEContentHand	MultiHashMap()	
getMAGEJava() : M	MultiHashMap(i	MultiHashtable
setDocumentLocat	MultiHashMap(i	
startDocument() : vo	MultiHashMap(c	MultiHashtable()
removeKey_Logic	MultiHashMap(c	MultiHashtable(initial_capacity : int)
selLastDocumen	MultiHashMap(c	MultiHashtable(initial_capacity : int, load_factor : float)
getLastDocumen	MultiHashMap(c	MultiHashtable(copy_from : MultiHashtable)
endDocument() : P	containsValue(v	MultiHashtable(copy_from : MultiMap)
mergePckgs(pckap	put(key : Logica	MultiHashtable(copy_from : Map)
startElement(nam...	removeAll(obj :	containsValue(value : Logical View::java::lang::Object) : boolean
makeAssociatio	values() : Collec	

- 251.1 PCData@author kjellp**
- 251.2 ImportExportTestDescription:**
- 251.3 Demonstration class that imports a MAGE-ML document into**
- 251.4 a MAGE-OM model and then writes it back out again.**
- 251.5 MAGEContentHandlerDescription:**
- 251.6 Content handler for MAGE.**
- 251.7 PCDataImpl@author kjellp**
- 251.8 MultiMapUtility interface for associating multiple values with a key.**
- 251.9 MAGEReader@author Kjell Petersen**
- 251.10 MultiHashMapUtility class for associating multiple values with a key in a Synchronized**
- 251.11 Map.**
- 251.12 MultiHashtableUtility class for associating multiple values with a key in a Synchronized**
- 251.13 Map.**
- 251.14**

252. Logical View::org::biomage::tools::apps

annot

253. Logical View::org::biomage::tools::apps::annot

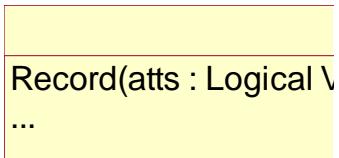


253.1 GuiSet

253.2 PagePanel
import org.biomage.tools.apps.annot.data.Record;

253.3

254. Logical View::org::biomage::tools::apps::annot::data



254.1 PageRecord

254.2

255. Logical View::org::biomage::tools::apps::annot::validator

	XMLConvertInputVerifier
XMLConvertInputVerifier()	
allChar(beTested : Logical View::java::lang::String) : boolean	
verify(input : JComponent) : boolean	
getMessage() : Logical View::java::lang::String	
...	
	MandatoryText
Int	MandatoryText
verify(input : JComponent) : boolean	
verify(input : JComponent) : boolean	

255.1 FloatValidator

255.2 IntValidator

255.3 MandatoryText

255.4 XMLConvertInputVerifier

255.5

256. Logical View::org::biomage::tools::generate_er

AssociationColumn	Table	Unique
AssociationColumn(indexColumn : int)	Table()	Unique()
getOwner() : Logical View::java::lang::String	getName() : Logical View	Unique(columnVector : Vector)
getMinCard() : Logical View::java::lang::String	getType() : Logical View	getIdVector() : Vector
getMaxCard() : Logical View	getComment() : Logical	getUniqueVector() : Vector
getThisMinCard() : Logical V	getBaseClass() : Logic	NumberOfColumns() : int
getThisMaxCard() : Logical V	getIsAbstract() : Logica	getPK() : PrimaryKey
getThisNav() : Logical View;	getLinkOne() : Associa	getDataColumnVector() : Vector
getOtherNav() : Logical View	getLinkTwo() : Associa	getAssoColumnVector() : Vector
getForeignKey() : ForeignKe	getLinkOnelD() : Logi	getLinkingKey() : LinkingKey
getOwner(myOwner : Logical		

256.1 **AssociationColumn-----**

256.2 `AssociationColumn` class represents an

256.3 association for an object. It is a column in the table

256.4 for that object.

256.5 -----

256.6 **DataColumn-----**

256.7 `DataColumn` class represents a simple type data

256.8 for an object. It is a column in the table for

256.9 that object.

256.10 -----

256.11 **ForeignKey-----**

256.12 `ForeignKey` class represents a foreign key

256.13 for a table. It is a column in the table for

256.14 that object, but it is included in the **AssociationColumn**.

256.15 Because in our XML file, each foreign key is a column

256.16 element and there is a foreign key element to specify

256.17 that this element is a foreign key.

256.18 -----

256.19 **Index-----**

256.20 `PrimaryKey` class represents the primary

256.21 key for a table. It is a column in the table for

256.22 that object.

256.23 -----

256.24 `LinkingKey`-----

256.25 `LinkingKey` class represents the linking

256.26 keys for a linking table. It is a column in the table for

256.27 that object.

256.28 -----

256.29 `PrimaryKey`-----

256.30 `PrimaryKey` class represents the primary

256.31 key for a table. It is a column in the table for

256.32 that object.

256.33 -----

256.34 `Table`-----

256.35 `DataColumn` class represents a simple type data

256.36 for an object. It is a column in the table for

256.37 that object.

256.38 -----

256.39 `Unique`-----

256.40 `PrimaryKey` class represents the unique

256.41 element for a table. It is a column in the table for

256.42 that object.

256.43 -----

256.44

257. Logical View::org::biomage::tools::helpers

```
...
setVerbose(level : int) : void
writeOutput(mess : Logical View::java::
initialCap(string : Logical View::java::la
initialLower(string : Logical View::java::
writeJavaComment(writer : FileWriter,
writeCPPComment(writer : FileWriter,
writeDTDComment(writer : FileWriter,
```

257.1 **ExternalDataCubeIOHelpers**@author kjellp

257.2 Description:

257.3 Class that provides static helper methods for writing and reading

257.4 external cube data to/from a file.

257.5 **StringOutputHelpers**Description:

257.6 Class that provides static helper methods for outputting strings.

257.7

258. Logical View::org::biomage::BioMaterial

Compound

```
Compound()
Compound(atts : Attributes)
writeMAGEML(out : Writer) : void
emptyMAGEobject() : boolean
writeAttributes(out : Writer) : void
writeAssociations(out : Writer) : void
setIsSolvent(isSolvent : Logical View::java::lang::Boolean) : void
getIsSolvent() : Logical View::java::lang::Boolean
getModelClassName() : Logical View::java::lang::String
setCompoundIndices(compoundIndices : CompoundIndices)
getCompoundIndices() : CompoundIndices
addToCompoundIndices(ontolog : Ontology, position : int)
getFromCompoundIndices(position : int)
removeElementAtFromCompoundIndices(index : int)
removeFromCompoundIndices(indices : int[])
LabeledExtract()
LabeledExtract(atts : Attributes)
writeMAGEML(out : Writer) : void
emptyMAGEobject() : boolean
writeAttributes(out : Writer) : void
writeAssociations(out : Writer) : void
getModelClassName() : Logical View::java::lang::String
setLabels(labels : Labels_list) : void
```

- 258.1 **BioMaterial**
BioMaterial is an abstract class that represents the important
- 258.2 substances such as cells, tissues, DNA, proteins, etc... Biomaterials
- 258.3 can be related to other biomaterial through a directed acyclic graph
- 258.4 (represented by treatment(s)).
- 258.5 **BioMaterialMeasurement**
A BioMaterialMeasurement is a pairing of a source **BioMaterial** and an
- 258.6 amount (Measurement) of that **BioMaterial**.
- 258.7 **Compound**
A Compound can be a simple compound such as SDS (sodium dodecyl
- 258.8 sulfate). It may also be made of other Compounds in proportions using
- 258.9 **CompoundMeasurements** to enumerate the Compounds and their amounts such
- 258.10 as LB (Luria Broth) Media.
- 258.11 **Treatment**
The process by which a biomaterial is created (from source
- 258.12 biomaterials). Treatments have an order and an action.
- 258.13 **BioMaterial_package**
The classes in this package describe how a **BioSource** is treated to
- 258.14 obtain the **BioMaterial** (typically a **LabeledExtract**) that is used by a
- 258.15 **BioAssayCreation** in combination with an **Array** to produce a
- 258.16 **PhysicalBioAssay**. A set of treatments are typically linear in time but
- 258.17 can form a Directed Acyclic Graph.
- 258.18 **BioSample**
BioSamples are products of treatments that are of interest.

**258.19 BioSamples are often used as the sources for other biosamples.
The Type**

258.20 attribute describes the role the BioSample holds in the treatment

258.21 hierarchy. This type can be an extract.

258.22 BioSource
The BioSource is the original source material before any treatment

258.23 events. It is also a top node of the directed acyclic graph generated

258.24 by treatments. The association to OntologyEntry allows enumeration of

258.25 a BioSource's inherent properties.

258.26 CompoundMeasurement
A CompoundMeasurement is a pairing of a source Compound and an amount

258.27 (Measurement) of that Compound.

258.28 LabeledExtract
LabeledExtracts are special BioSamples that have Compounds which are

258.29 detectable (these are often fluorescent or reactive moieties).

258.30

259. Logical View::org::biomage::Array

	Array	ManufactureLIMS
ArrayManufactureLIMS()		
ArrayManufactureLIMS(atts : Attributes)		
writeMAGEML(out : Writer)	Fiducial()	ZoneDefect()
emptyMAGEObject() : boolean	Fiducial(atts : Attributes)	ZoneDefect(atts : Attributes)
writeAttributes(out : Writer)	writeMAGEML(out : Writer) : void	writeMAGEML(out : Writer) : void
writeAssociations(out : Writer)	emptyMAGEObject() : boolean	emptyMAGEObject() : boolean
getModelClassName() : String	writeAttributes(out : Writer) : void	writeAttributes(out : Writer) : void
getDeltaX(deltaX : Logical View:java::lang::Float)	Associations(out : Writer) : void	Associations(out : Writer) : void
setDeltaX(deltaX : Logical View:java::lang::Float)	modelClassName() : Logical View:java::lang::String	modelClassName() : Logical View:java::lang::String
getDeltaY(deltaY : Logical View:java::lang::Float)	defectType(defectType : OntologyEntry)	defectType(defectType : OntologyEntry)
setDeltaY(deltaY : Logical View:java::lang::Float)	positionDelta(positionDelta : PositionDelta)	positionDelta(positionDelta : PositionDelta)
FeatureD	PositionDelta()	
FeatureD	PositionDelta(atts : Attributes)	
writeMAGEML(out : Writer) : void		
emptyMAGEObject() : boolean		
writeAttributes(out : Writer) : void	#positionDelta	
writeAssociations(out : Writer)		
getModelClassName() : String		
getDeltaX(deltaX : Logical View:java::lang::Float)		
setDeltaX(deltaX : Logical View:java::lang::Float)		
getDeltaY(deltaY : Logical View:java::lang::Float)		
setDeltaY(deltaY : Logical View:java::lang::Float)		

259.1 ArrayThe physical substrate along with its features and their annotation

259.2 ArrayManufactureDescribes the process by which arrays are produced.

259.3 ArrayGroupAn array package is a physical platform that contains one or more

259.4 arrays that are separately addressable (e.g. several arrays that can be

259.5 hybridized on a single microscope slide) or a virtual grouping together

259.6 of arrays.

259.7 The array package that has been manufactured has information about where

259.8 certain artifacts about the array are located for scanning and feature

259.9 extraction purposes.

259.10 ArrayManufactureDeviationStores information of the potential difference between an array

259.11 design and arrays that have been manufactured using that design (e.g. a

259.12 tip failed to print several spots).

259.13 Array_packageDescribes the process of creating arrays from array designs.

259.14 Includes information on how arrays are grouped together, if relevant,

259.15 how an array deviates from its array design both in layout and per

259.16 feature and potentially contains references to LIMS data that might

259.17 contain more detail on the BioMaterial used to create the reporters.

259.18 FiducialA marking on the surface of the array that can be used to identify

259.19 the array's origin, the coordinates of which are the fiducial's

259.20 centroid.

259.21 ManufactureLIMSInformation on the physical production of arrays within the

259.22 laboratory.

259.23 ZoneDefectStores the defect information for a zone.

259.24 FeatureDefectStores the defect information for a feature.

259.25 PositionDeltaThe delta the feature was actually printed on the array from the

259.26 position specified for the feature in the array design.

259.27 ManufactureLIMSBiomaterialStores the location from which a biomaterial was obtained.

259.28

260. Logical View::org::biomage::BioAssay

```

#physicalAssayCreation
BioAssayCreation

BioAssayCreation()
BioAssayCreation(atts : Attributes)
writeMAGEML(out : Writer) : void
emptyMAGEobject() : boolean
writeAttributes(out : Writer) : void
writeAssociations(out : Writer) : void
getModelClassName() : Logical View::java::lang::String
setSourceBioMaterialMeasurements(sourceBioMaterialMeasurements : SourceBioMaterialMeasurements)
getSourceBioMaterialMeasurements() : SourceBioMaterialMeasurements_list
addToSourceBioMaterialMeasurements(bioMaterialMeasurement : BioMaterialMeasurement)
addToSourceBioMaterialMeasurements(position : int, bioMaterialMeasurement : BioMaterialMeasurement)
getFromSourceBioMaterialMeasurements(position : int) : BioMaterialMeasurement
removeElementAtFromSourceBioMaterialMeasurements(position : int) : void
removeFromSourceBioMaterialMeasurements(bioMaterialMeasurement : BioMaterialMeasurement)
...
getBioAssayCreation() : BioAssayCreation
setBioAssayTreatments(bioAssayTreatments : BioAssayTreatments_list)
getBioAssayTreatments() : BioAssayTreatments_list
...
myBorrowed
setMeasuredBioAssayData(measuredBioAssayData : MeasuredBioAssayData)
getMeasuredBioAssayData() : MeasuredBioAssayData_list
addToMeasuredBioAssayData(measuredBioAssayData : MeasuredBioAssayData)
writeMAGE()
emptyMAGEobject() : boolean
writeAttributes(out : Writer) : void
writeAssociations(out : Writer) : void
 getModelClassName() : Logical View::java::lang::String
setImages(images : Images_list) : void
getImages() : Images_list

```

- 260.1 BioAssay**An abstract class which represents both physical and computational
- 260.2 groupings of arrays and biomaterials.**
- 260.3 Channel**A channel represents an independent acquisition scheme for the
- 260.4 ImageAcquisition** event, typically a wavelength.
- 260.5 BioAssay_package**Provides classes that contain information and annotation on the event
- 260.6** of joining an Array with a BioMaterial preparation, the acquisition of
- 260.7** images and the extraction of data on a per feature basis from those
- 260.8** images. The derived classes of BioAssay represent the base
- 260.9 PhysicalBioAssays** which lead to the production of Images, the
- 260.10 MeasuredBioAssay** which is associated with the set of quantitations
- 260.11** produced by FeatureExtraction, and DerivedBioAssay (see BioAssayData
- 260.12** package) which groups together BioAssays that have been analyzed
- 260.13** together to produce further refinement of the quantitations.
- 260.14** The design of this package and the related BioAssayData package was
- 260.15** driven by the following query considerations and the desire to return as
- 260.16** little data as necessary to satisfy a query. Often, the first set of
- 260.17** queries for experiments below the Experiment level will want to discover
- 260.18** the why of an experiment and this is captured in the BioAssay class

260.19 through its FactorValue, BioEvent and Description associations. This

260.20 separates it from the data but allows an overview of the experiment

260.21 hierarchy. The BioAssayData class association to BioDataValues is

260.22 optional only to allow queries on them to discover the how of the

260.23 experiment through the association to the transformation and mappings of

260.24 the three BioAssayData dimensions and the protocols used. Once a

260.25 researcher, for instance, has narrowed down the experiments of interest

260.26 then the actual data, represented by the BioDataValues, can be

260.27 downloaded. Because these data can be in the hundreds of megabytes to

260.28 gigabytes range, it was considered desirable to be able to return

260.29 information and annotation on the experiment without the data.

260.30 BioAssayCreationThe process by which an array and one or more biomaterials are

260.31 combined to create a bioAssayCreation.

260.32 PhysicalBioAssayA bioAssay created by the bioAssayCreation event (e.g. in gene

260.33 expression analysis this event is represented by the hybridization

260.34 event).

260.35 BioAssayTreatmentThe event which records the process by which PhysicalBioAssays are

260.36 processed (typically washing, blocking, etc...).

260.37 DerivedBioAssayA BioAssay that is created by the Transformation BioEvent from one or

260.38 more MeasuredBioAssays or DerivedBioAssays.

260.39 FeatureExtractionThe process by which data is extracted from an image producing a

260.40 measuredBioAssayData and a measuredBioAssay.

260.41 MeasuredBioAssayA measured bioAssay is the direct processing of information in a

260.42 physical bioAssay by the featureExtraction event. Often uses images

260.43 which are referenced through the physical bioAssay.

260.44 HybridizationThe archetypal bioAssayCreation event, whereby biomaterials are

260.45 hybridized to an array.

260.46 ImageAn image is created by an imageAcquisition event, typically by

260.47 scanning the hybridized array (the PhysicalBioAssay).

260.48 ImageAcquisitionThe process by which an image is generated (typically scanning).

260.49

261. Logical View::org::biomage::BioAssayData

DerivedBioAssayData	isDiscrete	ConditionType	Protocol	Sample	DeF	UnderlyingEvent	TestFactor	QualityType
PhysicalBioAssayData	true	Discrete	Compositing	BioAssayAmp	Def	CompositeSample	TestFactor	
DerivedBioAssayDetails.Altiles	false	Discrete	Compositing	BioAssayAmp	Def	CompositeSample	TestFactorAltiles	
withMCB(out.Vite).void		MCB(out.Vite).void	MCB(out.Vite).void		Def	CompositeSample	TestFactorAltiles	
empMCB(out.Vite).voiden		MCB(out.Vite).void	MCB(out.Vite).void		Def	CompositeSample	TestFactorAltiles	
withMCB(out.Vite).void		MCB(out.Vite).void	MCB(out.Vite).void		Def	CompositeSample	TestFactorAltiles	
withMCB(out.Vite).void		MCB(out.Vite).void	MCB(out.Vite).void		Def	CompositeSample	TestFactorAltiles	
-					Def	CompositeSample	TestFactorAltiles	
					Def	CompositeSample	TestFactorAltiles	
PhysicalBioAssayData	true	Discrete	Sampling	BioAssayAmp	#Def	CompositeSample	TestFactor	
DerivedBioAssayDetails.Altiles	false	Discrete	Sampling	BioAssayAmp	#Def	CompositeSample	TestFactorAltiles	
withMCB(out.Vite).void		MCB(out.Vite).void	MCB(out.Vite).void		#Def	CompositeSample	TestFactorAltiles	
empMCB(out.Vite).voiden		MCB(out.Vite).void	MCB(out.Vite).void		#Def	CompositeSample	TestFactorAltiles	
withMCB(out.Vite).void		MCB(out.Vite).void	MCB(out.Vite).void		#Def	CompositeSample	TestFactorAltiles	
withMCB(out.Vite).void		MCB(out.Vite).void	MCB(out.Vite).void		#Def	CompositeSample	TestFactorAltiles	
-					#Def	CompositeSample	TestFactorAltiles	
					#Def	CompositeSample	TestFactorAltiles	
PhysicalBioAssayData	true	Discrete	Sampling	BioAssayAmp	#Def	CompositeSample	TestFactor	
DerivedBioAssayDetails.Altiles	false	Discrete	Sampling	BioAssayAmp	#Def	CompositeSample	TestFactorAltiles	
withMCB(out.Vite).void		MCB(out.Vite).void	MCB(out.Vite).void		#Def	CompositeSample	TestFactorAltiles	
empMCB(out.Vite).voiden		MCB(out.Vite).void	MCB(out.Vite).void		#Def	CompositeSample	TestFactorAltiles	
withMCB(out.Vite).void		MCB(out.Vite).void	MCB(out.Vite).void		#Def	CompositeSample	TestFactorAltiles	
withMCB(out.Vite).void		MCB(out.Vite).void	MCB(out.Vite).void		#Def	CompositeSample	TestFactorAltiles	
-					#Def	CompositeSample	TestFactorAltiles	
					#Def	CompositeSample	TestFactorAltiles	

261.1 DerivedBioAssayDataThe output of a transformation event.

261.2 BioAssayMapThe BioAssayMap is the description of how source MeasuredBioAssays

261.3 and/or DerivedBioAssays are manipulated (mathematically) to produce

261.4 DerivedBioAssays.

261.5 MeasuredBioAssayDataThe data associated with the MeasuredBioAssay produced by

261.6 FeatureExtraction.

261.7 BioAssayDataRepresents the dataset created when the BioAssays are created.

261.8 BioAssayData is the entry point to the values. Because the actual

261.9 values are represented by a different object, BioDataValues, which can

261.10 be memory intensive, the annotation of the transformation can be gotten

261.11 separate from the data.

261.12 BioAssayDimensionAn ordered list of bioAssays.

261.13 DesignElementDimensionAn ordered list of designElements. It will be realized as one of its

261.14 three subclasses.

261.15 QuantitationTypeDimensionAn ordered list of quantitationTypes.

261.16 BioDataValuesThe actual values for the BioAssayCube.

261.17 BioAssayData_packageThe classes defined here provide data and the information and

261.18 annotation on the derivation of that data. Some of the scenarios that

- 261.19 might occur are the following.
- 261.20 FeatureExtraction of a single PhysicalBioAssay produces
- 261.21 MeasuredBioAssayData that has a single BioAssay on the
- 261.22 BioAssayDimension, typically the Features described in the ArrayDesign
- 261.23 on the DesignElementDimension, and the Quantitations associated with the
- 261.24 application of a FeatureExtraction protocol on the
- 261.25 QuantitationDimension.
- 261.26 An error model transformation might be applied that doesn't change the
- 261.27 BioAssayDimension or the DesignElementDimension but likely changes the
- 261.28 QuantitationDimension. A transformation on replicate Reporters or
- 261.29 CompositeSequences might be applied on the single BioAssay that would
- 261.30 change the DesignElementDimension and the QuantitationDimension both.
- 261.31 Replicate and Control BioAssays might be added to the BioAssayDimension
- 261.32 and a transformation could change the BioAssayDimension and the
- 261.33 QuantitationDimension but not change the DesignElementDimension to
- 261.34 produce a new DerivedBioAssayData. Or some combination of the above
- 261.35 transformations could be performed at once to change all three
- 261.36 dimensions.

261.37 Because the classes derive from Describable, the Experimenter can

261.38 provide as much detail at each level of the class hierarchy as desired.

261.39 QuantitationTypeMapA QuantitationTypeMap is the description of how source

261.40 QuantitationTypes are mathematically transformed into a target

261.41 QuantitationType.

261.42 BioAssayMappingContainer of the mappings of the input BioAssay dimensions to the

261.43 output BioAssay dimension.

261.44 BioAssayTupleTransformed container to specify a BioAssay and the Design Elements

261.45 and their data for that BioAssay.

261.46 DesignElementTupleTransformed container to specify a DesignElement and

261.47 QuantitationTypes for that Element.

261.48 BioDataCubeA three-dimensional cube representation of the data.

261.49 DataInternalTransformed class to associate whitespaced delimited data to the

261.50 BioAssayDataCube

261.51 DataExternalTransformed class to associate external data to the BioAssayDataCube

261.52 BioDataTuplesA relational, tuple representation of the data.

261.53 CompositeSequenceDimensionSpecialized DesignElementDimension to hold CompositeSequences.

261.54 DatumTransformed container to hold a value. QuantitationType will

261.55 determine the type of this value.

261.56 TransformationThe process by which derivedBioAssays are created from

261.57 measuredBioAssays and/or derivedBioAssays. It uses mappings to indicate

261.58 the input and output dimensions.

261.59 DesignElementMapA DesignElementMap is the description of how source DesignElements

261.60 are transformed into a target DesignElement.

261.61 DesignElementMappingContainer of the mappings of the input DesignElement dimensions to

261.62 the output DesignElement dimension.

261.63 QuantitationTypeTupleTransformed container to specify a Quantitation Type and the value

261.64 for that Type.

261.65 FeatureDimensionSpecialized DesignElementDimension to hold Features.

261.66 QuantitationTypeMappingContainer of the mappings of the input QuantitationType dimensions to

261.67 the output QuantitationType dimension.

261.68 ReporterDimensionSpecialized DesignElementDimension to hold Reporters.

261.69

262. Logical View::org::biomage::BioSequence

SeqFeatureLocation

```
SeqFeatureLocation()  
SeqFeatureLocation(atts : Attributes)  
writeMAGEML(out : Writer) : void  
emptyMAGEobject() : boolean  
writeAttributes(out : Writer) : void  
writeAssociations(out : Writer) : void  
setStrandType(strandType : Logical View::java::lang::String)  
getStrandType() : Logical View::java::lang::String
```

SequencePosition

```
SequencePosition()  
SequencePosition(atts : Attributes)  
writeMAGEML(out : Writer) : void  
emptyMAGEobject() : boolean  
writeAttributes(out : Writer) : void  
writeAssociations(out : Writer) : void  
setStart(start : Logical View::java::lang::Integer) : void
```

262.1 BioSequenceA BioSequence is a representation of a DNA, RNA, or protein sequence.

262.2 It can be represented by a Clone, Gene, or the sequence.

262.3 SeqFeatureRepresents, in general, what would be a GenBank Feature Table

262.4 annotation for a sequence.

262.5 BioSequence_packageDescribes a known gene or sequence. BioAssays typically seek to

262.6 identify what BioSequences are expressed in a BioMaterial after

262.7 treatments, the expression level measured from the association between

262.8 the BioMaterial and the Array. The Array's Features typically provide

262.9 known locations for this association to occur. Most often, the Reporter

262.10 and CompositeSequence are known and the presence or absence of a

262.11 particular BioSequence in the BioMaterial is based on whether there as

262.12 been an association to the DesignElement targeted for it. Some other

262.13 experiments may not know the DesignElement's target but can discover it

262.14 with known properties of the BioSequences in the BioMaterial.

262.15 SeqFeatureLocationThe location of the SeqFeature annotation.

262.16 SequencePositionDesignates the position of the Feature in its BioSequence.

262.17

263. Logical View::org::biomage::BQS

Bibliograph
BibliographicReference()
BibliographicReference(atts : Attribut
writeMAGEML(out : Writer) : void
emptyMAGEobject() : boolean
BQS_package
BQS_package()
BQS_package(atts : Attributes)
writeMAGEML(out : Writer) : void
emptyMAGEobject() : boolean
writeAttributes(out : Writer) : void

263.1 **BibliographicReference**Attributes for the most common criteria and association with

263.2 **OntologyEntry** allows criteria to be specified for searching for a

263.3 **Bibliographic reference.**

263.4 **BQS_package**Allows a reference to an article, book or other publication to be

263.5 specified for searching repositories.

263.6

264. Logical View::org::biomage::DesignElement

Reporter	#reporter	FeatureReporterMap	ReporterPosition
Reporter() Reporter(atts : Attributes) writeMAGEML(out : Writer) : void emptyMAGEobject() : boolean writeAttributes(out : Writer) : void writeAssociations(out : Writer) : void getModelClassName() : Logical View::java::lang::String setImmobilizedCharacteristics(ImmobilizedCharacteristics : ImmobilizedCharacteristics_list) getImmobilizedCharacteristics() : ImmobilizedCharacteristics_list		featureReporterMap() featureReporterMap(atts : Attributes) writeMAGEML(out : Writer) : void emptyMAGEobject() : boolean writeAttributes(out : Writer) : void writeAssociations(out : Writer) : void #modelClassName() : Logical View::java::lang::String Reporter(reporter : Reporter) : void Reporter() : Reporter	ReporterPosition() ReporterPosition(atts : Attributes) writeMAGEML(out : Writer) : void emptyMAGEobject() : boolean writeAttributes(out : Writer) : void writeAssociations(out : Writer) : void getModelClassName() : Logical View::java::lang::String setReporter(reporter : Reporter) : void FeatureInformationSources(feature : FeatureInformationSources)

- 264.1 Feature**An intended position on an array.
- 264.2 Position**Specifies a position on an array.
- 264.3 CompositeSequence**A collection of Reporter or CompositeSequence Design Elements,
- 264.4** annotated through the association to BioSequence.
- 264.5 Reporter**A Design Element that represents some biological material (clone,
- 264.6 oligo, etc.)** on an array which will report on some biosequence or
- 264.7 biosequences.** The derived data from the measured data of its Features
- 264.8** represents the presence or absence of the biosequence or biosequences it
- 264.9 is reporting on in the BioAssay.**
- 264.10 Reporters are Identifiable and several Features on the same array can be**
- 264.11 mapped to the same reporter as can Features from a different**
- 264.12 ArrayDesign.** The granularity of the Reporters independence is dependent
- 264.13 on the technology and the intent of the ArrayDesign.** Oligos using
- 264.14 mature technologies can in general be assumed to be safely replicated on**
- 264.15 many features where as with PCR Products there might be the desire for**
- 264.16 quality assurance to make reporters one to one with features and use the**
- 264.17 mappings to CompositeSequences for replication purposes.**

264.18 DesignElementAn element of an array. This is generally of type feature but can be

264.19 specified as reporters or compositeSequence for arrays that are

264.20 abstracted from a physical array.

264.21 DesignElement_packageThe classes of this package are the contained classes of the

264.22 ArrayDesign and describe through the DesignElements what is intended to

264.23 be at each location of the Array. The Feature describes an intended

264.24 location on the Array, the Reporter the Oligo, Clone, PCR Product that

264.25 is on a Feature and the CompositeSequence which combines Reporters or

264.26 CompositeSequences into what the child DesignElements are meant to

264.27 represent biologically, e.g. a Gene, Exon, SpliceVariant, etc.

264.28 CompositeCompositeMapA CompositeCompositeMap is the description of how source

264.29 CompositeSequences are transformed into a target CompositeSequence.

264.30 For instance, several CompositeSequences could represent different

264.31 sequence regions for a Gene and could be mapped to different

264.32 CompositeSequences, each representing a different splice variant for

264.33 that Gene.

264.34 CompositePositionThe location in the compositeSequence target's sequence to which a

264.35 source compositeSequence maps. The association to MismatchInformation

264.36 allows the specification, usually for control purposes, of deviations

264.37 from the CompositeSequence's BioMaterial.

264.38 MismatchInformationDescribes how a reporter varies from its ReporterCharacteristics

264.39 sequence(s) or how a Feature varies from its Reporter sequence.

264.40 ReporterCompositeMapA ReporterCompositeMap is the description of how source Reporters are

264.41 transformed into a target CompositeSequences. For instance, several

264.42 reporters that tile across a section of a chromosome could be mapped to

264.43 a CompositeSequence.

264.44 FeatureReporterMapA FeatureReporterMap is the description of how source features are

264.45 transformed into a target reporter. These would map replicate features

264.46 for a reporter to the reporter.

264.47 FeatureLocationSpecifies where a feature is located relative to a grid.

264.48 FeatureInformationAs part of the map information, allows the association of one or more

264.49 differences in the BioMaterial on a feature from the BioMaterial of the

264.50 Reporter. Useful for control purposes such as in Affymetrix probe

264.51 pairs.

264.52 ReporterPositionThe location in the composite target's sequence to which a source

264.53 reporter maps. The association to MismatchInformation allows the

264.54 specification, usually for control purposes, of deviations from the

264.55 CompositeSequence's BioMaterial.

264.56

265. Logical View::org::biomage::Experiment

	ExperimentalFactor
FactorValue() FactorValue(atts : Attrib writeMAGEML(out : Wri emptyMAGEobject() : b writeAttributes(out : Writ writeAssociations(out : \br/> getModelClassName() : getModelClassName() : Logical View::java::lang::S setExperimentalFactor(getExperimentalFactor(setMeasurement(measur ... getFromTypes(position : int) : FactorValues_list removeElementAtFromT removeFromTypes(onto : OntologyEntry) : void setTopLevelBioAssays(getTopLevelBioAssays(addToTopLevelBioAssa addToTopLevelBioAssa getFromTopLevelBioAs removeElementAtFromT removeFromTopLevelBioAssays(bioAssay : BioAssay) : void setExperimentalFactors(experimentalFactors : ExperimentalFactors_list) : v getExperimentalFactors() : ExperimentalFactors_list addToExperimentalFactors(experimentalFactor : ExperimentalFactor) : void addToExperimentalFactors(position : int, experimentalFactor : ExperimentalF getFromExperimentalFactors(position : int) : ExperimentalFactor removeElementAtFromExperimentalFactors(position : int) : void ...	ExperimentalFactor() ExperimentalFactor(atts : Attributes) writeMAGEML(out : Writer) : void emptyMAGEobject() : boolean writeAttributes(out : Writer) : void writeAssociations(out : Writer) : void writeAssociations(out : Writer) : void getCategory() #ExperimentalFactor setFactorValues(factorValues : FactorValues_list) getFactorValues() : FactorValues_list addToFactorValues(factorValue : FactorValue) : void addToFactorValues(position : int, factorValue : FactorValue) : void getFromFactorValues(position : int) : FactorValue removeElementAtFromFactorValues(position : int) : void removeFromFactorValues(factorValue : FactorValue) : void setAnnotations(annotations : Annotations_list) : void getAnnotations() : Annotations_list ...

265.1 FactorValueThe value for a ExperimentalFactor

265.2 Experiment_packageRepresents the container for a hierarchical grouping of BioAssays.

265.3 Can have the end results of Clustering Analysis specified and, through

265.4 the ExperimentDesign, a description and annotation of the overall design

265.5 of the experiment and what it was to show.

265.6 MAGEExperimentThe Experiment is the collection of all the BioAssays that are

265.7 related by the ExperimentDesign.

265.8 ExperimentDesignThe ExperimentDesign is the description and collection of

265.9 ExperimentalFactors and the hierarchy of BioAssays to which they

265.10 pertain.

265.11 ExperimentalFactorExperimentFactors are the dependent variables of an experiment (e.g.

265.12 time, glucose concentration, ...).

265.13

266. Logical View::org::biomage::HigherLevelAnalysis

		NodeContents	nodeValue
	NoNodeContents()	nodeValue()	
BioA	NoNodeContents(atts : Attributes)	nodeValue(atts : Attributes)	
BioA	writememptyMAGEObject(out : Writer) : boolean	writeMAGEML(out : Writer) : void	
writel	emptyMAGEObject() : boolean	emptyMAGEObject() : boolean	
writel	writememptyMAGEObject(out : Writer) : boolean	writeAttributes(out : Writer) : void	
writel	writememptyMAGEObject(out : Writer) : boolean	writeAssociations(out : Writer) : void	
writel	writememptyMAGEObject(out : Writer) : boolean	setName(name : Logical View::java::lang::String) : void	
writel	writememptyMAGEObject(out : Writer) : boolean	getName() : Logical View::java::lang::String	
writel	writememptyMAGEObject(out : Writer) : boolean	setValue(value : Logical View::java::lang::String) : void	
getCl	getBioAssayDimension() : BioAssayDimension		
getCl	getBioAssayDimension() : BioAssayDimension		
getCl	getDesignElementDimension() : DesignElementDimension		

266.1 HigherLevelAnalysis_packageDescribes the results of performing analysis on the result of the

266.2 BioAssayData from an Experiment.

266.3 BioAssayDataClusterA mathematical method of higher level analysis whereby BioAssayData

266.4 are grouped together into nodes.

266.5 NodeAn individual component of a clustering. May contain other nodes.

266.6 NodeContentsThe contents of a node for any or all of the three Dimensions. If a

266.7 node only contained genes just the DesignElementDimension would be

266.8 defined.

266.9 NodeValueA value associated with the Node that can rank it in relation to the

266.10 other nodes produced by the clustering algorithm.

266.11

267. Logical View::org::biomage::Interface



- 267.1 HasArrayDesign**
- 267.2 HasArrayGroup**
- 267.3 HasInformation**
- 267.4 HasArrayManufactureDeviations**
- 267.5 HasArrays**
- 267.6 HasFiducials**
- 267.7 HasDistanceUnit**
- 267.8 HasSubstrateType**
- 267.9 HasProtocolApplications**
- 267.10 HasFeatureLIMSs**
- 267.11 HasArrayManufacturers**
- 267.12 HasQualityControlStatistics**
- 267.13 HasFeatureDefects**
- 267.14 HasAdjustments**
- 267.15 HasPositionDelta**
- 267.16 HasFeature**
- 267.17 HasDefectType**
- 267.18 HasFiducialType**
- 267.19 HasPosition**
- 267.20 HasIdentifierLIMS**
- 267.21 HasBioMaterial**
- 267.22 HasZone**

267.23 HasCompositeGroups

267.24 HasDesignProviders

267.25 HasReporterGroups

267.26 HasFeatureGroups

267.27 HasCompositeSequences

267.28 HasSpecies

267.29 HasTypes

267.30 HasFeatures

267.31 HasTechnologyType

267.32 HasFeatureShape

267.33 HasZoneGroups

267.34 HasSurfaceType

267.35 HasReporters

267.36 HasZoneLayout

267.37 HasZoneLocations

267.38 HasPerformer

267.39 HasRoles

267.40 HasParent

267.41 HasAffiliation

267.42 HasSecurityGroups

267.43 HasOwner

267.44 HasMembers

267.45 HasChannels

267.46 HasBioAssayFactorValues

267.47 HasArray

267.48 HasSourceBioMaterialMeasurements

267.49 HasPhysicalBioAssayTarget

267.50 HasPhysicalBioAssay

267.51 HasTarget

267.52 HasLabels

267.53 HasDerivedBioAssayData

267.54 HasType

267.55 HasDerivedBioAssayMap

267.56 HasPhysicalBioAssaySource

267.57 HasMeasuredBioAssayTarget

267.58 HasFormat

267.59 HasImages

267.60 HasFeatureExtraction

267.61 HasMeasuredBioAssayData

267.62 HasPhysicalBioAssayData

267.63 HasBioAssayCreation

267.64 HasBioAssayTreatments

267.65 HasBioAssayDimension

267.66 HasDesignElementDimension

- 267.67 HasQuantitationTypeDimension**
- 267.68 HasSummaryStatistics**
- 267.69 HasBioDataValues**
- 267.70 HasBioAssays**
- 267.71 HasBioAssayMapTarget**
- 267.72 HasSourceBioAssays**
- 267.73 HasBioAssayMaps**
- 267.74 HasDesignElementTuples**
- 267.75 HasBioAssayTupleData**
- 267.76 HasProducerTransformation**
- 267.77 HasDesignElementMaps**
- 267.78 HasQuantitationTypeTuples**
- 267.79 HasContainedFeatures**
- 267.80 HasQuantitationTypes**
- 267.81 HasTargetQuantitationType**
- 267.82 HasSourcesQuantitationType**
- 267.83 HasQuantitationTypeMaps**
- 267.84 HasBioAssayDataSources**
- 267.85 HasBioAssayMapping**
- 267.86 HasDerivedBioAssayDataTarget**
- 267.87 HasQuantitationTypeMapping**
- 267.88 HasDesignElementMapping**

- 267.89 HasTreatments**
- 267.90 HasMaterialType**
- 267.91 HasCharacteristics**
- 267.92 HasMeasurement**
- 267.93 HasSourceContact**
- 267.94 HasComponentCompounds**
- 267.95 HasCompoundIndices**
- 267.96 HasExternalLIMS**
- 267.97 HasCompound**
- 267.98 HasCompoundMeasurements**
- 267.99 HasActionMeasurement**
- 267.100 HasAction**
- 267.101 HasSequenceDatabases**
- 267.102 HasOntologyEntries**
- 267.103 HasPolymerType**
- 267.104 HasSeqFeatures**
- 267.105 HasRegions**
- 267.106 HasSubregions**
- 267.107 HasCoordinate**
- 267.108 HasAccessions**
- 267.109 HasParameters**
- 267.110 HasSecurity**

- 267.111 HasAuditTrail**
- 267.112 HasDescriptions**
- 267.113 HasPropertySets**
- 267.114 HasContacts**
- 267.115 HasDatabase**
- 267.116 HasDatabaseReferences**
- 267.117 HasBibliographicReferences**
- 267.118 HasExternalReference**
- 267.119 HasAnnotations**
- 267.120 HasOntologyReference**
- 267.121 HasAssociations**
- 267.122 HasCompositePositionSources**
- 267.123 HasCompositeSequence**
- 267.124 HasComposite**
- 267.125 HasMismatchInformation**
- 267.126 HasBiologicalCharacteristics**
- 267.127 HasReporterCompositeMaps**
- 267.128 HasCompositeCompositeMaps**
- 267.129 HasControlType**
- 267.130 HasFeatureGroup**
- 267.131 HasControlledFeatures**
- 267.132 HasControlFeatures**

- 267.133 HasFeatureLocation**
- 267.134 HasReporter**
- 267.135 HasFeatureInformationSources**
- 267.136 HasFailTypes**
- 267.137 HasWarningType**
- 267.138 HasImmobilizedCharacteristics**
- 267.139 HasFeatureReporterMaps**
- 267.140 HasReporterPositionSources**
- 267.141 HasAnalysisResults**
- 267.142 HasProviders**
- 267.143 HasBioAssayData**
- 267.144 HasExperimentDesigns**
- 267.145 HasFactorValues**
- 267.146 HasCategory**
- 267.147 HasTopLevelBioAssays**
- 267.148 HasExperimentalFactors**
- 267.149 HasReplicateDescription**
- 267.150 HasQualityControlDescription**
- 267.151 HasNormalizationDescription**
- 267.152 HasExperimentalFactor**
- 267.153 HasValue**
- 267.154 HasNodes**

267.155 HasClusterBioAssayData

267.156 HasNodeContents

267.157 HasnodeValue

267.158 HasQuantitationDimension

267.159 HasScale

267.160 HasDataType

267.161 HasBioAssay

267.162 HasChannel

267.163 HasConfidenceIndicators

267.164 HasDefaultValue

267.165 HasDesignElement

267.166 HasHardware

267.167 HasHardwareApplications

267.168 HasHardwareManufacturers

267.169 HasHardwares

267.170 HasParameterType

267.171 HasParameterTypes

267.172 HasParameterValues

267.173 HasPerformers

267.174 HasProtocol

267.175 HasQuantitationType

267.176 HasSoftware

267.177 HasSoftwareApplications

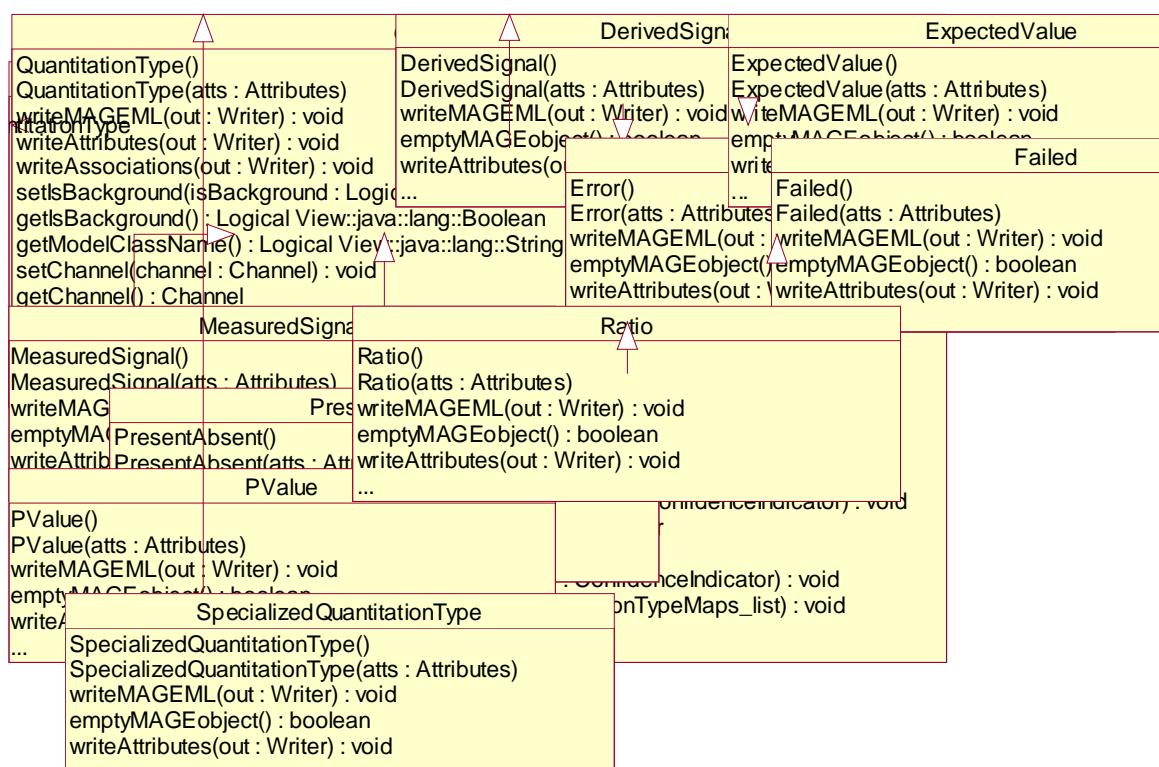
267.178 HasSoftwareManufacturers

267.179 HasSoftwares

267.180 HasUnit

267.181

268. Logical View::org::biomage::QuantitationType



- 268.1 **QuantitationTypeA** method for calculating a single datum of the matrix (e.g. raw)
- 268.2 intensity, background, error).
- 268.3 **QuantitationType_package**This Package defines the classes for quantitations, such as measured
- 268.4 and derived signal, error, and pvalue. The subclasses of
- 268.5 **StandardQuantitationType** will be the best fit from FeatureExtraction or
- 268.6 Transformation Protocol for the values obtained. Other values can be
- 268.7 specified using **SpecializedQuantitationType**.
- 268.8 **ConfidenceIndicator**Indication of some measure of confidence for a standard quantitation
- 268.9 type.
- 268.10 **StandardQuantitationTypeSuperclass** for the named quantitation type. Useful for mapping to
- 268.11 those languages that can use a fly-weight for processing the subclasses.
- 268.12 **DerivedSignalA** calculated measurement of the intensity of a signal, for example,
- 268.13 after a transformation involving normalization and/or replicate
- 268.14 **DesignElements**. Of type float.
- 268.15 **ErrorError** measurement of a quantitation. Of type float.
- 268.16 **ExpectedValue**Indication of what value is expected of the associated standard
- 268.17 quantitation type.

- 268.18 FailedValues associated with this QuantitationType indicate a failure of
- 268.19 some kind for a particular DesignElement for a BioAssay. Of type
- 268.20 boolean.
- 268.21 MeasuredSignalBest measure from feature extraction as to the presence and intensity
- 268.22 of the signal. Of type float.
- 268.23 PresentAbsentIndicates relative presence or absence. From the enumeration
- 268.24 AbsoluteCallTypeEnum {Present | Absent | Marginal | No call} or
- 268.25 ComparisonCallTypeEnum {Increase | Marginal Increase | Decrease |
- 268.26 Marginal Decrease | No change | No Call | Unknown }, as specified by
- 268.27 the dataType.
- 268.28 PValueMeasurement of the accuracy of a quantitation. Of type float.
- 268.29 RatioThe ratio of two or more signals, typically between two channels. Of
- 268.30 type float.
- 268.31 SpecializedQuantitationTypeUser defined quantitation type.
- 268.32